TP-LINK®

User Guide

TD-W8961NB

300Mbps Wireless N ADSL2+ Modem Router



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FCC STATEMENT



This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to pro-vide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not in-stalled and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/ TV technician for help.

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- 1) This device may not cause harmful interference.
- 2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

Note: The manufacturer is not responsible for any radio or tv interference caused by unauthorized modifications to this equipment. Such modifications could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

FCC RF Radiation Exposure Statement

This equipment complies with FCC RF radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This device and its antenna must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

"To comply with FCC RF exposure compliance requirements, this grant is applicable to only Mobile Configurations. The antennas used for this transmitter must be installed to provide a separation distance of at least 20 cm from all persons and must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter."

CE Mark Warning

CE1588

This is a class B product. In a domestic environment, this product may cause radio interference, in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

National Restrictions

This device is intended for home and office use in all EU countries (and other countries following the EU directive 1999/5/EC) without any limitation except for the countries mentioned below:

Country	Restriction	Reason/remark
Bulgaria	None	General authorization required for outdoor use and public service
France	Outdoor use limited to 10 mW e.i.r.p. within the band 2454-2483.5 MHz	Military Radiolocation use. Refarming of the 2.4 GHz band has been ongoing in recent years to allow current relaxed regulation. Full implementation planned 2012
Italy	None	If used outside of own premises, general authorization is required
Luxembourg	None	General authorization required for network and service supply(not for spectrum)
Norway	Implemented	This subsection does not apply for the geographical area within a radius of 20 km from the centre of Ny-Ålesund
Russian Federation	None	Only for indoor applications

Note: Please don't use the product outdoors in France.

DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

For the following equipment:

Product Description: 300Mbps Wireless N ADSL2+ Modem Router

Model No.: TD-W8961NB

Trademark: TP-LINK

We declare under our own responsibility that the above products satisfy all the technical regulations applicable to the product within the scope of Council Directives: Directives 1999/5/EC

The above product is in conformity with the following standards or other normative documents

ETSI EN 300 328 V1.7.1: 2006 ETSI EN 301 489-1 V1.8.1:2008& ETSI EN 301 489-17 V2.1.1:2009 EN60950-1:2006 Recommendation 1999/519/EC EN62311:2008 Directives 2004/108/EC The above product is in conformity with the following standards or other normative documents EN 55022:2006 +A1:2007 EN 55024:1998+A1:2001+A2:2003 EN 61000-3-2:2006 EN 61000-3-3:1995+A1:2001+A2:2005 Directives 2006/95/EC The above product is in conformity with the following standards or other normative documents EN 60950-1:2006

Directive (ErP) 2009/125/EC

Audio/Video, information and communication technology equipment- Environmentally conscious design

EN62075:2008

Person is responsible for marking this declaration:

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		UPnP	

Package Contents

The following contents should be found in your package:

- > One TD-W8961NB 300Mbps Wireless N ADSL2+ Modem Router
- > One DC power Adapter for TD-W8961NB 300Mbps Wireless N ADSL2+ Modem Router
- Quick Installation Guide
- > One RJ45 cable
- ➢ Two RJ11 cables
- > One Resource CD, which includes this User Guide

P Note:

Make sure that the package contains the above items. If any of the listed items are damaged or missing, please contact your distributor.

Chapter 1 Introduction

Thank you for choosing the TD-W8961NB 300Mbps Wireless N ADSL2+ Modem Router.

1.1 Product Overview

The device is designed to provide a simple and cost-effective ADSL Internet connection for a private Ethernet or IEEE 802.11n/ IEEE 802.11g/ IEEE 802.11b wireless network.

The TD-W8961NB connects to an Ethernet LAN or computers via standard Ethernet ports. The ADSL connection is made using ordinary telephone line with standard connectors. Multiple workstations can be networked and connected to the Internet using a single Wide Area Network (WAN) interface and single global IP address. The advanced security enhancements, **IP/MAC Filter**, **Application Filter** and **URL Filter** can help to protect your network from potentially devastating intrusions by malicious agents from the outside of your network.

Quick Start of the Web-based Utility is supplied and friendly help messages are provided for the configuration. Network and Router management is done through the Web-based Utility which can be accessed through local Ethernet using any web browser.

ADSL

The TD-W8961NB supports full-rate ADSL2+ connectivity conforming to the ITU and ANSI specifications. In addition to the basic DMT physical layer functions, the ADSL2+ PHY supports dual latency ADSL2+ framing (fast and interleaved) and the I.432 ATM Physical Layer.

Wireless

In the most attentive wireless security, the Router provides multiple protection measures. It can be set to turn off the wireless network name (SSID) broadcast so that only stations that have the SSID can be connected. The Router provides wireless LAN 64/128-bit WEP encryption security, WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK authentication, as well as TKIP/AES encryption security.

1.2 Main Features

- Four 10/100Mbps Auto-Negotiation RJ45 LAN ports (Auto MDI/MDIX), one RJ11 port.
- > Provides external splitter.
- > Adopts Advanced DMT modulation and demodulation technology.
- > Supports bridge mode and Router function.
- > Multi-user sharing a high-speed Internet connection.
- Downstream data rates up to 24Mbps, upstream data rates up to 3.5Mbps (With Annex M enabled).
- Supports long transfers, the max line length can reach to 6.5Km.
- > Supports remote configuration and management through SNMP and CWMP.
- > Supports PPPoE, it allows connecting the internet on demand and disconnecting from the

Internet when idle.

- Provides reliable ESD and surge-protect function with quick response semi-conductive surge protection circuit.
- > High speed and asymmetrical data transmit mode, provides safe and exclusive bandwidth.
- > Supports All ADSL industrial standards.
- > Compatible with all mainstreams DSLAM (CO).
- > Provides integrated access of internet and route function which face to SOHO user.
- > Real-time Configuration and device monitoring.
- > Supports Multiple PVC (Permanent Virtual Circuit).
- Built-in DHCP server.
- > Built-in firewall, supporting IP/MAC filter, Application filter and URL filter.
- Supports Virtual Server, DMZ host and IP Address Mapping.
- > Supports Dynamic DNS, UPnP and Static Routing.
- > Supports system log and flow Statistics.
- > Supports firmware upgrade and Web management.
- > Provides WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK data security, TKIP/AES encryption security.
- > Provides 64/128-bit WEP encryption security and wireless LAN ACL (Access Control List).

1.3 Conventions

The Router or device mentioned in this User Guide stands for TD-W8961NB without any explanations.

Parameters provided in the pictures are just references for setting up the product, which may differ from the actual situation.

Chapter 2 Hardware Installation

2.1 The Front Panel

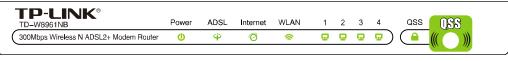


Figure 2-1

The LEDs locate on the front panel. They indicate the device's working status. For details, please refer to LED Explanation.

LED Explanation:

Name	Status	Indication	
Dowor	On	Power is on.	
Power	Off	Power is off.	
	Flash	The ADSL negotiation is in progress.	
ADSL	On	The LINE port is linked up.	
	Off	The LINE port is linked down.	
	Off	There is no successful PPP connection or the Router works on Bridge mode.	
Internet	On	A successful PPP connection has been built.	
	Flash	Data is being transferred over the Internet.	
	On	The wireless function is enabled but no data is being transmitted.	
WLAN Flash There is wireless data being transmitted.		There is wireless data being transmitted.	
Off		The wireless function is disabled.	
	Flash	Data is being transferred over the 1-4 (LAN) port.	
LAN(1-4)	On	There is a successful connection on the corresponding 1-4 (LAN) port but no activity.	
Off There is no connection on the corresponding 1-4 (LAN) connection is abnormal.		There is no connection on the corresponding 1-4 (LAN) port or the connection is abnormal.	
	Slow Flash	A wireless device is connecting to the network by QSS function. This process will last in the first 2 minutes.	
QSS	On	A wireless device has been successfully added to the network by QSS function.	
	Quick Flash	A wireless device failed to be added to the network by QSS function.	

P Note:

After a device is successfully added to the network by **QSS** function, the **QSS** LED will keep on for about 5 minutes and then turn off.

2.2 The Back Panel

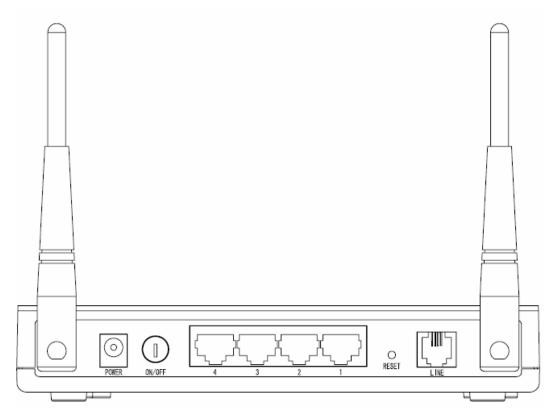


Figure 2-2

- **POWER**: The Power plug is where you will connect the power adapter.
- 1, 2, 3, 4 (LAN): Through the port, you can connect the Router to your PC or the other Ethernet network devices.
- RESET: There are two ways to reset the Router's factory defaults.
 Method one: With the Router powered on, use a pin to press and hold the Reset button for at least 5 seconds. And the Router will reboot to its factory default settings.
 Method two: Restore the default setting from "Maintenance-SysRestart" of the Router's Web-based Utility.
- LINE: Through the port, you can connect the router with the telephone. Or you can connect them by an external separate splitter. For details, please refer to 2.4.
- > Antenna: Used for wireless operation and data transmit.

2.3 Installation Environment

- > The Product should not be located where it will be exposed to moisture or excessive heat.
- Place the Router in a location where it can be connected to the various devices as well as to a power source.

- Make sure the cables and power cord are safely placed out of the way so they do not create a tripping hazard.
- > The Router can be placed on a shelf or desktop.
- Keep away from the strong electromagnetic radiation and the device of electromagnetic sensitive.

2.4 Connecting the Router

Before installing the device, please make sure your broadband service provided by your ISP is available. If there is any problem, please contact your ISP. Before cable connection, cut off the power supply and keep your hands dry. You can follow the steps below to install it.

Step 1: Connect the ADSL Line.

Method one: Plug one end of the twisted-pair ADSL cable into the ADSL LINE port on the rear panel of TD-W8961NB, and insert the other end into the wall socket.

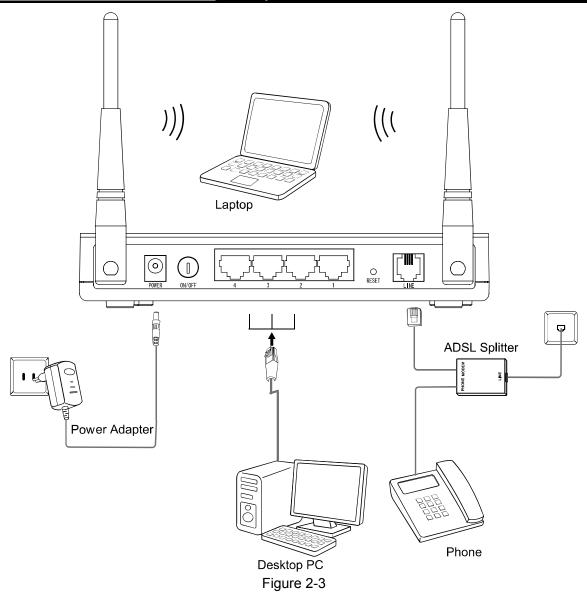
Method two: You can use a separate splitter. External splitter can divide the data and voice, and then you can access the Internet and make calls at the same time. The external splitter has three ports:

- LINE: Connect to the wall jack
- PHONE: Connect to the phone sets
- MODEM: Connect to the ADSL LINE port of TD-W8961NB

Plug one end of the twisted-pair ADSL cable into the ADSL LINE port on the rear panel of TD-W8961NB. Connect the other end to the MODEM port of the external splitter.

- Step 2: Connect the Ethernet cable. Attach one end of a network cable to your computer's Ethernet port or a regular hub/switch port, and the other end to the LAN port on the TD-W8961NB.
- Step 3: Power on the computers and LAN devices.
- **Step 4:** Attach the power adapter. Connect the power adapter to the power connector on the rear of the device and plug in the adapter to a wall outlet or power extension.

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Chapter 3 Quick Installation Guide

3.1 Configure PC

After you directly connect your PC to the TD-W8961NB or connect your adapter to a Hub/Switch which has connected to the Router, you need to configure your PC's IP address. Follow the steps below to configure it.

Step 1: Click the Start menu on your desktop, right click My Network Places, and then select Properties (shown in Figure 3-1).

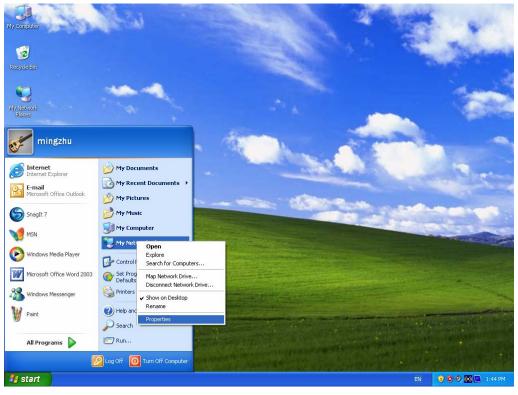


Figure 3-1

Step 2: Right click Local Area Connection (LAN), and then select Properties.

🔇 Back 🔹 🕥 🕞 🏂 Search 🎼 Folders 🛄 -	Network Connections		
vddress Network Connections Create a new connection Set up a home or small office network office network e Change Windows Firewall settings Disable this network device Repair this connection Rename this connection View status of this connection View status of this connection Network Places My Network Places My Network Places My Network Places My Documents	File Edit View Favorites Tools	Advanced Help	A.
Network Tasks Create a new connection Set up a home or small office network office network Change Windows Firewall settings Disable Status Repair this connection Repair this connection Repair this connection View status of this connection View status of this connection View status of this connection Change settings of this connection Change settings of this connection My Network Places My Network Places My Network Places	🌀 Back 👻 🌍 👻 🏂 Sea	rch 🌔 Folders 🛄 🗸	
Network Tasks Create a new connection Set up a home or small office network office network Change Windows Firewall settings Disable Status Repair Bridge Connections Create Shortcut Delete Rename this connection View status of this connection View status of this connection Change settings of this connection Change settings of this connection Change settings of this connection My Network Places My Network Places My Network Places	ddress 🔕 Network Connections		💌 🋃 Go
connection Set up a home or small office network Change Windows Firewall settings Disable Status Repair Bridge Connections Create Shortcut Delete Rename this connection New status of this connection Change settings of this connection Change settings of this Control Panel My Network Places My Network Places	Network Tasks	LAN or High-Speed Internet	
Set up a home or small office network Change Windows Firewall settings Disable this network device Repair this connection Rename this connection Rename this connection View status of this connection Change settings of this connection Change settings of this connection Change settings of this connection My Network Places My Network Places	Create a new		
Change windows Firewall settings Disable this network device Repair this connection Image: Rename this connection Image: Rename this connection Image: View status of this connection Image: Connection <td>🚳 Set up a home or small</td> <td>Status</td> <td></td>	🚳 Set up a home or small	Status	
 Disable this network device Repair this connection Rename this connection Rename this connection View status of this connection Change settings of this connection My Network Places My Documents 			
Rename this connection View status of this connection Change settings of this connection			
View status of this connection Change settings of t	🌯 Repair this connection	Delete	
connection Change settings of this connection Other Places Other Places My Network Places My Documents	Rename this connection	Rename	
Cohnection Other Places Other Places Other Places My Network Places My Nocuments		Properties	
Control Panel Control Places My Network Places My Documents			
 My Network Places My Documents 	Other Places (*)		
My Documents			
	-		
My Computer			
	🧕 My Computer		



Step 3: Select **General** tab, highlight Internet Protocol (TCP/IP), and then click the **Properties** button.

🕹 Local Area Connection Properties 🛛 🔹 💽
General Authentication Advanced
Connect using:
Bealtek RTL8139 Family PCI Fast Etł
This connection uses the following items:
 Client for Microsoft Networks Elie and Printer Sharing for Microsoft Networks
QoS Packet Scheduler
I <u>n</u> stall Uninstall Properties
Description Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol. The default
wide area network protocol that provides communication across diverse interconnected networks.
Show icon in notification area when connected Notify me when this connection has limited or no connectivity
OK Cancel

Figure 3-3

Step 4:	Configure the IP	address as	Figure 3-4 shows	After that.	click OK.
0.00	Configure the fi		i iguic o + onomo	. /	

Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Prope	rties 🛛 🛛 🔀
General	
You can get IP settings assigned autom this capability. Otherwise, you need to a the appropriate IP settings.	
Obtain an IP address automatically	,
Ose the following IP address:	
<u>I</u> P address:	192.168.1.2
S <u>u</u> bnet mask:	255 . 255 . 255 . 0
Default gateway:	192.168.1.1
○ O <u>b</u> tain DNS server address autom	atically
• Use the following DNS server add	resses:
Preferred DNS server:	192.168.1.1
Alternate DNS server:	· · ·
	Ad <u>v</u> anced
	OK Cancel

Figure 3-4

P Note:

You can configure the PC to get an IP address automatically, select "Obtain an IP address automatically" and "Obtain DNS server address automatically" in the screen above.

Now, you can run the Ping command in the command prompt to verify the network connection. Please click the **Start** menu on your desktop, select **run** tab, type **cmd or command** in the field and press **Enter**. Type **ping 192.168.1.1** on the next screen, and then press **Enter**.

If the result displayed is similar to the screen below, the connection between your PC and the Router has been established.

Pinging 192.168.1.1 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=64
Ping statistics for 192.168.1.1:
Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
Minimum = Oms, Maximum = Oms, Average = Oms

If the result displayed is similar to the screen shown below, it means that your PC has not connected to the Router.

```
Pinging 192.168.1.1 with 32 bytes of data:
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Ping statistics for 192.168.1.1:
Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),
```



You can check it follow the steps below:

- Is the connection between your PC and the Router correct? The LEDs of LAN port which you link to the device and the LEDs on your PC's adapter should be lit.
- 2) Is the TCP/IP configuration for your PC correct? If the Router's IP address is 192.168.1.1, your PC's IP address must be within the range of 192.168.1.2 ~ 192.168.1.254.

3.2 Login

Once your host PC is properly configured, please proceed as follows to use the Web-based Utility: Start your web browser and type the private IP address of the Router in the URL field: **192.168.1.1**.

Address 192.168.1.1

After that, you will see the screen shown below, enter the default User Name **admin** and the default Password **admin**, and then click **OK** to access to the **Quick Setup** screen. You can follow the steps below to complete the Quick Setup.



Figure 3-7

Step 1: Select the Quick Start tab, then click RUN WIZARD, and you will see the next screen. Click the NEXT button.

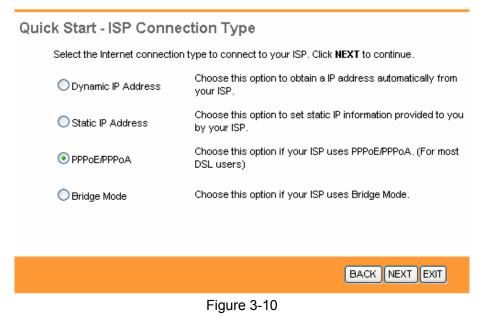
Quick Start
The Wizard will guide you through these four quick steps. Begin by clicking on NEXT.
Step 1. Choose your time zone
Step 2. Set your Internet connection
Step 3. Wireless network configuration
Step 4. Save settings of this ADSL Router
NEXTEXIT
Figure 3-8

Step 2: Configure the time for the Router, and then click the **NEXT** button.

Quick Start - Time Zone
Select the appropriate time zone for your location and click NEXT to continue.
(GMT) Greenwich Mean Time : Dublin, Edinburgh, Lisbon, London
BACK NEXT EXIT

Figure 3-9

Step 3: Select the connection type to connect to the ISP (We select **PPPoE/PPPoA** mode for example here), and then click the **NEXT** button.



Step 4: Configure the following options provided by your ISP: **Username**, **Password**, **VPI**, **VCI** and **Connection Type**. Then click **Next**.

Quick Start - PPPoE/PPPoA
Enter the PPPoE/PPPoA information provided to you by your ISP. Click NEXT to continue.
Username: Password: VPI: 8 (0~255) VCI: 35 (1~65535) Connection Type: PPPoE LLC
BACK NEXT EXIT
Figure 3-11

Step 5: Configure the rules for the WLAN, and click **NEXT**.

Quick Start - Wlan	
You may enable/disable Wian,change the Wian SSID and Authe Next to continue.	ntication type in this page.Click
Access Point : 💿 Activated 🔿 Deactivated	
SSID : TP-LINK_012345	
Broadcast SSID: 💽 Yes 🔘 No	
Authentication Type : Disabled	
	BACK NEXT EXIT
Eigener 2,40	



Note:

If the Access Point is activated, the wireless function will be available even without the external antenna because of an additional printed antenna. To adopt the wireless security protection measures, please refer to section 4.3.3.

Step 6: Click **NEXT** to finish the Quick Start.

Quick Start Complete !!	
The Setup Wizard has completed. Click on BACK to mo to save the current settings.	odify changes or mistakes. Click NEXT
	BACK NEXT EXIT

Figure 3-13

Chapter 4 Software Configuration

This User Guide recommends using the "Quick Installation Guide" for first-time installation. For advanced users, if you want to know more about this device and make use of its functions adequately, maybe you will get help from this chapter to configure the advanced settings through the Web-based Utility.

After your successful login, you can configure and manage the device. There are main menus on the top of the Web-based Utility; submenus will be available after you click one of the main menus. On the center of the Web-based Utility, there are the detailed configurations or status information. To apply any settings you have altered on the page, please click the **SAVE** button.

4.1 Status

Choose "**Status**", you can see the next submenus: **Device Info**, **System Log** and **Statistics**. Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function.

Quick Start	Inter Set	face tup	Advance Setup	d Access Management	Maintenance	Status	Help
Device Info		Syste	em Log	Statistics			
Figure							

Click any of them, and you will be able to view the corresponding information.

4.1.1 Device Info

Choose "**Status** \rightarrow **Device Info**" menu, and you will be able to view the device information, including LAN, WAN and ADSL. The information will vary depending on the settings of the Router configured on the Interface Setup screen.

Status	Quick Start		erface Setup	Advanced Setup	Acce Manage		Maintenance	Status	Help		
	Devid		Syste	m Log							
Device Information											
		Fin	mware Vers	ion : 1.0.0 Buik	101207 Rel 34	4253					
		MAC Address : 00:aa:bb:01:23:45									
LAN											
	IP Address : 192.168.1.1										
	Subnet Mask : 255.255.255.0										
	DHCP Server : Enabled										
WAN											
	PVC VPI/VCI IP Address				Subnet GateWay		DNS Server	Encapsulation	Status		
	PVC0	1/32	0.0.0.0			0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	PPPoE	Down		
	PVC1	8/35	N/A	N//	4	N/A	N/A	Bridge	Down		
ADSL											
		ADSL Fin	mware Vers	ion : FwVer:3.	13.3.61_TC308	6 HwVer:T	F14.F7_6.0				
				tate : Down							
				tion : N/A							
			Annex Mo	ode : N/A							
				Downstr	eam Upstrea	ım					
			SNR Mar		N/A	db					
		L	ine Attenuat. Data R		N/A N/A	db					
				ATE: N/A /ER: N/A	N/A N/A	kbps dbm					
				RC: N/A	N/A	oom.					

Figure 4-2

P Note:

Click the other submenus **System Log** or **Statistics** in Figure 4-2, and you will be able to view the system log and traffic statistics about the Router.

4.1.2 System Log

Choose "Status→System Log" menu, and you will be able to query the logs of the Router.

Status	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Management	Maintenance	Status	Help
		ifo Sys	stem Log				
		_					
System Log							
	1/1/2000	0:0:2> ma	ain: init c	ompleted		~	
	1/1/2000	0:0:2> No) DNS serve	r available			
	1/1/2000	0:0:2> La	ast errorlo	g repeat 10 Tin	nes		
	1/1/2000	0:0:2> a	ijTimeTask	fail: no server	: available		
			-	pause 60 secor	ıds		
				r available			
				g repeat 10 Tin			
			-	fail: no server			
			-	pause 60 secor	ıds		
				r available			
				g repeat 10 Tin fail: no server			
			2	pause 1 day	avallable		
			-	r available			
				g repeat 10 Tin	nes		
				fail: no server			
			-	pause 60 secor			
			-	r available			
	1/1/2000	0:1:2> La	ast errorlo	q repeat 10 Tin	nes		
	1/1/2000	0:1:2> ad	djTimeTask	fail: no server	available		
	1/1/2000	0:1:2> ad	ijtime task	pause 60 secor	nds		
	1/1/2000	0:1:2> No	DNS serve	r available			
	1/1/2000	0:1:2> La	ast errorlo	g repeat 10 Tin	nes		
	1/1/2000	0:1:2> ad	djTimeTask	fail: no server	available		
	1/1/2000	0:1:2> ad	ljtime task	pause 1 day		× .	
			CLEAR LO	DG SAVELOG			
			CLEAR LO	SAVELUG			

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Figure 4-3

The Router can keep logs of all traffic. You can query the logs to find what happened to the Router.

Click the **CLEAR LOG** button to clear the logs.

Click the **SAVE LOG** button to save the logs.

4.1.3 Statistics

Choose "**Status** \rightarrow **Statistics**" menu, and you will be able to view the network traffic over Ethernet, ADSL and WLAN.

Status	Quick Interface Start Setup	Advanced Setup	Acce Manage	Maintenance	Status	Help
	Device Info Sys	stem Log 💦 🤇	Statistics			
Traffic Statistics						
	Interfac	e : 💿 Ethernet 🔘	ADSL OW	LAN		
	Transmit Sta	atistics		Receive Statistic	cs	
	Transmit Frames		156	Receive Frames		348
	Transmit Multicast Frame	s	733	Receive Multicast Frames		724
	Transmit total Bytes		891164	Receive total Bytes		798447
	Transmit Collision		0	Receive CRC Errors		0
	Transmit Error Frames		0	Receive Under-size Frames		0
		REFRESH				

Figure 4-4

- Interface: You can select Ethernet, ADSL and WLAN to view the corresponding network traffic over different ports.
- > Select **Ethernet**, and you will see the statistics table as below.

Interface : 💿 Ethernet 🔘 ADSL 🔵 WLAN

Transmit Statistics		Receive Statistics	
Transmit Frames	156	Receive Frames	348
Transmit Multicast Frames	733	Receive Multicast Frames	724
Transmit total Bytes	891164	Receive total Bytes	798447
Transmit Collision	0	Receive CRC Errors	0
Transmit Error Frames	0	Receive Under-size Frames	0

Statistics Table:

	Transmit Frames	The frames transmitted over the Ethernet port.
	Transmit Multicast Frames	The multicast frames transmitted over the Ethernet port.
Transmit	Transmit total Bytes	The total bytes transmitted over the Ethernet port.
Statistics	Transmit Collision	The collision occurred over the Ethernet port when data is being transmitted.
	Transmit Error Frames	The error frames over the Ethernet port when data is being transmitted.
	Receive Frames	The frames received over the Ethernet port.
	Receive Multicast Frames	The multicast frames received over the Ethernet port.
Receive	Receive total Bytes	The total bytes received over the Ethernet port.
Statistics	Receive CRC Errors	The CRC errors occurred over the Ethernet port when data is being received.
	Receive Under-size Frames	The Under-size frames received over the Ethernet port.

> Select **ADSL**, and you will see the statistics table as below.

Interface : OEthernet OADSLOWLAN

Transmit Statistics		Receive Statistics	
Transmit total PDUs	0	Receive total PDUs	0
Transmit total Error Counts	0	Receive total Error Counts	0

Statistics Table:

Transmit	Transmit total PDUs	The total PDUs transmitted over the ADSL port.
Statistics	Transmit total Error Counts	The total errors occurred over the ADSL port when data is being transmitted.
Receive	Receive total PDUs	The total PDUs transmitted over the ADSL port.
Statistics	Receive total Error Counts	The total errors occurred over the ADSL port when data is being received.

> Select **WLAN**, and you will see the statistics table as below.

Interface : 🔘 Ethernet 🔘 ADSL 💿 WLAN

Transmit Statistics		Receive Statistics	
Tx Frames Count	1227	Rx Frames Count	6060
Tx Errors Count	0	Rx Errors Count	590
Tx Drops Count	0	Rx Drops Count	0

Statistics Table:

	Tx Frames Count	The frames transmitted over the WLAN when wireless data is being transmitted.		
Transmit Statistics	Tx Errors Count	The errors occurred over the WLAN when wireless data is being transmitted.		
	Tx Drops Count	The drops occurred over the WLAN when wireless data is being transmitted.		
	Rx Frames Count	The frames received over the WLAN when wireless data is being transmitted.		
Receive Statistics	Rx Errors Count	The errors occurred over the WLAN when wireless data is being received.		
	Rx Drops Count	The drops occurred over the WLAN when wireless data is being received.		

Click the **REFRESH** button to refresh immediately.

4.2 Quick Start

Please refer to "3.2: Login".

4.3 Interface Setup

Choose "Interface Setup", you can see the next submenus: Internet and LAN.

Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Management	Maintenance	Status	Help
Internet	LAN	Wireless	3			

Figure 4-5

Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function.

4.3.1 Internet

Choose "Interface Setup→Internet" menu, you can configure the parameters for WAN ports in the next screen (shown in Figure 4-6).

	Quick Interface Start Setup	Advanced Setup	Access	Maintenance	Status	Help
Interface	Start Setup	Wireless	Management			-
	LAN	wireless	5			
ATM VC						
	Virtual Circuit	: PVC0 🗸	PVCs Summary			
		: Activated				
	VPI	: 0 (ran	ge: 0~255)			
0-0	VCI	: 100 (ran	ge: 1~65535)			
QoS	ATM QoS	: UBR 💌				
	PCR	: 0 cells	/second			
	SCR	: 0 cells	s/second			
	MBS	: 0 cells	3			
Encapsulation						
	ISP	 Dynamic IP Static IP Ad 				
		Static IP Ad PPPoA/PPPo				
		O Bridge Mode	e			
PPPoE/PPPoA						
	Servicename					
	Username]		
	Password Encapsulation		~			
		Activated				
Connection Setting	0	0				
	Connection		(Recommended) -Demand (Close if idle	for 0 minutes)	
		Connect Ma			,	
	TCP MSS Option			18		
IP Address	Get ID & ddress	: O Static 💿 D	voornio			
	Static IP Address		ynamic			
	IP Subnet Mask	: 0.0.0.0				
	Gateway					
		: Enable 💌 : • Yes 🔿 No				
		TCP MTU(defau	lt:1480) 1480 byte	s		
	Dynamic Route		Direction : Both	~		
		: Disabled 💙				
	MAC Spoofing	Enabled O:00:00:00:00				
		SAVE				
		Liguro				

Figure 4-6

- ATM VC: ATM settings are used to connect to your ISP. Your ISP provides VPI (Virtual Path Identifier), VCI (Virtual Channel Identifier) settings to you. In this Device, you can totally setup 8 VCs on different encapsulations, if you apply 8 different virtual circuits from your ISP. You need to activate the VC to take effect. For PVCs management, you can use ATM QoS to setup each PVC traffic line's priority.
 - Virtual Circuit: Select the VC number you want to setup, PVC0~PVC7.
 - Status: If you want to use a designed VC, you should activate it.
 - **VPI:** Identifies the virtual path between endpoints in an ATM network. The valid range is from 0 to 255. Please input the value provided by your ISP.
 - VCI: Identifies the virtual channel endpoints in an ATM network. The valid range is from

32 to 65535 (1 to 31 is reserved for well-known protocols). Please input the value provided by your ISP.

- **PVCs Summary:** Click the button, and you can view the summary information about the PVCs.
- QoS: Select the Quality of Service types for this Virtual Circuit, including CBR (Constant Bit Rate), UBR (Unspecified Bit Rate) and VBR (Variable Bit Rate). These QoS types are all controlled by the parameters specified below, including PCR (Peak Cell Rate), SCR (Sustained Cell Rate) and MBS (Maximum Burst Size), please configure them according to your needs.
- Encapsulation: There are four connection types: Dynamic IP Address, Static IP Address, PPPoA/PPPoE and Bridge Mode. Please choose the designed type that you want to use. After that, you should follow the configuration below to proceed.

1) Dynamic IP Address

Select this option if your ISP provides you an IP address automatically. This option is typically used for Cable services. Please enter the Dynamic IP information accordingly.

ISP :	 Dynamic IP Address Static IP Address PPPoA/PPPoE Bridge Mode
Encapsulation :	1483 Bridged IP LLC 🛛 💙
Bridge Interface :	Activated O Deactivated
NAT :	Enable 💙
Default Route :	⊙ Yes ◯ No
TCP MTU Option :	TCP MTU(default:1500) 1500 bytes
Dynamic Route :	RIP2-B 💙 Direction : Both 🛛 💙
Multicast :	Disabled 💌
MAC Spoofing :	C Enabled 💿 Disabled
	00:00:00:00:00

Figure 4-7

- Encapsulation: Select the encapsulation mode for the Dynamic IP Address, you can leave it default.
- NAT: Select this option to Enable/Disable the NAT (Network Address Translation) function for this VC. The NAT function can be activated or deactivated per PVC basis.
- Default Route: If enable this function, the current PVC will be considered as the default gateway to internet from this device.
- > **TCP MTU Option:** Enter the TCP MTU as your desire.
- Dynamic Route: Select this option to specify the RIP (Routing Information protocol) version for WAN interface, including RIP1, RIP2-B and RIP2-M. RIP2-B and RIP2-M are both sent in

RIP2 format, the difference is that RIP2-M using Multicast, while RIP2-B using Broadcast format.

- Direction: Select this option to specify the RIP direction. None is for disabling the RIP function. Both means the ADSL Router will periodically send routing information and accept routing information, and then incorporate them into routing table. IN only means the ADLS router will only accept but will not send RIP packet. OUT only means the ADLS router will only send but will not accept RIP packet.
- Multicast: Select IGMP version, or disable the function. IGMP (Internet Group Multicast Protocol) is a session-layer protocol used to establish membership in a multicast group. The ADSL ATU-R supports both IGMP version 1 (IGMP v1) and IGMP v2. Select "Disabled" to disable it.

2) Static IP Address

Select this option if your ISP provides static IP information to you. You should set static IP address, IP subnet mask, and gateway address in the screen below (shown in Figure 4-8).

ISP :	 Dynamic IP Address Static IP Address PPPoA/PPPoE Bridge Mode
Encapsulation :	1483 Bridged IP LLC
Static IP Address :	0.0.0.0
IP Subnet Mask :	0.0.0.0
Gateway :	0.0.0
Bridge Interface :	O Activated O Deactivated
NAT :	Enable 🔽
Default Route :	⊙ Yes ◯ No
TCP MTU Option :	TCP MTU(default:1500) 1500 bytes
Dynamic Route :	RIP2-B 💙 Direction : Both 💙
Multicast :	Disabled 🔽
MAC Spoofing :	C Enabled 💽 Disabled
	00:00:00:00:00

Figure 4-8

P Note:

Each IP address entered in the fields must be in the appropriate IP form, which is four IP octets separated by a dot (x.x.x.x), such as 192.168.1.100. The Router will not accept the IP address if it is not in this format.

3) PPPoA/PPPoE

Select this option if your ISP requires you to use a PPPoE connection. This option is typically used for DSL services. Select Dynamic PPPoE to obtain an IP address automatically for your

PPPoE connection. Select Static PPPoE to use a static IP address for your PPPoE connection. Please enter the information accordingly.

	~
ISP :	O Bynamie ir Address
	O Static IP Address
	PPPoA/PPPoE
	O Bridge Mode
Servicename :	
Username :	
Password :	
Encapsulation :	PPPoE LLC V
Bridge Interface :	Activated O Deactivated
Connection :	Always On (Recommended)
	Connect On-Demand (Close if idle for minutes)
	Connect Manually
TCP MSS Option :	TCP MSS(default:1400) 1400 bytes
Get IP Address :	Static Dynamic
Static IP Address :	
IP Subnet Mask :	0.0.0.0
Gateway :	
	Enable V
Default Route :	
	TCP MTU(default:1480) 1480 bytes
Dynamic Route :	
Multicast :	
	© Enabled © Disabled
in to oppoining .	00:00:00:00:00
	00.00100100.00

Figure 4-9

- **Servicename:** Enter a name to mark current connection, or you can leave it blank.
- **Username:** Enter your username for your PPPoE/PPPoA connection.
- > **Password:** Enter your password for your PPPoE/PPPoA connection.
- Encapsulation: For both PPPoE/PPPoA connection, you need to specify the type of Multiplexing, either LLC or VC Mux.
- **Bridge Interface:** Activate the option, and the Router can also work in Bridge mode.
- Connection: For PPPoE/PPPoA connection, you can select Always on or Connect on-Demand or Connect Manually. Connect on demand is dependent on the traffic. If there is no traffic (or Idle) for a pre-specified period of time), the connection will tear down automatically. And once there is traffic send or receive, the connection will be automatically on.
- Static/Dynamic IP Address: For PPPoE/PPPoA connection, you need to specify the public IP address for this ADSL Router. The IP address can be either dynamically (via DHCP) or given IP address provided by your ISP. For Static IP, you need to specify the IP address, Subnet Mask and Gateway IP address.

- Default Route: You should select Yes to configure the PVC as the default gateway to internet from this device.
- MAC Spoofing: Enable the MAC Spoofing, and enter a MAC address to configure the WAN port. It makes your inside network appear as a device with this MAC address to the outside world.

4) Bridge Mode

If you select this type of connection, the modem can be configured to act as a bridging device between your LAN and your ISP. Bridges are devices that enable two or more networks to communicate as if they are two segments of the same physical LAN.

ISP : Opnamic IP Address Static IP Address PPPoA/PPPoE Bridge Mode
Encapsulation : 1483 Bridged IP LLC 🛛 👻
Figure 4-10

P Note:

After you finish the Internet configuration, please click SAVE to make the settings take effect.

4.3.2 LAN

Choose "Interface Setup \rightarrow LAN" menu, and you will see the LAN screen (shown in Figure 4-11). Please configure the parameters for LAN ports according to the descriptions below.

Interface	Quick Interface Start Setup	Advanced Setup N Wireless	Access lanagement	Maintenance	Status	Help
Router Local IP						
	IP Subnet Mask : Dynamic Route : Multicast :		rection : None	v		
DHCP -	DHCP : Starting IP Address :	O Disabled O Ena		ool Summary		
	IP Pool Count : Lease Time : Physical Ports :	100 259200 second		ult value of 259200)		
DNS	DNS Relay : Primary DNS Server : Secondary DNS Server :		ed DNS Server Or	ly 💙		
		SAVE CANCEL				

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- Router Local IP: These are the IP settings of the LAN interface for the device. These settings may be referred to as Private settings. You may change the LAN IP address if needed. The LAN IP address is private to your internal network and cannot be seen on the Internet.
 - **IP Address:** Enter the Router's local IP Address, then you can access to the Web-based Utility via the IP Address, the default value is 192.168.1.1.
 - **IP Subnet Mask:** Enter the Router's Subnet Mask, the default value is 255.255.255.0.
 - **Dynamic Route:** Select this option to specify the RIP (Routing Information protocol) version for LAN interface, including **RIP1**, **RIP2-B** and **RIP2-M**. RIP2-B and RIP2-M are both sent in RIP2 format, the difference is that RIP2-M using Multicast, while RIP2-B using Broadcast format.
 - Direction: Select this option to specify the RIP direction. None is for disabling the RIP function. Both means the ADSL Router will periodically send routing information and accept routing information, and then incorporate them into routing table. IN only means the ADLS router will only accept but will not send RIP packet. OUT only means the ADLS router will only send but will not accept RIP packet.
 - Multicast: Select IGMP version, or disable the function. IGMP (Internet Group Multicast Protocol) is a session-layer protocol used to establish membership in a multicast group. The ADSL ATU-R supports both IGMP version 1 (IGMP v1) and IGMP v2. Select "Disabled" to disable it.
 - **IGMP Snoop:** Enable the IGMP Snoop function if you need.
- DHCP Server: Select Enabled, then you will see the screen below (shown in Figure 4-12). The Router will work as a DHCP Server; it becomes the default gateway for DHCP client

connected to it. DHCP stands for Dynamic Host Control Protocol. The DHCP Server gives out IP addresses when a device is booting up and request an IP address to be logged on to the network. That device must be set as a DHCP client to obtain the IP address automatically. By default, the DHCP Server is enabled. The DHCP address pool contains the range of the IP address that will automatically be assigned to the clients on the network.

DHCP :	O Disabled 💿 Enabl	ed 🔘 Relay
Starting IP Address : IP Pool Count :	100	Current Pool Summary
Lease Time : Physical Ports :		(0 sets to default value of 259200)
DNS Relay :	Use Auto Discovered	DNS Server Only 🔽
Primary DNS Server :	N/A	
Secondary DNS Server :	N/A	



- Starting IP Address: Enter the starting IP address for the DHCP server's IP assignment. Because the default IP address for the Router is 192.168.1.1, the default Start IP Address is 192.168.1.2, and the Start IP Address must be 192.168.1.2or greater, but smaller than 192.168.1.254.
- **IP Pool Count:** The max user pool size.
- Lease Time: The length of time for the IP lease. After the dynamic IP address has expired, the user will be automatically assigned a new dynamic IP address. The default is **259200** seconds.
- **Physical Ports:** Specify the Physical Ports of the DHCP client.
- **DNS Relay:** If you want to disable this feature, you just need to set both Primary and secondary DNS IP to 0.0.0.0. If you want to use DNS relay, you can setup DNS server IP to 192.168.1.1 on their Computer. If not, the device will perform as no DNS relay.
- Primary DNS Server: Type in your preferred DNS server.
- Secondary DNS Server: Type in your preferred DNS server.
- **Current Pool Summary:** Click the button, then you can view the IP addresses that the DHCP Server gives out.

P Note:

If **Use Auto Discovered DNS Server Only** is selected in DNS Relay, this router will accept the first received DNS assignment from one of the PPPoA, PPPoE or MER/DHCP enabled PVC(s) during the connection establishment. If **Use User Discovered DNS Server Only** is selected in DNS Relay, it is necessary for you to enter the primary and optional secondary DNS server IP addresses. After type in the address, click SAVE button to save it and invoke it.

DHCP Relay: Select Relay, then you will see the next screen (shown in Figure 4-13), and the Router will work as a DHCP Relay. A DHCP relay is a computer that forwards DHCP data between computers that request IP addresses and the DHCP server that assigns the addresses. Each of the device's interfaces can be configured as a DHCP relay. If it is enabled, the DHCP requests from local PCs will forward to the DHCP server runs on WAN side. To have this function working properly, please run on router mode only, disable the DHCP server on the LAN port, and make sure the routing table has the correct routing entry.

DHCP : 🔘 Disabled 🔘 Enabled 💽 Relay



Figure 4-13

• **DHCP Server IP for Relay Agent:** Enter the DHCP server IP Address runs on WAN side.

P Note:

If you select **Disabled**, the DHCP function will not take effect.

4.3.3 Wireless

Choose "Interface Setup→Wireless" menu, and you will see the Wireless screen (shown in Figure 4-14). Please configure the parameters for wireless according to the descriptions below.

Interface	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Management	Maintenance	Status	Help
		LAN	Wireless	>			
Access Point Settings							
Access Folin Settings			~ ~				
			O Activated UNITED STATES			4	
	Bee	con Interval(ms)			Current Channel:	1	
		S/CTS Threshold	N	nge: 20~1000)			
		tation Threshold		nge: 1500~2347)			
		(bytes)	: 2346 (ra	nge: 256~2346, even r	numbers only)		
		DTIM(ms)	:1_(ra	nge: 1~255)			
		Wireless Mode	: 802.11b+g+n	×			
11n Settings							
	Cha	annel Bandwidth	: 20/40 MHz 💌				
	Ex	tension Channel	: above the contr	rol channel 🔽			
		Guard Interval	: AUTO 🔽				
		WMM	: 💿 Enable 🔾 D	isable			
Multiple SSIDs Settings							
		SSID Index					
			: 💽 Yes 🔘 No				
		Use QSS	: 💿 Yes 🔵 No				
QSS Settings							
			: Unconfigured				
		QSS mode	PIN code	PBC			
		QSS progress	Start QSS				
			: TP-LINK_01234	5	1		
	Auti	nentication Type		~	1		
WDS Settings							
		ADS Mode	: 🔘 On 💿 Off				
	,		: 00:00:00:00:00:	00			
			: 00:00:00:00:00:00:				
			: 00:00:00:00:00:00:				
			: 00:00:00:00:00:00:				
Wireless MAC Address							
Filter		û atir		Deserved at			
			C Activated Deny Associati	Deactivated	lace AN station(c) o	esociation	
	,		: 00:00:00:00:00:		acos chara station(S) a:	ssociation.	
			: 00:00:00:00:00:00:				
			: 00:00:00:00:00:00:				
			: 00:00:00:00:00:00:				
			: 00:00:00:00:00:00:				
			: 00:00:00:00:00:00:				
			: 00:00:00:00:00:				
			: 00:00:00:00:00:				
			SAVE CAN	E			
			CANC CANC	<u></u>			
			Eiguro /				

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Figure 4-14

- Access point Settings: These are the settings of the access point. You can configure the rules to allow wireless-equipped computers and other devices to communicate with a wireless network.
 - Access point: Select Activated to allow wireless station to associate with the access point.

- **Channel:** Select the channel you want to use from the drop-down List of Channel. This field determines which operating frequency will be used. It is not necessary to change the wireless channel unless you notice interference problems with another nearby access point.
- **Beacon Interval:** Enter a value between 20-1000 milliseconds. The Beacon Interval value indicates the frequency interval of the beacon. A beacon is a packet broadcast by the Router to synchronize the wireless network. The default value is 100.
- RTS/CTS Threshold: Should you encounter inconsistent data flow, only minor reduction
 of the default value 2347 is recommended. If a network packet is smaller than the preset
 RTS threshold size, the RTS/CTS mechanism will not be enabled. The Router sends
 Request to Send (RTS) frames to a particular receiving station and negotiates the
 sending of a data frame. After receiving an RTS, the wireless station responds with a
 Clear to Send (CTS) frame to acknowledge the right to begin transmission. In most
 cases, keep its default value of 2347.
- **Fragmentation Threshold:** This value specifies the maximum size for a packet before data is fragmented into multiple packets. If you experience a high packet error rate, you may slightly increase the Fragmentation Threshold. Setting the Fragmentation Threshold too low may result in poor network performance. Only minor reduction of the default value is recommended. In most cases, it should remain at its default value of 2346.
- DTIM: This value, between 1 and 255, indicates the interval of the Delivery Traffic Indication Message (DTIM). A DTIM field is a countdown field informing clients of the next window for listening to broadcast and multicast messages. When the Router has buffered broadcast or multicast messages for associated clients, it sends the next DTIM with a DTIM Interval value. Its clients hear the beacons and awaken to receive the broadcast and multicast messages. The default value is 1.
- Wireless Mode: In the drop-down list you can select "802.11b", "802.11g", "802.11n", "802.11b+g", "802.11g+n" and "802.11b+g+n". "802.11b+g+n" allows both 802.11b, 802.11g and 802.11n wireless stations to connect to the Router.
- 11n Settings: These are the settings of the 11n parameters. If "802.11n", "802.11g+n" or "802.11b+g+n" is selected for Wireless mode, these settings will be displayed.
 - **Channel Bandwidth:** Select the Bandwidth you want to use from the drop-down List. There are two options, "20 MHz" and "20/40 MHz". If bigger bandwidth is selected, device could transmit and receive data with higher speed.
 - **Extension Channel:** If "20/40 MHz" is selected, this option will be displayed.
 - **Guard Interval:** Select the guard interval you want from the drop-down list.
 - **MCS:** Select the wireless transmission rate from the drop-down list. By default, the option is AUTO.
- > Multiple SSIDs Settings: These are the settings of the SSID.
 - **SSID Index:** The index of the SSID, and in this model, you can only leave it as a default value of 1.

- **Broadcast SSID:** When wireless clients survey the local area for wireless networks to associate with, they will detect the SSID broadcast by the Router. To broadcast the Router's SSID, keep the default setting. If you don't want to broadcast the Router's SSID, select "No".
- Use QSS: Use QSS (Wi-Fi Protected Setup) function, you can add a new wireless device to an existing network quickly. To Use QSS, keep the default setting, and configure the parameters in QSS Settings. If you don't want to Use QSS, select "No", then you will see the screen as shown below.

Multiple SSIDs Settings				
	SSID Index :	1 💌		
	Broadcast SSID :	💽 Yes 🔘 No		
	Use QSS :	🔘 Yes 💿 No		
	SSID :	TP-LINK_012345]
	Authentication Type :	Disabled	*	
WDS Settings				

Figure 4-15

- SSID: Wireless network name shared among all points in a wireless network. The SSID must be identical for all devices in the wireless network. It is case-sensitive and must not exceed 32 characters (use any of the characters on the keyboard). Make sure this setting is the same for all stations in your wireless network. Type the desired SSID in the space provided.
- Authentication Type: Select an authentication type from the drop-down list, which allows you to configure security features of the wireless LAN interface. Options available are: Disabled, WEP-64Bits, WEP-128Bits, WPA-PSK, WPA2-PSK, and WPA-PSK/ WPA2-PSK.

1) WEP-64Bits

To configure WEP-64Bits settings, select the WEP-64Bits option from the drop-down list. The menu will change to offer the appropriate settings. WEP-64Bits is a data privacy mechanism based on a 64-bit shared key algorithm, as described in the IEEE 802.11g standard.

Multiple SSIDs Settings		
	SSID Index :	1 💌
	Broadcast SSID :	● Yes ○ No
	Use QSS :	🔿 Yes 💿 No
	SSID :	TP-LINK_012345
	Authentication Type :	WEP-64Bits
WEP		
		For each key, please enter either (1) 5 characters excluding symbols, or (2) 10 characters ranging from 0~9, a, b, c, d, e, f.
		For each key, please enter either (1) 13 characters excluding symbols, or (2) 26 characters ranging from 0~9, a, b, c, d, e, f.
	💽 Key#1 :	0x000000000
	◯ Key#2 :	0×000000000
	◯ Key#3 :	0×000000000
	◯ Key#4 :	0×000000000
WDS Settings		

Figure 4-16

2) WEP-128Bits

To configure WEP-128Bits settings, select the WEP-128Bits option from the drop-down list. The menu will change to offer the appropriate settings. 128-bit is stronger than 64-bit.

Multiple SSIDs Settings		
	SSID Index :	1 •
	Broadcast SSID :	📀 Yes 🔘 No
	Use QSS :	🔿 Yes 💿 No
	SSID :	TP-LINK_012345
	Authentication Type :	WEP-128Bits
WEP		
		For each key, please enter either (1) 5 characters excluding symbols, or (2) 10 characters ranging from 0∼9, a, b, c, d, e, f.
		For each key, please enter either (1) 13 characters excluding symbols, or (2) 26 characters ranging from 0~9, a, b, c, d, e, f.
	() Key#1	0×000000000000000000000000000000000000
	◯ Key#2 :	0×000000000000000000000000000000000000
	◯ Key#3 :	0x000000000000000000000000000000000000
	◯ Key#4 :	0×000000000000000000000000000000000000
WDS Settings		

Figure 4-17

3) WPA-PSK

To configure WPA-PSK settings, select the WPA-PSK option from the drop-down list. The menu will change to offer the appropriate settings. WPA-PSK requires a shared key and does not use a separate server for authentication. PSK keys can be ASCII or Hex type.

Multiple SSIDs Settings			
	SSID Index :	1 💌	
	Broadcast SSID :	💽 Yes 🔘 No	
	Use QSS :	🔘 Yes 💽 No	
	SSID :	TP-LINK_012345	
	Authentication Type :	WPA-PSK	
WPA-PSK			
	Encryption :	TKIP/AES 🔽	
	Pre-Shared Key :	hexadecimal characters)	(8~63 ASCII characters or 64
WDS Settings			

Figure 4-18

- Encryption: Select the encryption you want to use: TKIP/AES, TKIP or AES (AES is an encryption method stronger than TKIP).
 - **TKIP** (Temporal Key Integrity Protocol) a wireless encryption protocol that provides dynamic encryption keys for each packet transmitted.
 - **AES** (Advanced Encryption Standard) A security method that uses symmetric 128-bit block data encryption.
- Pre-Shared Key: Enter the key shared by the Router and your other network devices. It must have 8-63 ASCII characters or 64 Hexadecimal digits.

4) WPA2-PSK

To configure WPA2-PSK settings, select the WPA2-PSK option from the drop-down list. The menu will change to offer the appropriate settings. WPA2-PSK requires a shared key and does not use a separate server for authentication. PSK keys can be ASCII or Hex type.

Multiple SSIDs Settings			
	SSID Index :	1 💙	
	Broadcast SSID :	O Yes ○ No	
	Use QSS :	🔘 Yes 💿 No	
	SSID :	TP-LINK_012345	
	Authentication Type :	WPA2-PSK	
WPA2-PSK			
	Encryption :	TKIP/AES 🐱	
	Pre-Shared Key :		(8~63 ASCII characters or 64
	,,.	hexadecimal characters)	
WDS Settings			

Figure 4-19

5) WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK

To configure WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK settings, select the WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK option from the drop-down list. The menu will change to offer the appropriate settings. WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK requires a shared key and does not use a separate server for authentication. PSK keys can be ASCII or Hex type. WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK is more flexible than WPA-PSK or WPA2-PSK.

Multiple SSIDs Settings			
	SSID Index :	1 💌	
	Broadcast SSID :	⊙ Yes ◯ No	
	Use QSS :	🔾 Yes 💿 No	
	SSID :	TP-LINK_012345	
	Authentication Type :	WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK 🔽	*
WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK Mixed			
Mode			
	Encryption :	TKIP/AES 🚩	
	Pre-Shared Key :		(8~63 ASCII characters or 64
		hexadecimal characters)	
WDS Settings			

Figure 4-20

- QSS Settings: QSS can help you to add a new wireless device to an existing network quickly. This section will guide you how to use QSS function.
 - QSS state: Display the current QSS state.
 - QSS **mode:** If the wireless adapter supports Wi-Fi Protected Setup (**QSS**), you can establish a wireless connection between wireless adapter and Router using either Push Button Configuration (PBC) method or PIN method, please select the one you want.

1) PBC

If the wireless adapter supports Wi-Fi Protected Setup and the Push Button Configuration (PBC) method, you can add it to the network by PBC with the following two methods. Click **PBC**, you will see the screen as shown below.

QSS Settings	
	QSS state : Unconfigured
	QSS mode : 🔘 PIN code 💿 PBC
	Start QSS
	QSS progress : Idle
	SSID: TP-LINK_012345
	Authentication Type : WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK 🔽
WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK Mixed	
Mode	

Figure 4-21

Method One:

Step 1: Press the **QSS** button on the front panel of the Router or click **Start** QSS button in Figure 4-21.

T P-LINK® TD-W8961NB	Power	ADSL	Internet	WLAN	1	2	3	4	ass OSS
300Mbps Wireless N ADSL2+ Modern Router	Ċ	Ŷ	Ø	*	Ð	D	Ð	.	

Step 2: Press and hold the **QSS** button of the adapter directly for 2 or 3 seconds.

(QSS)	

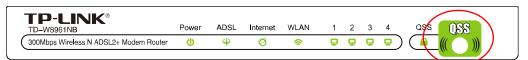
Step 3: Wait for a while until the next screen appears. Click **Finish** to complete the **QSS** configuration.

🥶 QSS for Wireless								
(((QSS)))								
Wireless Configuration Completed								
Your computer has successfully joined the TP-LINK network.								
< <u>B</u> ack Finish C	ancel							

The QSS Configuration Screen of Wireless Adapter

Method Two:

Step 1: Press the **QSS** button on the front panel of the Router or click **Start** QSS button in Figure 4-21.



Step 2: For the configuration of the wireless adapter, please choose "**Push the button on my access point**" in the configuration utility of the **QSS** as below, and click **Next**.

🤷 QSS for Wireless	X
Join a Wireless N	letwork
QSS is preparing to join y	our computer to a wireless network.
(((QSS))) Quick secure setup	 Which setup method do you want to use? Push the button on my access point Enter a PIN into my access point or a registrar Enter the PIN from my access point Push the button on your access point and click Next to continue.
	Automatically select the network 🗹

The QSS Configuration Screen of Wireless Adapter

Step 3: Wait for a while until the next screen appears. Click **Finish** to complete the **QSS** configuration.



The QSS Configuration Screen of Wireless Adapter

2) PIN code

If the wireless adapter supports Wi-Fi Protected Setup and the PIN method, you can add it to the network by PIN with the following two methods. Click **PIN code**, you will see the screen as shown below.

QSS Settings		
	QSS state :	Unconfigured
	QSS mode :	● PIN code ● PBC
	AP self PIN code : I	00745659
	enrollee PIN code :	
		Start QSS
	QSS progress : I	Idle
	SSID :	TP-LINK_012345
	Authentication Type :	WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK 💌
WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK Mixed		
Mode		

Figure 4-22

Method One: Enter the PIN into my Router

Step 1: For the configuration of the wireless adapter, please choose "Enter a PIN into my access point or a registrar" in the configuration utility of the QSS, and get the PIN code on the screen as below, then click Next.

🧧 QSS for Wireless						
Join a Wireless N	letwork					
QSS is preparing to join your computer to a wireless network.						
 Which setup method do you want to use? Push the button on my access point Enter a PIN into my access point or a registrar Enter the PIN from my access point 						
Quick secure setup Enter the PIN 16952898 into your access point or external registrat and click Next to continue.						
Automatically select the network 🗹						
	<pre></pre>					

The **QSS** Configuration Screen of Wireless Adapter

Step 2: For the Router, keep **PIN code** selected and enter the PIN code of the wireless adapter in the field after **enrollee PIN code** as shown below. Then click **Start** QSS.

QSS Settings	
	QSS state : Unconfigured
	QSS mode : 💿 PIN code 🔘 PBC
	AP self PIN code : 00745659
	enrollee PIN code 16952898
	Start QSS
	QSS progress : Idle
	SSID: TP-LINK_012345
	Authentication Type : WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK 🔽
A-PSK/WPA2-PSK Mixed	
Mode	

Figure 4-23

Method Two: Enter the PIN from my Router

- Step 1: Get the Current PIN code of the Router from AP self PIN code in Figure 4-23 (each Router has its unique PIN code. Here takes the PIN code 55924054 of this Router for example).
- Step 2: For the configuration of the wireless adapter, please choose "Enter a PIN from my access point" in the configuration utility of the QSS as below, and enter the PIN code of the Router into the field after "Access Point PIN". Then click Next.

🧧 QSS for Wireless						
Join a Wireless N	letwork					
QSS is preparing to join y	our computer to a wireless network.					
(((QSS))) Quick secure setup	 Which setup method do you want to use? Push the button on my access point Enter a PIN into my access point or a registrar Enter the PIN from my access point 					
Access Point PIN: 00745659						
	< Back Next > Cancel					

The QSS Configuration Screen of Wireless Adapter

P Note:

The default PIN code of the Router can be found in its label or the **QSS** configuration screen as Figure 4-23.

- QSS progress: Show the current QSS progress.
- SSID: Wireless network name shared among all points in a wireless network. The SSID
 must be identical for all devices in the wireless network. It is case-sensitive and must not

exceed 32 characters (use any of the characters on the keyboard). Make sure this setting is the same for all stations in your wireless network. Type the desired SSID in the space provided.

- Authentication Type: Select an authentication type from the drop-down list, which allows you to configure security features of the wireless LAN interface. Options available are: Disabled, WEP-64Bits, WEP-128Bits, WPA-PSK, WPA2-PSK, and WPA-PSK/ WPA2-PSK.
- WDS Settings: Select On/Off to enable/disable WDS. With this function enabled, the Router can bridge two or more WLANs.
 - MAC Address: Enter the MAC Address you wish to bridge in the field.
- Wireless MAC Address Filter: Wireless access can be filtered by using the MAC addresses of the wireless devices transmitting within your network's RADIUS.
 - Active: If you wish to filter users by MAC Address, select "Activated", and "Deactived" for don't.
 - Action: To filter wireless users by MAC Address, select "Allow Association" or "Deny Association" the follow Wireless LAN station(s) association.
 - **MAC Address:** Enter the MAC Address you wish to filter in the field.

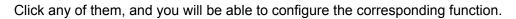
P Note:

For most users, it is recommended to use the default Wireless LAN Performance settings. Any changes made to these settings may adversely affect your wireless network. Under certain circumstances, changes may benefit performance. Carefully consider and evaluate any changes to these wireless settings.

4.4 Advanced Setup

Choose "Advanced Setup", you can see the next submenus:





4.4.1 Firewall

Choose "**Advanced Setup**→**Firewall**" menu, and you will see the next screen (shown in Figure 4-25).

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Advanced	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Managemen	t Main	tenance	Status	Help
	Firewall	Routing	NAT	QoS	VLAN	ADSL		
Firewall Firewall :								
			SAVE CA	NCEL				

Figure 4-25

- Firewall: Select this option can automatically detect and block Denial of Service (DoS) attacks, such as Ping of Death, SYN Flood, Port Scan and Land Attack.
- SPI: If you enable SPI, all traffics initiated from WAN would be blocked, including DMZ, Virtual Server, and ACL WAN side.

4.4.2 Routing

Choose "Advanced Setup \rightarrow Routing" menu, and you will see the routing information in the next screen (shown in Figure 4-26).

Advanced	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Manageme	nt Mai	ntenance	Status		Help
	Firewall	Routing	NAT	QoS	VLAN	ADSL			
Routing Table List									
	#	Dest IP	Mask	Gateway IP	Metric	Device	Use	Edit	Drop
	1	192.168.1.0	24	192.168.1.1	1	enet0	937		
			ADD ROUT	E					

Figure 4-26

Click ADD ROUTE button to add a new route in the next screen (shown in Figure 4-27).

Static Route	
	Destination IP Address : 0.0.0.0
	IP Subnet Mask : 0.0.0.0
	Gateway IP Address : 💿 0.0.0.0 🔿 PVC0 🔽
	Metric : 0
	Announced in RIP : Yes 💌
	SAVE DELETE BACK CANCEL

Figure 4-27

- Destination IP Address: This parameter specifies the IP network address of the final destination.
- > **IP Subnet Mask:** Enter the subnet mask for this destination.
- Gateway IP Address: Enter the IP address of the gateway. The gateway is an immediate neighbor of your ADSL Router that will forward the packet to the destination. On the LAN, the gateway must be a router on the same segment as your Router; over Internet (WAN), the

gateway must be the IP address of one of the remote nodes.

- Metric: Metric represents the "cost" of transmission for routing purposes. IP Routing uses hop count as the measurement of cost, with a minimum of 1 for directly connected networks. Enter a number that approximates the cost for this link. The number need not to be precise, but it must between 1 and 15. In practice, 2 or 3 is usually a good number.
- Announced in RIP: This parameter determines if the ADSL router will include the route to this remote node in its RIP broadcasts. If set to Yes, the route to this remote node will be propagated to other hosts through RIP broadcasts. If No, this route is kept private and is not included in RIP broadcasts.

4.4.3 NAT

Choose "Advanced Setup \rightarrow NAT" menu, you can setup the NAT (Network Address Translation) function for the Router (shown in Figure 4-28).

Advanced	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Managemer	nt Main	tenance	Status	Help
	Firewall	Routing	NAT	QoS	VLAN	ADSL		
NAT								
		Virtual Circuit : PVC0 💌						
		NAT Status						
		Number of IPs	: 💿 Single 🔘	Multiple				
		0	DMZ					
	Virtual Server							

Figure 4-28

- > Virtual Circuit: Enter Virtual Circuit Index that you plan to setup for the NAT function.
- NAT Status: This field shows the current status of the NAT function for the current VC. You can go to the previous screen (shown in Figure 4-6) to activate the function.
- Number of IPs; This field is to specify how many IPs are provided by your ISP for current VC. It can be single IP or multiple IPs. We select Multiple to explain.

P Note:

For VCs with single IP, they share the same DMZ and Virtual servers; for VCs with multiple IPs, each VC can set DMZ and Virtual servers. Furthermore, for VCs with multiple IPs, they can define the Address Mapping rules; for VCs with single IP, since they have only one IP, there is no need to individually define the Address Mapping rule.

4.4.3.1 DMZ

Choose "Advanced Setup \rightarrow NAT \rightarrow DMZ" in Figure 4-28, you can configure the DMZ host in the next screen. A DMZ (demilitarized zone) is a host between a private local network and the outside public network. It prevents outside users from getting direct access to a server that has company data. Users of the public network outside the company can access to the DMZ host.

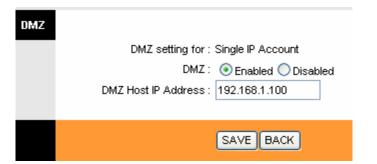


Figure 4-29

> **DMZ Host IP Address:** Enter the specified IP Address for DMZ host on the LAN side.

4.4.3.2 Virtual Server

Choose "Advanced Setup \rightarrow NAT \rightarrow Virtual Server" in Figure 4-28, you can configure the Virtual Server in the next screen.

The Virtual Server is the server or server(s) behind NAT (on the LAN), for example, Web server or FTP server, that you can make visible to the outside world even though NAT makes your whole inside network appear as a single machine to the outside world.

Virtual Server							
	Virtua	Server for :	Single IP Accou	unt			
		Rule Index :	3 💌				
		Application :	FTP		FTP •	¥	
		Protocol :	ALL 🔽				
	Start F	ort Number :	21				
	End F	ort Number :	21				
	Local	IP Address :	192.168.1.102				
Virtual Server Listing							
	Rule	Applie	cation	Protocol	Start Port	End Port	Local IP Address
	1	F	TP	ALL	21	21	192.168.1.100
	2	HTTP_	Server	ALL	80	80	192.168.1.101



- Rule Index: The Virtual server rule index for this VC. You can specify 10 rules in maximum. All the VCs with single IP will use the same Virtual Server rules.
- > Application: The Virtual servers can be used for setting up public services on your LAN.
- > **Protocol:** The protocol used for this application.
- Start & End port number: Enter the specific Start and End Port number you want to forward. If it is one port only, you can enter the End port number the same as Start port number. For example, if you want to set the FTP Virtual server, you can set the start and end port number to 21.
- **Local IP Address:** Enter the IP Address for the Virtual Server in LAN side.
- > Virtual Server Listing: This displays the information about the Virtual Servers you establish.

To add a virtual server entry:

Step 1: Select the "Virtual Circuit" and select "Virtual Server".

P Note:

For VCs with single IP, select **Single**; For VCs with multiple IPs, select **Multiple** for the option.

- **Step 2:** Select the Rule index for the rule as shown in Figure 4-30.
- Step 3: Select the application you want from drop-down list, then the protocol and port number will be added to the corresponding field automatically, you only need to configure the IP address for the virtual server; If the application list does not contain the service that you want, please configure the Port number, IP Address and Protocol manually.
- **Step 4:** After that, click **SAVE** to make the entry take effect.

Other operations for the entries as shown in Figure 4-30:

Enter the index of assigned entry, and click the **DELETE** button to delete the entry.

Click the **BACK** button to return to the previous screen.

Click the **CANCEL** button to cancel the configuration which is made just now.

4.4.3.3 IP Address Mapping

Select **Multiple** for **numbers of IPs** in Figure 4-28, and choose "**Advanced Setup** \rightarrow **NAT** \rightarrow **IP Address Mapping(for Multiple IP Service)**". You can configure the Address Mapping Rule in the next screen. The IP Address Mapping is for those VCs that configured with multiple IPs. The IP Address Mapping rule is per-VC based (only for Multiple IPs' VCs).

IP Address Mapping									
	Address N	1apping R	ule : I	PVC0					
		Rule Ind	lex :	1 🐱					
		Rule Ty	/pe :	Many-to-Many	/ Overlo	ad 🔽			
	L	.ocal Star	t IP :	0.0.0.0		(for all local l	Ps, enter 0.0.0.0 for S	tart IP)	
		Local End	: AI IP	255.255.255.2	:55	(for all local I	Ps, enter 255.255.255.255 for End IP)		
	P	ublic Star	t IP :	61.141.228.32	!]			
		Public End	HP :	61.141.228.25	4]			
Address Mapping List									
	Rule	Туре	Lo	cal Start IP	Lo	al End IP	Public Start IP	Public End IP	
	1	M-M Ov		0.0.0.0	255.2	255.255.255	61.141.228.32	61.141.228.254	
			-		. .				



- Rule Index: Select the Virtual server rule index for this VC. You can specify 8 rules in maximum.
- Rule Typ: There are four types: one-to-one, Many-to-One, Many-to-Many Overload and Many-to-Many No-overload.
- Local Start & End IP: Enter the local IP Address you plan to map to. Local Start IP is the starting local IP address and Local End IP is the ending local IP address. If the rule is for all local IPs, then the Start IP is 0.0.0.0 and the End IP is 255.255.255.255.
- Public Start & End IP: Enter the public IP Address you want to do NAT. Public Start IP is the starting public IP address and Public End IP is the ending public IP address. If you have a dynamic IP, enter 0.0.0.0 as the Public Start IP.
- > Address Mapping List: This displays the information about the Mapping addresses.

To add a mapping rule:

Step 1: Select the "Virtual Circuit" and Multiple for the "Number of IPs". Then select the tab **IP Address Mapping** (shown in Figure 4-28).

Note:

IP Address Mapping is only available for VCs with Multiple IPs.

- Step 2: Select the Rule index for the rule as shown in Figure 4-31.
- **Step 3:** Select the rule type you want from the drop-down list.
- **Step 4:** Enter the local and public IP addresses in the corresponding fields.
- Step 5: After that, click SAVE to make the entry take effect.

Other operations for the entries as shown in Figure 4-31:

Select the index of assigned entry, and click the **DELETE** button to delete the entry.

Click the **BACK** button to return to the previous screen.

Click the **CANCEL** button to cancel the configuration which is made just now.

4.4.4 QoS

Choose "Advanced Setup \rightarrow QoS", you can configure the QoS in the next screen. QoS helps to prioritize data as it enters your router. By attaching special identification marks or headers to incoming packets, QoS determines which queue the packets enter, based priority. This is useful when there are certain types of data you want to give higher priority, such as voice data packets give higher priority than Web data packets. This option will provide better service of selected network traffic over various technologies.

Advanced	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Management	Maintenance	Status	Help
	Firewall	Routing	NAT	Q08 V	'LAN ADSL		
Quality of Service							
		QoS	: 💿 Activated (
		Summary		ngs Summary			
Rule							
		Rule Index	: 1 💌				
		Active	CActivated	Deactivated			
		Application	:				
		Physical Ports	: VVLAN Enet	1 Enet2 Enet3 E	net4		
		Destination MAC	:				
		IP	:				
		Mask	:				
		Port Range	:~				
		Source MAC	:				
		IP	:				
		Mask	:				
		Port Range	: ~				
		Protocol ID	×				
		Vlan ID Range	: ~				
		IPP/DS Field		DSCP			
		ecedence Range					
		Type of Service		~			
		DSCP Range		(Value Range: 0	~ 63)		
Action		802.1p	:	P			
Action		IPP/DS Field	: OIPP/TOS	DSCP			
	IP Preced	lence Remarking					
	Type of Se	rvice Remarking	:	~			
	1	DSCP Remarking	: (Value	e Range: 0 ~ 63)			
	8	02.1p Remarking		~	P		
		Queue #					
			ADD DELET	E CANCEL			

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Figure 4-32

- QoS: Select this option to Activate/Deactivate the IP QoS on different types (IP ToS and DiffServ).
- Summary: Click the button to view the configurations of QoS.
- Rule: Configure the rules for QoS. If the traffic complies with the rule, then the Router will take the corresponding action to deal with it.
 - **Rule Index:** Select the index for the rule you want to configure.
 - Active: Activate the rule. The rule can take effect only when it is activated.
 - **Application:** Select the application that the rule aimed at.
 - Physical Ports: Select the port whose traffic flow are controlled by the rule.
 - **Destination MAC & IP & Mask & Port Range:** Enter the IP information about the Destination host for the rule.
 - Source MAC & IP & Mask & Port Range: Enter the IP information about the Source host for the rule.
 - **Protocol ID:** Select one among TCP/UDP, TCP, UDP or ICMP protocols for the application.
 - Vian ID Range: Enter the Vian range, and the rule will be effective to the selected Vians.

• **IPP/DS Field:** Select the type of the action to assign the priority.

When you select IPP/TOS, you can assign the priority via IP information. IP QoS function is intended to deliver guaranteed as well as differentiated Internet services by giving network resource and usage control to the Network operator.

- **IP Precedence Range:** Enter the IP precedence range that the Router takes to differentiate the traffic.
- **Type of Service:** Select the type of service that the Router takes to deal with the traffic.
- **802.1p:** Select the priority range for the rule.

When you select DSCP, you can assign the priority via DHCP (the header of IP group). It maps the IP group into corresponding service class.

- **DSCP Range:** Enter the DSCP range to differentiate the traffic.
- **802.1p:** Select the priority range for the rule.
- Action: Configure the action that the Router takes to deal with the traffic which accord with the rule.
 - IPP/DS Field: Select the type for the action.
 - **IP Precedence Remarking:** Select the number to remark the priority for IP precedence.
 - **Type of Service Remarking:** Select the type to remark the service.
 - **DSCP Remarking:** Enter the number to remark the DSCP priority.
 - **802.1p Remarking:** Select the type to remark the 802.1p priority.
 - **Queue:** Select the priority type for the action.

4.4.5 VLAN

Choose "Advanced Setup→VLAN", you can activate the VLAN function in the next screen.

Virtual LAN (VLAN) is a group of devices on one or more LANs that are configured so that they can communicate as if they were attached to the same LAN, when in fact they are located on a number of different LAN segments. Because VLANs are based on logical instead of physical connections, it is very flexible for user/host management, bandwidth allocation and resource optimization. There are two types of VLAN as follows:

Port-Based VLAN: Each physical switch port is configured with an access list specifying membership in a set of VLANs.

ATM VLAN: Using LAN Emulation (LANE) protocol to map Ethernet packets into ATM cells and deliver them to their destination by converting an Ethernet MAC address into an ATM address.

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Advanced	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Management	Maintenance	Status	Help		
	Firewall	Routing	NAT	Q0S (/LAN ADSL				
VLAN	VLAN								
VLAN Function : 💿 Activated 🔘 Deactivated									
	Assign VLAN PVID for each Interface								
	Define VLAN Group								

Figure 4-33

1) Assign VLAN PVID for each Interface

Click **Assign VLAN PVID for each Interface** in Figure 4-33, you can assign the PVID for each interface in the next screen (shown in Figure 4-34).

PVID Assign	
	ATM VC #0: pvid 1
	VC #1 : PVID 1
	VC #2: pvid 1
	VC #3∶ p∨lD 1
	VC #4 : p∨lD 1
	VC #5: PVID 1
	VC #6: pvip 1
	VC #7 : pviD 1
	Ethernet Port #1 : PVID 1
	Port #2∶ p∨iD 1
	Port #3∶ p∨lD 1
	Port #4∶ P∨ID 1
	Wireless LAN : pviD
	SAVE CANCEL NEXT

Figure 4-34

PVID: Each physical port has a default VID called PVID (Port VID). PVID is assigned to untagged frames or priority tagged frames (frames with null (0) VID) received on this port.

2) Define VLAN Group

Click **Define VLAN Group** in Figure 4-33, you can define VLAN groups in the next screen (shown in Figure 4-35).

VLAN Group Setting VLAN Index : 1 Active : • Yes No VLAN ID : 1 (Decimal) Tagged

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			Active	🗧 💽 Yes 🔘 No		
			VLAN IE): 1 (Decimal)		
			ATM VC:	Tagged Image Image <t< th=""><th></th><th></th></t<>		
			Etherne	t: Port # V V V V 1 2 3 4		
		W	ireless LAN	Tagged Port # 0		
VLAN Group Summary						
	Group	Active	ID	VLAN Group Ports	VLAN Tagged Ports	
	1	Yes	1	e4,e3,e2,e1,w,p0,p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7		
	p:pvc,e	ethernet,	and w:wk	'n		
				SAVE DELETE CANCEL		

Figure 4-35

- > VLAN Index: Select the VLAN index for this VC. You can specify 8 groups in maximum.
- > VLAN ID: This indicates the VLAN group.
- ATM VCs: Select the ATM VCs as members of VLAN, and if you leave the Tagged blank, the tag in frames will be deleted when transmitted from the VC.
- > Ethernet: Select the Ethernet port as a member of VLAN.
- Wireless LAN: Select the wireless LAN port as a member of VLAN, and if you leave the Tagged blank, the tag in frames will be deleted when transmitted from the port.
- > VLAN Group Summary: This displays the information about the VLAN Groups.

4.4.6 ADSL

Choose "Advanced Setup \rightarrow ADSL", you can select the ADSL Type and ADSL Mode in the next screen. The ADSL feature can be selected when you meet the physical connection problem. Please check the proper settings with your Internet service provider.

Quick Interface Access Help Maintenance Status Start Setup Management Advanced (ADSL) ADSL ADSL Mode : Auto Sync-Up 🔽 ADSL Type : ANNEX AMJALM 🗹 Bitswap Enable 🗹 SRA Enable SAVE

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- > **ADSL Mode:** Select the ADSL operation mode which your ADSL connection uses.
- > **ADSL Type:** Select the ADSL operation type which your ADSL connection uses.

4.5 Access Management

Choose "Access Management", you can see the next submenus:



Figure 4-37

Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function.

4.5.1 ACL

Choose "Access Management \rightarrow ACL", you can see the next screen (shown in Figure 4-38). You can specify the client to access the ADSL Router once setting his IP as a Secure IP Address through selected applications.

Access	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Management	Maintenance	Status	Help		
Management	ACL	Filter	SNMP	UPnP	LUUNDS -	(MP 069)			
	1								
Access Control Setup									
Access Control Editing	ACL: 💿 Activated 🔘 Deactivated								
Access Control Luting		ACL Rule Index : 1 💙							
		Active : Over No							
	Se	Secure IP Address : 192.168.1.20 ~ 192.168.1.20 (0.0.0.0 ~ 0.0.0.0 means all IPs)							
		Application Interface							
Access Control Listing					1				
		Index Ac	tive Se	cure IP Address	Application	Interface			
		1 Y	es 192.1	68.1.20-192.168.1.200	Web	Both			
			SAVE DELE	TECANCEL					

Figure 4-38

- ACL: If Activated, the IP addresses which are contained in the Access Control List can access to the Router. If Deactivated, all IP addresses can access to the Router.
- > ACL Rule Index: Select the ACL rule index for the entry.
- > **Active:** Enable the ACL rule.
- Secure IP Address: Select the IP addresses which are permitted to access to the Router remotely. With the default IP 0.0.0.0, any client would be allowed to remotely access the ADSL Router.
- Application: Select the application for the ACL rule, and then you can access the Router through it.
- > Interface: Select the interface for access: LAN, WAN or Both.
- > Access Control of Listing: This displays the information about the ACL Rules.

4.5.2 Filter

Choose "Access Management→Filter", you can see the Filter screen (the default is IP/MAC Filter screen shown in Figure 4-39). The filtering feature includes IP/MAC Filter, Application Filter, and URL Filter. The feature makes it possible for administrators to control user's access to the Internet, protect the networks.

4.5.2.1 IP Filter

Select **IP/Mac Filter** as the Filter type, and select **IP** as the Rule type (shown in Figure 4-39), then you can configure the filter rules based on IP address. The filtering includes **Outgoing** and **Incoming**, the detailed descriptions are provided below.

Access	Qui Sta		Interface Setup	Advano Setu		main	tenance	Status	Help
Management	A	CL	Filter	18	VMP UPnP	DDN		VMP (069)	
Filter									
Filter Type									
		Filter	r Type Selection	P/MAC	Filter) V				
IP / MAC Filter Set Editing									
		IP / MAC	Filter Set Index Interface Direction	: PVC0					
P / MAC Filter Rule Editing				N 157738					
	IF	P/MAC	Filter Rule Index	1					
			Rule Type						
			Active	: • Yes	O No				
				1.1	25 S / Larozani				
		Sol	urce IP Address	: 192.168.	1.7 (0.0.0.0 n	neans Don't care	e)		
	Subnet Mask : 255.255.255.255								
			Port Number	: 0	(0 means Don't o	care)			
		Destina	ation IP Address		(0.0.0.0 n	neans Don't care	e)		
			Subnet Mask						
			Port Number	: 25	(0 means Don't o	are)			
			Protocol	TCP	1				
		ា	Rule Unmatched		~				
IP / MAC Filter Listing			tuic orimatoriou	. Next					
and a second of the second	IP /	MAC Fi	ilter Set Index	1 ~	Interface	PVC0		Direction	Both
	# /	Active	Src Address	Mask	Dest IP/Mask	Src Port	Dest Port	Protocol	Unmatched
	1	Yes	192.168.1 255.255.255	5.255	0.0.0.0/ 0.0.0.0	0	25	TCP	Next
	2	Yes	192.168.1 255.255.255		0.0.0.0/	0	110	TCP	Forward
	3	Yes	192.168.1 255.255.255	.8/	202.96.134.12/ 255.255.255.255	0	0	TCP	Forward
	4		-		-	-	-	-	-
	- I and an								
	4 5 6	•			-		<u> </u>		

Figure 4-39

- **Filter Type Selection:** Select the filter type for the configuration below.
- IP/MAC Filter Set Index: Select the Set index for the IP Filter entry. This index can match with six IP / MAC Filter Rule Indexes.
- > Interface: Select the interface for the entry.

P Note:

If select PVC0~PVC7 as an interface, the filter will match the IP traffic of WAN port with specified IPs (Source IP Address and Destination IP Address). If select LAN as an interface, the filter will match the IP traffic of LAN port with specified IPs.

Direction: Select the direction for this IP Filter rule. There are three filtering directions: Both, Incoming, Outgoing.

P Note:

Incoming means that IP traffic which is coming into the router, and the Outgoing means that IP traffic which is going out the router.

> IP/MAC Filter Rule Index: Select the Rule index for the IP Filter entry.

P Note:

You should set the **IP/MAC Filter Set Index** and **IP/MAC Filter Rule Index** together to appoint the address (shown in the Filter List) for the IP Filter rule. For example, (1, 2), it means the rule will be shown in the row 2 IP/MAC Filter Set Index 1.

- > Rule Type: For IP Filter, please select IP here.
- > Active: Select "Yes" to make the rule to take effect.
- Source IP Address: Enter the source IP address for the rule. You can enter 0.0.0.0; it means that all IP addresses are controlled by the rule.
- Destination IP Address: Enter the destination IP address for the rule. You can enter 0.0.0.0, it means that all IP addresses are controlled by the rule. The set of Subnet Mask and Port Number are same as Source IP Address.
- Subnet Mask: Enter the Subnet Mask for the rule.
- Port Number: Enter the Port Number for the rule. You can enter 0, which means that all ports are controlled by the rule.
- > Protocol: Select the protocol: TCP, UDP or ICMP for the filter rule.
- Rule Unmatched: If the current rule can not match, and you select Forward, the router will skip the rule and transmit directly. If you select Next, the router will find the next filter rule (show in Filter list) to match.
- > **IP/MAC Filter Listing:** This displays the information about the IP Filter rules.

To add an IP Address filtering entry:

For example: If you desire to block E-mail received and sent by the IP address 192.168.1.7 on your local network; And wish to make the PCs with IP address 192.168.1.8 unable to visit the website of IP address 202.96.134.12, while other PCs have no limit. You can configure the rules as follows. Presume the rules are both aimed at the interface PVC0, and their indexes are (1, 1), (1, 2) and (1, 3).

Step 1: Select the "IP/MAC Filter" as the Filter Type Selection (show in Figure 4-39).

Filter Type Selection : IP / MAC Filter 🛛 😒

Select the "IP" as the Rule Type on the Filter screen, then you can configure the specific rule for the example.



Step 2: Select the IP/MAC Filter Set Index and IP/MAC Filter Rule Index for the rule, then select the Interface "PVC0", and select the Direction "Both" for the first rule.

IP / MAC Filter Set Index :	1 💙
Interface :	PVC0 🔽
Direction :	Both 🔽
IP / MAC Filter Rule Index :	1 💌
Rule Type :	IP 🔽
Active :	💿 Yes 🔘 No

P Note:

If you want to make the rule take effect, please select **Yes** to active the rule.

Step 3: Enter the "Source IP Address", "Destination IP Address", "Subnet Mask" and "Port Number" in the corresponding field.

Source IP Address : Subnet Mask :		255	(0.0.0.0 means Don't care)
Port Number :	0	(0 mea	ins Don't care)
Destination IP Address : Subnet Mask :	0.0.0.0		(0.0.0.0 means Don't care)
Port Number :	25	(0 mea	ans Don't care)
Protocol : Rule Unmatched :	TCP 💙 Next 💙		

- Step 4: Select the Protocol as "TCP" and select the Unmatched rule as "Next".
- **Step 5:** Finally, click the **SAVE** to save the entry.
- Step 6: Go to Step 2 to configure the next two rules: Block E-mail received by the IP address 192.168.1.7 on your local network; Make the PC with IP address 192.168.1.8 unable to visit the website of IP address 202.96.134.12.

P Note:

After you complete the IP filter rules for the example, the Filter list will show as follows. You can enter the **IP / MAC Filter Set Index** to view the information about the rule.

#	Active	Src Address/Mask	Dest IP/Mask	Src Port	Dest Port	Protocol	Unmatched
1	Yes	192.168.1.7/ 255.255.255.255	0.0.0.0/ 0.0.0.0	0	25	ТСР	Next
2	Yes	192.168.1.7/ 255.255.255.255	0.0.0.0/ 0.0.0.0	0	110	ТСР	Forward
3	Yes	192.168.1.8/ 255.255.255.255	202.96.134.12/ 255.255.255.255	0	0	TCP	Forward

Other operations for the entries as shown in Figure 4-39:

Select the IP / MAC Filter Set Index and IP/MAC Filter Rule Index to view or modify the entry.

Select the **IP / MAC Filter Set Index** and **IP/MAC Filter Rule Index** to locate the specific rule, and then click the **DELETE** button to delete the entry.

4.5.2.2 MAC Filter

Select **IP/Mac Filter** as the Filter type, and select **MAC** as the Rule type (shown in Figure 4-40), and then you can configure the filter rules based on MAC address.

Access	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Management	Mainter	nance	Status	Help				
Management	ACL Filter SNMP UPnP DDNS											
Filter												
Filter Type												
	F	iter Type Selection	1: IP / MAC Filter	> *								
IP / MAC Filter Set Editing			\sim									
IF / MAC TIKE SECLULING												
	IP / N	AC Filter Set Inde>										
			e: PVC0 💙									
		Direction	n: Both 🚩									
IP / MAC Filter Rule Editing												
	IP / M/	AC Filter Rule Inde>	c: 1 💌									
		Rule Type										
		Active	e: 💽 Yes 🔘 I	۹o								
		MAC Adda	s: 00:0a:eb:00:07	T-1= -								
				the								
IP / MAC Filter Listing		Rule Unmatched	i:Next 🚩									
IF / MAC FILCE LISUNG		Filter Set Index	1 🗸	Interface	PVC0		Direction	Both				
	IP / IMA	, Filter Set index		interrace			Direction	Both				
	# Activ	e Src Addres	s/Mask D	est IP/Mask S		Dest Port	Protocol	Unmatched				
	1 Yes			-	-	-	-	Next				
	2 Yes		0:07:5f	-	-	-	-	Forward				
	3 -	-		-	-	-	-	-				
	6 -	-		-	-	-	-	-				
		-										
			SAVE DEL	ETE CANCEL								

Figure 4-40

- **Rule Type:** Select MAC for the MAC Filter rule.
- > Active: Select "Yes" to make the rule to take effect.
- > **MAC Address:** Enter the MAC address for the rule.
- Rule Unmatched: If the current rule can not match, and you select Forward, the router will skip the rule and transmit directly. If you select Next, the router will find the next filter rule (show in Filter list) to match.
- > **IP/MAC Filter Listing:** This displays the information about the MAC Filter rules.

To add a MAC Address filtering entry:

For example: If you want to block the PCs with MAC addresses 00-0A-EB-00-07-BE and 00-0A-EB-00-07-5F to access the Internet, you can configure as follows. Presume the rules are both aimed at the interface PVC0, and their indexes are (1, 1) and (1, 2).

Step 1: Select the "IP/MAC Filter" as the Filter Type Selection:

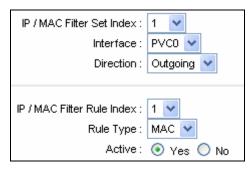
Filter Type Selection : IP / MAC Filter 🛛 🗸

Select the "MAC" as the Rule Type on the Filter screen (show in Figure 4-40).

Rule Type : MAC 🔽

, Then you can configure the specific rule for the example.

Step 2: Select the IP/MAC Filter Set Index and IP/MAC Filter Rule Index for the rule, then select the Interface "PVC0", and select the Direction "Outgoing" for the first rule.



P Note:

If you want to make the rule take effect, please select **Yes** to active the rule. **Step 3:** Enter the "MAC Address" and select the Unmatched rule as "Next".

MAC Address :	00:0A:EB:00:07:BE	
Rule Unmatched :	Next 👻	

Step 4: Finally, click the **SAVE** to save the entry.

Step 5: Go to Step 2 to configure the next rule: Block the PC with MAC address 00-0A-EB-00-07-5F to access the Internet.

Note:

After you complete the MAC filter rules for the example, the Filter list will show as follows. You can enter the **IP / MAC Filter Set Index** to view the information about the rule.

#	Active	Src Address/Mask	Dest IP/Mask	Src Port	Dest Port	Protocol	Unmatched
1	Yes	00:0a:eb:00:07:be	-	-	-	-	Next
2	Yes	00:0a:eb:00:07:5f	-	-	-	-	Forward

Other operations for the entries as shown in Figure 4-39:

Select the IP / MAC Filter Set Index and IP/MAC Filter Rule Index to view or modify the entry.

Select the **IP / MAC Filter Set Index** and **IP/MAC Filter Rule Index** to locate the specific rule, and then click the **DELETE** button to delete the entry.

4.5.2.3 Application Filter

Select **Application Filter** as the Filter type (shown in Figure 4-41), and then you can configure the filter rules based on application.

Quick Interface Access Management Advanced Help Maintenance Status Access Start Setup Setup Management Filter Filter Filter Type Filter Type Selection : Application Filter Application Filter Editing Application Filter : 💿 Activated 🔘 Deactivated ICQ: 💿 Allow 🔘 Deny MSN: 💿 Allow 🔘 Deny YMSG: 💿 Allow 🔘 Deny Real Audio/Video : 💿 Allow 🔘 Deny SAVE CANCEL

Figure 4-41

- **Filter Type Selection:** Select the Application Filter for the next configuration.
- > **Application Filter:** Activate or deactivate the function.
- ICQ & MSN & YMSG & Real Audio/Video: Select Allow or Deny for these applications. If you select Allow, the Router will accept the application; if you select Deny, the Router will forbid the application.

4.5.2.4 URL

Select **Application Filter** as the Filter type (shown in Figure 4-42), and then you can configure the filter rules based on URL.

Filter									
Filter Type									
	Filter Type Selection : URL Filter								
URL Filter Editing									
	URL	Index : 3 💌							
		URL: www.sina.com							
URL Filter Listing									
	Index	URL							
	1	www.baidu.com							
	2	www.cnw.com.cn							
	3	www.sina.com							
	4								
	5								
	6								
	7								
	8								
	9								
	10								
	11								
	12								
	13								
	14								
	15								
	16								
		SAVE DELETE CANCEL							

Figure 4-42

- > Filter Type Selection: Select the URL Filter for the next configuration.
- > Active: Select "Yes" to make the rule to take effect.
- > **URL Index:** Select the index for the URL Filter entry.
- > **URL:** Enter the URL for this URL Filter.
- > **URL Filter Listing:** This displays the information about the URL Filter rules.

To add a URL filter entry:

For example: If you want to forbid the user to access the website: <u>www.yahoo.com</u>. Presume the rule is aimed at the interface PVC0, and its index is "1".

Step 1: Select the "URL Filter" as the Filter Type Selection (show in Figure 4-42).

Step 2: Select the Index for the rule, and then enter the website in the URL field.

Step 3: Finally, Select Yes to active the rule, and then click the SAVE to save the entry.

Other operations for the entries as shown in Figure 4-39:

Select the **URL Index** to view or modify the entry.

Select the **URL Index** to locate the specific rule, and then click the **DELETE** button to delete the entry.

4.5.3 UPnP

Choose "Access Management \rightarrow UPnP", you can configure the UPnP in the screen (shown in Figure 4-43).

UPnP (Universal Plug and Play) is a distributed, open networking standard that uses TCP/IP for simple peer-to-peer network connectivity between devices. An UPnP device can dynamically join

a network, obtain an IP address, convey its capabilities and learn about other devices on the network. In turn, a device can leave a network smoothly and automatically when it is no longer in use. UPnP broadcasts are only allowed on the LAN.

Access	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Management	Maintenance	Status	Help			
Management	ACL	Filter	SNMP	UPnP	I DI DISSI I CONTRA DE LA CONTR	/MP 069)				
Universal Plug & Play										
		UPnP:								
			SAVE							

Figure 4-43

- UPnP: Activate or Deactivate the UPnP function. Only when the function is activated, can the UPnP take effect.
- Auto-Configure: If you activate the function, then the UPnP network devices can automatically configure network addressing, announce their presence in the network to other UPnP devices and enable exchange of simple product and service descriptions.

4.5.4 DDNS

Choose "Access Management \rightarrow DDNS", you can configure the DDNS function in the screen (shown in Figure 4-44).

The router offers a Dynamic Domain Name System (**DDNS**) feature. The feature lets you use a static host name with a dynamic IP address. User should type the host name, user name and password assigned to your ADSL Router by your Dynamic DNS provider. User also can decide to turn on DYNDNS Wildcard or not.

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Access	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Management	Maintenance	Status	Help
Management		Filter	SNMP	UPnP	L II IINS	WMP R069)	
Dynamic DNS							
		Dynamic DNS : Service Provider : My Host Name : E-mail Address : Username : Password : Wildcard support :					
			SAVE				



- > **Dynamic DNS:** Activate the DDNS function or not.
- Service Provider: This field displays the service provider of DDNS.
- > My Host Name: Enter your host name here.
- **E-mail Address:** Enter your E-mail address here.
- **Username & Password:** Type the "User Name" and "Password" for your DDNS account.
- > Wildcard support: Select the option to use Wildcard function

4.5.5 CWMP

Choose "Access Management \rightarrow CWMP", you can configure the CWMP function in the screen (shown in Figure 4-45).

The router offers CWMP feature. The function supports TR-069 protocol which collects information, diagnoses the devices and configures the devices automatically via ACS (Auto-Configuration Server).

Access	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Management	Maintenand	e Status	Help				
Management	ACL	Filter	SNMP	UPnP		CWMP					
CWMP Setup											
		CWMP: O Activated ③ Deactivated									
Login ACS											
		URL			7						
		User Name									
		Password	:								
Connection Request											
			: /tr069								
		UserName	. 7547		1						
		Password			1						
Periodic Inform		1 daaword									
		Periodic Inform	: O Activated	Deactivated							
		Interval(s)		Deachvaled							
				051							
			SAVE CAN								

Figure 4-45

- > **CWMP:** Select activate the CWMP function.
- > URL: Enter the website of ACS which is provided by your ISP.
- > User Name/Password: Enter the User Name and password to login the ACS server.
- > **Path:** Enter the path that connects to the ACS server.
- > **Port:** Enter the port that connects to the ACS server.
- User Name/Password: Enter the User Name and Password that provided the ACS server to login the router.
- Periodic Inform: Activate or deactivate the function. If Activated, the information will be informed to ACS server periodically.
- > **Interval:** Enter the interval time here.

4.6 Maintenance

Choose "Maintenance", you can see the next submenus:

Quick Start	Interf Set		Advanc Setup			Mainten	ance	Status	Help
Administra	ation	Time	e Zone	Firmware	Sys	Restart	Diag	nostics	



Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function.

4.6.1 Administration

Choose "Maintenance \rightarrow Administration", you can set new password for admin in the screen (shown in Figure 4-47).

Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup			Mainten	iance	Status	Help
Administr	ation Tim	ne Zone	Firmware	Sys	Restart	Diag	nostics	
L								
	Username	admin						
C	onfirm Password	4:						
		SAVE C	ANCEL					
	Start Administr	Start Setup Administration Tim Username New Password	Start Setup Administration Time Zone Username : admin New Password :	Start Setup Managem Administration Time Zone Firmware Username : admin username : admin Username : admin New Password :	Start Setup Management Administration Time Zone Firmware System Username : admin New Password :	Start Setup Management Mainter Administration Time Zone Firmware SysRestart Username : admin New Password :	Start Setup Management Maintenance Administration Time Zone Firmware SysRestart Diag Username : admin New Password :	Start Setup Management Maintenance Status Administration Time Zone Firmware SysRestart Diagnostics Username : admin New Password :

Figure 4-47

P Note:

- 1) There is only one account that can access Web-Management interface. The default account is "admin", and the password is "admin". Admin has read/write access privilege.
- 2) When you change the password, you should enter the new password twice, and then click **SAVE** to make the new password take effect.

4.6.2 Time Zone

Choose "**Maintenance** \rightarrow **Time Zone**", you can configure the system time in the screen (shown in Figure 4-48).

The system time is the time used by the device for scheduling services. There are three methods to configure the time. You can manually set the time or connect to a NTP (Network Time Protocol) server. If a NTP server is set, you will only need to set the time zone. If you manually set the time, you may also set Daylight Saving dates and the system time will automatically adjust on those dates.

1) NTP Server automatically

Select **NTP Server automatically** as the Synchronize time, you only need to set the time zone.

Maintenance	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Manageme	ent	Mainten	ance	Status	Help
	Administr	ration Tim	e Zone F	Firmware	Sys	Restart	Diag	nostics	
Time Zone									
		Current Date/Time	: 03/17/2010 15:	:57:30					
Time Synchronization									
	Sync	hronize time with:	: 💿 NTP Serve	r automatically					
			OPC's Clock						
			Manually						
		Time Zone	: (GMT) Greenv	wich Mean Time :	Dublin,	Edinburgh, L	isbon, Lor	ndon 🔽	
		Daylight Saving	Enabled 🧕	Disabled					
	NTF	Server Address	: 0.0.0.0	0	0.0.0.0	: Default Valu	ue)		
			SAVE CAI	NCEL					

Figure 4-48

P Note:

The ADSL Router built-in some NTP Servers, when the Router connects to the Internet, the Router will get the system time automatically from the NTP Server. You can also configure the NTP Server address manually, and then the Router will get the time from the specific Server firstly.

2) PC's Clock

Select **PC's Clock** as the Synchronize time, you don't need to set any items.

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Maintenance	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Management	Maintenance	Status	Help
	Administr	ration Tim	ie Zone F	Firmware Sy	sRestart Diag	nostics	
Time Zone		Current Date/Time	e: 01/04/2011 17:	41:21			
Time Synchronization							
	Sync	chronize time with	 NTP Serve PC's Clock 				
			O Manually				
		Date			th/Date/Year)		
		Lime	: 17 : 41	: 21 (hour:m	nin:sec)		
			SAVE CAI	ICEL			

Figure 4-49

3) Manually

Select **Manually** as the Synchronize time, you need to set the date and time corresponding to the current time.

Maintenance	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Acces Managen	-	Maintena	nce	Status	Help
	Administ	ration Tim	e Zone	Firmware	Sys	Restart	Diag	nostics	
Time Zone									
The American Street		Current Date/Time	: 01/04/2011 17	:42:52					
Time Synchronization	Syn	chronize time with Date Time	O PC's Clock	/ 2011	(Month (hour:mir	/Date/Year) h:sec)			
			SAVE CA	NCEL					
			- :	4 50					

Figure 4-50

4.6.3 Firmware

Choose "**Maintenance** \rightarrow **Firmware**", you can upgrade the firmware of the Router in the screen (shown in Figure 4-51). Make sure the firmware or romfile you want to use is on the local hard drive of the computer. Click **Browse** to find the local hard drive and locate the firmware or romfile to be used for upgrade.

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Maintenance	Quick Interface Start Setup Administration Tir	Advanced Setup ne Zone	Access Management	Maintenance 'sRestart Diac	Status	Help
	Administration		S)	srtestan Diag	mostics	
Firmware/Romfile Upgrade	Current Firmware Versio New Firmware Locatio New Romfile Locatio Romfile Backu	n :		Browse Browse		
	Statu	 It might take on	veral minutes, don't po	wer off it during upgrac	ling. Device will n	estart after
		UPGRADE]			

Figure 4-51

To upgrade the router's firmware, follow these instructions below:

- **Step 1:** Type the path and file name of the update file into the "New Firmware Location" field. Or click the **Browse** button to locate the update file.
- Step 2: Click the UPGRADE button.

P Note:

- 1) When you upgrade the router's firmware, you may lose its current configurations, so please back up the router's current settings before you upgrade its firmware.
- 2) Do not turn off the router or press the Reset button while the firmware is being upgraded.
- 3) The router will reboot after the upgrading has been finished.

To back up the Router's current settings:

Step 1: Click the **ROMFILE SAVE** button (shown in Figure 4-51), click **Save** button in the next screen (shown in Figure 4-52) to proceed.

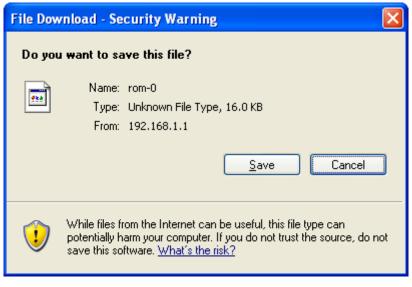


Figure 4-52

Step 2: Save the file as the appointed file (shown in Figure 4-53).

Save As						? 🔀
Savejn:	TD-W8961NB	0.2.04895	~	0 0	i 📂 🖽-	
My Recent Documents						
Desktop						
My Documents						
Wy Computer						
	File <u>n</u> ame:	rom-0			*	Save
My Network	Save as <u>t</u> ype:	Document			*	Cancel

Figure 4-53

To restore the Router's settings:

Step 1: Click the **Browse** button to locate the update file for the device, or enter the exact path in "New Romfile Location" field.

Step 2: Click the UPGRADE button to complete.

4.6.4 System Restart

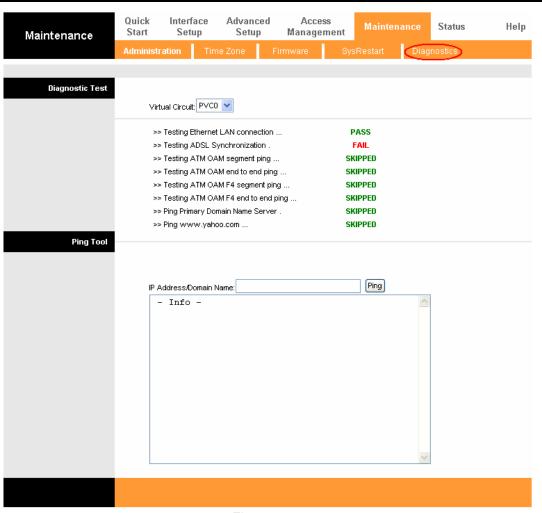
Choose "**Maintenance** \rightarrow **SysRestart**", you can select to restart the device with current settings or restore to factory default settings in the screen (shown in Figure 4-54).

Maintenance	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advano Setu			Maintenance	Status	Help
	Administ	ration Ti	me Zone	Firmware	Sys	sRestart D	iagnostics	
Sustam Dantast								
System Restart	Sv	stem Restart wi	th: 💿 Curr	ent Settings				
	-,	System Restart with : 💿 Current Settings O Factory Default Settings						
			RESTA	RT				

Figure 4-54

4.6.5 Diagnostic

Choose "Maintenance \rightarrow Diagnostic", you can view the test results for the connectivity of the physical layer and protocol layer for both LAN and WAN sides in the screen (shown in Figure 4-55).



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Figure 4-55

4.7 Help

Choose "Help", you can view the help information for configuration of any function.

Help	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Management	Maintenance	Status	Help
Quick Start		0	Quick Start				
Interface Setup		•	Internet Setti	nac			
			LAN Settings				
			Wireless LAN				
Advanced Setup							
		0	Firewall				
		0	Routing				
		0					
		-	QoS				
		-	VLAN ADSL				
Access Management			NUGL				
Access Management		•	4.01				
			ACL IP Filter				
		-	SNMP				
		-	UPnP				
		-	DDNS				
		0	CWMP				
Maintenance							
		-	Administratio	in			
		-	Time Zone				
		-	Firmware				
		ŏ	SysRestart Diagnostics				
Status			Diagnostics				
Status		•	Deutine luf-				
		ŏ	Device Info System Log				
		ŏ					
		•					

Figure 4-56

P Note:

Click the tab, and you will be able to get the corresponding information.

Appendix A: Specifications

General	General					
Standards and Protocols	ANSI T1.413, ITU G.992.1, ITU G.992.2, ITU G.992.3, ITU G.992.5, ITU Annex B IEEE 802.11b, IEEE 802.11g, IEEE 802.11n, IEEE 802.3, IEEE 802.3u, TCP/IP, PPPoA, PPPoE, SNTP, HTTP, DHCP, ICMP, NAT					
Safety & Emission FCC, CE						
Ports	Four 10/100M Auto-Negotiation RJ45 port (Auto MDI/MDIX) One RJ11 port					
LEDs	Power, ADSL, Internet, WLAN, 1,2,3,4(LAN), QSS					
Network Medium	10Base-T: UTP category 3, 4, 5 cable 100Base-TX: UTP category-5 Max line length: 6.5Km					
Data Rates	Downstream: Up to 24Mbps Upstream: Up to 3.5Mbps (With Annex M enabled)					
System Requirement	Internet Explorer 5.0 or later, Netscape Navigator 6.0 or later Win 9x/ ME/ 2000/ XP/ Vista/Windows 7					
Physical and Environme	ent					
Working Temperature	0℃ ~ 40℃					
Working Humidity	10% ~ 90% RH (non-condensing)					
Storage Temperature	-40℃ ~ 70℃					
Storage Humidity	5% ~ 90% RH (non-condensing)					