

# **Configuration Guide**

Wireless Controller

AC50/AC500

1910012437 REV1.0.2 June 2018

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## **About This Guide**

This Configuration Guide provides information for managing AC500/AC50 Series Wireless Controller. Please read this guide carefully before operation.

#### **Intended Readers**

This Guide is intended for network managers familiar with IT concepts and network terminologies.

#### Conventions

When using this guide, please notice that features of the device may vary slightly depending on the model and software version you have. All screenshots, images, parameters and descriptions documented in this guide are used for demonstration only.

The information in this document is subject to change without notice. Every effort has been made in the preparation of this document to ensure accuracy of the contents, but all statements, information, and recommendations in this document do not constitute the warranty of any kind, express or implied. Users must take full responsibility for their application of any products.

#### In this Guide, the following conventions are used:

Notes contains suggestions or references that helps you make better use of your device.

For GUI, Menu Name > Submenu Name > Tab page indicates the menu structure. Network > DHCP Server > DHCP Client List means the DHCP Client List page under the DHCP Server menu option that is located under the Network menu.

Bold font indicates a button, a toolbar icon, menu or menu item.

#### More Information

- The latest software and documentations can be found at Download Center at https:// www.tp-link.com/support.
- The Installation Guide (IG) can be found where you find this guide or inside the package of the wireless controller.
- Specifications can be found on the product page at https://www.tp-link.com.
- A Technical Support Forum is provided for you to discuss our products at https://forum. tp-link.com.
- Our Technical Support contact information can be found at the Contact Technical Support page at https://www.tp-link.com/support.

## Quick Start

The wireless controller (AC) is a device used for centralized management of access points (APs). At present, the supported APs are TP-Link's CAPs. The AC can configure CAPs in batches using a web browser and conduct a real-time monitoring of each CAP in the network. This AC supports AP automatic discovery, AP status monitoring, AP centralized control, MAC filtering, radio management, load balance, dual-link backup and various authentication types.

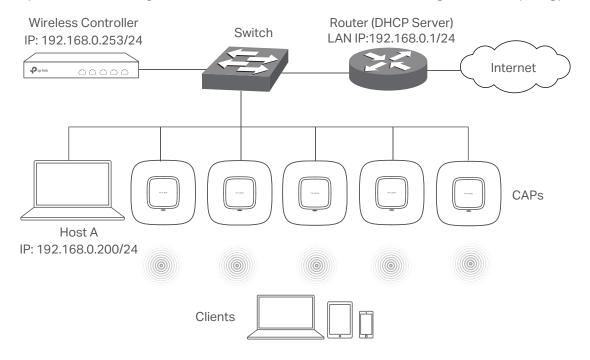
This wireless controller makes it easier to configure and manage dozens or hundreds of CAPs in a large public environment, such as markets, hotels, companies and campuses, etc. AC500 wireless controller supports to manage 500 CAPs at the same time and AC50 wireless controller supports 50 CAPs.

## 1.1 Determine the Network Topology

You can use the AC to centrally manage the CAPs in the same or different network segment.

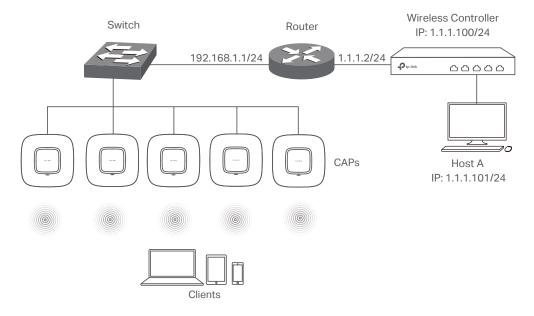
#### 1.1.1 Manage CAPs in the LAN

If you want to manage the CAPs in the LAN, refer to the following network topology.



### 1.1.2 Manage CAPs in Different Network Segment

If the AC needs to manage CAPs in a different network segment, refer to the following topology.



#### Note:

In this situation, the router acting as the CAPs' DHCP server should support option 60 and option138 in DHCP settings.

## 1.2 Log In to the AC

## 1.2.1 Preparations

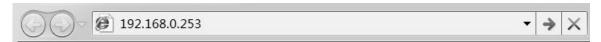
Before login, you should verify the following items:

- The AC is powered on and correctly connected. The management host is accessible to the AC.
- Specify the management host with a static IP address on the 192.168.0.x subnet (for example, IP address 192.168.0.100 and subnet mask 255.255.255.0).
- Operating System: Microsoft Windows XP/Vista/7/8/10.
- Web Browser: Mozilla Firefox 32 (or above), Google Chrome 37 (or above), Opera 24 (or above), or Microsoft Internet Explorer 8 (or above).

## 1.2.2 Log In

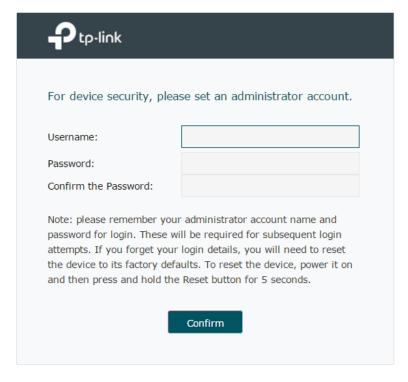
1 Open a web browser and enter 192.168.0.253 in the address field, then press **Enter** key.

Figure 1-1 Enter the IP Address



2 Create a username and a password for subsequent login attempts.

Figure 1-2 Create an account



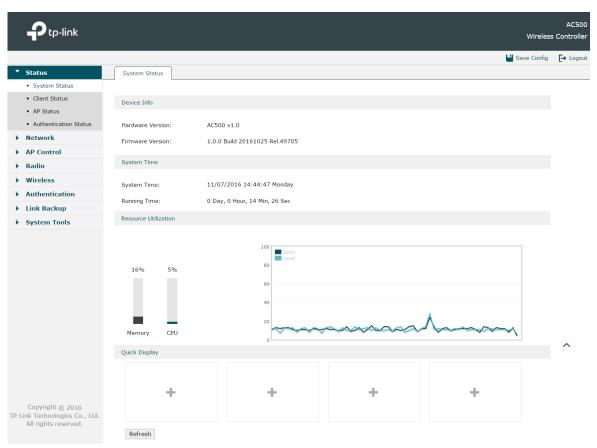
3 Use the username and password set above to log in to the webpage.

Figure 1-3 Log in to the webpage



4 After a successful login, the main page will appear as in the figure below, and you can configure the function by clicking the setup menu on the left side of the screen.

Figure 1-4 Main Page



The wireless controller's configuration files fall into two types: the running configuration file and the start-up configuration file. After you perform configurations on the sub-interfaces and click **Save**, the modifications will be saved in the running configuration file. However, the configurations will be lost when the device reboots.

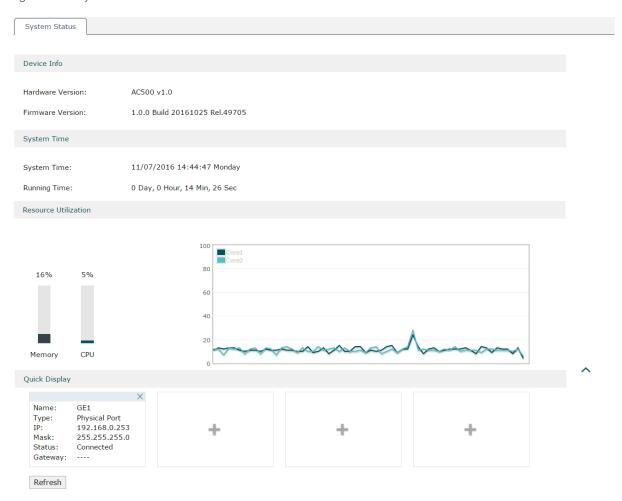
If you need to keep the configurations even if the device reboots, please use the function to save the configurations in the start-up configuration file. Click **Save Config** on the top-right of the interface, especially before you power off or reboot the device.

## 2 Status

## 2.1 System Status

Choose the menu Status > System Status > System Status to load the following page.

Figure 2-1 System Status



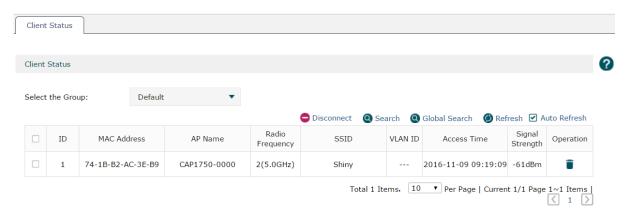
In the **Resource Utilization** section, you can monitor the utilization of the memory and CPU. It is recommended that the CPU utilization should be no more than 50%. The CPU utilization above 85% indicates that the AC is under a high load and above 95% means AC is completely loaded. When the CPU utilization keeps at high loads, some functions of the AC may be abnormal. Please check to find the real reason.

In the **Quick Display** section, click the button — to select the desired interface and its basic information such as interface name, type and IP address will be shown in this section.

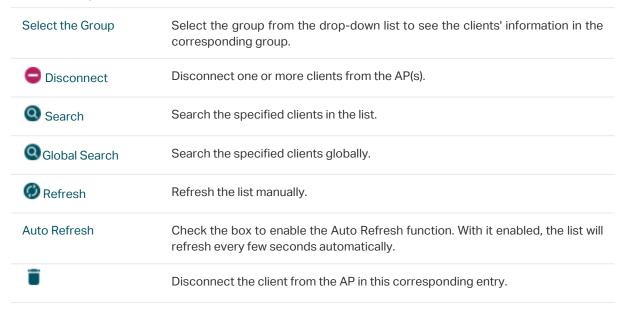
### 2.2 Client Status

Choose the menu Status > Client Status > Client Status to load the following page.

Figure 2-2 Client Status



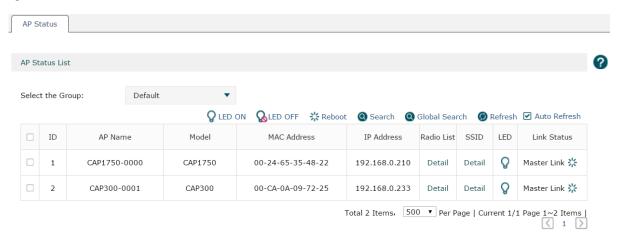
You can check the information of the connected clients on this page. Select the desired clients by checking the boxes in front of the entries. Click the buttons above the list for additional operations.



### 2.3 AP Status

Choose the menu Status > AP Status > AP Status to load the following page.

Figure 2-3 AP Status



The information of the connected CAPs will be displayed in this section. Select the desired CAPs by checking the boxes in front of the entries. Click the buttons above the list for additional operations.

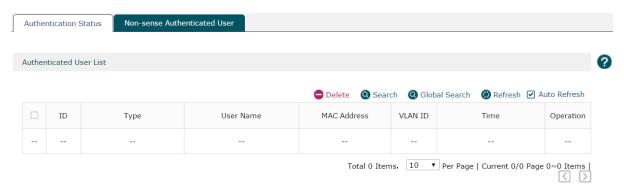
Select the Group	Select the group from the drop-down list to see the CAPs' information in the corresponding group.
<b>Q</b> LED ON	Select the corresponding CAPs and click this button to turn on their LEDs.
<b>№</b> LED OFF	Select the corresponding CAPs and click this button to turn off their LEDs. For example, if the CAP's LED disturbs you at night, you can turn off it.
<b>※</b> Reboot	Select the corresponding CAPs and click this button to reboot them.
Search	Search the specified clients in the list.
<b>Q</b> Global Search	Search the specified clients globally.
Refresh	Refresh the list manually.
Auto Refresh	Check the box to enable the Auto Refresh function. With it enabled, the list will refresh every few seconds automatically.
Q	It indicates the LED is on. you can click the icon to turn off it.
8	It indicates the LED is off. you can click the icon to turn on it.
柒	Click this icon to reboot the CAP.
Detail	Click <b>Detail</b> to check the information of the radio list and SSID and click <b>Back</b> to return.

## 2.4 Authentication Status

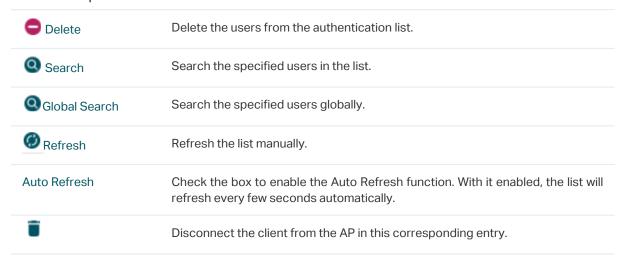
#### 2.4.1 Authentication Status

Choose the menu **Status > Authentication Status > Authentication Status** to load the following page.

Figure 2-4 Authentication Status



You can check the information of the authentication status on this page. Select the desired users by checking the boxes in front of the entries. Click the buttons above the list for additional operations.

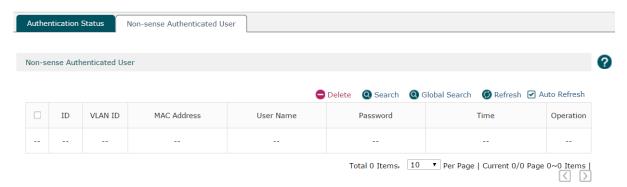


#### 2.4.2 Non-sense Authenticated User

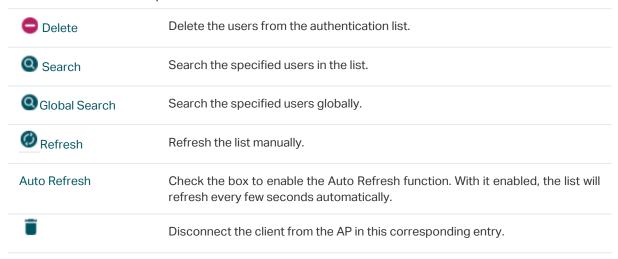
A non-sense authenticated user who has passed the authentication can leave the wireless network and then join the wireless network again without any re-authentication operation.

Choose the menu **Status > Authentication Status > Non-sense Authenticated User** to load the following page.

Figure 2-5 Non-sense Authenticated User



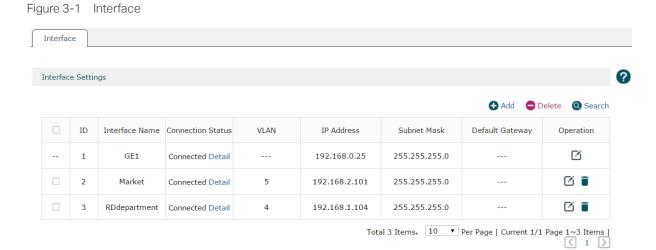
You can check the information of the non-sense authenticated users on this page. Select the desired users by checking the box in the front of the entries. Click the buttons above the list for additional operations.



## 3 Network

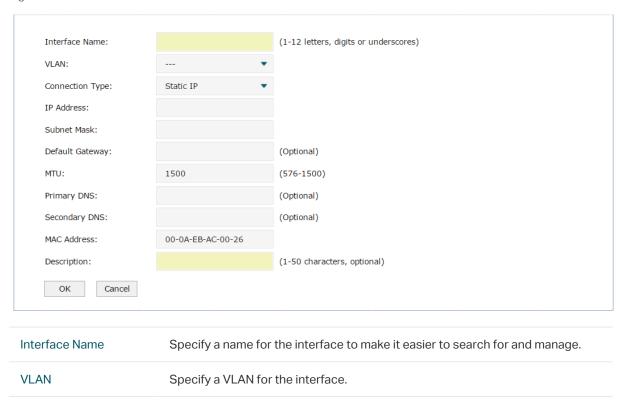
#### 3.1 Interface

Choose the menu **Network > Interface > Interface** to load the following page. On this page you can create a logical interface and specify it to a specified VLAN. Please refer to 3.3.1 VLAN to set VLANs first.



Click • Add to create a new interface. The page will be shown as below.

Figure 3-2 Add an Interface



Connection Type	Select the connection type for the interface. Only static IP is supported at present.
IP Address	Specify an IP address for the interface.
Subnet Mask	Specify a subnet mask for the interface.
Default Gateway	(Optional) Specify a default gateway for the interface.
MTU	Specify the MTU (Maximum Transmission Unit) for the interface. Its value is between 576 to 1500 and 1500 by default.
Primary DNS	(Optional) Specify the primary DNS server for the interface.
Secondary DNS	(Optional) Specify the secondary DNS server for the interface.
MAC Address	The MAC address is filled automatically. You can modify it manually.
Description	Specify a description for the entry to make it easier to search for and manage.

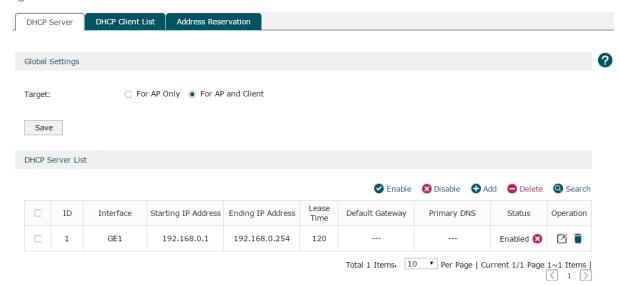
Click **OK** to finish the settings.

#### 3.2 DHCP Server

#### 3.2.1 DHCP Server

Choose the menu Network > DHCP Server > DHCP Server to load the following page.

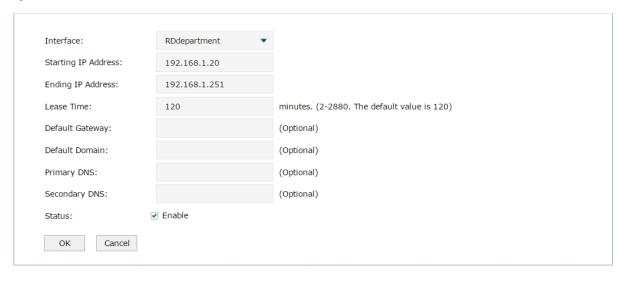
Figure 3-3 DHCP Server



DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) allows the wireless controller to assign IP addresses, subnet masks, default gateways and other IP parameters to CAPs and clients that request this information. In the global settings you can select that the DHCP server assigns IP parameters to AP only or both AP and client.

Click Add to create a DHCP server. The page will be shown as below.

Figure 3-4 Add a DHCP Server



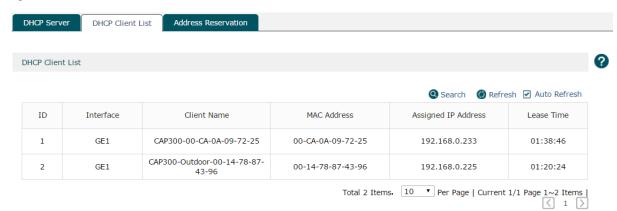
Interface	Select the interface which you want to create the DHCP server for. Refer to 3.1 Interface to set the interface first.
Starting/Ending IP Address	Specify the starting IP address and ending IP address of the DHCP server IP pool. The IP pool should be in the same segment with the interface IP address.
Lease Time	Enter the time duration of the IP address assigned by the DHCP server between 2 and 2880 minutes. The default is 120 minutes. Before the time is up, DHCP server would not assign this IP address to other APs or clients.
Default Gateway	Optional: Specify the IP address of gateway for the server.
Default Domain	Optional: Specify the domain of for the server.
Primary DNS	Optional: Specify the primary DNS server for the server.
Secondary DNS	Optional: Specify the secondary DNS server for the server.
Status	Check the box to enable the DHCP service.

Click **OK** to finish the settings.

#### 3.2.2 DHCP Client List

Choose the menu **Network > DHCP Server > DHCP Client List** to load the following page. The list displays the information such as the IP address, MAC address and lease time of the connected clients.

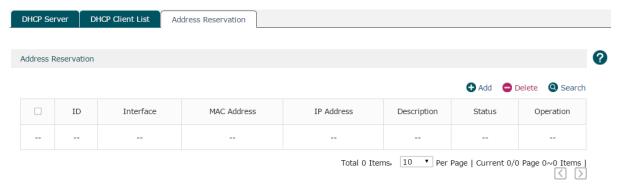
Figure 3-5 DHCP Client List



#### 3.2.3 Address Reservation

Choose the menu **Network > DHCP Server > Address Reservation** to load the following page.

Figure 3-6 Address Reservation



If the CAP or client requires a static IP address, you can manually reserve an IP address for it. Once reserved, the IP address will only be assigned to the same client by the DHCP server.

Click Add to create an IP address reservation.

Figure 3-7 Create an IP Address Reservation



Interface	Select the interface which the CAP or client requiring the static IP address belongs to. Refer to 3.1 Interface to set the interface first.
MAC Address	Enter the MAC address of the specified AP or client to which you want to assign the static IP address.
IP Address	Specify a static IP address to the specified AP or client. The IP address should be in the same segment as the interface.
Description	Specify a description for the entry to make it easier to search for and manage.
Status	Check the box to enable the address reservation.

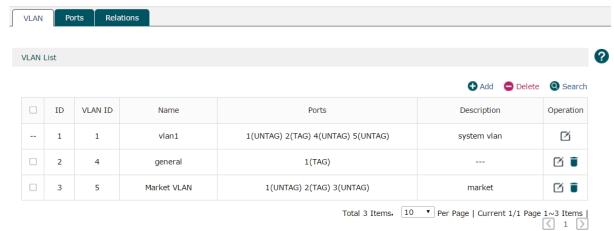
Click **OK** to finish the settings.

#### 3.3 **VLAN**

#### 3.3.1 VLAN

Choose the menu Network > VLAN > VLAN to load the following page.

Figure 3-8 VLAN



VLAN (Virtual Local Area Network) is a network technique that solves broadcasting issues in local area networks. A local area network is partitioned into several VLANs, and all VLAN traffic remains within its VLAN. Therefore, you can group and isolate APs and clients to enhance network security. VLANs group devices logically instead of physically, so devices in the same VLAN can be located in different places.

Click Add to create a VLAN.

Figure 3-9 Create a VLAN



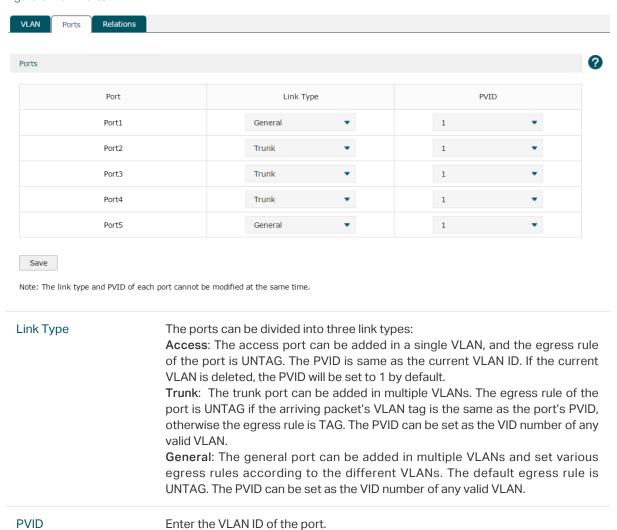
VLAN ID	Specify a VLAN ID between 2 to 4094.
Name	Specify an easy-to-remember name for the VLAN.
Ports	Select the ports that belong to the VLAN.
Description	Specify a description for the entry to make it easier to search for and manage.

Click **OK** to finish the settings.

#### 3.3.2 Ports

Choose the menu **Network > VLAN > Ports** to load the following page. Specify the link type and PVLD for each port. The link type and PVID can not be modified at the same time.

Figure 3-10 Ports



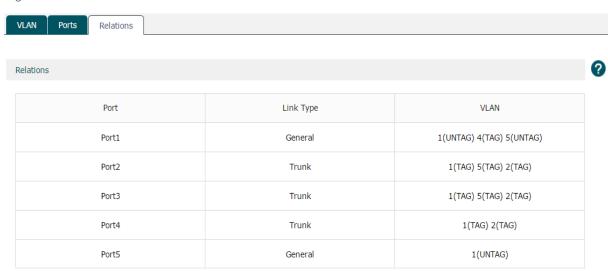
#### Note:

AC50 doesn't include a General port link type.

### 3.3.3 Relations

Choose the menu **Network > VLAN > Relations** to load the following page. This list displays the relations among ports, link types and VLANs.

Figure 3-11 Relations



## 3.4 Switch

### 3.4.1 Statistics

Choose the menu **Network > Switch > Statistics** to load the following page. The statistics list displays the information of data packets received or transmitted by each port.

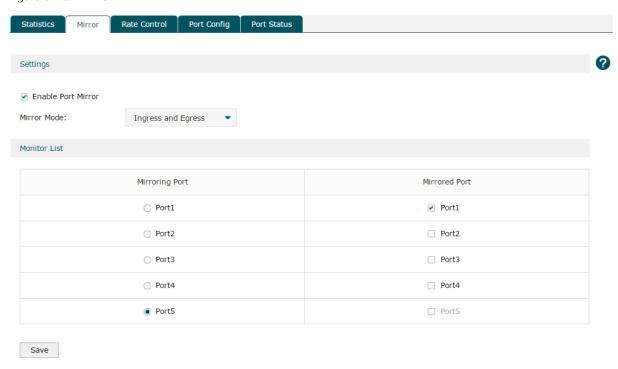
Figure 3-12 Statistics

Statistics	Mirror Ra	ate Control Por	t Config Port Status			
Statistics List						
Packe	et Type	Port1	Port2	Port3	Port4	Port5
	Unicast	48013	777231	1227566	19750	852
	Broadcast	452	32545	17485	279	491
	Pause	0	0	0	0	0
	Mulitcast	91	111351	154287	327	308
Received	Total	6.6 MB	151.9 MB	243.0 MB	2.6 MB	238607 B
	Undersize	0	0	0	0	0
	Normal	305759	1722305	2633597	132859	3210
	Oversize	0	0	0	0	0
	Unicast	42918	799378	1234048	17824	1234
	Broadcast	40897	1098	172	11558	37
Transmitted	Pause	0	0	0	0	0
	Mulitcast	173388	702	39	83121	288
	Total	18.6 MB	114.8 MB	162.6 MB	8.0 MB	826489 B

#### 3.4.2 Mirror

Choose the menu **Network > Switch > Mirror** to load the following page.

Figure 3-13 Mirror



Check the box to enable the Port Mirror function. There are three port mirror modes as follows.

**Ingress and egress**: When this mode is selected, both the incoming and outgoing packets through the mirrored port will be copied to the mirroring port.

**Ingress**: When this mode is selected, the incoming packets received by the mirrored port will be copied to the mirroring port.

**Egress**: When this mode is selected, the outgoing packets sent by the mirrored port will be copied to the mirroring port.

A port cannot be set as the mirrored port and the mirroring port simultaneously. Only one mirroring port can be set.

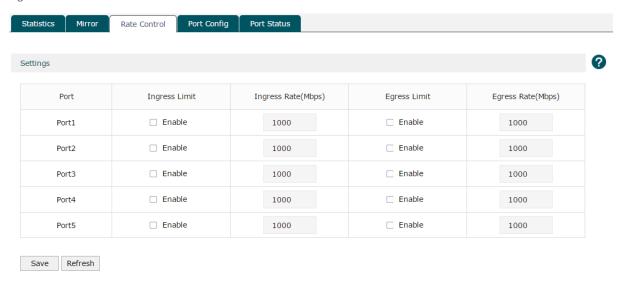
#### 3.4.3 Rate Control

Choose the menu **Network > Switch > Rate Control** to load the following page. Here you can control the data transfer rate for each port. Check boxes to manually enter the corresponding rates.

#### Note:

The data transfer rate ranges from 1 to 100Mpbs for AC50, and from 1 to 1000Mpbs for AC500.

Figure 3-14 Rate Control

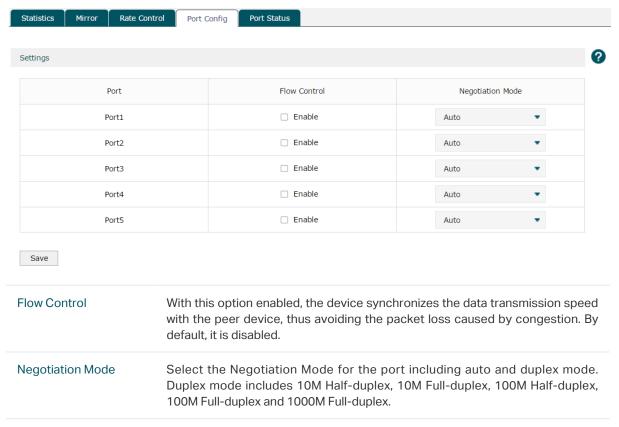


Click Save to finish the settings.

## 3.4.4 Port Config

Choose the menu **Network > Switch > Port Config** to load the following page.

Figure 3-15 Port Cofig



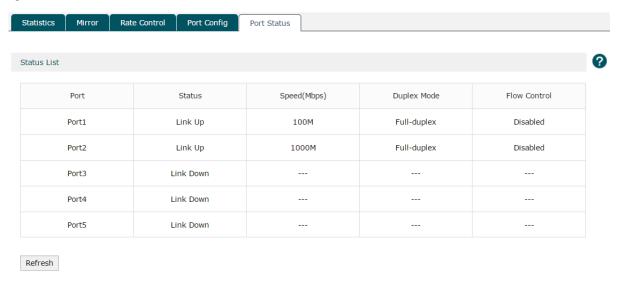
#### Note:

The AC50 doesn't support 1000M Full-duplex.

#### 3.4.5 Port Status

Choose the menu **Network > Switch > Port Status** to load the following page.

Figure 3-16 Port Status



This page displays the connection status, speed, duplex mode and flow control status of each port.

Disabled: The port is disabled.

**Link down:** The port is enabled but with physical connection.

Link up: The Port is enabled and connected normally.

#### Note:

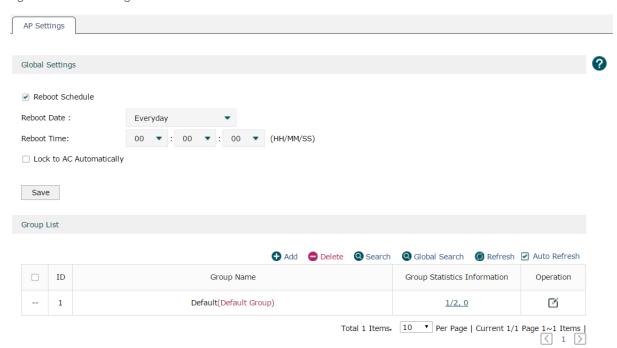
The data transfer rate ranges from 1 to 100Mpbs for AC50, and from 1 to 1000Mpbs for AC500. AC50 doesn't support 1000M Full-duplex.

# 4 AP Control

## 4.1 AP Settings

Choose the menu AP Control > AP Settings > AP Settings to load the following page.

Figure 4-1 AP Settings



In the global settings, check the Reboot Schedule box and then the Lock to AC Automatically box to enable the corresponding function. Click **Save** to complete.

Reboot Schedule	With the reboot schedule enabled, all connected APs will reboot at the specified time.
Reboot Date	Select the date to reboot the APs. If you want to reboot the APs everyday, please select everyday in the list.
Reboot Time	Specify the reboot time to reboot the APs in the format of HH/MM/SS.
Lock to AC Automatically	With the lock to AC automatically enabled, all the APs entries will be locked to AC automatically once APs connect to the AC. The unlocked AP entries will disappear when the AC reboots.

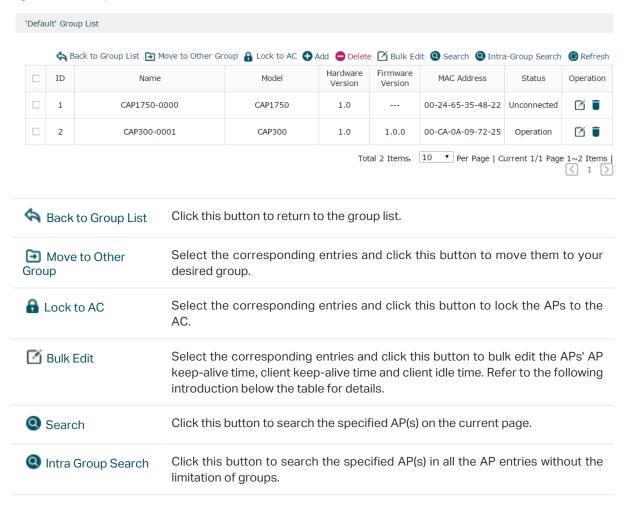
Click • Add to create a new group. The following figure will be shown. Specify a group name in the field and click **OK**.

Figure 4-2 Add a group



In the group list, click the numbers at the Group Statistics Information row. The group information will be shown as below. Click the buttons above the list for additional operations.

Figure 4-3 Group statistics information



### Click at the Operation row of the list. The following figure will be shown.

Figure 4-4 AP Settings



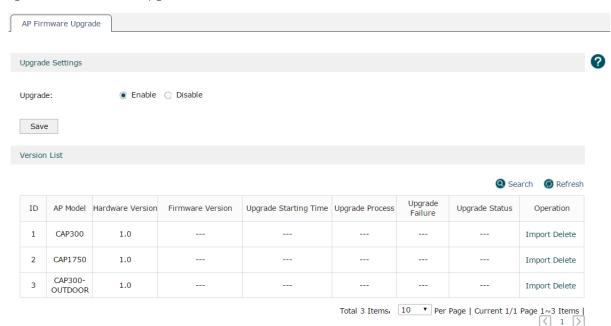
Name	Specify the AP's name.
AP Keep-alive Time	Specify the time interval for the AP sending echo packets to the AC. AC can detect whether the AP is online or not by receiving the echo packets.
Client Keep-alive Time	Specify the time interval for the client sending heartbeat packets to the AP. APs can detect whether the client is online or not by receiving heartbeat packets.
Client Idle Time	Specify a time interval for the client idle time. The clients will be disconnected from the AP if there is no data transmission between AP and clients for the specific time interval.

## 4.2 AP Firmware Upgrade

Choose the menu AP Control > AP Firmware Upgrade > AP Firmware Upgrade to load the following page.

With it enabled, import the correct firmwares and set the starting upgrade time. The connected APs will start to upgrade at the specified time. If it is disabled, the APs that haven't started upgrading will not be upgraded.

Figure 4-5 AP Firmware Upgrade



AP Model Displays the AP model. Hardware Version Displays the current hardware version. Firmware Version Displays the imported firmware version. **Upgrade Starting Time** After the upgrade file has been imported successfully, specify the upgrade starting time. With upgrade enabled, the APs of this model will automatically upgrade using the upgrade file. **Upgrade Process** Displays the upgrade process. The format is X/Y/Z, which means there are Z APs of this model in the system, with Y APs waiting to upgrade and X APs have upgraded successfully. Click the numbers to check each AP's upgrade status. Displays the number of APs which failed to upgrade. Click the number to check Upgrade Failure the detailed log information.

Displays the upgrade status of current APs of this model. Click to check the detailed upgrade information of each AP of this model.
Latest: There is no AP of the current model to be upgraded.
Waiting: APs of the current model are waiting to be upgraded.
Upgrading: Some APs of the current model are upgrading.
Completed: All APs of the current model are upgraded.
<b>Terminated</b> : The upgrade was disabled while the AP was waiting to upgrade. The AP's upgrade process is terminated. When the upgrade is enabled again, the status of the AP will change to "Waiting".
Click Import to import the upgrade firmware into the system.
Click <b>Delete</b> to delete the firmware.

#### Note:

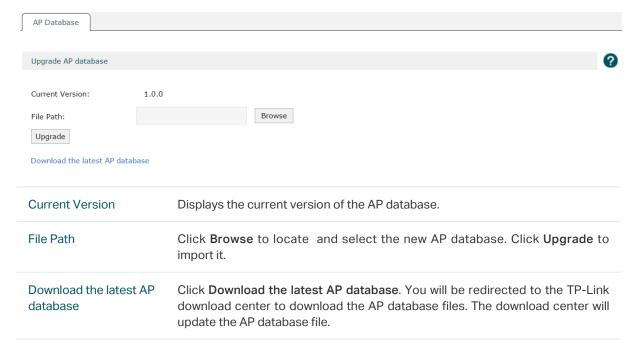
- 1. Only one model can upgrade at a time.
- 2. When the AC reboots or the CAPs reboot automatically, the CAPs can only upgrade after ten minutes.
- 3. The parameter of upgrade process and upgrade failure will be cleared when the AC reboots.
- 4. The standby link doesn't support upgrade schedule.

#### 4.3 AP Database

Import the AP database file to support the identification and management of new AP models on this page. When there is an undetected AP model connecting to the AC, the AC should import the latest AP database to identify the new AP models.

Choose the menu AP Control > AP Database > AP Database to load the following page.

Figure 4-6 AP Settings

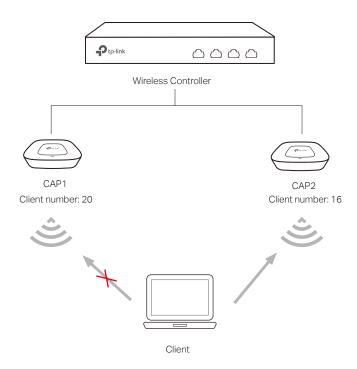


## 4.4 Load Balancing

Load Balancing is applied in the high density wireless environment. It can balance the APs load and guarantee the reasonable access of the clients to APs. Therefore, the wireless resources and bandwidth of each AP can be used fairly.

The following example is used to illustrate the working process of load balancing.

Figure 4-7 Topology



The client is within the wireless range of CAP1 and CAP2. The client requests to connect to CAP1 and the following two conditions are met:

- 1 The client number of CAP1 has reached or exceeded the maximum number that the load balancing set (20 as an example).
- 2 The client is also in the coverage of other CAPs. And the difference of the connected client number between CAP1 and one of the other CAPs is greater than the difference threshold set in load balancing (4 as an example, 20-16≥4).

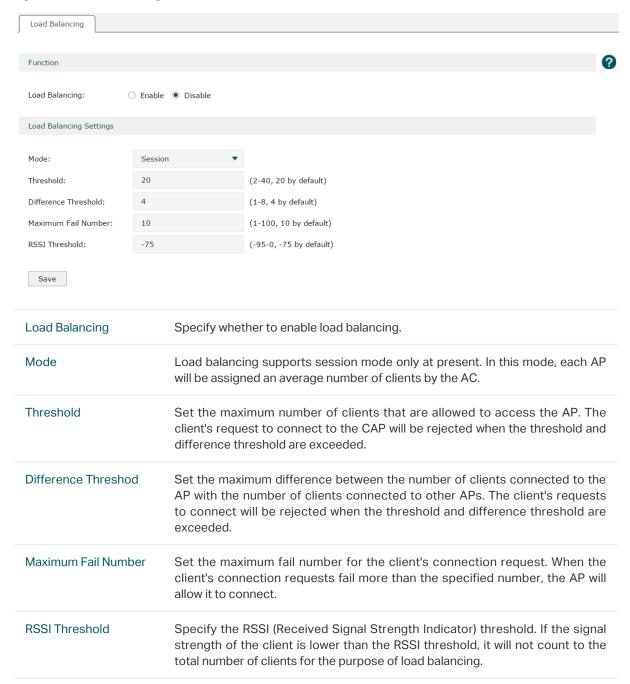
Due to load balancing, AC will reject the client's request to connect to CAP1 and instead connect the client to other CAPs with a smaller load. Thus, the performance of the whole network is improved.

If the client requests to connect to CAP1 continually, and the request fail number exceeds the maximum fail number set in load balancing, CAP1 will accept the connecting request of the client.

If the signal strength of the client is smaller than the RSSI threshold, it will not count to the total number of clients in load balancing.

Choose the menu AP Control > Load Balancing > Load Balancing to load the following page.

Figure 4-8 Load Balancing

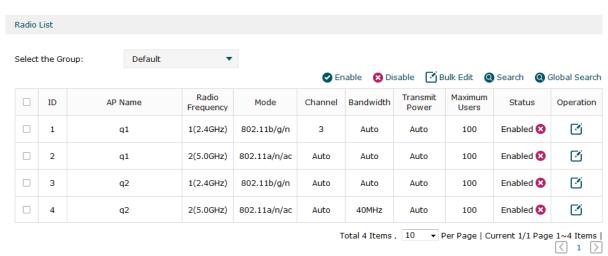


## **5** Radio

## 5.1 Radio Settings

Choose the menu Radio > Radio Settings > Radio Settings to load the following page.

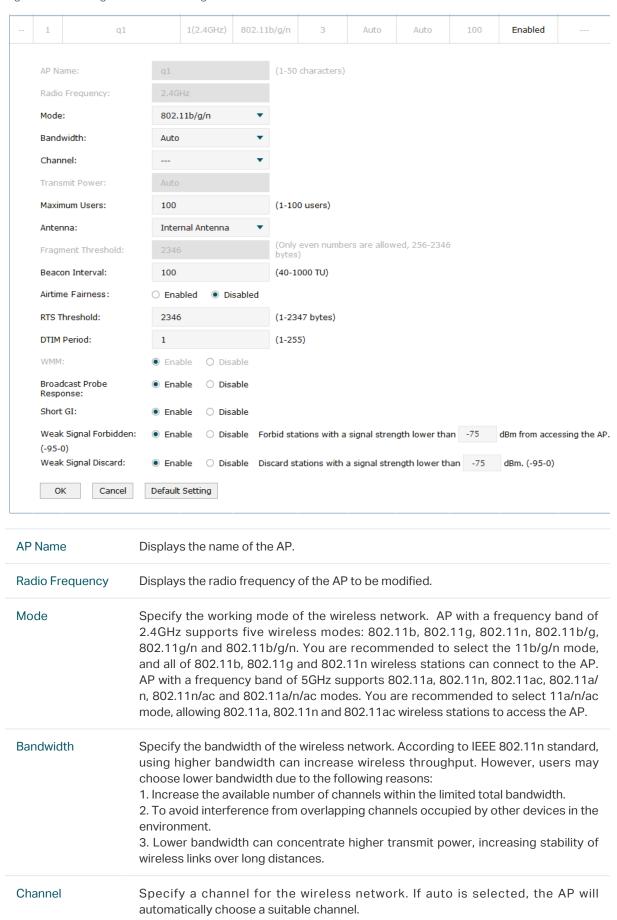
Figure 5-1 Radio Settings



On this page, you can specify the radio parameters of multiple or individual CAPs. Select the entries and click the buttons above the list to change the radio status or bulk edit the parameters.

Click at the operation row in the radio list, the following figure will be shown.

Figure 5-2 Change the Radio Settings



Transmit Power	Specify a transmit power for the wireless network. A larger transmission power than needed may cause interference to other wireless networks.
Maximum Users	Specify the maximum number of clients that can be connected to the AP.
Antenna	Specify the antenna type. Only internal antenna is supported at present.
Fragment Threshold	Specify the fragment threshold for transmitting packets. If the size of the packet is larger than the fragment threshold, the packet will be fragmented into several packets. A value that is too low for the fragment threshold may result in poor wireless performance caused by the excessive packets. The recommended and default value is 2346 bytes.
Beacon Interval	Enter a value between 40 and 1000 in milliseconds to determine the duration between beacon packets that are broadcasted by the AP to synchronize the wireless network. The default is 100 milliseconds.
Airtime Fairness	Specify whether to enable Airtime Fairness feature. With this feature enabled, each client connected to the AP can get the same amount of time to transmit data, preventing low-data-rate clients from occupying too much network bandwidth and improving the network throughput. We recommend that you enable this function under multirate wireless networks.
RTS Threshold	Enter a value between 1 and 2347 to determine the packet size of data transmission through the AP. By default, the RTS (Request to Send) Threshold size is 2346. If the packet size is greater than the preset threshold, the AP sends Request of Send frames to a particular receiving station and negotiates the sending of a data frame, or else the packet will be sent immediately.
DTIM Period	This value indicates the number of beacon intervals between successive Delivery Traffic Indication Messages (DTIM) and this number is included in each Beacon frame. A DTIM is contained in Beacon frames to indicate whether the AP has buffered broadcast and/or multicast data for the client devices. Following a Beacon frame containing a DTIM, the access point will release the buffered broadcast and/or multicast data, if any exists. You can specify a value between 1-255 Beacon Intervals. The default value is 1, indicating the DTIM Interval is the same as the Beacon Interval. An excessive DTIM interval may reduce the performance of multicast applications. It is recommended to keep it as the default.
WMM	Specify whether to enable the WMM. With WMM enabled, this device uses the QoS function to guarantee the transmission of audio and video packets with high priority.
Broadcast Probe Response	Specify whether to enable the broadcast probe response function. The clients send broadcast probes to detect the wireless networks nearby. If the function is enabled, the AP will respond to the broadcast probe to let the clients know of its existence. With the function disabled, the client cannot find the AP by sending broadcast probes.
Short Gl	Specify whether to enable the Short GI. Short GI is used to increase the throughput by reducing the guard interval time. It is recommended to enable this function.
Weak Signal Forbidden	Specify whether to enable the weak signal forbidden function. With this function enabled, the AP will forbid the client with a signal strength lower than a certain value from connecting.

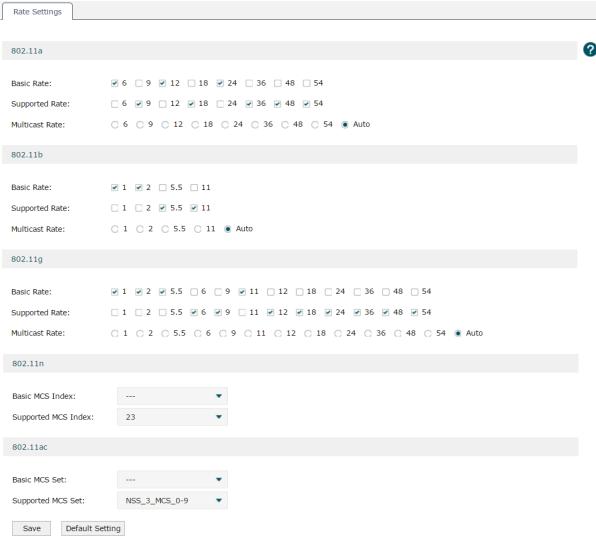
Weak Signal	Specify whether to enable the weak signal discard function. With this function
Discard	enabled, the AP will discard the client with a signal strength lower than a certain value.

Click OK to complete the configuration. Click Default Settings to restore the parameters to the default.

#### **Rate Settings** 5.2

Choose the menu Radio > Rate Settings > Rate Settings to load the following page. Specify the data transmission rate on this page.

Figure 5-3 Rate Settings



Note:
1. If the connected APs have enabled the radio, the configured rate parameters will take effect only after the APs reboot or their radios are turned off then turned on again.

2. If the value of 11n's MSC index is greater than the maximum value supported by the AP, the maximum value is the effective value of AP's MCS index.

Basic Rate: Specify the basic rate set with which the 802.11a clients are allowed to access the network. At least one rate should be selected from the rate set. 6Mbps, 12Mbps and 24Mbps are selected by default.  Supported Rate: Specify the supported rate for 802.11a clients. The supported rate set should not overlap with the basic rate set. 9Mbps 18Mbps, 36Mbps 48Mbps and 54Mbps are selected by default.  Multicast Rate: Specify the multicast rate for the 802.11a multicast packets. The rate should be selected from the basic rate set automatically.  802.11b  Basic Rate: Specify the basic rate with which 802.11b clients are allowed to access the wireless network. At least one rate should be selected in the rate set. 1Mbps and 2Mbps are selected by default.  Supported Rate: Specify the supported rate for 802.11b clients. The supported rate should not overlap with the basic rate that has been set. 5.5Mbps and 11Mbps are selected by default.  Multicast Rate: Specify the multicast rate for the 802.11b multicast packets. The rate should be selected from the basic rate set automatically.  802.11g  Basic Rate: Specify the basic rate with which the 802.11g clients are allowed to access the network. At least one rate should be selected in the rate set. 1Mbps, 2Mbps, 5.5 Mbps and 11Mbps are selected by default.  Supported Rate: Specify the basic rate with which the 802.11g clients are allowed to access the network. At least one rate should be selected in the rate set. 1Mbps, 2Mbps, 5.5 Mbps, and 11Mbps are selected by default.  Supported Rate: Specify the supported rate for 802.11g multicast packets. The rate should not overlap with the basic rate set. 6Mpbs, 9Mbps, 12Mbps, 18Mbps, 36Mbps and 54Mbps are selected by default.  Multicast Rate: Specify the multicast rate for the 802.11g multicast packets. The rate should be selected from the basic rate set. When auto is selected, the system will select a suitable rate from the basic rate set. When auto is selected, the system will select a suitable rate from the basic rate set
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## Note:

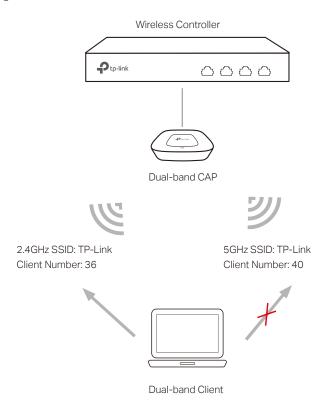
For the connected APs enabled with radio, the rate settings won't take effect until the APs reboot or their radios are disabled and enabled again.

## 5.3 Band Steering

There are clients that only support the 2.4GHz band and clients that support dual band in a wireless network. If all the clients connect to the 2.4GHz band, the 2.4GHz band will become very congested, reducing the network performance. With band steering enabled, the AP would steer the dual band clients to connect to the 5GHz first, which would balance the band connections and improve the network performance. When enabling band steering, please ensure the SSIDs of both 2.4GHz and 5GHz bands are the same.

The following example is used to illustrate the process of band steering.

Figure 5-4 Band Steering Process



The 2.4GHz SSID and 5GHz SSID of the dual-band CAP are set the same. If a 2.4GHz client or 5GHz client requests to connect to the CAP, the band steering won't take effect and the client will connect to the 2.4GHz or 5GHz directly. If a dual band client requests to connect to the CAP, due to band steering, the CAP will lead the client to connect to the 5GHz band first.

When the wireless network satisfies the following two conditions:

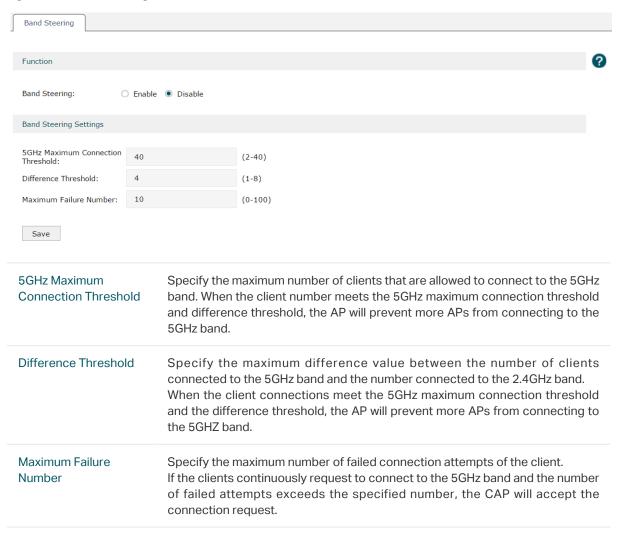
- 1 The client number of the 5GHz band reaches or exceeds the maximum client numbers that are allowed to connect (40 as an example).
- 2 The difference value in client number of the 2.4GHz band and the 5GHz band reaches or exceeds the difference threshold set in band steering setting (4 as an example,40-36≥4).

Due to band steering, a new dual band client will be rejected from connecting to the 5GHz band and be allowed to connect to the 2.4GHz band.

But if the client repeatedly requests to connect to the 5GHz, and the rejection exceeds the maximum failure number set in band steering setting, the client will be allowed to connect.

Choose the menu Radio > Band Steering > Band Steering to load the following page. Check the Enable radio button to enable the band steering function.

Figure 5-5 Band Steering



Click **Save** to finish the settings.

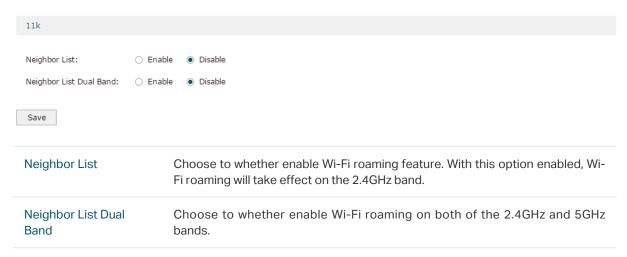
# 5.4 Wi-Fi Roaming

Wi-Fi roaming is a technology that keeps a station connected to the network while the station is moving from one Access Point to another.

For example, a client can walk through a facility while carrying on a conversation over a Wi-Fi phone. The Wi-Fi radio inside the phone automatically roams from one access point to another as needed to provide seamless connectivity.

Choose the menu Radio > Wi-Fi Roaming to load the following page. Configure the two 802.11k options.

Figure 5-6 Wi-Fi Roaming



#### Note:

Only when Neighbor List is enabled, will Neighbor List Dual Band take effect.

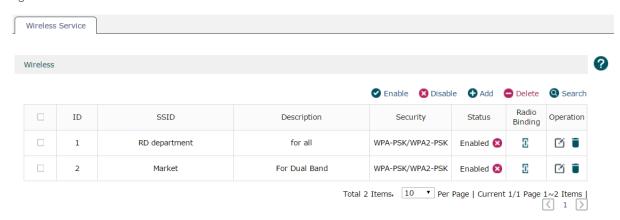
Click **Save** to finish the settings.

# **6** Wireless

## 6.1 Wireless Service

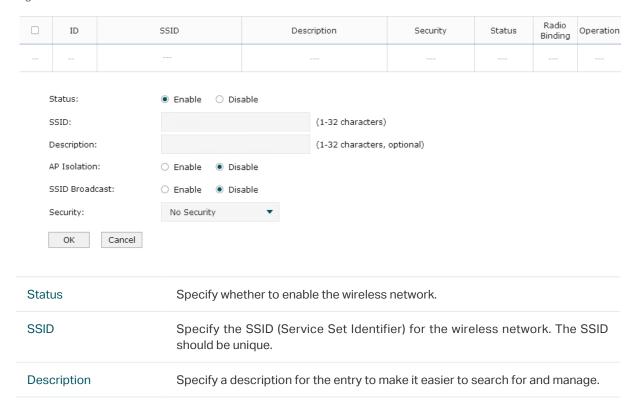
Choose the menu Radio > Wireless > Wireless Service to load the following page.

Figure 6-1 Wireless Service



Specify and view the wireless service on this page. Click • Add to create a new wireless service. Click • button, you can go into the radio binding page.

Figure 6-2 Add a New Wireless Service



AP Isolation	Enable AP isolation to isolate the wireless clients connected to the same AP so that they cannot communicate with each other. This setting cannot take effect in other APs; that is, AP isolation cannot isolate the clients connected to different APs with the same SSIDs.
SSID Broadcast	With this option enabled, the AP will broadcast the SSID to the nearby hosts, so that those hosts can find the wireless network identified by this SSID. With this option disabled, users must enter the SSID manually to connect to the AP.
Security	Specify the security option of the wireless network. If all the clients are allowed to access the wireless network, please select <b>None</b> . For the safety of the wireless network, you are suggested to encrypt your wireless network with password. This device provides three security options: WPA/WPA2 (Wi-Fi Protected Access) and WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK (WPA Pre-Shared Key). WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK is recommended. Settings vary in different security options as the details is in the following introduction.

Following is the detailed introduction of security mode: WPA/WPA2 and WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK.

## ■ WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK

Security:

Based on pre-shared key. It is characterized by higher safety and simple settings, which suits for common households and small business. WPA-PSK has two versions: WPA-PSK and WPA2-PSK.

Figure 6-3 Security of WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK

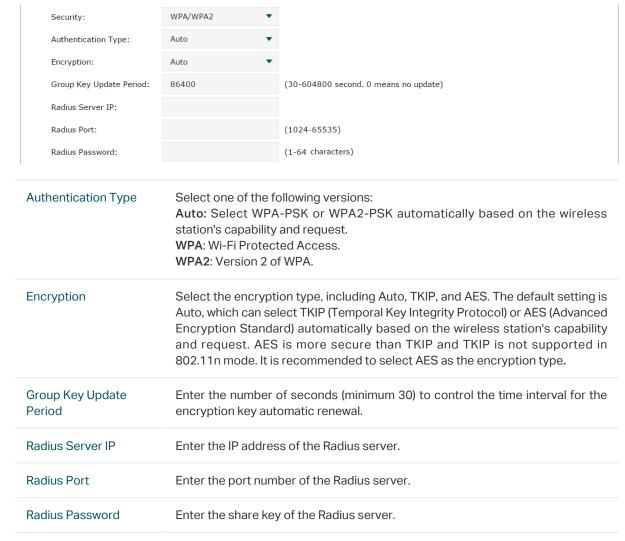
WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK ▼

Authentication Type:	Auto ▼	
Encryption:	Auto ▼	
Group Key Update Period:	86400	(30-604800 second. 0 means no update)
PSK Password:		(8-64 characters)
Authentication Type	Select one of the formation Auto: Select WPA capability and required WPA-PSK: Pre-shawpA2-PSK: Pre-shawpA2-P	A or WPA2 automatically based on the wireless client's est. red key of WPA.
Encryption	Auto, which can sel Encryption Standa and request. AES	on type, including Auto, TKIP, and AES. The default setting is lect TKIP (Temporal Key Integrity Protocol) or AES (Advanced rd) automatically based on the wireless station's capability is more secure than TKIP and TKIP is not supported in recommended to select AES as the encryption type.
Group Key Update Period	Enter the number of encryption key aut	of seconds (minimum 30) to control the time interval for the omatic renewal.
PSK Password	the length should numbers, letters (c	password with ASCII or Hexadecimal characters. For ASCII, be between 8 and 63 characters with a combination of ase-sensitive) and common punctuations. For Hexadecimal, se 64 characters (case-insensitive, 0-9, a-f, A-F).

#### WPA/WPA2

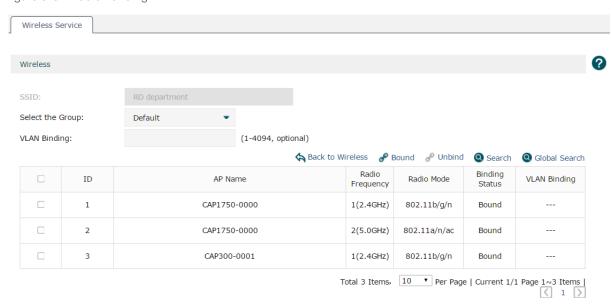
Based on Radius Server, WPA can assign different passwords for different users and it is much safer than WPA-PSK. However, it has high maintenance costs and is only suitable for enterprise users. At present, WPA has two versions: WPA and WPA2.

Figure 6-4 Security of WPA/WPA2



Click I button, you can go into the radio binding page.

Figure 6-5 Radio Banding



SSID	Displays the current wireless network.
Select the Group	Select the group to be displayed in the list.
VLAN Binding	Enter a VLAN ID into the field and Click Pound above the list. The wireless network will be bound to the corresponding VLAN.
<b>ℰ</b> Bound	Select the desired entries and click this button to bind the service to corresponding radios. Unlocked APs cannot be bound. Please refer to 4.1 AP Settings and check the box Lock to AC Automatically.
Unbind	Select the desired entries and click this button to unbind the service in corresponding radios.
Sack to Wireless	Click this button to return to the wireless service page.

# 7 Authentication

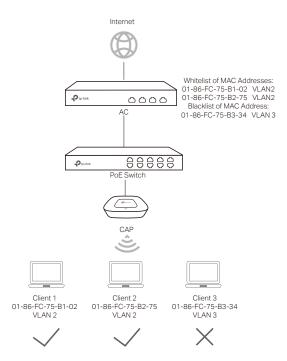
## 7.1 MAC Authentication

MAC Authentication is based on VLAN and MAC address. The administrator can preset MAC Authentication entries to allow or deny the clients with specific MAC addresses and in specific VLANs to access the network. The clients do not need to install any client software, nor do any operation during the MAC authentication process.

With this feature configured, when a client tries to access the network, the AP sends the MAC address and VLAN information of the client to the AC. Based on the preset MAC Authentication entries, the AC checks whether the client is allowed to access the network or not. Only the clients allowed to access the network can go for the further portal authentication process.

As the following diagram shows, we configure Client 1 and Client 2 to the whitelist, and Client 3 to the blacklist on the AC. When these clients are trying to access the network, the AC will check the MAC authentication entries. According to these entries, Client 1 and Client 2 will be allowed to access the network, and Client 3 will be denied to access the network.

Figure 7-1 Topology for MAC Authentication



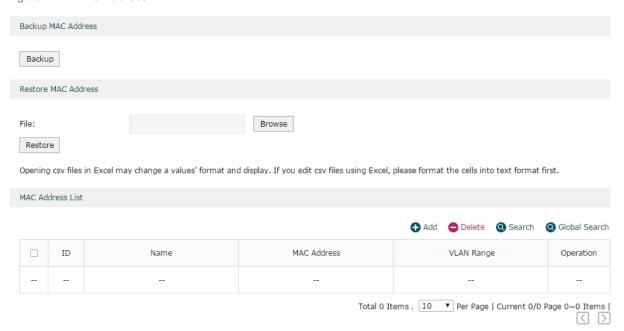
To configure MAC Authentication, refer to the following steps:

- 1 Choose the menu **Authentication > MAC Authentication > MAC Address** to bind the MAC addresses and VLANs of the clients to be authenticated.
- 2 Choose the menu **Authentication > MAC Authentication > MAC Authentication** to set MAC authentication rule on the VLANs.

## 7.1.1 MAC Address

Choose the menu Authentication > MAC Authentication > MAC Address to load the following page.

Figure 7-2 MAC Address



You can click **Backup** to back up all the MAC authentication entries in the CSV file which are in ANSI coding format. This file can be restored to the AC and all MAC addresses can be added into the MAC address list.

To add multiple MAC address entries at a time:

- 1 Save the MAC address entries as a CSV file with ANSI coding format in the AC. You can use the **Backup MAC Address** function to obtain a CSV file to view the correct format.
- 2 Click **Browse** to select the file path, and then click **Restore** to restore the file.

#### Note:

Using Excel to open the CSV file may cause some numerical format changes, and the number may be displayed incorrectly. If you use Excel to edit the CSV file, please set the cell format as text.

In the MAC address list you can view the MAC address entries.

Click Add to add a new MAC address entry, as shown in the following figure.

Figure 7-3 Add a new MAC Address Entry



Specify the VLAN range. The range is 1 to 4094. Number and range are both

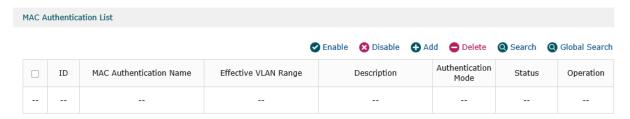
supported. The ranges can be seperated by commas. For example:

# 7.1.2 MAC Authentication

**VLAN Range** 

Choose the menu **Authentication > MAC Authentication > MAC Authentication** to load the following page.

Figure 7-4 MAC Authentication



Here you can view the MAC Authentication List.

11-20

1,3,5,4090-4094

Click Add to add a new entry.

Figure 7-5 Add a MAC Authentication List



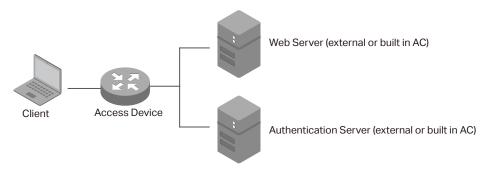
MAC Authentication Name	Specify or check the name of the MAC authentication entry to make it easier to search for and manage.
Effective VLAN Range	Specify or check the effective VLAN range of the MAC authentication entry. The range is 1 to 4094. Number and range are both supported. The ranges can be seperated by commas. For example:  1 11-20 1,3,5,4090-4094
Description	Specify or check the description of the authentication entry to make it easier to search for and manage.
Authentication Mode	Black List: All the MAC addresses in this authentication mode are forbidden to access the network.
Status	Specify whether to enable this authentication entry.

# 7.2 Portal Authentication

AC provides several types of portal authentication, including **Web Authentication**, **Onekey Online**, **Voucher**, **SMS**, **Facebook**, **Remote Portal**.

To provide portal authentication service, two kinds of servers are required: web server which is used to provide login page for the clients, and authentication server which is used to authenticate the clients. The web server and authentication server can be the built-in servers of the AC or the external connected servers. Which kinds of servers are used to provide portal service is determined by the portal authentication types and your choices.

Figure 7-6 Portal Topology



#### Web Server

For **Web Authentication, Onekey Online, Voucher** and **SMS**, the AC uses its built-in web server to provide login page for the clients. Before configuring such portal authentication features, you need to set the login page in the **Splash Page** module.

For **Facebook**, the web sever of Facebook is used to provide login page and Facebook Page for the clients.

For **Remote Portal**, you need to build a remote portal server on your network to provide customized login page for the clients.

Authentication Server

For **Web Authentication** and **Remote Portal**, there are two methods to authenticate the clients: using the built-in authentication server of the AC or using the remote authentication server on the network. You can configure the remote authentication server in the **Authentication Sever** module.

For **Onekey Online** and **Voucher**, the AC uses the built-in authentication server to authentication the clients.

For **SMS**, the AC uses the authentication server of service provider Twilio to authenticate the clients.

For **Facebook**, the AC uses the authentication server of Facebook to authenticate the clients.

#### Note:

Before configuring portal authentication, make sure that the IP address of the AC's interface that manages the AP and the IP addresses of the clients are routable.

## 7.2.1 Splash Page

Choose the menu **Authentication > Portal Authentication > Splash Page** to load the following page.

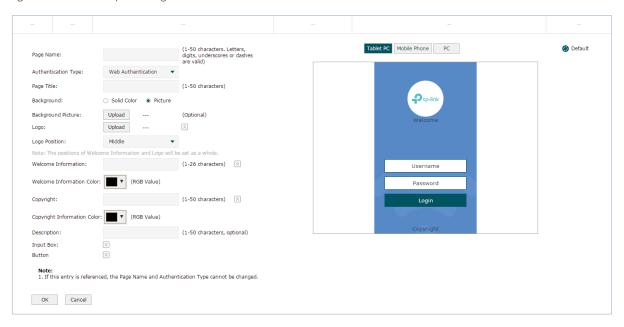
Figure 7-7 Splash Page



Here you can upload pictures or use the default template to set the splash pages for subsequent authentication to meet the requirements of advertisement promotions.

Click • Add to add a new entry. There are four authentication types of the splash page, including Web Authentication, Onekey Online, Voucher and SMS.

Figure 7-8 Add a Splash Page



Page Name	Specify the name of the splash page template.
Authenticaiton Type	Select the authentication type of the splash page. Options include <b>Web Authentication</b> , <b>Onekey Online</b> , <b>Voucher</b> and <b>SMS</b> .
	<b>Web Authentication:</b> Clients need to enter a username and password to log in, and can access the network after successful authentication.
	<b>Onekey Online:</b> Clients can access the network without entering any parameters on the login page.
	<b>Voucher:</b> Clients need to enter the voucher code to log in, and can access the network after successful authentication.
	<b>SMS</b> : Clients need to enter the verification code received by their mobile phones to log in, and can access the network after successful authentication.
Page Title	Specify the page title for the authentication.
Background	Select the background type. Two types are supported: <b>Solid Color</b> selected on the page and <b>Picture</b> uploaded from your local computer.
Background Color	If <b>Solid Color</b> is selected, configure your desired background color through the color picker or by entering the RGB values manually.
Background Picture	If <b>Picture</b> is selected, click the <b>Upload</b> button and a window will pop up. Click the <b>Browse</b> button and select a background picture. You can drag and scale the clipping region to edit the picture.
Logo	Click the <b>Upload</b> button and a window will pop up. Click the <b>Browse</b> button and select a logo picture. You can drag and scale the clipping region to edit the picture.

Welcome Information	Specify the welcome information.
Welcome Information Color	Select your desired text color for the welcome information through the color picker or by entering the RGB values manually.
Copyright	Specify the copyright information.
Copyright Information Color	Select your desired text color for Copyright information through the color picker or by entering the RGB values manually.
Description	Specify a description for the entry to make it easier to search for and manage.
Input Box Frame Color	Select your desired color for the input box border through the color picker or by entering the RGB values manually.
Button Position	Set the position of the login button. The options include Middle, Upper and Lower.
Button Color	Select your desired login button color through the color picker or by entering the RGB values manually.
Button Text Color	Select your desired text color for the button through the color picker or by entering the RGB values manually.

On the right side of the page, you can click the buttons **Tablet PC, Mobile Phone** and **PC** to preview the login pages on these kinds of devices.

## 7.2.2 Web Authentication

In Web Authentication, clients can use the user accounts to pass the authentication.

Choose the menu Authentication > Portal Authentication > Web Authentication to load the following page.

Figure 7-9 Web Authentication



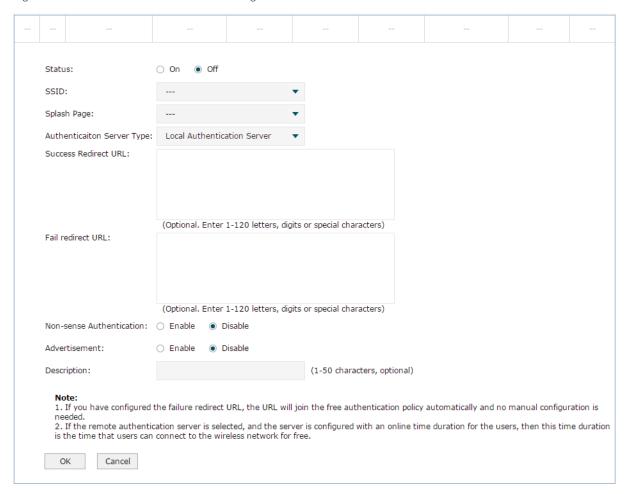
Here you can view the Web Authentication information and edit the entries.

Click Add to add a new entry. There are two authentication server types, including Local Authentication Server and Remote Authentication Server.

## Local Authentication Server

Select Local Authentication Server as the Authentication Server Type, and the following the page will appear.

Figure 7-10 Local Authentication Server Page



Status	Specify the status of the entry.
SSID	Specify the SSIDs of the Web authentication.  Note: The SSIDs abeled "Bound" are being used by other authentication entries.  If these SSIDs are selected, the original configuration will be replaced by the current configuration.
Splash Page	Select the splash page of the Web authentication.
Authenticaiton Server Type	Specify the server type of the Web authentication. Here we select <b>Local Authentication Server</b> .
Success Redirect URL	Specify the redirect URL address after successful authentication.
Fail redirect URL	Specify the redirect URL address after the authentication failure.
Non-sense Authentication	With this option enabled, the non-sense authenticated users will pass the authentication automatically when connecting to the wireless network.
Advertisement	Specify whether to enable the Advertisement feature. With this feature enabled, you can add advertisement pictures on the authentication page. These advertisement pictures will be displayed before the login page appears. You can also allow users to skip the advertisement by enabling Allow to Skip Advertisement.

Description	Specify a description for the Web authentication entry to make it easier to search for and manage.

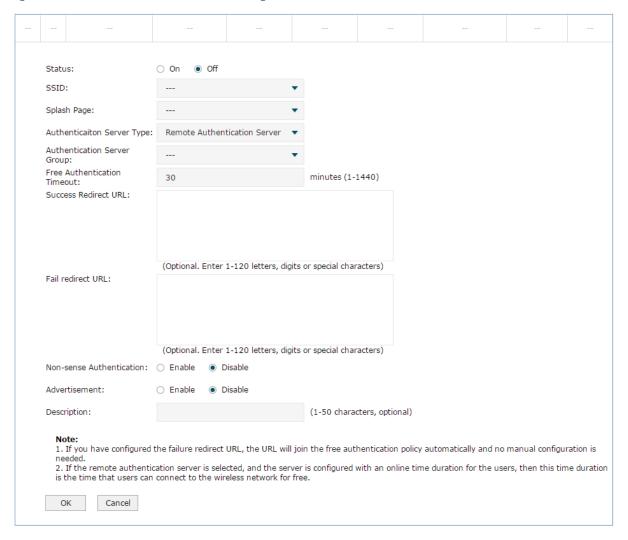
#### Note:

When Local Authentication Server is selected, you need to add the login information of the allowed users. For detailed configuration, refer to 7.3 Local User Management.

## Remote Authentication Sever

Select Remote Authentication Server as the Authentication Server Type, and the following the page will appear.

Figure 7-11 Remote Authentication Server Page



Status	Specify the status of the entry.
SSID	Specify the SSIDs that will be enabled with Web authentication.  Note: The SSIDs labeled "Bound" are being used by other authentication entries. If these SSIDs are selected, the original configuration will be replaced by the current configuration.
Splash Page	Select the splash page of the Web authentication.

## **Authenticaiton Server** Specify the server type of the Web authentication. Here we select Remote Authentication Server. Type To configure Radius server, refer to Authentication Server. **Authentication Server** Select the server group of the Web authentication. Group Free Authentication Set the free online duration for the users. Timeout Note: If the remote authentication server is configured with an online time duration for the users, then the time duration set on the server will take effect instead of Free Authentication Timeout set here. Success Redirect URL Specify the redirect URL address after successful authentication. Fail redirect URL Specify the redirect URL address after the authentication failed. Non-sense If non-sense authentication is enabled, the non-sense authenticated users will Authentication pass the authentication automatically when connecting to the wireless network. Advertisement Specify whether to enable the Advertisement feature. With this feature enabled, you can add advertisement pictures on the authentication page. These advertisement pictures will be displayed before the login page appears. The required parameters are as follows:

**Picture Resouce:** You can add up to 5 advertisement pictures. When several pictures are added, they will be played in a loop. There are two picture resources: Local Upload and External Link.

**Advertisement Duriation Time:** Specify how long the advertisement will be displayed for. For this duration, the pictures will be played in a loop. Enter a value from 1 to 30 seconds. If the duration time is not enough for all the pictures, the rest will not be displayed.

**Photo Carousel Interval:** Specify the picture carousel interval. If this value is set as 5 seconds, the first picture will be displayed for 5 seconds, followed by the second picture for 5 seconds, and so on. Enter a value from 1 to 10 seconds.

**Allow to Skip Advertisement:** Specify whether to enable this feature. With this feature enabled, the user can click the Skip button to skip the advertisement.



### Description

Specify a description for the Web authentication entry to make it easier to search for and manage.

## 7.2.3 Onekey Online

In Onekey Online Authentication, clients can pass the authentication without entering any parameters on the login page .

Choose the menu **Authentication > Portal Authentication > Onekey Online** to load the following page.

Figure 7-12 Onekey Online



Here you can view the Onekey Online Authentication information and edit the entries.

Click Add to add a new entry.

Figure 7-13 Add a New Onekey Online Entry



## Configure the related parameters and click **OK**.

Status	Specify whether to turn on the Onekey Online authentication entry.
SSID	Specify the SSIDs that will be enabled with Onekey Online authentication. Note: The SSIDs labeled "Bound" are being used by other authentication entries. If these SSIDs are selected, the original configuration will be replaced by the current configuration.
Splash Page	Select the splash page of Onekey Online authentication.
Free Authentication Timeout	Select the free online time for users who have passed onekey online authentication.

#### Advertisement

Specify whether to enable the Advertisement feature. With this feature enabled, you can add advertisement pictures on the authentication page. These advertisement pictures will be displayed before the login page appears. The required parameters are as follows:

**Picture Resouce:** You can add up to 5 advertisement pictures. When several pictures are added, they will be played in a loop. There are two picture resources: Local Upload and External Link.

**Advertisement Duriation Time:** Specify how long the advertisement will be displayed for. For this duration, the pictures will be played in a loop. Enter a value from 1 to 30 seconds. If the duration time is not enough for all the pictures, the rest will not be displayed.

**Photo Carousel Interval:** Specify the picture carousel interval. If this value is set as 5 seconds, the first picture will be displayed for 5 seconds, followed by the second picture for 5 seconds, and so on. Enter a value from 1 to 10 seconds.

**Allow to Skip Advertisement:** Specify whether to enable this feature. With this feature enabled, the user can click the Skip button to skip the advertisement.



Description

Specify a description for the onekey online authentication entry to make it easier to search for and manage.

## 7.2.4 Voucher

In Voucher Authentication, you can distribute the voucher codes that are automatically generated by the AC to the clients. Clients can enter the voucher codes on the login page to access the network.

#### Note:

To create voucher codes, refer to Voucher Management.

Choose the menu **Authentication > Portal Authentication > Voucher** to load the following page.

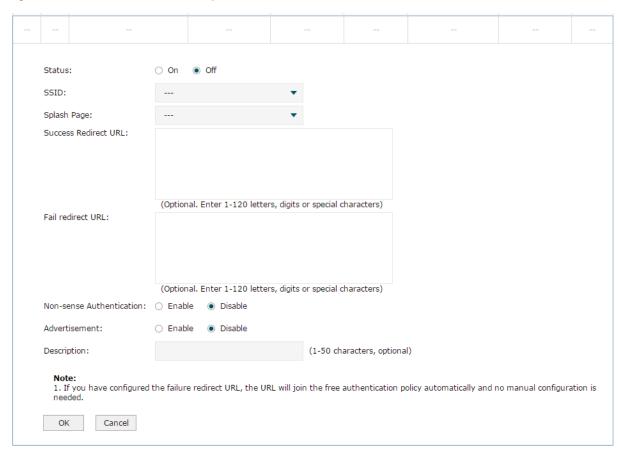
Figure 7-14 Voucher



Here you can view the Voucher Authentication information and edit the entries.

## Click Add to add a new entry.

Figure 7-15 Add a New Voucher Entry



## Configure the related parameters and click **OK**.

Status	Specify whether to turn on the Voucher authentication entry.
SSID	Specify the SSIDs that will be enabled with Voucher authentication.  Note: The SSIDs labeled "Bound" are being used by other authentication entries. If these SSIDs are selected, the original configuration will be replaced by the current configuration.
Splash Page	Select the splash page of Onekey Online authentication.
Success Redirect URL	Specify the redirect URL address after successful authentication
Fail redirect URL	Specify the redirect URL address after the authentication failure.
Non-sense Authentication	If non-sense authentication is enabled, the non-sense authenticated users will pass the authentication automatically when connecting to the wireless network.

#### Advertisement

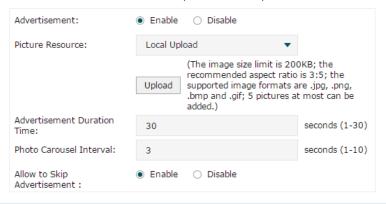
Specify whether to enable the Advertisement feature. With this feature enabled, you can add advertisement pictures on the authentication page. These advertisement pictures will be displayed before the login page appears. The required parameters are as follows:

**Picture Resouce:** You can add up to 5 advertisement pictures. When several pictures are added, they will be played in a loop. There are two picture resources: Local Upload and External Link.

**Advertisement Duration Time:** Specify how long the advertisement will be displayed for. For this duration, the pictures will be played in a loop. Enter a value from 1 to 30 seconds. If the duration time is not enough for all the pictures, the rest will not be displayed.

**Photo Carousel Interval:** Specify the picture carousel interval. If this value is set as 5 seconds, the first picture will be displayed for 5 seconds, followed by the second picture for 5 seconds, and so on. Enter a value from 1 to 10 seconds.

**Allow to Skip Advertisement:** Specify whether to enable this feature. With this feature enabled, the user can click the Skip button to skip the advertisement.



Description

Specify a description for the Voucher entry to make it easier to search for and manage.

## 7.2.5 SMS

In SMS Authentication, the client can get a verification code using a mobile phone and enter the code to pass the authentication.

Choose the menu **Authentication > Portal Authentication > SMS** to load the following page.

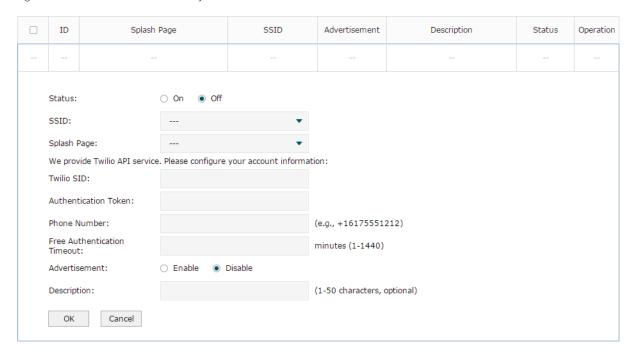
Figure 7-16 SMS Page



Here you can view the SMS Authentication information and edit the entries.

Click Add to add a new entry.

Figure 7-17 Add a New SMS Entry



Configure the following parameters. Note that you need to first go to the Twilio website to register an account and get the following three parameters: Twilio SID, Authentication Token and Phone Number.

Status	Specify whether to turn on the SMS authentication entry.
SSID	Specify the SSIDs that will be enabled with SMS authentication.  Note: The SSIDs labeled "Bound" are being used by other authentication entries. If these SSIDs are selected, the original configuration will be replaced by the current configuration.
Splash Page	Select the splash page of SMS authentication.
Twilio SID	Enter the Account SID for Twilio API Credentials.
Authentication Token	Enter the Authentication Token for Twilio API Credentials.
Phone Number	Enter the phone number that is used to send verification messages to the clients.
Free Authentication Timeout	Specify the permitted online time of the clients who have passed SMS authentication.

#### Advertisement

Specify whether to enable the Advertisement feature. With this feature enabled, you can add advertisement pictures on the authentication page. These advertisement pictures will be displayed before the login page appears. The required parameters are as follows:

**Picture Resouce:** You can add up to 5 advertisement pictures. When several pictures are added, they will be played in a loop. There are two picture resources: Local Upload and External Link.

**Advertisement Duriation Time:** Specify how long the advertisement will be displayed for. For this duration, the pictures will be played in a loop. Enter a value from 1 to 30 seconds. If the duration time is not enough for all the pictures, the rest will not be displayed.

**Photo Carousel Interval:** Specify the picture carousel interval. If this value is set as 5 seconds, the first picture will be displayed for 5 seconds, followed by the second picture for 5 seconds, and so on. Enter a value from 1 to 10 seconds.

**Allow to Skip Advertisement:** Specify whether to enable this feature. With this feature enabled, the user can click the Skip button to skip the advertisement.



Description

Specify a description for the SMS entry to make it easier to search for and manage.

## 7.2.6 Facebook

In Facebook Authentication, the login page is your own Facebook Page that are bound to the AC, and you can customize your Facebook Page according to your actual needs. AC uses the Facebook server to authenticate the clients, and the logged-in clients will be redirected to your Facebook Page.

Choose the menu **Authentication > Portal Authentication > Facebook** to load the following page.

Figure 7-18 Facebook



Here you can view the Facebook Authentication information and edit the entries.

Click Add to add a new entry.

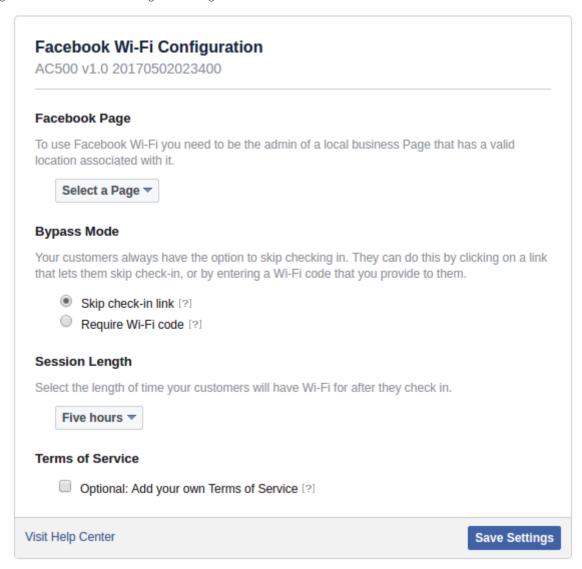
Figure 7-19 Add a New Facebook Entry



Status	Specify whether to turn on the Facebook authentication entry.
SSID	Specify the SSIDs that will be enabled with Facebook authentication. Note: The SSIDs labeled "Bound" are being used by other authentication entries. If these SSIDs are selected, the original configuration will be replaced by the current configuration.
Configuration	Click this button to specify the Facebook Page. For details, refer to the following introduction.
Facebook Page	Displays the name of the specified Facebook Page.
Description	Specify a description for the Facebook entry to make it easier to search for and manage.

Click the **Configuration** button and log in to your Facebook account in the pop-up window. Then configure the Facebook Wi-Fi parameters and click **Save Settings**.

Figure 7-20 Facebook Configuration Page



Facebook Page	Select a Facebook Page that has been created in advance. Note that a valid location should be associated with the Facebook Page.
Bypass Mode	Select bypass mode. There are two options:  Skip check-in link: Users can directly skip check-in and access the network without any code.  Require Wi-Fi code: Users need to enter the Wi-Fi code you configured here to access the network.
Session Length	Select how long the users will have Wi-Fi after they check in.
Terms of Service	(Optional) Check the box and specify the terms of service.

## 7.2.7 Remote Portal

In Remote Portal, you can build your own portal server on the network to provide the customized login page for clients. In such scenario, your customized server is called as remote portal server, and AC will be responsible for the communication between the clients and the remote portal server.

Choose the menu **Authentication > Portal Authentication > Remote Portal** to load the following page.

Figure 7-21 Remote Portal



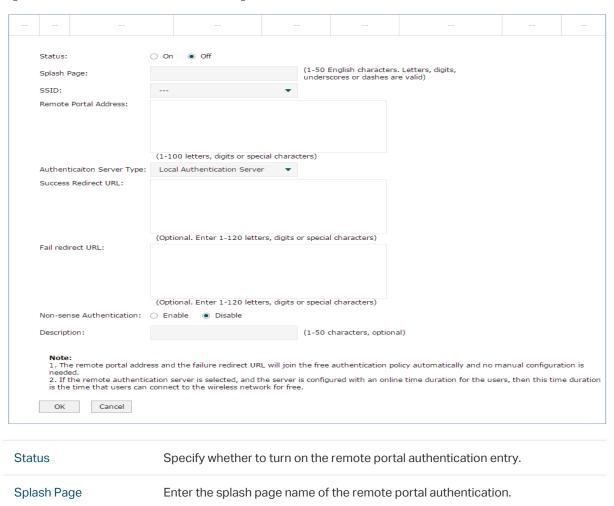
Here you can view the Remote Portal Authentication information and edit the entries.

Click • Add to add a new entry. There are two authentication server type: Local Authentication Server and Remote Authentication Server.

#### Local Authentication Sever

Select Local Authentication Server as the Authentication Server Type, and the following page will appear.

Figure 7-22 Local Authentication Server Page



SSID	Specify the SSID that will be enabled with Remote Portal authentication.  Note: The SSIDs labeled "Bound" are being used by other authentication entries. If these SSIDs are selected, the original configuration will be replaced by the current configuration.
Remote Portal Address	Enter the address of the server used for remote portal authentication.
Authenticaiton Server Type	Select the server type used for remote portal authentication.
Success Redirect URL	Specify the redirect URL address after successful authentication.
Fail redirect URL	Specify the redirect URL address after the authentication failure.
Non-sense Authentication	If non-sense authentication is enabled, the non-sense authenticated users will pass the authentication automatically when connecting to the wireless network.
Description	Specify a description for the remote portal authentication entry to make it easier to search for and manage.

## Note:

When Local Authentication Server is selected, you need to add the login information of the allowed clients. For detailed configuration, refer to 7.3 Local User Management.

## Remote Authentication Sever

Select Remote Authentication Server as the Authentication Server Type, and the following page will appear.

## Note:

To configure the remote Radius server,

Figure 7-23 Remote Authentication Server Page



Status	Specify whether to turn on the remote portal authentication entry.
Splash Page	Enter the splash page name of the remote portal authentication.
VLAN ID	Select the VLAN ID used to remote portal authentication.
Remote Portal Address	Enter the address of the server used for remote portal authentication.
Authenticaiton Server Type	Select the server type used for remote portal authentication.  To configure Radius server, refer to <i>Authentication Server</i> .
Authentication Server Group	Select the server group used for remote portal authentication.

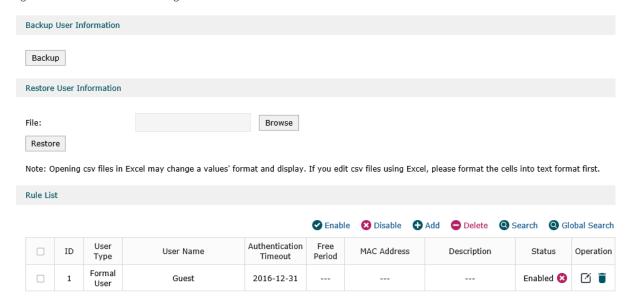
Free Authentication Timeout	Set the free online duration for the users.  Note: If the remote authentication server is configured with an online time duration for the users, then the time duration set on the server will take effect instead of Free Authentication Timeout set here.
Success Redirect URL	Specify the redirect URL address after successful authentication.
Fail redirect URL	Specify the redirect URL address after the authentication failure.
Non-sense Authentication	If non-sense authentication is enabled, the non-sense authenticated users will pass the authentication automatically when connecting to the wireless network.
Description	Specify a description for the remote portal authentication entry to make it easier to search for and manage.

# 7.3 Local User Management

In Local User Management, you can create and manage local user accounts for the Web authentication feature. Clients need to use the local user accounts to pass the Web authentication.

Choose the menu **Authentication > User Management > Local User Management** to load the following page.

Figure 7-24 Local User Management



## ■ Backup User Information

Click **Backup** to backup all the local users' information into a CSV file in ANSI coding format. This file can be restored to the user's list.

## Restore User Information

Add multiple local user entries at a time:

- 1 Save the local user entries as a CSV file with ANSI coding format in the device. You can use the **Backup User Information** function to obtain a CSV file to view the correct format.
- 2 Click **Browse** to select the file path, and then click **Restore** to restore the file.

#### Note:

Using Excel to open the CSV file may cause some numerical format changes, and the number may be displayed incorrectly. If you use Excel to edit the CSV file, please set the cell format as text.

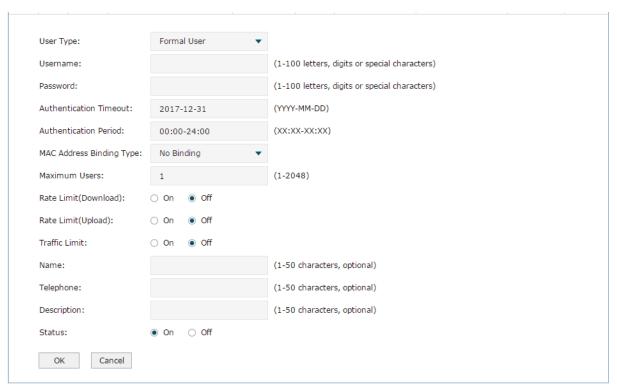
#### Rule List

Here you can specify and view the local users. Click • Add to add a new entry. There are two user types, including Formal User and Free User.

## **Formal User**

You can provide formal users with continuous internet service. When the user's account expires, the account will be invalid.

Figure 7-25 Add a Formal User



User Type	Specify the user type as formal user.
Username	Specify the username. The username should not be the same as any existing one.
Password	Specify the password. Users will be required to enter the username and password when they attempt to access the network.

Authentication Timeout	Specify the authentication timeout for formal users. After the timeout, the users need to log in at the web authentication page again to access the network.
Authentication Period	Specify the authentication period during which the users can log in to the web authentication page.
MAC Address Binding Type	There are three types of MAC binding: <b>No binding</b> , <b>Static Binding</b> and <b>Dynamic Binding</b> .  If dynamic binding is selected, the MAC address of the first user that passes the authentication will be bound.  If static binding is selected, the MAC address of all users that pass the authentication will be bound.
Maximum Users	Specify the maximum number of users able to use this account to pass the authencitation.
Rate Limit (Download)	Select whether to enable download rate limit. With this option enabled, you can specify the limit of download rate.
Rate Limit (Upload)	Select whether to enable upload rate limit. With this option enabled, you can specify the limit of upload rate.
Traffic Limit	Select whether to enable traffic limit. With this option enabled, you can specify the total traffic limit in a period of time. Once the limit is reached in one period, the client cannot access the network until the next period. The period options include <b>Every Day, Every Week, Every Month</b> and <b>All Authentication Time</b> .
Name	Specify the user's name (optional).
Telephone	Specify the user's telephone number (optional).
Description	Enter a description for the user (optional).
Status	Specify whether to enable this account.

## Free User

You can provide free users with internet service for a short time (in minutes). The account can be reused. When the time expires, the user can log in to the authentication page again and can be re-authenticated.

Figure 7-26 Add a Free User



User Type	Specify the user type as free user.
Username	Specify the username. The username should not be the same as any existing one.
Password	Specify the password. Users will be required to enter the username and password when they attempt to access the network.
Authentication Period	Specify the authentication period during which the users can log in to the web authentication page.
Free Period	Specify the free period for the users to be online.
Maximum Users	Specify the maximum number of users able to use this account to pass the authentication.
Rate Limit (Download)	Select whether to enable download rate limit. With this option enabled, you can specify the limit of download rate.
Rate Limit (Upload)	Select whether to enable upload rate limit. With this option enabled, you can specify the limit of upload rate.
Traffic Limit	Select whether to enable traffic limit. With this option enabled, you can specify the total traffic limit in a period of time. Once the limit is reached in one period, the client cannot access the network until the next period. The period options include <b>Every Day, Every Week, Every Month</b> and <b>All Authentication Time</b> .
Description	Optional: Enter a description for the user.
Status	Specify whether to turn on authentication.

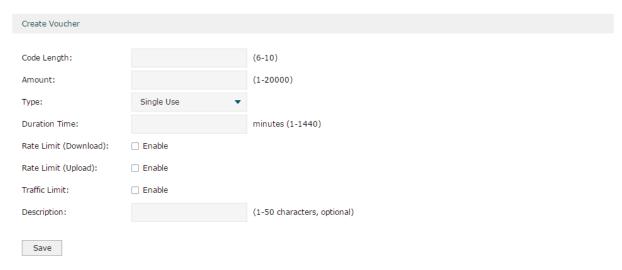
# 7.4 Voucher Management

You can create voucher codes in batch on the Create Voucher page and manage them conveniently on the Manage Voucher page.

## 7.4.1 Create Voucher

Choose the menu **Authentication > Voucher Management > Create Voucher** to load the following page.

Figure 7-27 Create Voucher



Specify the parameters of the vouchers to be created and click **OK**.

Code Length	Specify the length of the voucher codes to be created.
Amount	Specify the number of voucher codes to be created.
Туре	Select the type of the voucher codes to be created. There are two types: Single Use and Multi Use. Single Use allows only one client to pass the authentication with one voucher code. Multi Use allows several clients to pass the authentication with one voucher code.
Max Users	If Multi Use is selected, specify the maximum number of the clients who can use the same voucher code to pass the authentication.
Duration Time	Specify the permitted online time of clients who have passed the authentication.
Rate Limit (Download)	Select whether to enable download rate limit. With this option enabled, you can specify the limit of download rate.
Rate Limit (Upload)	Select whether to enable upload rate limit. With this option enabled, you can specify the limit of upload rate.
Traffic Limit	Specify the total traffic limit for one voucher. Once the limit is reached, the client can no longer access the network using the voucher.

Description	Specify a description for the voucher codes to make them easier to search for and manage.

# 7.4.2 Manage Voucher

Choose the menu **Authentication > Voucher Management > Manage Voucher** to load the following page.

Figure 7-28 Manage Voucher



The above table displays the information of the current vouchers. You can print and distribute them to the users. Also, you can manage the vouchers, such as deleting the vouchers and setting the vouchers to be expired.

Code	Displays the voucher code. Clients will be required to enter the voucher code when they attempt to access the network.
Create Time	Displays the time when the voucher code is created.
Dscription	Displays the description for the voucher code.
Duration	Displays the permitted online time of the clients who have passed the authentication.
Status	Displays whether the code is valid or not, and if valid, how many clients are permitted to pass the authentication.
Operation	<ul> <li>☐: Click this button to print the codes created in the same batch.</li> <li>☐: Click this button to delete the voucher code.</li> <li>☐: Click this button to set the voucher code to be expired, which means that the voucher code cannot be used to pass the authentication.</li> </ul>

# 7.5 Authentication Server

AC supports external Radius server. When clients start the authentication process, the AC will forward user information to the external authentication server, and the server will authenticate the user. To use this feature, follow the steps below:

- 1 Configure the Radius Server. Choose the menu **Authentication > Authentication Server** > **Radius Server**.
- 2 Configure the Server group. Choose the menu **Authentication > Authentication Server** > **Authentication Server Group**.

#### 7.5.1 Radius Server

Choose the menu **Authentication > Authentication Server > Radius Server** to load the following page.

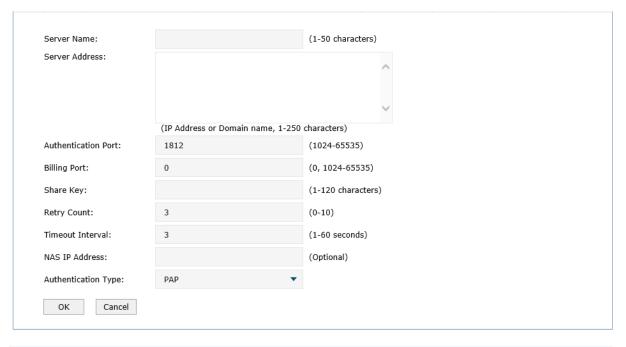
Figure 7-29 Radius Server



Here you can add, edit or delete an external radius server.

Click • Add to add a new entry.

Figure 7-30 Add a Radius Serve



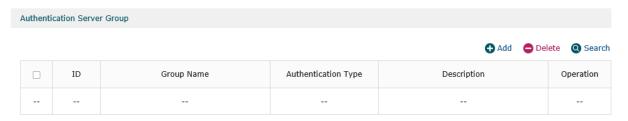
Server Name	Specify a name for the Radius server.
Server Address	Specify the address of the server. It should be an IPv4 address or a DNS domain.
Authentication Port	Specify a port for the server to monitor the authentication packets.

Billing Port	Specify a port for the server to monitor the billing packets. 0 means disable the billing function.
Share Key	Specify a shared key for the Radius server.
Retry Count	If no reply is received after the client sends a connect request, it will keep resending the request. Specify the number of times the client is allowed to resend the request.
Timeout Interval	Specify the timeout interval after the client sends a request packet.
NAS IP Address	Specify the NAS IP address for the authentication. Generally, it is the address by which the AC and Radius server communicate. This field can be left empty.
Authentication Type	The authentication type includes PAP, CHAP, MSCHAP and MSCHAPv2.

# 7.5.2 Authentication Server Group

Choose the menu **Authentication > Authentication Server > Authentication Server Group** to load the following page.

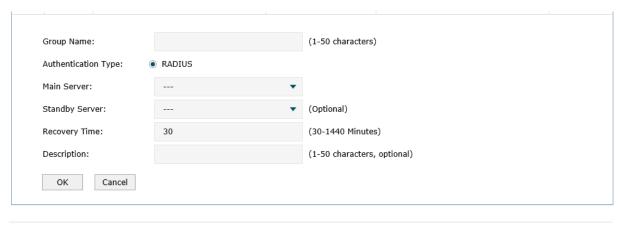
Figure 7-31 Server Group



Here you can view or edit the server group.

Click Add to add a new entry.

Figure 7-32 Add a Serve Group



Group Name	Specify a group name for the authentication server. The group name should not be the same as the existing one.
Authentication Type	Select the authentication server type. Only Radius server is supported so far.

Main Server	Select the main server for the group. The main server will have higher priority.
Standby Server	Select the standby server for the group. If the main server malfunctions, the standby server will come into use.
Recovery Time	Specify the time interval after the main server malfunctions for reconnection.
Description	Specify a description for the authentication server group.

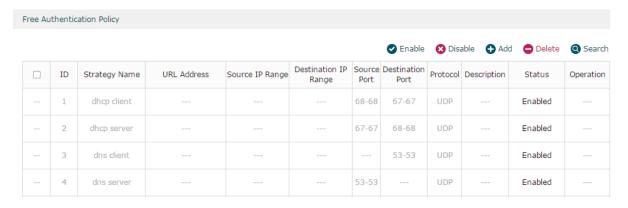
# 7.6 Authentication Config

## 7.6.1 Free Authentication Policy

Free authentication policy is used to provide free resources for clients before they pass the portal authentication.

Choose the menu **Authentication > Portal Authentication > Free Authentication Policy** to load the following page.

Figure 7-33 Free Authentication Policy



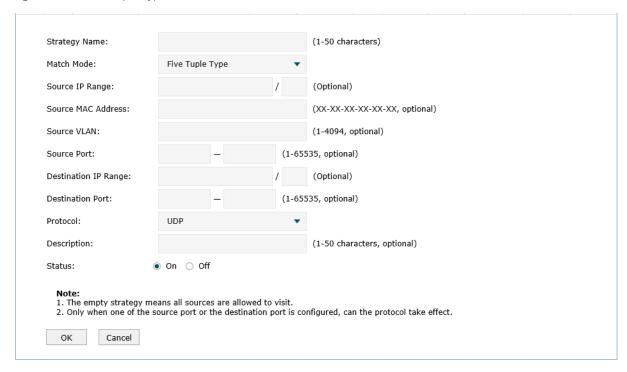
Here you can view the Free Authentication Policy information and edit the entries. Entry 1 to entry 4 are default free authentication policies and cannot be edited.

Click • Add to add a new entry. There are two Match Modes, including Five Tuple Type and URL Type.

### Five Tuple Type

Five Tuple Type is configured based on the IP address range, MAC address, VLAN ID, port and protocol. It is recommended to select Five Tuple Type when there are many parameters to be configured in the free authentication policy.

Figure 7-34 Five Tuple Type



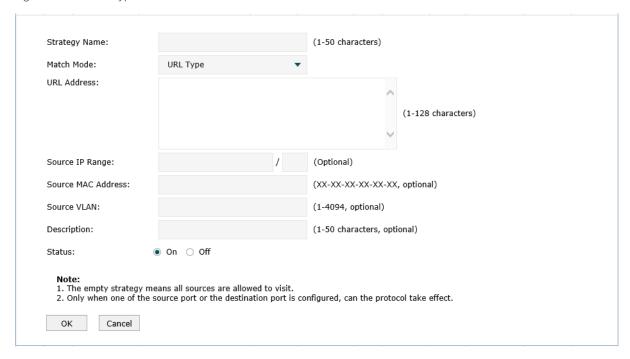
Strategy Name	Specify a name for the free authentication policy entry.
Match Mode	Specify a match mode for the free authentication policy.
Source IP Range	Specify the source IP address and subnet mask of the free authentication policy entry.
Source MAC Address	Specify the source MAC address of the free authentication policy entry.
Source VLAN	Specify the source VLAN ID of the free authentication policy entry.
Source Port	Specify the source port range of the free authentication policy entry.
Destination IP Range	Specify the destination IP address and subnet mask of the free authentication policy entry.
Destination Port	Specify the destination source MAC address of the free authentication policy entry.
Protocol	Specify the service protocol of the free authentication policy entry.

Description	Specify a description for the free authentication policy entry to make it easier to search for and manage.
Status	Specify whether to turn on the free authentication policy.

## URL Type

URL Type is configured based on the URL address, IP address range, MAC address and VLAN ID. It is recommended to select URL Type when the URL address is already known.

Figure 7-35 URL Type



Strategy Name	Specify a name for the free authentication policy entry.
Match Mode	Specify a match mode for the free authentication policy.
URL Address	Specify the URL address for the URL type of free authentication policy.
Source IP Range	Specify the source IP address and subnet mask of the free authentication policy entry.
Source MAC Address	Specify the source MAC address of the free authentication policy entry.
Source VLAN	Specify the source VLAN ID of the free authentication policy entry.
Protocol	Specify the service protocol of the free authentication policy entry.
Description	Specify a description for the free authentication policy entry to make it easier to search for and manage.
Status	Specify whether to turn on the free authentication policy.

#### Note:

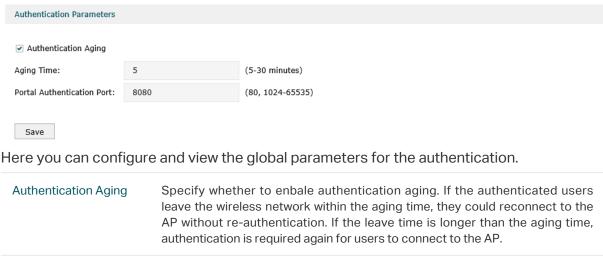
• The empty strategy means all sources are allowed to visit.

Only when one of the source port or the destination port is configured, can the protocol take effect.

#### 7.6.2 Authentication Parameters

Choose the menu **Authentication > Portal Authentication > Authentication Parameters** to load the following page.

Figure 7-36 Authentication Config



Aging Time

Enter the aging time within which the users could reconnect to the AP without authentication. The default value is 5.

Portal Authentication

Specify the service port for portal authentication. The default setting is 8080. It

Port should not be the same as other occupied service ports.

# 7.7 Applications

# 7.7.1 Application for Web Authentication

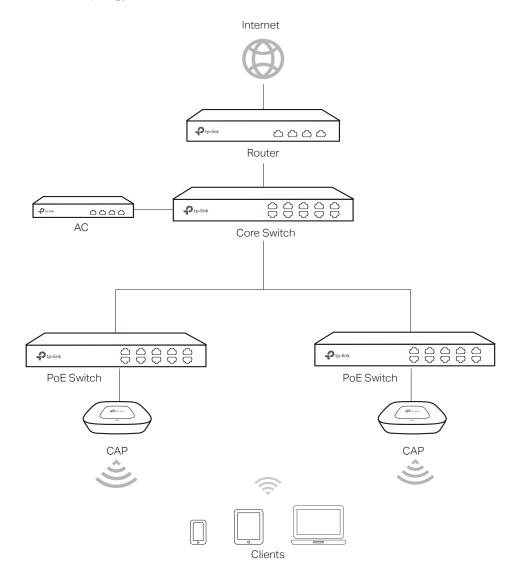
#### Network Requirements

A hotel wants to offer customers internet access and push hotel advertisements through the Web authentication page. The clients can access the network only after passing the Web authentication.

In this case, the hotel can use the local authentication server to authenticate the clients and use the advertisement feature to display the advertisement pictures to the clients.

### Network Topology

Figure 7-37 Network Topology



## Configuration Steps

#### 1 Create SSID

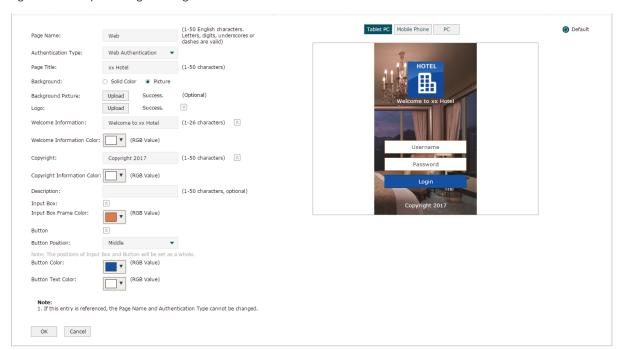
Create an SSID for the clients in the Wireless module.

### 2 Configure the Splash Page

Choose the menu **Authentication > Portal Authentication > Splash Page**. Click **1** Add to add a new entry.

Set the Authentication Type as **Web Authentication** and set the related parameters. Here you can upload the logo image and a promotional image of the hotel to the device.

Figure 7-38 Splash Page Configurations

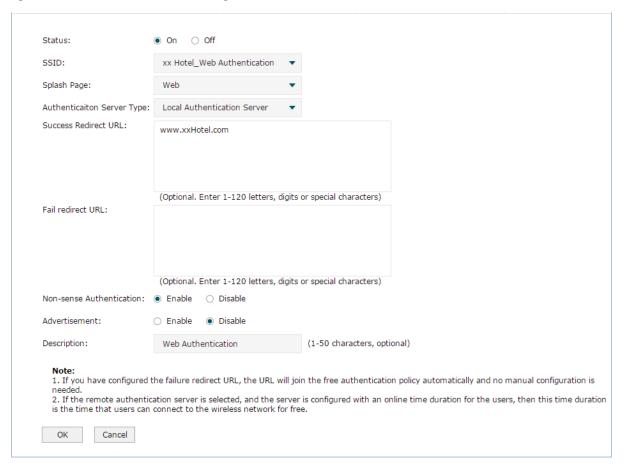


## 3 Configure the Web Authentication

Choose the menu Authentication > Portal Authentication > Web Authentication. Click 
 Add to add a new entry.

Enable **Web Authentication** and set the related parameters.

Figure 7-39 Web Authentication Configurations



#### 4 Add Authentication Accounts

After Web Authentication configuration, we still need to add user accounts to the device.

In this example, we create accounts to meet the following requirements: Each room is offered with a free account, and up to three clients are able to use this account to pass the authentication at the same time. The free time is two hours, and the client needs to restart the authentication after the time expires.

Choose the menu Authentication > Local User Management > Local User Management.

Click Add to add a new entry.

Set the related parameters as shown below.

Figure 7-40 Add a Free Account



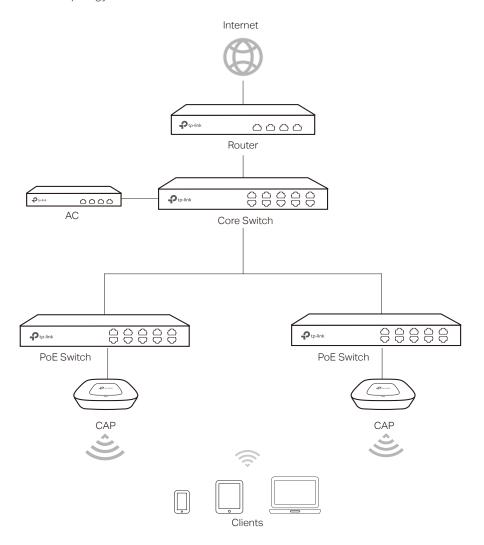
## 7.7.2 Application for Onekey Online

## **Network Requirements**

A hotel wants to offer customers free internet access. Customers can access the internet without providing any information. In this case, the hotel can use **Onekey Online** to meet the requirements.

#### Network Topology

Figure 7-41 Network Topology



### Configuration Steps

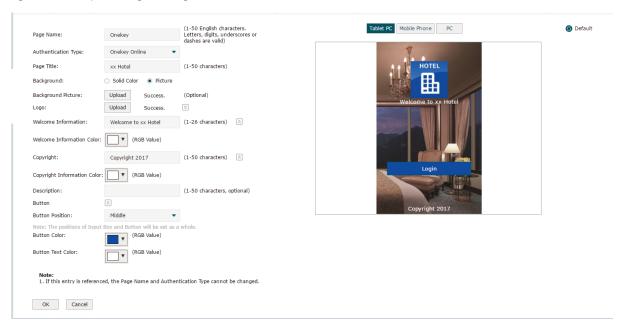
#### 1 Create SSID

Create an SSID for the clients in the Wireless module.

#### 2 Configure the Splash Page

Choose the menu Authentication > Portal Authentication > Splash Page. Click add to add a new entry. Set the Authentication Type as Onekey Online and set the other related parameters.

Figure 7-42 Splash Page Configurations



## 3 Configure Onekey Online

In this case, we set the free online time as 30 minutes, and the client needs to restart the connection after the time expires.

Choose the menu **Authentication > Portal Authentication > Onekey Online.** Click **1** Add to add a new entry. Turn on the Onekey Online and set the related parameters.

Figure 7-43 Onekey Online Configurations



# 7.7.3 Application for Voucher

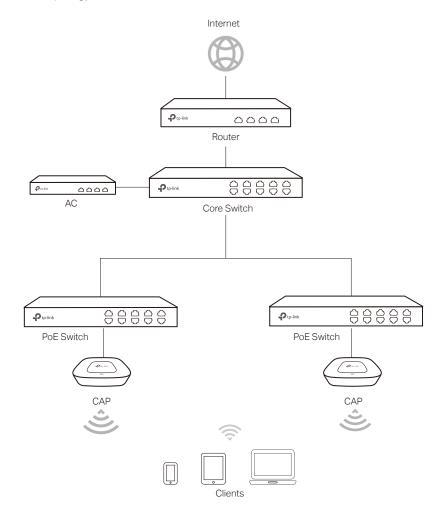
#### Network Requirements

A hotel wants to offer customers internet access. To access the internet, the customers should provide the correct codes which are got from the hotel to pass the authentication.

In this case, the hotel can use the Voucher feature to generate voucher codes and assign these codes to the clients. AC can use the built-in authentication server to authenticate the clients.

## Network Topology

Figure 7-44 Network Topology



### Configuration Steps

#### 1 Create SSID

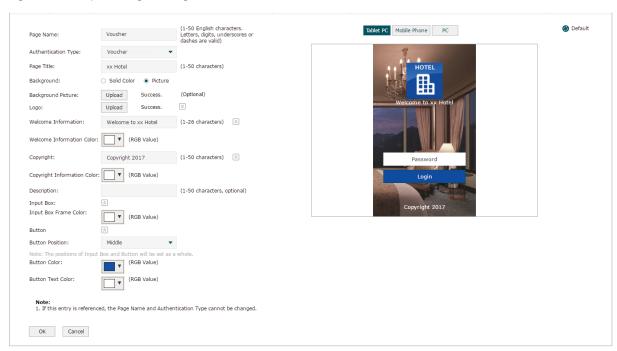
Create an SSID for the clients in the Wireless module.

### 2 Configure the splash page.

Choose the menu **Authentication > Portal Authentication > Splash Page**. Click **3** Add to add a new entry.

Set the Authentication Type as **Voucher** and set the related parameters.

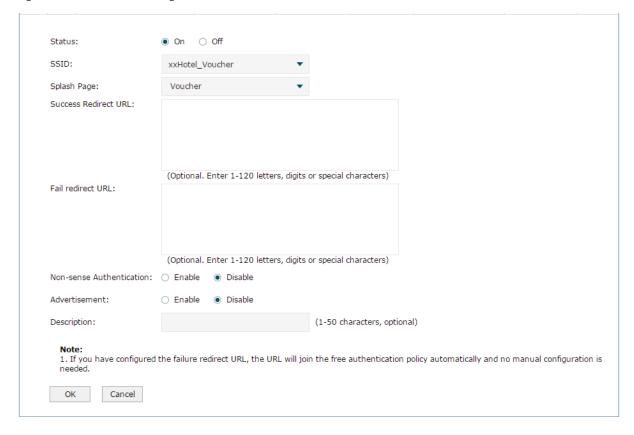
Figure 7-45 Splash Page Configurations



### 3 Configure Voucher Authentication

Choose the menu **Authentication > Portal Authentication > Voucher**. Click **1** Add to add a new entry. Turn on the Voucher feature and set the related parameters. Click **0K**.

Figure 7-46 Voucher Configurations



#### 4 Create Vouchers

Choose the menu Authentication > Portal Authentication > Voucher Management > Create Voucher. Specify the related parameters and click Save.

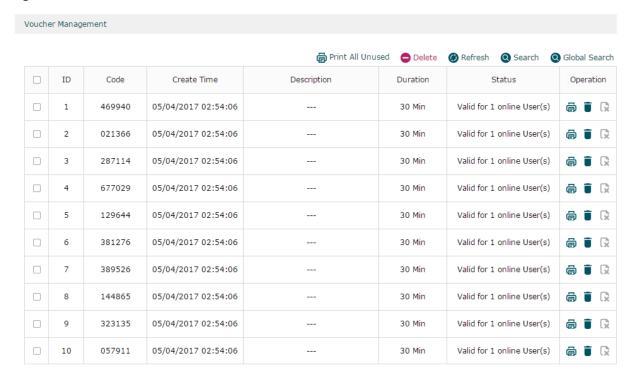
Figure 7-47 Create Vouchers



#### 5 Print Vouchers

Choose the menu Authentication > Portal Authentication > Voucher Management > Manage Voucher. Click Print All Unused to export the voucher codes.

Figure 7-48 View Vouchers



The voucher codes in the table will be exported as the following figure shows. You can print these codes and give them to your customers.

Figure 7-49 Print Vouchers

469940 Valid for 30 Min	021366 Valid for 30 Min	287114 Valid for 30 Min
With 1 online User(s)	With 1 online User(s)	With 1 online User(s)
677029	129644	381276
Valid for 30 Min With 1 online User(s)	Valid for 30 Min With 1 online User(s)	Valid for 30 Min With 1 online User(s)
389526	144865	323135
Valid for 30 Min With 1 online User(s)	Valid for 30 Min With 1 online User(s)	Valid for 30 Min With 1 online User(s)
057911	450677	306268
Valid for 30 Min With 1 online User(s)	Valid for 30 Min With 1 online User(s)	Valid for 30 Min With 1 online User(s)
872269	892106	711512
Valid for 30 Min With 1 online User(s)	Valid for 30 Min With 1 online User(s)	Valid for 30 Min With 1 online User(s)

# 7.7.4 Application for SMS

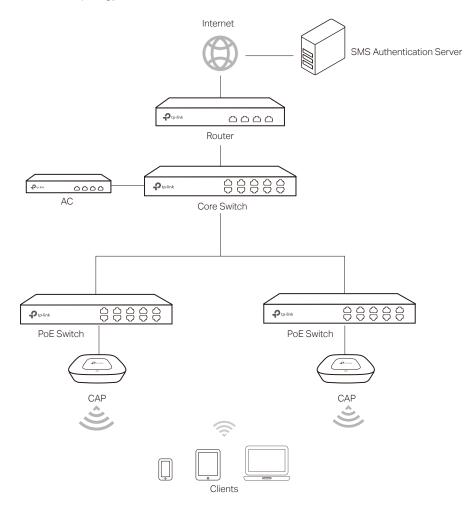
## Network Requirements

A hotel wants to offer customers internet access using the Twilio API service. The customer needs to get authentication code using a mobile phone and access the network with the authentication code.

In this case, the hotel can use the SMS feature to authenticate the clients.

## Network Topology

Figure 7-50 Network Topology



## Configuration Steps

#### 1 Create SSID

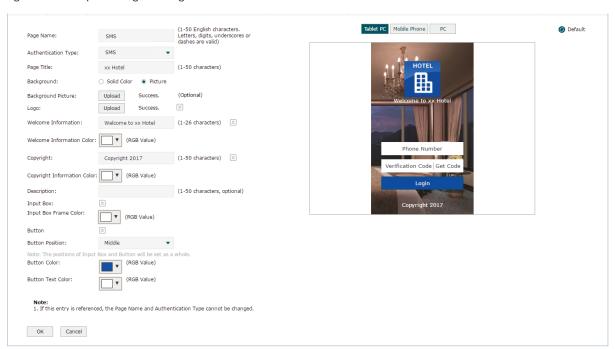
Create an SSID for the clients in the Wireless module.

### 2 Configure the splash page

Choose the menu Authentication > Portal Authentication > Splash Page. Click add to add a new entry.

Set the Authentication Type as **SMS** and set the related parameters.

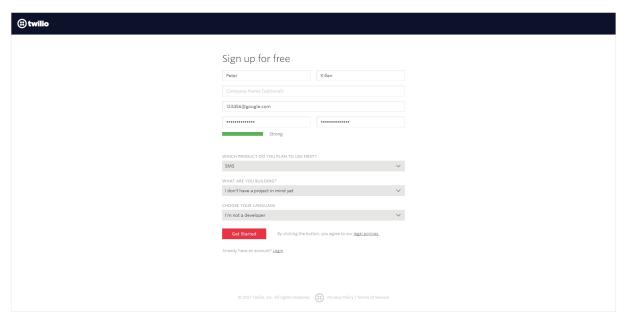
Figure 7-51 Splash Page Configurations



## 3 Register an Twilio account

Go to the official website of Twilio and follow the instructions to create an account.

Figure 7-52 Register Account



#### 4 Apply for Twilio Service and get the related information

After successful login to Twilio, you need to buy the service for SMS according to the instructions on the website. Then get the account information, including ACCOUNT SID, AUTH TOKEN and Phone number.

Figure 7-53 Account Infromation\_SID and Auth Token

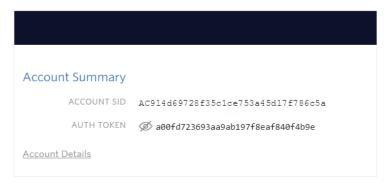


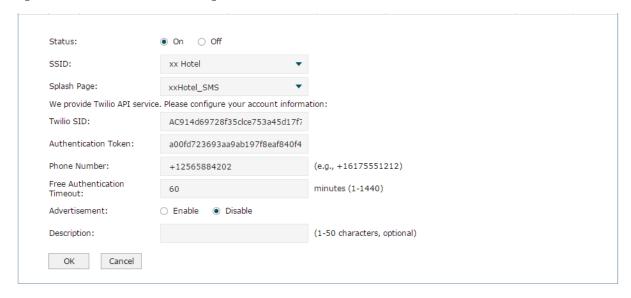
Figure 7-54 Account Infromation\_Phone Number



#### 5 Configure the SMS Authentication

Choose the menu **Authentication > Portal Authentication > SMS.** Click **3** Add to add a new entry.

Figure 7-55 SMS Authentication Page



Enable SMS and configure the related parameters. You can directly paste the Twilio account information from the website to this page. Click **OK**.

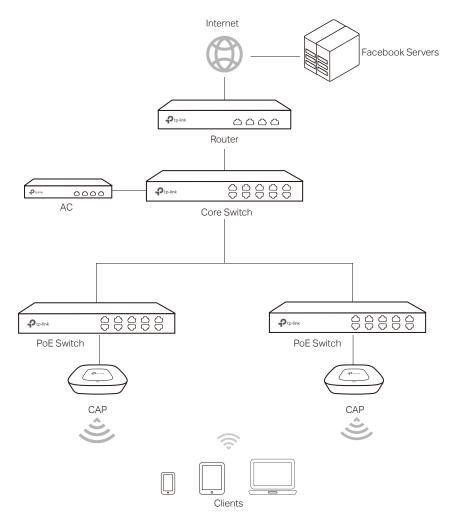
# 7.7.5 Application for Facebook

#### Network Requirements

A hotel wants to offer customers internet access and push hotel advertisement through the Facebook Page of the hotel. And The customers will be redirected to the Facebook Page after checking in. In this case, the hotel can use the Facebook authentication feature to authenticate the clients.

#### Network Topology

Figure 7-56 Network Topology



### Configuration Steps

### 1 Create the Facebook Page

Log in to Facebook and create a Facebook Page with advertisements of the hotel.

#### 2 Create SSID

Create an SSID for the clients in the Wireless module.

## 3 Configure the Facebook Authentication

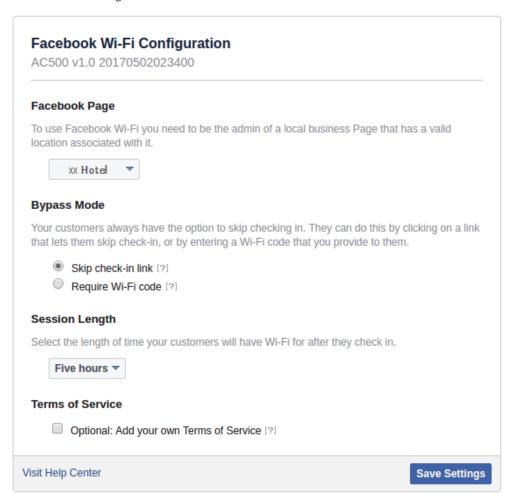
Choose the menu **Authentication > Portal Authentication > Facebook**. Click **1** Add to add a new entry.

Figure 7-57 Facebook Authentication Page



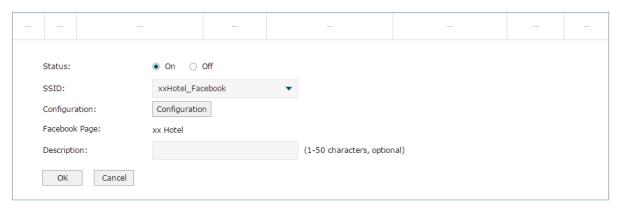
Click the **Configuration** button and specify the Facebook Page and the related parameters. Click **Save Settings** and close this window.

Figure 7-58 Facebook Configurations



Verify the configuration result and click **OK**.

Figure 7-59 Facebook Configuration Result



# 7.7.6 Application for Remote Portal

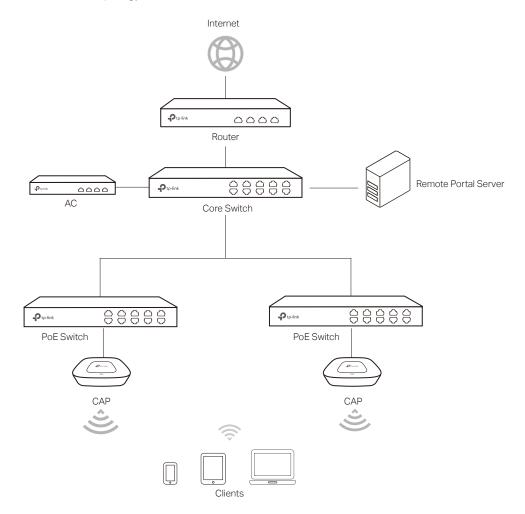
## Network Requirements

A hotel wants to offer customers internet access and use the remote portal server to push hotel advertisement through the login page. The clients can access the network only after pass the authentication.

In this case, the hotel can use the Remote Portal feature. The remote portal server provides login and authentication page, and the local server of the AC authenticates the clients.

### Network Topology

Figure 7-60 Network Topology



### Configuration Steps

#### 1 Build Remote Portal Server

Build your remote portal server on the network and make sure the connectivity between the AC and the server.

#### 2 Create SSID

Create an SSID for the clients in the Wireless module.

### 3 Configure the Remote Portal Authentication

Choose the menu **Authentication > Portal Authentication > Remote Portal**. Click **1** Add to add a new entry. Enable **Remote Portal** and set the related parameters.

Figure 7-61 Web Authentication Configurations

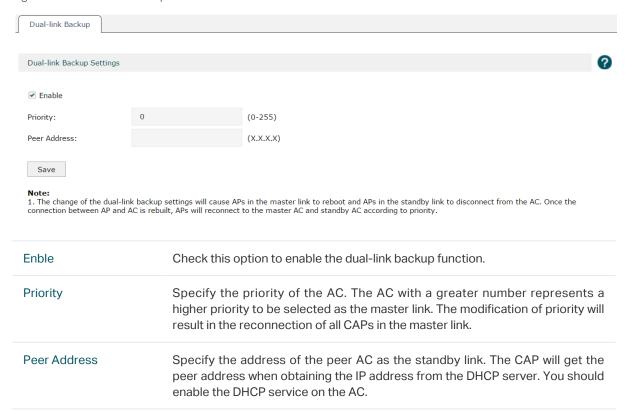
Status:	● On ○ Off	
Splash Page:	xxHotel	(1-50 English characters. Letters, digits, underscores or dashes are valid)
SSID:	xxHotel_remote portal	
Remote Portal Address:	192.168.0.56	
	(1-100 letters, digits or special charac	cters)
Authentication Server Type:	Local Authentication Server ▼	
Success Redirect URL:		
	(Optional. Enter 1-120 letters, digits	or special characters)
Failure Redirect URL:		
	(Optional. Enter 1-120 letters, digits	or special characters)
Non-sense Authentication:	○ Enable ● Disable	
Description:		(1-50 characters, optional)
needed.  2. If the remote authentication	_	the free authentication policy automatically and no manual configuration is is configured with an online time duration for the users, then this time duration.

# 8 Link Backup

# 8.1 Dual-link Backup

Choose the menu Link Backup > Dual-link Backup > Dual-link Backup to load the following page. Check the option to enable the dual-link backup.

Figure 8-1 Dual-link Backup



Click Save to complete the configuration.

#### Note:

- If the priority and peer address are changed, the CAPs in the standby link should be rebooted to make the settings take effect. To keep the settings of the master link and standby link consistent, please reboot all the CAPs in the standby link after the modification of the settings.
- · ACs used in the dual-link backup should be the same models.
- With the dual-link backup enabled, please ensure the settings of the master AC and standby AC are consistent.
- When the CAPs switch to the standby link from the master link, the authenticated wireless clients will expire
  and be required to re-authenticate.

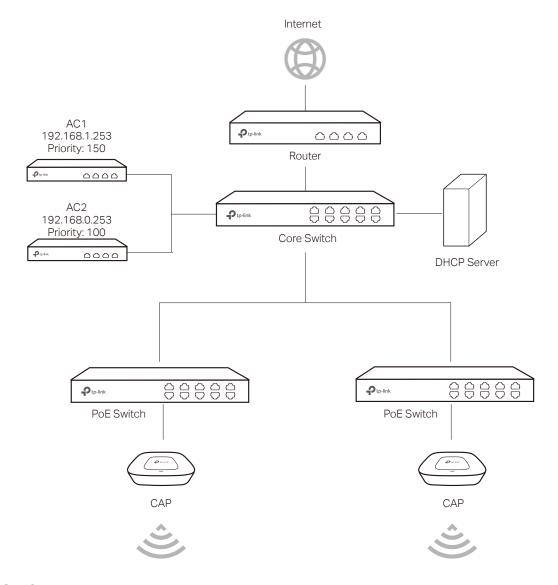
# 8.2 Application

#### Scenario

The dual-link backup and the standby AC are applied in the scenario that two ACs are used to manage wireless networks together.

#### Topology

Figure 8-2 Topology



### Configuration

1 Configure the external DHCP server.

The external DHCP should support the configuration of the option field. Refer to the corresponding guide for details of the option settings.

When an AP obtains an IP address from the DHCP server, it also needs the DHCP server to deliver the IP addresses of the two ACs in the network. You should configure the following parameters in the DHCP server:

Enter TP-LINK at the DHCP Option 60 field.

Enter the IP addresses of the two ACs into DHCP Option 138 filed, therefore, the CAPs in the network can find the two ACs.

#### Note:

- Before configuring the external DHCP server, please disable the DHCP function of the AC to avoid CAPs obtaining IP addresses abnormally.
- Please enable DHCP Relay function on the core switch to ensure that the DHCP packets can be transmitted.

#### 2 Configure the priority

There are several ACs in the network and they can manage all the CAPs normally. If you want CAPs to be managed by a specified AC, set a higher priority for it. When a new CAP requests to connect to an AC, the AC with higher priority will be connected first. The higher value means higher priority.

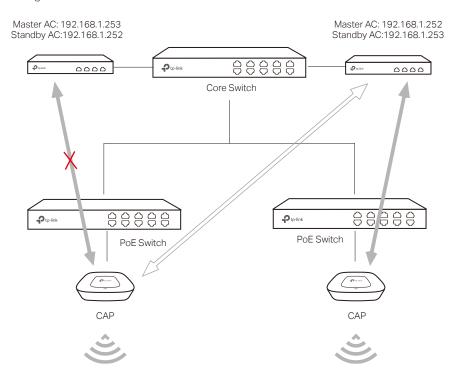
In the above topology, the priority of AC1 is 150 and AC2 is 100. Therefore the AC becomes the master controller of the CAPs and all CAPs will connect to AC1 first. AC2 is the standby controller.

#### 3 Configure the standby AC

The standby AC comes into use when the master AC breaks down and cannot work normally. In this situation, the CAPs will automatically accept the management of the standby AC.

If you want CAPs to connect to another AC when the master AC malfunctions, please enter the IP address of the standby AC into the peer address field. Therefore, the master AC will deliver the IP address of the standby AC to CAPs when assigning IP addresses. CAPs will be associated with master AC and standby AC at the same time. When the master AC breaks down, the standby AC becomes the master AC.

Figure 8-3 Working Process



### Note:

Standby AC should be configured along with the link priority. The AC with higher priority becomes the master AC and the lower one is the standby AC.

# 9 System Tools

## 9.1 Account

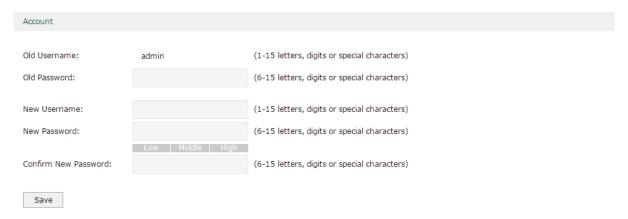
There are two types of accounts: Administrator and Operator.

- Administrator can configure and view all settings of the AC and configure the Operator account. When you buy a new AC, you will log in to the AC with the default Administrator account.
- Operator can only use the Local User Management and Voucher Management features.
   By default, Operator account does not exist. You can use your Administrator account to create the Operator account.

## 9.1.1 Administrator Account

Choose the menu **System Tools > Admin Setup > Administrator Account** to load the following page.

Figure 9-1 Administrator Account



Here you can change the login username and password of the Administrator account.

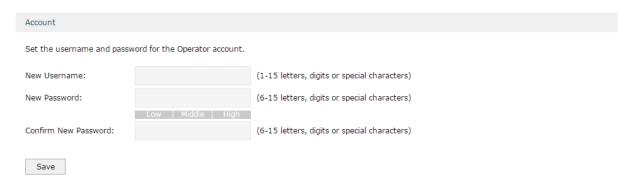
Old Username	Enter the current username.
Old Password	Enter the current password.
New Username	Enter a new username. Letters, digits and special characters are allowed.
New Password	Enter a new password. Please enter a strong password to secure your device and network.
Confirm New Password	Enter the new password again for confirmation.

Strength	Low, Middle and High indicate the password strength.  Tip: Use a combination of letters, digits and symbols to create a strong
	password.

# 9.1.2 Operator Account

Choose the menu **System Tools > Admin Setup > Operator Account** to load the following page.

Figure 9-2 Operator Account



Here you can configure the login username and password of the Operator account. If the Operator account already exists, you can change the username and password of the Operator account.

New Username	Specify a username for the account.
New Password	Specify a password for the account.
Confirm New Password	Enter the password again for confirmation.

# 9.1.3 System Settings

Choose the menu System Tools > Account > Systems to load the following page.

Figure 9-3 System Settings



Here you can specify the service port and session timeout.

HTTP Server Port	Specify the web server port. Port 80 is the default. The port should not be the the same as other service ports.
Redirect HTTP to HTTPS	With redirect HTTP to HTTPS enabled, the http website will be redirected to https website automatically when you log in to the management web page.
HTTPS Server Port	Specify the secure web server port. Port 443 is the default. The port should not be the same as other service ports.
Web Idle Timeout	If the device does not perform any tasks in the specified time interval, the system will log out automatically to secure the device and network. The default setting is 6 minutes.

## 9.2 Administration

## 9.2.1 Factory Default Restore

Choose the menu **System Tools > Administration > Factory Default Restore** to load the following page.

Figure 9-4 Factory Default Restore

Factory Defaults

Revert all the configuration settings to their default values.

Factory Restore

Click **Factory Restore** to restore your device to its factory default settings.

**Factory Restore** will clear all the configurations. It is highly recommended to back up your current configurations in case a recovery is needed to restore the system to a previous state or from the factory defaults.

The device will reboot after the factory restore is complete.

# 9.2.2 Backup & Restore

Choose the menu **System Tools > Administration > Backup & Restore** to load the following page.

Figure 9-5 Backup & Restore

Version
Current Version: 1.0.0
Backup
Click Save to save a copy of your current settings. It is recommended to back up your settings before changing configurations or upgrading firmware.
Restore
Restore saved settings from a file.
File: Browse
Restore

#### Version

View the current version.

#### Backup

Click **Backup** to save a copy of your current settings. Please save your copy in a secure file location. It is recommended to back up the settings before you change the configurations and upgrade the firmware.

#### Restore

Click **Browse** to locate and select the backup file, then click **Restore** to import the file to recover the configurations.

#### Note:

- Please keep the power supply stable and avoid power off during the backup and import process.
- If the version of the imported configuration file differs a lot from the current version of the controller, the configuration information may be lost.

### 9.2.3 Reboot

Choose the menu **System Tools > Administration > Reboot** to load the following page.

Figure 9-6 Reboot



Click **Reboot** to reboot your device. Some settings will be applied only after the device has rebooted.

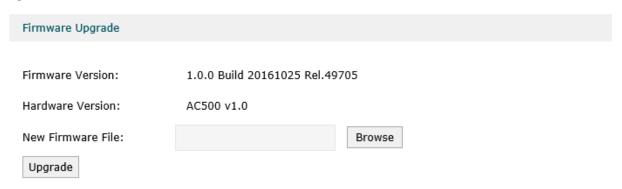
#### Note:

DO NOT power off your device while it is rebooting.

## 9.2.4 Firmware Upgrade

Choose the menu **System Tools > Administration > Firmware Upgrade** to load the following page.

Figure 9-7 Reboot



Here you can upgrade your firmware. Please back up your configurations before upgrading. Click **Browse** to locate the firmware file, then click **Upgrade** to upgrade your firmware.

For the latest firmware version, please go to www.tp-link.com

Firmware Version	Displays the current firmware version.
Hardware Version	Displays the current hardware version.

#### Note:

- DO NOT power off your device or refresh the page during the upgrade. The device will reboot after the upgrade is complete.
- The configurations may be lost after upgrading. Please back up your configurations before upgrading.

## 9.3 Traffic Statistics

Choose the menu System Tools > Traffic Statistics > Interface Statistics to load the following page.

Figure 9-8 Interface Statice



Here you can view the traffic statistics of the interfaces and click the header to display the data in ascending or descending order.

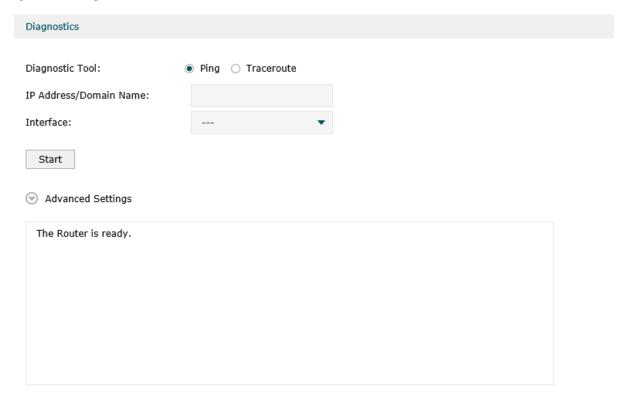
Interface	Displays the current enabled interface of the device.
TX Rate (Kb/s)	Displays the rate data frames are transmitted.

RX Rate (Kb/s)	Displays the rate data frames are received.
TX Packet Rate (Pkt/s)	Displays the rate data packets are transmitted.
Total TX Bytes	Displays the total bytes transimitted by the interface.
Total RX Bytes	Displays the total bytes received by the interface.
Total TX Packets	Displays the total packets transmitted by the interface.
Total RX Packets	Displays the total packets received by the interface.

# 9.4 Diagnostics

Choose the menu System Tools > Diagnostics > Diagnostics to load the following page.

Figure 9-9 Diagnostics



Here you can use the diagnostic tools to detect the current network connection status.

The device provides **Ping** and **Traceroute** tools to help you troubleshoot network connection problems.

The Ping tool sends packets to a target IP Address or Domain Name and logs the results, such as the number of packets sent and received, and the round-trip time.

The Traceroute tool sends packets to a target IP Address or Domain Name and displays the number of hops and time to reach the destination.

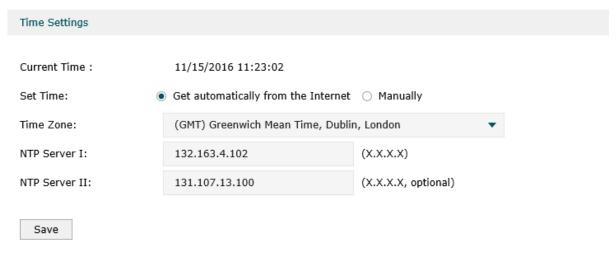
Diagnostic Tool Specify the diagnostic tool as Ping/Traceroute.
---

IP Address/Domain Name	Enter the IP address or the domain name of the Ping host or the traceroute host.
Interface	Enter the interface of the Ping host or the traceroute host.
Ping Count	Specify the ping count.
Ping Packet Size	Specify the ping packet size.
Traceroute Max TTL	Specify the number of hops (to be reached) in the Traceroute Max TTL (Time to Live) field.

# 9.5 Time Settings

Choose the menu **System Tools > Time Settings > Time Settings** to load the following page.

Figure 9-10 Time Settings

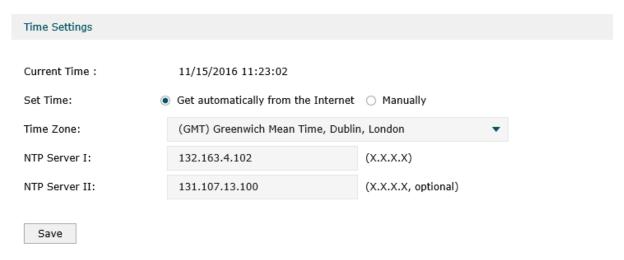


Note: only IP addresses are valid in the NTP server field.

Here you can view or set the system time. You can get the system time from the Internet,or set it manually.

#### Get automatically from the Internet

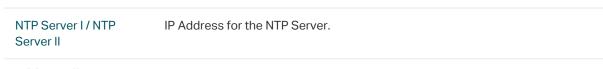
Figure 9-11 Get Automatically from the Internet



Note: only IP addresses are valid in the NTP server field.

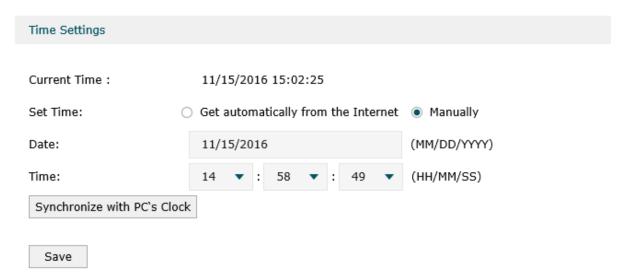
If the AC can access the Internet, you can get the system time automatically from the Internet. The AC will search available internal NTP (Network Time Protocol) server and get the system time. If failed, please set the IP address of the NTP server manually. After the configuration, click **Save**, and the AC will get the system time from the NTP server.

Current Time	Displays the current system time.
Set Time	Specify the way the time is set (get automatically from the internet or manually).
Time Zone	Specify the time zone of the device.



## Manually

Figure 9-12 Get Automatically From the Internet



If the AC cannot access the Internet, you should set the system time manually.

Current Time	Displays the current system time.
Set Time	Specify the way the time is set (get automatically from the internet or manually).
Date	Specify the time zone of the device.
Time	IP Address for the NTP Server.
Synchronize with PC's Clock	Click this button, and the system time of the device will be matched with the current time on the host PC.

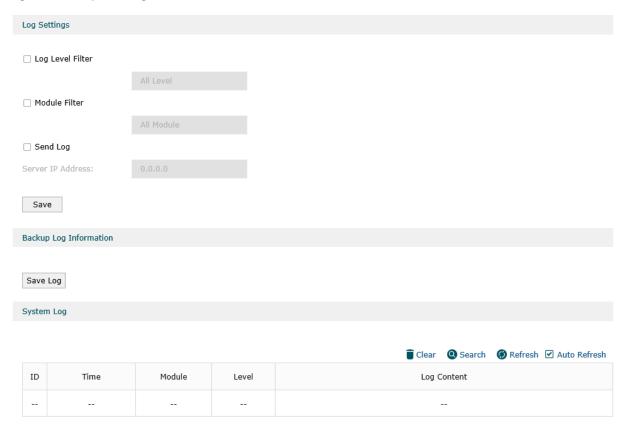
#### Note:

AC500 has a built-in RTC (Real-time Clock) chip, the system time won't be restored to the default time setting when the AC is rebooted or powered off. AC50 doesn't have an RTC chip. Please set the time manually or connect to the internet to set the time after the device is rebooted or powered off.

# 9.6 System Log

Choose the menu System Tools > System Log > System Log to load the following page.

Figure 9-13 System Log



#### Log Settings

#### Log Level Filter

Displays a list of the most recent activity (events) on the network. You can define the level of logs you want to view in the log level filter dropdown list.

All level: Displays all level of the system logs.

**EMERGENCY**: Displays emergency system logs. These are fatal errors that may result in system breakdown.

**ALERT**: Displays alert system logs. These are serious errors that require urgent system repair.

**CRITICAL**: Displays critical system logs. These are fatal errors that may result in danger to the system.

**ERRORS**: Displays error system logs. These are ordinary errors in the system.

**WARNING**: Displays warning system logs. These are warning messages that remind the user that there may be some hidden threats to the system.

**NOTICE**: Displays notice system logs. These are important notices about the system.

**INFO**: Displays ordinary system information. **DEBUG**: Displays the debug information.

#### Module Filter

You can define the module of logs you want to view in the module filter dropdown list.

ALL Module: Displays all system log modules.

**System Management**: Displays the system's management log, including the

account, device management and time settings.

**Interface Management**: Displays the system's interface management log.

DHCP server: Displays the system's DHCP server log. AP Control: Displays the system's AP control log. AP Upgrade: Displays the system's AP upgrade log. AP database: Displays the system's AP database log. Radio: Displays the system's radio setings log. Link Backup: Displays the system's link backup log.

**Portal authentication**: Displays the system's portal authentication log. **MAC Authentication**: Displays the system's MAC authentication log. **User Management**: Displays the system's user management log. **Wireless service**: Displays the system's wireless service log.

Wireless Client: Displays the system's client log.

Load Balancing: Displays the system's load balancing log.

#### Send Log

Check the box and specify the server address the log will be sent to.

#### Backup Log Information

Click Save Log to save the system log.

System Log

Displays the system log.