TP-LINK®

User Guide

TL-WR710N

WiFi Pocket Router/AP/TV Adapter/Repeater



1910011703 REV2.1.0

COPYRIGHT & TRADEMARKS

Specifications are subject to change without notice. **TP-LINK**[®] is a registered trademark of TP-LINK TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD. Other brands and product names are trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective holders.

No part of the specifications may be reproduced in any form or by any means or used to make any derivative such as translation, transformation, or adaptation without permission from TP-LINK TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD. Copyright © 2016 TP-LINK TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD . All rights reserved.

http://www.tp-link.com

CE Mark Warning

CE1588

This is a class B product. In a domestic environment, this product may cause radio interference, in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

RF Exposure Information

This device meets the EU requirements (1999/5/EC Article 3.1a) on the limitation of exposure of the general public to electromagnetic fields by way of health protection.

The device complies with RF specifications when the device used at 20 cm from your body.



Продукт сертифіковано згідно с правилами системи УкрСЕПРО на відповідність вимогам нормативних документів та вимогам, що передбачені чинними законодавчими актами України.

EHC

Safety Information

- When product has power button, the power button is one of the way to shut off the product; when there is no power button, the only way to completely shut off power is to disconnect the product or the power adapter from the power source.
- Don't disassemble the product, or make repairs yourself. You run the risk of electric shock and voiding the limited warranty. If you need service, please contact us.
- Avoid water and wet locations.

Explanation of the symbols on the product label

Symbol	Explanation
	Class II equipment
\sim	AC voltage

	Indoor use only
	RECYCLING
	This product bears the selective sorting symbol for Waste electrical and electronic
	equipment (WEEE). This means that this product must be handled pursuant to
X	European directive 2012/19/EU in order to be recycled or dismantled to minimize
_	its impact on the environment.
	User has the choice to give his product to a competent recycling organization or to the retailer when he buys a new electrical or electronic equipment.

DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

For the following equipment:

Product Description: WiFi Pocket Router/AP/TV Adapter/Repeater

Model No.: TL-WR710N

Trademark: TP-LINK

We declare under our own responsibility that the above products satisfy all the technical regulations applicable to the product within the scope of Council Directives:

Directives 1999/5/EC, Directives 2004/108/EC, Directives 2006/95/EC, Directives 2011/65/EU, Directives 2009/125/EC

The above product is in conformity with the following standards or other normative documents

EN 300328 V1.9.1

EN 301489-1 V1.9.2 & EN 301489-17 V2.2.1

EN 55022: 2010+AC: 2011

EN 55024: 2010

EN 60950-1: 2006 + A11: 2009 + A1: 2010 + A12: 2011 + A2: 2013

EN 50385: 2002

EN 50581: 2012

(EC) No 1275/2008

(EU) No 801/2013

The product carries the CE Mark:



Person responsible for making this declaration:



Huang Jing Regulatory Compliance Manager

Date of issue: 2016-3-22

TP-LINK TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD.

Building 24 (floors 1, 3, 4, 5), and 28 (floors 1-4) Central Science and Technology Park, Shennan Rd, Nanshan, Shenzhen, China

Package C	ontents	3	错误!未定义书签。
Chapter 1.	Introd	luction	2
1.1	Overvi	ew of the Router	2
1.2	Conve	ntions	3
1.3	Main F	eatures	3
1.4	Panel	Layout	3
Chapter 2.	Conne	ecting the Router	5
2.1	Systen	n Requirements	5
2.2	Installa	ation Environment Requirements	5
2.3	Conne	cting the Router	5
	2.3.1	Wireless Router Mode	6
	2.3.2	Access Point Mode	6
	2.3.3	Repeater Mode	7
	2.3.4	Client Mode	7
	2.3.5	WISP Client Router Mode	8
Chapter 3.	Quick	Installation Guide	9
3.1	TCP/IF	P Configuration	9
3.2	Quick	Installation Guide	12
	3.2.1	Wireless Router Mode	13
	3.2.2	Access Point Mode	
	3.2.3	Repeater Mode	20
	3.2.4	Client Mode	22
	3.2.5	WISP Client Router Mode	24
Chapter 4.	-	guration for Wireless Router Mode	
4.1	Login .		
4.2	Status		
4.3	Quick	Setup	
4.4	WPS		31
4.5	Workir	ng Mode	35
4.6	Networ	rk	
	4.6.1	WAN	
	4.6.2	MAC Clone	45

CONTENTS

	4.6.3	LAN	46
4.7	Wireles	SS	47
	4.7.1	Wireless Settings	47
	4.7.2	Wireless Security	48
	4.7.3	Wireless MAC Filtering	51
	4.7.4	Wireless Advanced	53
	4.7.5	Wireless Statistics	54
4.8	DHCP.		55
	4.8.1	DHCP Settings	55
	4.8.2	DHCP Client List	56
	4.8.3	Address Reservation	56
4.9	USB S	ettings	58
	4.9.1	Storage Sharing	58
	4.9.2	Media Server	59
	4.9.3	User Accounts	61
4.10	Forwar	ding	63
	4.10.1	Virtual Servers	63
	4.10.2	Port Triggering	65
	4.10.3	DMZ	67
	4.10.4	UPnP	67
4.11	Securit	ty	68
	4.11.1	Basic Security	68
	4.11.2	Advanced Security	69
	4.11.3	Local Management	71
	4.11.4	Remote Management	72
4.12	Parenta	al Control	72
4.13	Access	s Control	75
	4.13.1	Rule	75
	4.13.2	Host	78
	4.13.3	Target	79
	4.13.4	Schedule	81

	4.14	Advanced Routing	83
		4.14.1 Static Routing List	83
		4.14.2 System Routing Table	84
	4.15	Bandwidth Control	85
		4.15.1 Control Settings	85
		4.15.2 Rule List	86
	4.16	IP & MAC Binding	87
		4.16.1 Binding Setting	87
		4.16.2 ARP List	89
	4.17	Dynamic DNS	89
		4.17.1 No-IP DDNS	90
		4.17.2 Comexe.cn DDNS	90
		4.17.3 Dyndns org DDNS	91
	4.18	System Tools	92
		4.18.1 Time Settings	93
		4.18.2 Diagnostic	94
		4.18.3 Firmware Upgrade	95
		4.18.4 Factory Defaults	96
		4.18.5 Backup & Restore	96
		4.18.6 Reboot	97
		4.18.7 Password	97
		4.18.8 System Log	98
		4.18.9 Statistics	99
Chapt	er 5.	Configuration for Access Point Mode	
	5.1	Login	101
	5.2	Status	101
	5.3	Quick Setup	103
	5.4	WPS	103
	5.5	Working Mode	107
	5.6	Network	108
		5.6.1 LAN	108
	5.7	Wireless	109

		5.7.1	Wireless Settings	109
		5.7.2	Wireless Security	. 111
		5.7.3	Wireless MAC Filtering	. 114
		5.7.4	Wireless Advanced	. 116
		5.7.5	Wireless Statistics	. 117
:	5.8	DHCP.		. 118
		5.8.1	DHCP Settings	. 118
		5.8.2	DHCP Client List	. 119
		5.8.3	Address Reservation	120
:	5.9	USB Se	ettings	121
		5.9.1	Storage Sharing	121
		5.9.2	Media Server	.123
		5.9.3	User Accounts	125
:	5.10	System	n Tools	126
		5.10.1	Diagnostic	.126
		5.10.2	Firmware Upgrade	128
		5.10.3	Factory Defaults	129
		5.10.4	Backup & Restore	129
		5.10.5	Reboot	.130
		5.10.6	Password	.130
		5.10.7	System Log	. 132
Chapte	er 6.		uration for Repeater Mode	
-	6.1	-	• •	
	6.2	Status.		133
	6.3	Quick S	Setup	135
	6.4	Workin	g Mode	135
	6.5	Networ	k	136
		6.5.1	LAN	136
	6.6	Wireles	S	137
		6.6.1	Wireless Settings	137
		6.6.2	Wireless Security	139
		6.6.3	Wireless MAC Filtering	.141

		6.6.4	Wireless Advanced	143
		6.6.5	Wireless Statistics	.144
(6.7	DHCP.		145
		6.7.1	DHCP Settings	145
		6.7.2	DHCP Client List	146
		6.7.3	Address Reservation	.147
(6.8	USB Se	ettings	148
		6.8.1	Storage Sharing	148
		6.8.2	Media Server	150
		6.8.3	User Accounts	152
(6.9	System	Tools	154
		6.9.1	Diagnostic	.154
		6.9.2	Firmware Upgrade	156
		6.9.3	Factory Defaults	157
		6.9.4	Backup & Restore	157
		6.9.5	Reboot	158
		6.9.6	Password	.158
		6.9.7	System Log	159
Chapte	er 7.	-	uration for Client Mode	
-	7.1	Login		160
	7.2			
-	7.3	Quick S	Setup	162
-	7.4	Working	g Mode	162
-	7.5	Network	٢	163
		7.5.1	LAN	163
-	7.6	Wireles	s	164
		7.6.1	Wireless Settings	164
		7.6.2	Wireless Security	165
-	7.7	DHCP.		167
		7.7.1	DHCP Settings	167
		7.7.2	DHCP Client List	169
		7.7.3	Address Reservation	.169

7.8	USB Sett	ings	. 171
	7.8.1 S	torage Sharing	. 171
	7.8.2 N	ledia Server	. 173
	7.8.3 U	lser Accounts	. 175
7.9	System T	ōols	. 176
	7.9.1 D	Diagnostic	. 176
	7.9.2 F	ïrmware Upgrade	. 178
	7.9.3 F	actory Defaults	. 179
	7.9.4 B	ackup & Restore	. 179
	7.9.5 R	eboot	. 180
	7.9.6 P	Password	. 181
	7.9.7 S	System Log	. 182
Chapter 8	. Configur	ration for WISP Client Router Mode	. 183
. 8.1	Login		. 183
8.2	Status		. 183
8.3	Quick Se	tup	. 186
8.4	Working	Mode	. 186
8.5	Network.		. 187
	8.5.1 V	VAN	. 187
	8.5.2 N	IAC Clone	. 196
	8.5.3 L	AN	. 197
8.6	Wireless		. 198
	8.6.1 V	Vireless Settings	. 198
	8.6.2 V	Vireless Security	. 200
	8.6.3 V	Vireless MAC Filtering	. 202
	8.6.4 V	Vireless Advanced	. 204
	8.6.5 V	Vireless Statistics	. 205
8.7	DHCP		. 206
	8.7.1 D	HCP Settings	. 206
	8.7.2 D	HCP Client List	. 207
	8.7.3 A	ddress Reservation	. 207
8.8	USB Sett	ings	. 209

	8.8.1	Storage Sharing	
	8.8.2	Media Server	
	8.8.3	User Accounts	212
8.9	Forwar	rding	
	8.9.1	Virtual Servers	214
	8.9.2	Port Triggering	216
	8.9.3	DMZ	
	8.9.4	UPnP	218
8.10	Securit	ty	219
	8.10.1	Basic Security	
	8.10.2	Advanced Security	
	8.10.3	Local Management	
	8.10.4	Remote Management	
8.11	Parenta	al Control	
8.12	Access	s Control	
	8.12.1	Rule	
	8.12.2	Host	
	8.12.3	Target	
	8.12.4	Schedule	232
8.13	Advanc	ced Routing	234
	8.13.1	Static Routing List	
	8.13.2	System Routing Table	
8.14	Bandwi	<i>i</i> idth Control	
	8.14.1	Control Settings	
	8.14.2	Rule List	
8.15	IP & M	IAC Binding	
	8.15.1	Binding Setting	
	8.15.2	ARP List	240
8.16	Dynam	nic DNS	
	8.16.1	No-IP DDNS	
	8.16.2	Comexe.cn DDNS	242

	8.16.3	Dyndns org DDNS	243
8.17	System	1 Tools	244
	8.17.1	Time Settings	244
	8.17.2	Diagnostic	245
	8.17.3	Firmware Upgrade	246
	8.17.4	Factory Defaults	247
	8.17.5	Backup & Restore	248
	8.17.6	Reboot	248
	8.17.7	Password	249
	8.17.8	System Log	250
	8.17.9	Statistics	250
Appendix A	: FAQ		252
Appendix B	: Config	guring the PC	256
Appendix C	: Speci	fications	259
Appendix D	: Gloss	ary	260

Chapter 1. Introduction

1.1 Overview of the Router

Small enough to fit in the average pocket, the router is uniquely suited to provide robust wireless networking to travelers, students, or anyone else for work or play.

Incredible Speed

The router supports the newest 802.11n standards, and provides backward compatibility with older 802.11b/g standards as well. The up-to-150Mbps wireless speed makes it ideal for handling multiple data streams at the same time, which ensures your network stable and smooth.

Multiple Operation Modes

The router supports five operation modes. Wireless Router mode creates an instant private wireless network and share Internet to multiple Wi-Fi devices, which is suitable for most hotel and home network. Access Point mode creates a wireless network for Wi-Fi devices. The wireless devices are exposed to the wired network. Repeater mode extends your home wireless range by copying the same wireless name and password. Client mode works as a wireless adapter for any Ethernet-enabled devices, such as Smart TV, Game Console and PC. WISP Client Router mode accesses the Internet wirelessly in areas with no wired ISP infrastructure

Reliable Security Protections

With multiple protection measures, including SSID broadcast control and wireless LAN 64/128/152-bit WEP encryption, WiFi protected Access (WPA2-PSK, WPA-PSK), as well as advanced Firewall protections, the router provides complete data privacy.

Flexible Access Control

The router supports Virtual Server and DMZ host for Port Triggering, and then the network administrators can manage and monitor the network in real time with the remote management function.

Since the Router is compatible with virtually all the major operating systems, it is very easy to manage. Quick Setup Wizard is supported and detailed instructions are provided step by step in this user guide. Before installing the Router, please look through this guide to know all the Router's functions.

1.2 Conventions

Parameters provided in the pictures are just references for setting up the product, which may differ from the actual situation.

You can set the parameters according to your demand.

1.3 Main Features

- > Portable design, ideal for travel and home use
- > Built-in power supply design without external power adapter
- Support Wireless Router, Access Point, Repeater, Client, WISP Client Router modes
- > USB port supports charging for smart phone and tablet
- > USB port supports storage sharing, media server function
- > Pre-encryption prevents unauthorized access from users outside of the network

1.4 Panel Layout



> LED

Status	Indication	
Solid Green	The device is working properly.	
	Condition 1: System is booting.	
Blinking	Condition 2: The Ethernet Cable or USB Device is	
	connecting to the product.	

- USB: It is used to connect USB Flash or Hard Disk for sharing and Mobile devices for charging.
- Reset: It is used to reset the Router to its factory defaults. With the Router powered on, use a pin to press and hold the Reset button (about 5 seconds) until the SYS LED becomes

quick-flash from slow-flash. And then release the button and wait the Router to reboot to its factory default settings.

- LAN/WAN: This LAN/WAN port works as LAN in AP/Repeater/Client/WISP Client Router mode and as WAN in Wireless Router mode. As LAN, it connects the Router to the local PC; as WAN, it enables you connect the DSL/cable Modem, or Ethernet.
- LAN: This LAN port works as LAN in Wireless Router/ AP/Repeater/Client/WISP Client Router mode. It connects the Router to the local PC.

Chapter 2. Connecting the Router

2.1 System Requirements

- > Each PC in the LAN needs a working Ethernet Adapter
- > TCP/IP protocol must be installed on each PC
- > Web browser, such as Microsoft Internet Explorer 5.0 or later, Mozilla Firefox, Apple Safari
- If the device is configured to Wireless Router/Access Point mode, you also need Broadband Internet Access Service (DSL/Cable/Ethernet)
- One DSL/Cable Modem that has an RJ45 connector (which is not necessary if the Router is connected directly to the Ethernet.)

2.2 Installation Environment Requirements

- > Place the Router in a well-ventilated place far from any heater or heating vent
- Place the Router in a location where it can be connected to the various devices as well as to a power source
- > Avoid direct irradiation of any strong light (such as sunlight)
- > Keep at least 2 inches (5 cm) of clear space around the Router
- > Operating Temperature: $0^{\circ}C \sim 40^{\circ}C$ (32°F ~ 104°F)
- > Operating Humidity: 10%~90%RH, Non-condensing

2.3 Connecting the Router

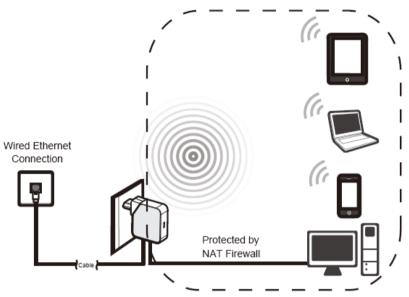
Before installing the Router, please make sure your broadband service provided by your ISP is available. If there is any problem, please contact with your ISP. To connect the Router, please follow the steps below:

- 1. Power off your PC, Cable/DSLModem, and the Router.
- 2. Locate an optimum location for the Router. The best place is usually at the center of your wireless network. The place must accord with the <u>Installation Environment Requirements</u>.
- 3. Plug the power plug in the electrical wall socket. The Router will start to work automatically.

After finishing the steps above, please choose the operation mode you need and carry out the corresponding steps. There are five operation modes supported by this router: **Wireless Router**, **Access Point**, **Repeater**, **Client** and **WISP Client Router**.

2.3.1 Wireless Router Mode

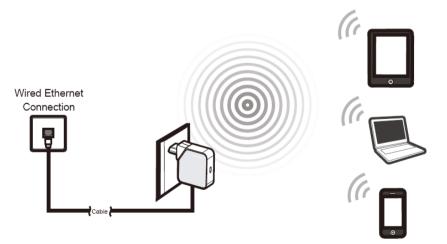
Create an instant private wireless network and share Internet to multiple Wi-Fi devices. This mode is suitable for hotel rooms and home networks. (Note: if the hotel's Internet has an authentication process, you will need to authenticate only once and only on one device.)



- 1. Connect the LAN/WAN port of the router to the LAN Port on the DSL/Cable Modem.
- 2. Connect the WAN port on the DSL/Cable Modem to the wired Internet.
- 3. Plug the power plug of the router in electrical wall socket.
- 4. Power on the DSL/Cable Modem, PC(s) and notebook(s).

2.3.2 Access Point Mode

Create a wireless network from an Ethernet connection. This mode is suitable for dorm rooms or homes where there's already a wired router but you need a wireless hotspot. (Note: if the hotel's Internet has an authentication process, you will need to authenticate it on EACH device.)

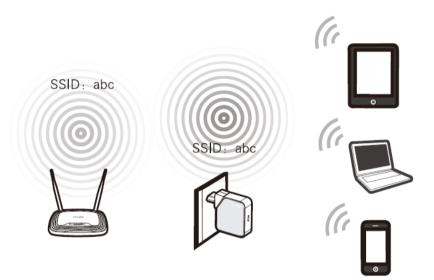


1. Connect the LAN or LAN/WAN port of the router to the wired network port with an Ethernet cable.

- 2. Plug the power plug of the router in electrical wall socket.
- 3. Power on the PC(s) and notebook(s).

2.3.3 Repeater Mode

Repeat signal from an existing wireless network. This mode is suitable to extend wireless coverage, reaching devices that were previously too far from your primary router to maintain a stable wireless connection. The repeated signal will display the same network name and password as your existing wireless network.



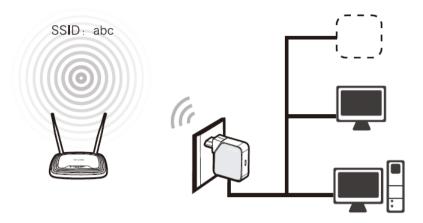
- 1. Plug the power plug of the router in electrical wall socket.
- 2. Power on the notebook(s).

P Note:

It is recommended that you connect a PC/notebook to the LAN port of the Router with an Ethernet cable, and then login the Router from the PC/notebook to set the Router in Repeater mode.

2.3.4 Client Mode

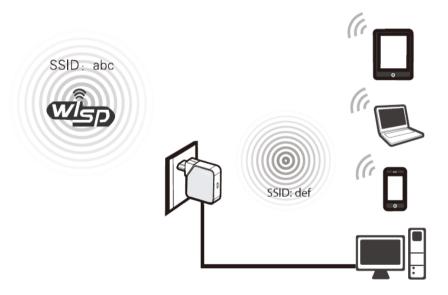
In this mode, this device can be connected to another device via Ethernet cable and act as an adapter to grant your wired devices access to a wireless network, especially for a Smart TV, Media Player, or Game console only with an Ethernet port.



- 1. Connect the PC to the LAN or LAN/WAN port of the router with an Ethernet cable.
- 2. Plug the power plug of the router in electrical wall socket.
- 3. Power on the PC(s).

2.3.5 WISP Client Router Mode

Use as a client router to receive Internet access from a Wireless Internet Service Provider (WISP), and share that access with local devices.



- 1. Plug the power plug of the router in electrical wall socket.
- 2. Power on the notebook(s).

Chapter 3. Quick Installation Guide

This chapter will show you how to configure the basic functions of your router using **Quick Setup Wizard** within minutes.

3.1 TCP/IP Configuration

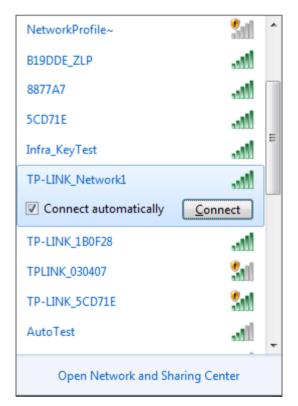
The default IP address is 192.168.0.254. And the default Subnet Mask is 255.255.255.0. These values can be changed as you desire. In this guide, we use all the default values for description.

Connect the local PC to the LAN port of the Router. And then you can configure the IP address for your PC as the following steps:

- 1) Set up the TCP/IP Protocol in "**Obtain an IP address automatically**" mode on your PC. If you need instructions as to how to do this, please refer to <u>Appendix B: "Configuring the PC"</u>.
- 2) Then the built-in DHCP server will assign IP address for the PC.

Then connect to the Router through wireless connection following the steps below:

 Click the icon at the bottom of your desktop. Click refresh button, and then select the default SSID of the Router. Click Connect.



2) Enter the **Security key**. Click **OK**.

🔮 Connect to a Netwo	rk	×
Type the network	c security key	
Security key:	•••••	
	Hide characters	
		OK Cancel

3) If you can see **Connected** after the default SSID, you've successfully connected to the wireless network.

Dial-up and VPN		•
Wireless Network Conn	ection 6	•
TP-LINK_Network1	Connected	att.
NetworkProfile~		3 11
B19DDE_ZLP		- Ille
8877A7		.ul
1B0F28		.ul
Infra_KeyTest		Ju.
TP-LINK_1B0F28		Ju.
TP-LINK_B19DDE_ZLP		lle.
TP-LINK_8877A7		.
Open Network and Sharing Center		
en 📶 😼		:12 AM 29/2011

Note:

- 1. The default **SSID** and **Password** of your Router are on the label. Both are case-sensitive.
- 2. The pre-encryption function is enabled by default and the default **Network key/Security key** is the **Password** on the label.

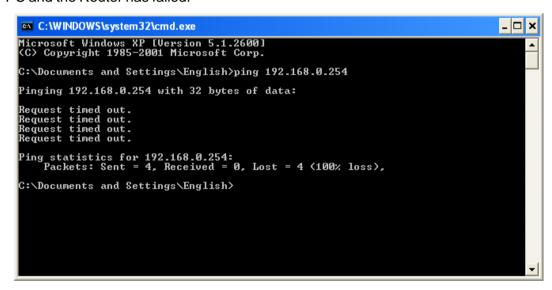
Now, you can run the Ping command in the **command prompt** to verify the network connection between your PC and the Router. The following example is in Windows XP.

Open a command prompt, and type *ping 192.168.0.254*, and then press Enter.

If the result displayed is similar to the following figure, it means the connection between your PC and the Router has been established well.

C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe	- 🗆 🗙
Microsoft Windows XP [Version 5.1.2600] (C) Copyright 1985-2001 Microsoft Corp.	
C:\Documents and Settings\English>Ping 192.168.0.254	
Pinging 192.168.0.254 with 32 bytes of data:	
Reply from 192.168.0.254: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=64 Reply from 192.168.0.254: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=64 Reply from 192.168.0.254: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=64 Reply from 192.168.0.254: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=64	
Ping statistics for 192.168.0.254: Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss), Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds: Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms	
C:\Documents and Settings\English>_	
	-

If the result displayed is similar to the following figure, it means the connection between your PC and the Router has failed.



Please check the connection following these steps:

1. Is the connection between your PC and the Router correct?

Note:

The LED of LAN/WAN ports which you link to on the Router should be lit.

2. Is the TCP/IP configuration for your PC correct?

P Note:

If the Router's IP address is 192.168.0.254, your PC's IP address must be within the range of 192.168.0.1 ~ 192.168.0.253.

3.2 Quick Installation Guide

With a Web-based utility, it is easy to configure and manage the router. The Web-based utility can be used on any Windows, Macintosh or UNIX OS with a Web browser, such as Microsoft Internet Explorer, Mozilla Firefox or Apple Safari.

1. To access the configuration utility, open a web-browser and type in the default address http://tplinklogin.net in the address field of the browser.

After a moment, a login window will appear. Enter **admin** for the User Name and Password, both in lower case letters. Then click the **OK** button or press the **Enter** key.

Windows Security
The server tplinklogin.net at TP-LINK WiFi Pocket Router/AP/TV Adapter/Repeater WR710N requires a username and password.
Warning: This server is requesting that your username and password be sent in an insecure manner (basic authentication without a secure connection).
admin ••••• Image: Constraint of the second
OK Cancel

P Note:

If the above screen does not pop-up, it means that your Web-browser has been set to a proxy. Go to Tools menu>Internet Options>Connections>LAN Settings, in the screen that appears, cancel the Using Proxy checkbox, and click **OK** to finish it.

2. After a successful login, you can click the **Quick Setup** menu to quickly configure your Router.

G	luick Setup
	The quick setup will tell you how to configure the basic network parameters.
	To continue, please click the Next button.
	To exit, please click the Exit button.
	Exit Next

3. Click **Next**, and then **Working Mode** page will appear.

Working I	Mode
Start >> W	orking Mode >> WAN Connection Type >> Wireless >> Finish
۲	Wireless Router
0	Access Point
0	Repeater
0	Client
0	WISP Client Router
	Back Next

P Note:

The Router supports five working modes for multi-user to access the Internet: **Wireless Router**, **Access Point**, **Repeater**, **Client** and **WISP Client Router**. In **Wireless Router** mode, the device enables multiple users to share the Internet connection via ADSL/Cable Modem. In **Access Point** mode, this device can be connected to a wired network and transform the wired access into wireless that multiple devices can share together. In **Repeater** mode, the device will relay data to an associated root AP. In **Client** mode, the device will act as a wireless station to enable wired host(s) to access AP. In **WISP Client Router** mode, the device enables multiple users to share Internet connection from WISP. You can configure your device quickly by the following steps in different modes.

3.2.1 Wireless Router Mode

When you choose Wireless Router on Working Mode page, take the following steps:

1. Click **Next**, and then **WAN Connection Type** page will appear.

Quick Setup - WAN Connection Type
Start >> Working Mode >> WAN Connection Type >> Wireless >> Finish
The Quick Setup is preparing to set up your connection type of WAN port.
The Router will try to detect the Internet connection type your ISP provides if you select the Auto-Detect option. Otherwise, you need to specify the connection type manually.
Auto-Detect
Let the router automatically detect the internet connection type provided by your ISP.
O Dynamic IP (Most Common Cases)
O Static IP
РРРоЕ
O L2TP/Russian L2TP
O PPTP/Russian PPTP
lote: For users in some areas (such as Russia, Ukraine etc.), please contact your ISP to choose connection type manually.
Back Next

The Router provides **Auto-Detect** function and supports five popular ways **Dynamic IP**, **Static IP**, **PPPoE/Russia PPPoE**, **L2TP/Russia L2TP** and **PPTP/Russia PPTP** to connect to the Internet. It's recommended that you make use of the **Auto-Detect** function. If you are sure of what kind of connection type your ISP provides, you can select the very type and click **Next** to go on configuring.

P Note:

Auto-Detect function is not suitable for **Static IP**, **L2TP/Russia L2TP** and **PPTP/Russia PPTP**, you need to specify the connection type manually.

- If you select Auto-Detect, the Router will automatically detect the connection type your ISP provides. Make sure the cable is securely plugged into the WAN port before detection. The appropriate configuration page will be displayed when an active Internet service is successfully detected by the Router.
 - 1) If the connection type detected is **Dynamic IP**, the next screen will appear.
 - In most cases you don't need to clone the MAC address if you have rebooted the modem with the new router, please select No, I do NOT need to clone MAC address.
 - If you can't get the Internet connection after Quick Setup, please run it again and select YES, I need to clone MAC address.

Then click **Next** and the following page will appear.

Quick Setup - MAC Clone
Start >> Working Mode >> WAN Connection Type >> Wireless >> Finish
MAC(Media Access Control) address is a unique identifier that identifies your computer or device in the network. Some of the ISPs may register the MAC address of your computer which firstly connects to their services, and would not allow the Internet connection for any new computer or router. TP-LINK router can help you to "clone" or replicate the registered MAC address of your first computer.
In most of the cases, there is no need to clone the MAC address. But if you can't get the Internet connection after Quick Setup, please run it again and clone the MAC address for a try.
No, I do not need to clone MAC address.
Yes, I need to clone MAC address.
Note: please make sure your current computer is the one initially connected to your modem or ISP's device.
Back Next

2) If the connection type detected is **PPPoE/Russia PPPoE**, the next screen will appear.

>> Finish

- User Name/Password Enter the User Name and Password provided by your ISP. These fields are case sensitive. If you have difficulty with this process, please contact your ISP.
- Confirm Password Re-enter the password provided by your ISP to ensure the Password you entered is correct. If the Password is different from the Confirm Password, the screen will appear as shown below. Click OK, and re-enter the Password and Confirm Password.

licrosof	ŧ	Internet	Explorer 🛛 🔀
🚺 т	he	Password is	different from the Confirm Password!
			OK

If you select **Static IP** manually, the next screen will appear. This type of connection uses a permanent, fixed (static) IP address that your ISP assigned. In this type, you should fill in the IP address, Subnet Mask, Default Gateway, and DNS IP address manually, which are specified by your ISP. Then click **Next**.

Quick Setup - Static IP		
Start >> Working Mode >> WAN	I Connection Type >> Wi	reless >> Finish
IP Address:	0.0.0.0	
Subnet Mask:	0.0.0.0	
Default Gateway:	0.0.0.0	
Primary DNS:	0.0.0.0	
Secondary DNS:	0.0.0.0	(Optional)
	Back	Next

If you select L2TP/Russian L2TP and PPTP/Russian PPTP manually, the next screen will appear as shown in the following figures.

Quick Setup - L2TP	
User Name:	
Password:	
Server IP Address/Name:	Dynamic IP Static IP
	Back Next

Quick Setup - PPTP	
User Name:	
Password:	
Server IP Address/Name:	Dynamic IP Static IP
	Back Next

- > User Name/Password Enter the User Name and Password provided by your ISP. These fields are case sensitive. If you have difficulty with this process, please contact your ISP.
- Dynamic IP/Static IP Select Static IP if IP address, subnet mask, gateway and DNS server address have been provided by your ISP. Otherwise, please select Dynamic IP.
- Server IP Address/Name Enter server IP address or domain name provided by your ISP.
- 3. Then, the **Wireless** page will appear. Set the wireless parameters. It is recommended that you rename an SSID, choose a Security Type and enter a Password. Then click **Next**.

Quick Setup - Wirel	ess
Start >> Working Mode >	>> WAN Connection Type >> Wireless >> Finish
Wireless Radio:	Enable
Wireless Network Name:	TP-LINK_010630 (Also called the SSID)
Region:	United Kingdom
Warning:	Ensure you select a correct country to conform local law. Incorrect settings may cause interference.
Wireless Security:	
0	Disable Security
۲	WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK
PSK Password:	05059041
	(You can enter ASCII characters between 8 and 63 or Hexadecimal characters between 8 and 64.)
0	No Change(Use the current security settings)
	More Advanced Wireless Settings
	Back Next

- > Wireless Radio Enable or disable the wireless radio choosing from the pull-down list.
- Wireless Network Name Enter a string of up to 32 characters. The same name of SSID (Service Set Identification) must be assigned to all wireless devices in your network. The default SSID is set to be TP-LINK_XXXXX (XXXXXX indicates the last unique six numbers of each Router's MAC address). But it is recommended strongly that you change your networks name (SSID) to a different value. This value is case-sensitive. For example, *TEST* is NOT the same as *test*.
- Region Select your region from the pull-down list. This field specifies the region where the wireless function of the Router can be used. It may be illegal to use the wireless function of the Router in a region other than one of those specified in this field. If your country or region is not listed, please contact your local government agency for assistance.
- Disable Security The wireless security function can be enabled or disabled. If disabled, the wireless stations will be able to connect the Router without encryption. It is recommended strongly that you choose one of following options to enable security.
- > WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK Select WPA based on pre-shared passphrase.
 - **PSK Password -** You can enter **ASCII** or **Hexadecimal** characters. For **ASCII**, the key can be made up of any numbers 0 to 9 and any letters A to Z, the length should be between 8 and 63 characters.

For **Hexade cimal**, the key can be made up of any numbers 0 to 9 and letters A to F, the length should be between 8 and 64 characters.

Please also note the key is case sensitive, this means that upper and lower case keys will affect the outcome. It would also be a good idea to write down the key and all related wireless security settings.

- > No Change If you chose this option, wireless security configuration will not change!
- > More Advanced Wireless Settings Select to configure more wireless parameters.

	More Advanced Wireless Settings
Mode:	11bgn mixed 💌
Channel Width:	Auto 🔽
Channel:	Auto 🔽
	Back Next

- > Mode This field determines the wireless mode which the Router works on.
- Channel Width Select any channel width from the drop-down list. The default setting is automatic, which can adjust the channel width for your clients automatically.
- Channel This field determines which operating frequency will be used. The default channel is set to Auto, so the AP will choose the best channel automatically. It is not necessary to change the wireless channel unless you notice interference problems with another nearby access point.

These settings are only for basic wireless parameters. For advanced settings, please refer to 4.7 Wireless.

4. The **Finish** page is shown below. Click the **Reboot** button to make your wireless configuration take effect and finish the **Quick Setup**.

Quick Setup - Finish
Congratulations! This device is now connecting you to the Internet. For detail settings, please click other menus if necessary.
The change of working mode config will not take effect until this device reboot.
Back Reboot

3.2.2 Access Point Mode

When you choose Access Point on Working Mode page, take the following steps:

1. Click **Next**, and then **Wireless** page will appear as shown below.

Start >> Working Mode >> Wireless	>> Finish
AP Mode Setting:	
Wireless Network Name(SSID):	TP-LINK_010630 (also called SSID)
Region:	United Kingdom
Warning:	Ensure you select a correct country to conform local law. Incorrect settings may cause interference.
Channel:	Auto 🖌
Mode:	11bgn mixed 💌
Channel Width:	Auto 🔽
Wireless Security Mode:	Most Secure(WPA/WPA2-PSK)
Wireless Password:	05059041
	You can enter ASCII or Hexadecimal characters. For Hexadecimal, the length shoul be between 8 and 64 characters; for ASCII, the length should be between 8 and 63 characters. For good security it should be of ample length and should not be a commonly known pharse.

- Wireless Network Name Enter a string of up to 32 characters. The same name of SSID (Service Set Identification) must be assigned to all wireless devices in your network. The default SSID is set to be TP-LINK_XXXXX (XXXXXX indicates the last unique six numbers of each Router's MAC address). But it is recommended strongly that you change your networks name (SSID) to a different value. This value is case-sensitive. For example, *TEST* is NOT the same as *test*.
- Region Select your region from the pull-down list. This field specifies the region where the wireless function of the Router can be used. It may be illegal to use the wireless function of the Router in a region other than one of those specified in this field. If your country or region is not listed, please contact your local government agency for assistance.
- Channel This field determines which operating frequency will be used. The default channel is set to Auto. It is not necessary to change the wireless channel unless you notice interference problems with another nearby access point.
- > Mode Select the desired mode. The default setting is 11bgn mixed.
 - **11bg mixed** Select if you are using both 802.11b and 802.11g wireless clients.
 - 11bgn mixed Select if you are using a mix of 802.11b, 11g, and 11n wireless clients.

When 11bg mixed mode is selected, only 11bg mixed wireless stations can connect to the Router. It is strongly recommended that you set the Mode to 11bgn mixed, and all of 802.11b/g/n wireless stations can connect to the Router.

P Note:

If **11bg mixed mode** is selected in the **Mode** field, the **Channel Width** selecting field will turn grey and the value will become 20M, which is unable to be changed.

- Channel Width Select any channel width from the pull-down list. The default setting is automatic, which can automatically adjust the channel width for your clients.
- Wireless Security Mode This option should be chosen according to the security configuration of the AP you want to access. It is recommended that the security type is the same as your AP's security type.
- > Wireless Password Input the password of your broadcast SSID.
- 2. Click the **Next** button. You will then see the **Finish** page.

If you don't make any change on the **Wireless** page, you will see the **Finish** page. Click the **Finish** button to finish the **Quick Setup**.

Quick Setup - Finish
Congratulations! This device is now connecting you to the Internet. For detail settings, please click other menus if necessary.
Back Finish

If there is something changed on the Wireless page, you will see the **Finish** page. Click the **Reboot** button to make your wireless configuration take effect and finish the **Quick Setup**.

Quick Setup - Finish
Congratulations! This device is now connecting you to the Internet. For detail settings, please click other menus if necessary.
The change of working mode config will not take effect until this device reboot.
Back Reboot

3.2.3 Repeater Mode

When you choose **Repeater Mode** on **Working Mode** page, take the following steps:

1. Click **Next**, and then **Wireless Repeater** page will appear.

Start >> Working Mode >> Wireless	>> Finish
Repeater Mode Setting:	
Wireless Name of Root AP:	(also called SSID)
MAC Address of Root AP:	
	Survey
	You can click the Survey button to scan the network SSIDs,
	and then choose the target one to setup the connection.
Region:	United Kingdom
Warning:	Ensure you select a correct country to conform local law. Incorrect settings may cause interference.
WDS Mode:	Auto
Wireless Security Mode:	No Security
	All security settings, for example the wireless password should match the Root A
	If you choose No Security mode, the wireless stations will be able to connect the AP without encryption. It is recommened strongly that you choose one of following options to enable security.

- > Wireless Name of Root AP The SSID of AP that you want to access.
- > MAC Address of Root AP The MAC address of AP that you want to access.
- > **Survey -** Click this button, you can search the AP which runs in the environment.
- Region Select your region from the pull-down list. This field specifies the region where the wireless function of the Router can be used. It may be illegal to use the wireless function of the Router in a region other than one of those specified in this field. If your country or region is not listed, please contact your local government agency for assistance.
- WDS Mode This field determines which WDS Mode will be used. It is not necessary to change the WDS Mode unless you notice network communication problems with root AP. If you select Auto, then Router will choose the appropriate WDS Mode automatically.
- Wireless Security Mode This option should be chosen according to the security configuration of the AP you want to access. It is recommended that the security type is the same as your AP's security type.
- Wireless Password If the AP your router is going to connect need password, you need to fill the password in this blank.
- Click Survey button on the Wireless page, and then AP List page will appear. Find the SSID of the Access Point you want to access, and click Connect in the corresponding row. For example, the third item is selected. The target network's SSID will be automatically filled into the corresponding box.

	Count: 16					
ID	BSSID	SSID	Signal	Channel	Security	Choose
1	6C-E8-73-CA-EE-68		68dB	4	None	Connect
2	94-0C-6D-2F-3C-BE	TP-LINK_Network	47dB	4	WPA2-PSK	Connect
3	84-1B-5E-D7-64-F2	TP-LINK_4234CC	31dB	1	WPA2-PSK	Connect
4	4C-60-DE-32-63-8C	TP-LINK_18F710	30dB	11	WPA2-PSK	Connect
5	6C-E8-73-CA-EE-6A	TP-LINK_D0A761	27dB	4	None	Connect
6	14-E6-E4-E3-87-6A	TP-LINK_TEST	16dB	6	WPA2-PSK	<u>Connect</u>

Note:

If you know the SSID of the desired AP, you can also input it into the field "SSID" manually.

3. Click the **Next** button. You will then see the **Finish** page.

Because something has changed on the **Wireless Repeater** page, you will see the **Finish** page. Click the **Reboot** button to make your wireless configuration take effect and finish the **Quick Setup**.

Quick Setup - Finish
Congratulations! This device is now connecting you to the Internet. For detail settings, please click other menus if necessary.
The change of working mode config will not take effect until this device reboot.
Back Reboot

3.2.4 Client Mode

When you choose **Client** on **Working Mode** page, take the following steps:

1. Click **Next**, and then **Wireless Client** page will appear.

Start >> Working Mode >> Wireless	>> Finish
Client Mode Setting:	
Wireless Name of Root AP:	(also called SSID)
MAC Address of Root AP:	Survey
	You can click the Survey button to scan the network SSIDs, and then choose the target one to setup the connection.
Region:	United Kingdom
Warning:	Ensure you select a correct country to conform local law. Incorrect settings may cause interference.
WDS Mode:	Auto 💌
Wireless Security Mode:	No Security
	All security settings, for example the wireless password should match the Root AP
	If you choose No Security mode, the wireless stations will be able to connect the AP without encryption. It is recommened strongly that you choose one of following options to enable security.

- > Wireless Name of Root AP Enter the SSID that you want to access.
- > MAC Address of Root AP Enter the MAC address of AP that you want to access.
- > Survey Click this button, you can survey the AP which runs in the environment.
- Region Select your region from the pull-down list. This field specifies the region where the wireless function of the Router can be used. It may be illegal to use the wireless function of the Router in a region other than one of those specified in this field. If your country or region is not listed, please contact your local government agency for assistance.
- WDS Mode This field determines which WDS Mode will be used. It is not necessary to change the WDS Mode unless you notice network communication problems with root AP. If you select Auto, then Router will choose the appropriate WDS Mode automatically.
- Wireless Security Mode This option should be chosen according to the security configuration of the AP you want to access. It is recommended that the security type is the same as your AP's security type.
- Wireless Password If the AP your router is going to connect need password, you need to fill the password in this blank.
- Click Survey button on the Wireless page, and then AP List page will appear. Find the SSID of the Access Point you want to access, and click Connect in the corresponding row. For example, the third item is selected. The target network's SSID will be automatically filled into the corresponding box.

λP (Count: 16					
ID	BSSID	SSID	Signal	Channel	Security	Choose
1	6C-E8-73-CA-EE-68		68dB	4	None	Connect
2	94-0C-6D-2F-3C-BE	TP-LINK_Network	47dB	4	WPA2-PSK	Connect
3	84-1B-5E-D7-64-F2	TP-LINK_4234CC	31dB	1	WPA2-PSK	Connect
4	4C-60-DE-32-63-8C	TP-LINK_18F710	30dB	11	WPA2-PSK	Connect
5	6C-E8-73-CA-EE-6A	TP-LINK_D0A761	27dB	4	None	Connect
6	14-E6-E4-E3-87-6A	TP-LINK_TEST	16dB	6	WPA2-PSK	Connect
1	78-52-82-02-DD-A1		1668		MPA-P8K	Connact

3. Click the **Next** button. You will then see the **Finish** page. Click the **Reboot** button to make your wireless configuration take effect and finish the **Quick Setup**.

Quick Setup - Finish
Congratulations! This device is now connecting you to the Internet. For detail settings, please click other menus if necessary.
The change of working mode config will not take effect until this device reboot.
Back Reboot

3.2.5 WISP Client Router Mode

When you choose WISP Client Router on Working Mode page, take the following steps:

1. Click **Next**, and then **WAN Connection Type** page will appear.

Quick Setup - WAN Connection Type
Start >> Working Mode >> WAN Connection Type >> Wireless >> Finish
The Quick Setup is preparing to set up your connection type of WAN port.
The Router will try to detect the Internet connection type your ISP provides if you select the Auto-Detect option. Otherwise, you need to specify the connection type manually.
 Dynamic IP (Most Common Cases)
For Cable/DSL/Broadband connection which makes your computer immediately online without any setting or signing-in.
O Static IP
О РРРоЕ
Note: For users in some areas (such as Russia, Ukraine etc.), please contact your ISP to choose connection type manually.
Back Next

The Router supports three popular ways **Dynamic IP**, **Static IP** and **PPPoE** to connect to the Internet. To make sure the connection type your ISP provides, please refer to the ISP. Make sure the cable is securely plugged into the WAN port before detection.

- Dynamic IP Your ISP uses a DHCP service to assign your Router an IP address for connecting to the Internet. When the Router connects to a DHCP server, or the ISP supplies you with DHCP connection, please choose this type. If you choose this type of connection, no configuration should be set and you can go on with the wireless configuration.
- Static IP This type of connection uses a permanent, fixed (static) IP address that your ISP assigned. In this type, you should fill in the IP address, Subnet Mask, Default Gateway, and DNS IP address manually, which are specified by your ISP. Then click Next.

Quick Setup - Static IP		
Start >> Working Mode >> WAN	Connection Type >> Wire	eless >> Finish
IP Address:	0.0.0.0	
Subnet Mask:	0.0.0.0	
Default Gateway:	0.0.0.0	
Primary DNS:	0.0.0.0	
Secondary DNS:	0.0.0.0	(Optional)
	Back	Next

PPPoE - For this connection, you will need your account name and password from your ISP.

If you have applied ADSL to realize Dial-up service, you should choose this type. Under this condition, you should fill in both the User Name and Password that the ISP supplied. Please note that these fields are case-sensitive.

Quick Setup - PPPoE	
Start >> Working Mode >> W/A	N Connection Type >> Wireless >> Finish
User Name:	
Password:	
Confirm Password:	
	Back Next

2. You can configure the basic settings for the wireless network on this page.

Quick Setup - Wireless		
Start >> Working Mode >> WAN Co	onnection Type >> Wireless >> Finish	
Client Setting		
SSID:	TP-LINK_Network	
BSSID:	94-0C-6D-2F-3C-BE	Example:00-1D-0F-11-22-33
	Survey	
	Key type is selected.	
Key type:	WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK	~
WEP Index:	1	~
Auth type:	open	~
Password:	1234567890	1
AP Setting		
Local SSID:	TP-LINK 2046F2	
	_	
Wireless Security Mode:	Most Secure(WPA/WPA2-PSK	_
Wireless Password:	123456789	
	You can enter ASCII or Hexadecimal chara be between 8 and 64 characters; for ASCI characters. For good security it should be commonly known pharse.	
(Back Next	

- SSID The SSID of the AP your router is going to connect to as a client. You can also use the search function to select the SSID to join.
- BSSID The BSSID of the AP your router is going to connect to as a client. You can also use the search function to select the BSSID to join.
- **Survey -** Click this button, you can survey the AP which runs in the current channel.
- Key type This option should be chosen according to the AP's security configuration. It is recommended that the security type is the same as your AP's security type.
- WEP Index This option should be chosen if the key type is WEP (ASCII) or WEP (HEX).
 It indicates the index of the WEP key.
- Auth type This option should be chosen if the key type is WEP (ASCII) or WEP (HEX).It indicates the authorization type of the Root AP.
- Password If the AP your router is going to connect needs password, you need to fill the password in this blank.
- Local SSID Enter a value of up to 32 characters. The same Name (SSID) must be assigned to all wireless devices in your network.

- Wireless Security Mode You can configure the security settings of your wireless network.
- > Wireless Password Input the password of your Local SSID.
- 3. Click **Survey** button on the **Wireless** page, and then **AP List** page will appear. Find the SSID of the Access Point you want to access, and click **Connect** in the corresponding row. For example, the third item is selected. The target network's SSID will be automatically filled into the corresponding box. Then click **Next**.

A	P List					
AP	Count: 16					
ID	BSSID	SSID	Signal	Channel	Security	Choose
1	6C-E8-73-CA-EE-68		68dB	4	None	Connect
2	94-0C-6D-2F-3C-BE	TP-LINK_Network	47dB	4	WPA2-PSK	Connect
3	84-1B-5E-D7-64-F2	TP-LINK_4234CC	31 dB	1	WPA2-PSK	Connect
4	4C-60-DE-32-63-8C	TP-LINK_18F710	30dB	11	WPA2-PSK	Connect
5	6C-E8-73-CA-EE-6A	TP-LINK_D0A761	27dB	4	None	Connect
6	14-E6-E4-E3-87-6A	TP-LINK_TEST	16dB	6	WPA2-PSK	Connect
7	78-52-82-02-DD-A1		16dB		MPA-P8K	Connect
	Back Refresh	13888	10dB		None	Canned

4. The **Finish** page is shown below. Click the **Reboot** button to make your wireless configuration take effect and finish the **Quick Setup**.

Quick Setup - Finish	
Congratulations! This please click other men	device is now connecting you to the Internet. For detail settings, nus if necessary.
The change of working mo	de config will not take effect until this device reboot.
	Back Reboot

P Note:

The operating distance or range of your wireless connection varies significantly based on the physical placement of the Router. For best results, place your Router.

- Near the center of the area in which your wireless stations will operate.
- In an elevated location such as a high shelf.
- Away from the potential sources of interference, such as PCs, microwaves, and cordless phones.
- Away from large metal surfaces.

Failure to follow these guidelines can result in significant performance degradation or inability to wirelessly connect to the Router.

Chapter 4. Configuration for Wireless Router Mode

This chapter will show each Web page's key functions and the configuration way for Wireless Router Mode of the router.

4.1 Login

After your successful login, you can configure and manage the device. There are main menus on the left of the web-based utility. Submenus will be available after you click one of the main menus. On the right, there are the corresponding explanations and instructions.

	Status
(Quick Setup
\	NPS
١	Norking Mode
ľ	Network
١	Nīreless
ľ	Энср
ι	JSB Settings
F	orwarding
5	Security
F	Parental Control
,	Access Control
ı	Advanced Routing
E	Bandwidth Control
I	P & MAC Binding
Ľ	Dynamic DNS
5	System Tools

The detailed explanations for each Web page's key function are listed below.

4.2 Status

The Status page provides the current status information about the Router on Wireless Router Mode. All information is read-only.

Status			
Status			
Firmware Version:	3.15.11 Build 131125 Rel.50653n		
Hardware Version:	WR710N v2 00000000		
LAN			
MAC Address:	00-1D-0F-01-06-30		
IP Address:	192.168.0.254		
Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0		
Wireless			
Working Mode:	Wireless Router		
Wireless Radio:	Enable		
Name (SSID):	TP-LINK_010630		
Mode:	11bgn mixed		
Channel Width:	Automatic		
Channel:	Auto (Current channel 1)		
MAC Address:	00-1D-0F-01-06-30		
WDS Status:	Disable		
WAN			
MAC Address:	00-1D-0F-01-06-31		
IP Address:	0.0.0.0	Dynamic IP	
Subnet Mask:	0.0.0.0		
Default Gateway:	0.0.0.0	WAN port is unplugged!	
DNS Server:	0.0.0.0 , 0.0.0.0		
Traffic Statistics			
	Received	Sent	
Bytes:	0	0	
Packets:	0	0	
System Up Time:	0 days 02:45:55	Refresh	

- **Firmware Version -** The version information of the Router's firmware.
- > Hardware Version The version information of the Router's hardware.
- LAN This field displays the current settings or information for the LAN, you can configure them in the Network>LAN page.
 - MAC Address The physical address of the Router, as seen from the LAN.
 - IP Address The LAN IP address of the Router.
 - Subnet Mask The subnet mask associated with LAN IP address.

- Wireless This field displays basic information or status for wireless function, you can configure them in the Wireless > Wireless Settings page.
 - Working Mode The current wireless working mode in use.
 - Wireless Radio Indicates whether the wireless radio feature of the AP is enabled or disabled.
 - Name (SSID) The SSID of the AP.
 - **Mode** The current wireless mode which the Router works on.
 - Channel Width The current wireless channel width in use.
 - Channel The current wireless channel in use.
 - MAC Address The physical address of the Router, as seen from the WLAN.
 - WDS Status The status of WDS connection.
- WAN This field displays the current settings or information for the WAN, you can configure them in the Network > WAN page.
 - MAC Address The physical address of the WAN port, as seen from the Internet.
 - **IP Address** The current WAN (Internet) IP Address. This field will be blank or 0.0.0.0 if the IP Address is assigned dynamically and there is no connection to the Internet.
 - Subnet Mask The subnet mask associated with the WAN IP Address.
 - Default Gateway The Gateway currently used by the Router is shown here. When you use Dynamic IP as the connection Internet type, the Renew button will be displayed here. Click the Renew Button to obtain new IP parameters dynamically from the ISP. And if you have got an IP address, Release button will be displayed here. Click the Release button to release the IP address the Router has obtained from the ISP.
- DNS Server The DNS (Domain Name System) server IP addresses currently used by the Router.
- > Traffic Statistics The Router's traffic statistics.
 - Received (Bytes) Traffic that counted in bytes has been received out from the WAN port.
 - Received (Packets) Traffic that counted in packets has been received out from the WAN port.
 - Sent (Bytes) Traffic that counted in bytes has been sent out from the WAN port.
 - Sent (Packets) Traffic that counted in packets has been sent out from the WAN port.
- **System Up Time -** The length of the time since the Router was last powered on or reset.

Click the **Refresh** button to get the latest status and settings of the Router.

4.3 Quick Setup

Please refer to Section 3.2: "Quick Installation Guide."

4.4 WPS

WPS (Wi-Fi Protected Setup) can help you to quickly and securely connect to a network. This section will guide you to add a new wireless device to an existing network quickly by function. The WPS function is only available when the Operation Mode is set to Access Point. Select menu "WPS", you will see the next screen shown below.

e WPS
estore PIN Gen New PIN is Device
1

- > WPS Status To enable or disable the WPS function here.
- Current PIN The current value of the device's PIN is displayed here. The default PIN of the device can be found in the label or User Guide.
- > **Restore PIN -** Restore the PIN of the device to its default.
- Gen New PIN Click this button, and then you can get a new random value for the device's PIN. You can ensure the network security by generating a new PIN.
- Disable PIN of this Device WPS external registrar of entering the device's PIN can be disabled or enabled manually. If the device receives multiple failed attempts to authenticate an external Registrar, this function will be disabled automatically.
- > Add Device You can add a new device to the existing network manually by clicking this button.

To add a new device:

If the wireless adapter supports Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS), you can establish a wireless connection between wireless adapter and device using either Push Button Configuration (PBC) method or PIN method.

P Note:

To build a successful connection by WPS, you should also do the corresponding configuration of the new device for WPS function meanwhile.

For the configuration of the new device, here takes the Wireless Adapter of our company for example.

I. By PBC

If the wireless adapter supports Wi-Fi Protected Setup and the Push Button Configuration (PBC) method, you can add it to the network by PBC with the following two methods.

Method One:

Step 1: Keep the WPS Status as **Enabled** and click the **Add Device** button, then the following screen will appear.

Add A New Device
 Enter the new device's PIN.
PIN:
Press the button of the new device in two minutes.
Back Connect

- Step 2: Choose "**Press the button of the new device in two minutes**" and click **Connect**.
- Step 3: For the configuration of the wireless adapter, please choose "**Push the button on my** access point or wireless router" in the configuration utility of the WPS as below, and click **Connect**.

TP-LIN	К				- x
	WPS				
Status	WPS	Network	Profile	Advanced	
● Push the	bose a method to j e button on my ac e PIN of my acces	ion will guide you th join a wireless netw ccess point or wirele ss point or wireless e into my access p	vork: ess router. router.	g your wireless network outer.	c. Connect

The WPS Configuration Screen of Wireless Adapter

Step 4: Wait for a while until the next screen appears. Click **OK** to complete the WPS configuration.

Configuring the wireless network.
(((WPS)))
Successfully connected to the network by WPS!
ОК

The WPS Configuration Screen of Wireless Adapter

Method Two: Enter the PIN into my AP

Step 1: For the configuration of the wireless adapter, please choose "Enter the PIN of this device into my access point or wireless router" in the configuration utility of the WPS as below, and click Connect.

P-LIN	к				
Status	wps	Network	Profile	Advanced	
(((WPS)) This applicat	tion will guide you th	nrough configuring	g your wireless network	c
		join a wireless netw ccess point or wirele			
-	AND COLUMN DURING CONTRACT	ss point or wireless ce into my access p		outer.	
PIN: 169	52898	4y			
					Connect

The WPS Configuration Screen of Wireless Adapter

P Note:

In this example, the default PIN code of this adapter is 16952898 as the above figure shown.

- Step 2: Keep the WPS Status as **Enabled** and click the **Add Device** button.
- Step 3: Choose "Enter the new device's PIN" and enter the PIN code (take 16952898 for example) of the wireless adapter in the field after PIN as shown in the figure below. Then click Connect.

Add A New Device
Enter the new device's PIN. PIN: 16952898
Press the button of the new device in two minutes.
Back Connect

Method Three: Enter the PIN from my AP

- Step 1: Get the Current PIN code of the AP (each AP has its unique PIN code. Here takes the PIN code 12345670 of this AP for example).
- Step 2: For the configuration of the wireless adapter, please choose "Enter the PIN of my access point or wireless router" in the configuration utility of the WPS as below, and enter the PIN code of the AP into the field after "Access Point PIN". Then click Connect.

	к				F
	WPS		1	1	
Status	WPS	Network	Profile	Advanced	
(((WPS))) This applicat	tion will guide you th	nrough configuring	g your wireless networ	k.
Please cho	ose a method to	join a wireless netw	ork:		
C Push the	e button on my ac	ccess point or wirele	ess router.		
		ss point or wireless	router.		
PIN: 123	345670				
C Enter the	e PIN of this device	ce into my access p	point or wireless r	outer	
					Connec

The WPS Configuration Screen of Wireless Adapter

Note:

The default PIN code of the AP can be found in its label or the WPS configuration screen.

You will see the following screen when the new device has successfully connected to the network.

🔘 Enter the	new device's A	PIN.		
PIN:				
Press the	button of the	new device in t	wo minutes.	
Connect succ	essfully !			

Note:

- 1) The WPS LED on the AP will light green for five minutes if the device has been successfully added to the network.
- 2) The WPS function cannot be configured if the Wireless function of the AP is disabled. Please make sure the Wireless function is enabled before configuring the WPS.

4.5 Working Mode

The Router supports five operation mode types: Wireless Router, Access Point, Repeater, Client and Wireless Client Router. Please select one you want. Click Save to save your choice.

- Enable multiple users to share Internet connection via ADSL/Cable Modem
- Transform your existing wired network to a wireless network
- Extend your existing wireless coverage by relaying wireless signal
- Acting as a "Wireless Adapter" to connect your wired devices (e.g. Xbox/PS3) to a wireless network
- Enable multiple users to share Internet connection from WISP

- Wireless Router The wireless Router Mode. In this mode, the device enables multi-user to share Internet via DSL/Cable Modem. The only wired port works as WAN.
- > Access Point The wireless access point mode.
- > Repeater The wireless Repeater Mode. It could extend the range of wireless network.
- Client The Client Mode. The computer connected by Ethernet could get access to an AP by Client mode.
- WISP Client Router In this mode, the device enables multiple users to share Internet connection from WISP.

4.6 Network

	_
Network	
- WAN	
- MAC Clone	
- LAN	

There are three submenus under the Network menu: **WAN**, **MAC Clone** and **LAN**. Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function.

4.6.1 WAN

Choose menu "**Network** \rightarrow **WAN**", and then you can configure the IP parameters of the WAN on the screen below.

1. If your ISP provides the DHCP service, please choose **Dynamic IP** type, and the Router will automatically get IP parameters from your ISP. You can see the page as follow:

WAN	
WAN Connection Type:	Dynamic IP Detect
IP Address:	0.0.0.0
Subnet Mask:	0.0.0.0
Default Gateway:	0.0.0.0
	Renew Release WAN port is unplugged!
MTU Size (in bytes):	1500 (The default is 1500, do not change unless necessary.)
	Use These DNS Servers
Primary DNS:	0.0.0
Secondary DNS:	0.0.00 (Optional)
occontary bito.	(opening)
Host Name:	TL-WR710N
	Get IP with Unicast DHCP (It is usually not required.)
	Save

This page displays the WAN IP parameters assigned dynamically by your ISP, including IP address, Subnet Mask, Default Gateway, etc. Click the Renew button to renew the IP parameters from your ISP. Click the Release button to release the IP parameters.

MTU Size - The normal MTU (Maximum Transmission Unit) value for most Ethernet networks is 1500 Bytes. It is not recommended that you change the default MTU Size unless required by your ISP. Use These DNS Servers - If your ISP gives you one or two DNS addresses, select Use These DNS Servers and enter the primary and secondary addresses into the correct fields. Otherwise, the DNS servers will be assigned dynamically from your ISP.

P Note:

If you find error when you go to a website after entering the DNS addresses, it is likely that your DNS servers are set up improperly. You should contact your ISP to get DNS server addresses.

- > Host Name This option specifies the Host Name of the Router.
- Get IP with Unicast DHCP A few ISPs' DHCP servers do not support the broadcast applications. If you cannot get the IP Address normally, you can choose this option. (It is rarely required.)

Click the **Save** button to save your settings.

2. If your ISP provides a static or fixed **IP Address**, **Subnet Mask**, **Default Gateway** and **DNS** setting, select **Static IP**. The Static IP settings page will appear.

WAN	
WAN Connection Type:	Static IP Detect
IP Address:	0.0.0.0
Subnet Mask:	0.0.0.0
Default Gateway:	0.0.0.0
MTU Size (in bytes):	1500 (The default is 1500, do not change unless necessary.)
Primary DNS:	0.0.0.0
Secondary DNS:	0.0.0.0 (Optional)
	Save

- > IP Address Enter the IP address in dotted-decimal notation provided by your ISP.
- Subnet Mask Enter the subnet Mask in dotted-decimal notation provided by your ISP, usually is 255.255.255.0.
- Default Gateway Enter the gateway IP address in dotted-decimal notation provided by your ISP.
- MTU Size The normal MTU (Maximum Transmission Unit) value for most Ethernet networks is 1500 Bytes. It is not recommended that you change the default MTU Size unless required by your ISP.
- Primary/Secondary DNS (Optional) Enter one or two DNS addresses in dotted-decimal notation provided by your ISP.

Click the **Save** button to save your settings.

3. If your ISP provides a PPPoE connection, select **PPPoE/Russia PPPoE** option. Then you should enter the following parameters:

WAN	
WAN Connection Type:	PPPoE/Russia PPPoE 💌 🛛 Detect
PPPoE Connection:	
User Name:	usemame
Password:	•••••
Confirm Password:	
Secondary Connection:	💿 Disabled i Dynamic IP 💍 Static IP (For Dual Access/Russia PPPoE)
Wan Connection Mode:	Connect on Demand
	Max Idle Time: 15 minutes (0 means remain active at all times.)
	Onnect Automatically
	 Time-based Connecting
	Period of Time: from 0 : 0 (HH:MM) to 23 : 59 (HH:MM)
	Connect Manually
	Max Idle Time: 15 minutes (0 means remain active at all times.)
	Connect Disconnected!
	Save Advanced

- > User Name/Password Enter the User Name and Password provided by your ISP. These fields are case-sensitive.
- Confirm Password Enter again the Password provided by your ISP to ensure the password you entered is correct.
- Secondary Connection It's available only for PPPoE Connection. If your ISP provides an extra Connection type such as Dynamic/Static IP to connect to a local area network, then you can check the radio button of Dynamic/Static IP to activate this secondary connection.
 - **Disabled** The Secondary Connection is disabled by default, so there is PPPoE connection only. This is recommended.
 - **Dynamic IP** You can check this radio button to use Dynamic IP as the secondary connection to connect to the local area network provided by ISP.
 - Static IP You can check this radio button to use Static IP as the secondary connection to connect to the local area network provided by ISP.
- Connect on Demand In this mode, the Internet connection can be terminated automatically after a specified inactivity period (Max Idle Time) and be re-established

when you attempt to access the Internet again. If you want your Internet connection keeps active all the time, please enter "0" in the **Max Idle Time** field. Otherwise, enter the number of minutes you want to have elapsed before your Internet access disconnects.

- Connect Automatically The connection can be re-established automatically when it was down.
- Time-based Connecting The connection will only be established in the period from the start time to the end time (both are in HH:MM format).

P Note:

Only when you have configured the system time on "System Tools \rightarrow Time" page, will the Time-based Connecting function can take effect.

Connect Manually - You can click the Connect/Disconnect button to connect/disconnect immediately. This mode also supports the Max Idle Time function as Connect on Demand mode. The Internet connection can be disconnected automatically after a specified inactivity period and re-established when you attempt to access the Internet again.

Click the **Connect** button to connect immediately. Click the **Disconnect** button to disconnect immediately.

Caution: Sometimes the connection cannot be terminated although you specify a time to Max Idle Time because some applications are visiting the Internet continually in the background.

If you want to do some advanced configurations, please click the Advanced button:

PPPoE Advanced Setting	js
MTU Size (in bytes):	1480 (The default is 1480, do not change unless necessary.)
····· · ···· · ·······················	
Service Name:	
AC Name:	
	Use IP Address Specified by ISP
ISP Specified IP Address:	0.0.0.0
Detect Online Interval:	O Seconds (0 ~ 120 seconds, the default is 0, 0 means not detecting.)
	Use The Following DNS Servers
Primary DNS:	0.0.0.0
Secondary DNS:	0.0.0.0 (Optional)
	Save Back

- MTU Size The default MTU size is "1480" bytes, which is usually fine. It is not recommended that you change the default MTU Size unless required by your ISP.
- Service Name/AC Name The service name and AC (Access Concentrator) name should not be configured unless you are sure it is necessary for your ISP. In most cases, leaving these fields blank will work.
- ISP Specified IP Address If your ISP does not automatically assign IP addresses to the Router during login, please click "Use IP address specified by ISP" check box and enter the IP address provided by your ISP in dotted-decimal notation.
- Detect Online Interval The Router will detect Access Concentrator online at every interval. The default value is "0". You can input the value between "0" and "120". The value "0" means no detect.
- Primary DNS/Secondary DNS If your ISP does not automatically assign DNS addresses to the Router during login, please click "Use the following DNS servers" check box and enter the IP address in dotted-decimal notation of your ISP's primary DNS server. If a secondary DNS server address is available, enter it as well.

Click the **Save** button to save your settings.

4. If your ISP provides BigPond Cable connection, please select **BigPond Cable** option. Then you should enter the following parameters:

WAN			
WAN Connection Type:	BigPond Cable		
User Name:	username		
Password:			
Auth Server:	sm-server		
Auth Domain:			
MTU Size (in bytes):	(The default is 1500, do not change unless necessary.)		
Connection Mode:	Connect on Demand		
	Max Idle Time: 15 minutes (0 means remain active at all times.)		
	O Connect Automatically		
	🔿 Connect Manually		
	Max Idle Time: 15 minutes (0 means remain active at all times.)		
	Connect Disconnect Disconnected!		
	Save		

- > User Name/Password Enter the User Name and Password provided by your ISP. These fields are case-sensitive.
- > Auth Server Enter the authenticating server IP address or host name.
- > Auth Domain Type in the domain suffix server name based on your location,
- MTU Size The default MTU size is "1480" bytes, which is usually fine. It is not recommended that you change the default MTU Size unless required by your ISP.
- Connect on Demand In this mode, the Internet connection can be terminated automatically after a specified inactivity period (Max Idle Time) and be re-established when you attempt to access the Internet again. If you want your Internet connection keeps active all the time, please enter "0" in the Max Idle Time field. Otherwise, enter the number of minutes you want to have elapsed before your Internet access disconnects.
- Connect Automatically The connection can be re-established automatically when it was down.
- Connect Manually You can click the Connect/Disconnect button to connect/disconnect immediately. This mode also supports the Max Idle Time function as Connect on Demand mode. The Internet connection can be disconnected automatically after a specified inactivity period and re-established when you attempt to access the Internet again.

Click the **Connect** button to connect immediately. Click the **Disconnect** button to disconnect immediately.

Caution: Sometimes the connection cannot be terminated although you specify a time to Max Idle Time because some applications are visiting the Internet continually in the background.

Click the **Save** button to save your settings.

5. If your ISP provides L2TP connection, please select L2TP/Russia L2TP option. Then you should enter the following parameters:

WAN	
WAN Connection Type:	L2TP/Russia L2TP 💌
User Name:	username
Password:	
	Connect Disconnect Disconnected!
	⊙ Dynamic IP _ O Static IP
Server IP Address/Name:	💿 Dynamic IP 🔿 Static IP
	0.0.0.0
IP Address:	
Subnet Mask:	0.0.0
Gateway:	0.0.0.0
DNS:	0.0.0.0, 0.0.0.0
Internet IP Address:	0.0.0.0
Internet DNS:	0.0.0.0, 0.0.0.0
MTU Size (in bytes):	1460 (The default is 1460, do not change unless necessary.)
Max Idle Time:	15 minutes (0 means remain active at all times.)
Connection Mode:	Connect on Demand
	Connect Automatically
	Connect Manually
	Save

- > User Name/Password Enter the User Name and Password provided by your ISP. These fields are case-sensitive.
- Dynamic IP/ Static IP Choose either as you are given by your ISP. Click the Connect button to connect immediately. Click the Disconnect button to disconnect immediately.
- Connect on Demand You can configure the Router to disconnect from your Internet connection after a specified period of inactivity (Max Idle Time). If your Internet connection has been terminated due to inactivity, Connect on Demand enables the Router to automatically re-establish your connection as soon as you attempt to access

the Internet again. If you wish to activate **Connect on Demand**, check the radio button. If you want your Internet connection to remain active at all times, enter 0 in the **Max Idle Time** field. Otherwise, enter the number of minutes you want to have elapsed before your Internet connection terminates.

- Connect Automatically Connect automatically after the Router is disconnected. To use this option, check the radio button.
- Connect Manually You can configure the Router to make it connect or disconnect manually. After a specified period of inactivity (Max Idle Time), the Router will disconnect from your Internet connection, and you will not be able to re-establish your connection automatically as soon as you attempt to access the Internet again. To use this option, check the radio button. If you want your Internet connection to remain active at all times, enter "0" in the Max Idle Time field. Otherwise, enter the number of minutes that you wish to have the Internet connecting last unless a new link is requested.

Caution: Sometimes the connection cannot be disconnected although you specify a time to **Max Idle Time**, because some applications are visiting the Internet continually in the background.

Click the **Save** button to save your settings.

6. If your ISP provides PPTP connection, please select **PPTP/Russia PPTP** option. And you should enter the following parameters:

WAN	
WAN Connection Type:	PPTP/Russia PPTP
User Name: Password:	username ••••••• Connect Disconnected!
	💿 Dynamic IP 🔣 Static IP
Server IP Address/Name:	
IP Address:	0.0.0.0
Subnet Mask:	0.0.0.0
Gateway:	0.0.0.0
DNS:	0.0.0.0 , 0.0.0.0
Internet IP Address:	0.0.0.0
Internet DNS:	0.0.0.0 , 0.0.0.0
MTU Size (in bytes): Max Idle Time:	1420(The default is 1420, do not change unless necessary.)15minutes (0 means remain active at all times.)
Connection Mode:	 Connect on Demand Connect Automatically Connect Manually
	Save

- > User Name/Password Enter the User Name and Password provided by your ISP. These fields are case-sensitive.
- Dynamic IP/ Static IP Choose either as you are given by your ISP and enter the ISP's IP address or the domain name.

If you choose static IP and enter the domain name, you should also enter the DNS assigned by your ISP. And click the **Save** button.

Click the **Connect** button to connect immediately. Click the **Disconnect** button to disconnect immediately.

Connect on Demand - You can configure the Router to disconnect from your Internet connection after a specified period of inactivity (Max Idle Time). If your Internet connection has been terminated due to inactivity, Connect on Demand enables the Router to automatically re-establish your connection as soon as you attempt to access the Internet again. If you wish to activate Connect on Demand, check the radio button. If you want your Internet connection to remain active at all times, enter "0" in the Max Idle Time field. Otherwise, enter the number of minutes you want to have elapsed before your Internet connection terminates.

- Connect Automatically Connect automatically after the Router is disconnected. To use this option, check the radio button.
- Connect Manually You can configure the Router to make it connect or disconnect manually. After a specified period of inactivity (Max Idle Time), the Router will disconnect from your Internet connection, and you will not be able to re-establish your connection automatically as soon as you attempt to access the Internet again. To use this option, click the radio button. If you want your Internet connection to remain active at all times, enter "0" in the Max Idle Time field. Otherwise, enter the number in minutes that you wish to have the Internet connecting last unless a new link is requested.

Caution: Sometimes the connection cannot be disconnected although you specify a time to **Max Idle Time** because some applications are visiting the Internet continually in the background.

Click the **Save** button to save your settings.

4.6.2 MAC Clone

Choose menu "**Network** \rightarrow **MAC Clone**", and then you can configure the WAN MAC address on the screen below:

MAC Clone			
WAN MAC Address:	00-1D-0F-01-06-29	Restore Factory MAC	
Your PC's MAC Address:	6C-62-6D-F7-31-8D	Clone MAC Address	
	Save		

Some ISPs require that you register the MAC Address of your adapter. Changes are rarely needed here.

- WAN MAC Address This field displays the current MAC address of the WAN port. If your ISP requires you to register the MAC address, please enter the correct MAC address into this field in XX-XX-XX-XX-XX format (X is any hexadecimal digit).
- Your PC's MAC Address This field displays the MAC address of the PC that is managing the Router. If the MAC address is required, you can click the Clone MAC Address To button and this MAC address will fill in the WAN MAC Address field.

Click **Restore Factory MAC** to restore the MAC address of WAN port to the factory default value.

Click the **Save** button to save your settings.

P Note:

1. Only the PC on your LAN can use the **MAC Address Clone** function.

2. If you change WAN MAC Address when the WAN connection is PPPoE, it will not take effect until the connection is re-established.

4.6.3 LAN

Choose menu "**Network** \rightarrow **LAN**", and then you can configure the IP parameters of the LAN on the screen as below.

LAN		
MAC Address:	00-1D-0F-01-06-28	
IP Address:	192.168.0.254	
Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0 💌	
IGMP Proxy:	Enable 💌	
Note: IGMP(Internet Group Management Protocol) works for IPTV multicast stream. The device supports both IGMP proxy with enabled or disable option and IGMP snooping.		
	Save	

- MAC Address The physical address of the LAN ports, as seen from the LAN. The value can't be changed.
- IP Address Enter the IP address of your Router in dotted-decimal notation (factory default: 192.168.0.254).
- Subnet Mask An address code that determines the size of the network. Normally use 255.255.255.0 as the subnet mask.
- IGMP Proxy The Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) feature allows your devices in LAN can watch TV.
- P Note:
- 1. If you change the IP Address of LAN, you must use the new IP Address to login to the Router.
- 2. If the new LAN IP Address you set is not in the same subnet with the previous one, the IP Address pool in the DHCP server will be configured automatically, while the Virtual Server and DMZ Host will not take effect until they are re-configured.

4.7 Wireless

Wireless
- Wireless Settings
- Wireless Security
- Wireless MAC Filtering
- Wireless Advanced
- Wireless Statistics

There are five submenus under the Wireless menu: Wireless Settings, Wireless Security, Wireless MAC Filtering, Wireless Advanced and Wireless Statistics. Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function.

4.7.1 Wireless Settings

Choose menu "Wireless \rightarrow Wireless Settings", and then you can configure the basic settings for the wireless network on this page.

ireless Settings		
Wireless Network Name:	TP-LINK_010630	(Also called the SSID)
Region:	United Kingdom 🛛 👻	
Warning:	Ensure you select a correct co Incorrect settings may cause in	
Mode:	11bgn mixed	
Channel Width:	Auto 🗸	
Channel:	Auto 🖌	
	Enable Wireless Router F	Radio
	Enable SSID Broadcast	
	Save	

- Wireless Network Name Enter a string of up to 32 characters. The same name of SSID (Service Set Identification) must be assigned to all wireless devices in your network. The default SSID is set to be TP-LINK_XXXXX (XXXXXX indicates the last unique six numbers of each Router's MAC address). But it is recommended strongly that you change your networks name (SSID) to a different value. This value is case-sensitive. For example, *TEST* is NOT the same as *test*.
- Region Select your region from the pull-down list. This field specifies the region where the wireless function of the Router can be used. It may be illegal to use the wireless function of the Router in a region other than one of those specified in this field. If your country or region is not listed, please contact your local government agency for assistance.

- > **Mode -** Select the desired mode. The default setting is 11bgn mixed.
- 11bg mixed Select if you are using both 802.11b and 802.11g wireless clients.
- **11bgn mixed -** Select if you are using a mix of 802.11b, 11g, and 11n wireless clients.

When 11bg mixed mode is selected, only 11bg mixed wireless stations can connect to the Router. It is strongly recommended that you set the Mode to 11bgn mixed, and all of 802.11b/g/n wireless stations can connect to the Router.

P Note:

If **11bg mixed mode** is selected in the **Mode** field, the **Channel Width** selecting field will turn grey and the value will become 20M, which is unable to be changed.

- Channel Width Select any channel width from the pull-down list. The default setting is automatic, which can automatically adjust the channel width for your clients.
- Channel This field determines which operating frequency will be used. The default channel is set to Auto. It is not necessary to change the wireless channel unless you notice interference problems with another nearby access point.
- Enable Wireless Router Radio The wireless radio of the Router can be enabled or disabled to allow wireless stations access. If enabled, the wireless stations will be able to access the Router. Otherwise, wireless stations will not be able to access the Router.
- Enable SSID Broadcast If you select the Enable SSID Broadcast checkbox, the wireless router will broadcast its name (SSID) on the air.

Be sure to click the **Save** button to save your settings on this page.

P Note:

- 1. The operating distance or range of your wireless connection varies significantly based on the physical placement of the Router. For best results, place your Router.
 - Near the center of the area in which your wireless stations will operate.
 - In an elevated location such as a high shelf.
 - Away from the potential sources of interference, such as PCs, microwaves, and cordless phones.
 - Away from large metal surfaces.
- 2. Failure to follow these guidelines can result in significant performance degradation or inability to wirelessly connect to the Router.

4.7.2 Wireless Security

Choose menu "Wireless \rightarrow Wireless Security", and then you can configure the security settings of your wireless network.

There are three wireless security modes supported by the Router: WPA/WPA2-Personal, WPA/WPA2-Enterprise and WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy).

Wireless Security		
O Disable Security		
WPA/WPA2 - Personal(Recommendation)	nded)	
Version:	Automatic(Recon	nmended) 🔽
Encryption:	Automatic(Recon	nmended) 💌
Wireless Password:		
	(You can enter ASC	II characters between 8 and 63 or Hexadecimal characters between 8 and 64.)
Group Key Update Period:	0	Seconds (Keep it default if you are not sure, minimum is 30, 0 means no update)
O WPA/WPA2 - Enterprise		
Version:	Automatic	×
Encryption:	Automatic	×
Radius Server IP:		
Radius Port:	1812 (1-65	535, 0 stands for default port 1812)
Radius Password:		
Group Key Update Period:	0 (in second, minimum is 30, 0 means no update)
O WEP		
Туре:	Automatic	×
WEP Key Format:	Hexadecimal	×
Key Selected	WEP Key	Кеу Туре
Key 1: 💿		Disabled 🔽
Key 2: 🔘		Disabled 🗸
Key 3: 🔵		Disabled 🔽
Key 4: 🔘		Disabled 🗸
	Save	

- Disable Security The wireless security function can be enabled or disabled. If disabled, the wireless stations will be able to connect the Router without encryption. But it's strongly recommended to choose one of the following modes to enable security.
- WPA-PSK/WPA2-Personal It's the WPA/WPA2 authentication type based on pre-shared passphrase.
 - Version you can choose the version of the WPA-PSK security on the drop-down list. The default setting is Automatic, which can select WPA-PSK (Pre-shared key of WPA) or WPA2-PSK (Pre-shared key of WPA) automatically based on the wireless station's capability and request.
 - Encryption When WPA-PSK or WPA is set as the Authentication Type, you can select either Automatic, or TKIP or AES as Encryption.

Solution Note:

If you check the **WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK** radio button and choose TKIP encryption, you will find a notice in red.

WPA/WPA2 - Personal(Recomment	ded)
Version:	Automatic(Recommended) 💌
Encryption:	ТКІР
Wireless Password:	
	(You can enter ASCII characters between 8 and 63 or Hexadecimal characters between 8 and 64.)
Group Key Update Period:	O Seconds (Keep it default if you are not sure, minimum is 30, 0 means no update)
	We do not recommend using the TKIP encryption if this device operates in 802.11n mode due to the fact that TKIP is not supported by 802.11n specification.

- > WPA/WPA2-Enterprise It's based on Radius Server.
 - Version you can choose the version of the WPA security from the pull-down list. The default setting is Automatic, which can select WPA (Wi-Fi Protected Access) or WPA2 (WPA version 2) automatically based on the wireless station's capability and request.
 - Encryption- You can select Automatic, TKIP or AES.
 - Radius Server IP Enter the IP address of the Radius server.
 - Radius Port Enter the port that Radius server used.
 - Radius Password Enter the password for the Radius server.
 - Group Key Update Period Specify the group key update interval in seconds. The value should be 30 or above. Enter 0 to disable the update.
- **WEP -** It is based on the IEEE 802.11 standard.
 - **Type** you can choose the type for the WEP security on the pull-down list. The default setting is **Automatic**, which can select **Shared Key** or **Open System** authentication type automatically based on the wireless station's capability and request.
 - WEP Key Format Hexadecimal and ASCII formats are provided here. Hexadecimal format stands for any combination of hexadecimal digits (0-9, a-f, A-F) in the specified length. ASCII format stands for any combination of keyboard characters in the specified length.
 - WEP Key (Password) Select which of the four keys will be used and enter the matching WEP key that you create. Make sure these values are identical on all wireless stations in your network.
 - **Key Type** You can select the WEP key length (64-bit, or 128-bit, or 152-bit.) for encryption. "Disabled" means this WEP key entry is invalid.

64-bit - You can enter 10 hexadecimal digits (any combination of 0-9, a-f, A-F, zero key is not promoted) or 5 ASCII characters.

128-bit - You can enter 26 hexadecimal digits (any combination of 0-9, a-f, A-F, zero key is not promoted) or 13 ASCII characters.

152-bit - You can enter 32 hexadecimal digits (any combination of 0-9, a-f, A-F, zero key is not promoted) or 16 ASCII characters.

P Note:

If you do not set the key, the wireless security function is still disabled even if you have selected Shared Key as Authentication Type.

Be sure to click the **Save** button to save your settings on this page.

4.7.3 Wireless MAC Filtering

Choose menu "Wireless \rightarrow Wireless MAC Filtering", and then you can control the wireless access by configuring the Wireless MAC Filtering function.

Wireless MAC Filtering			
Wireless MAC Filtering:	Enabled	Disable	
Filtering Rules			
Oeny the stations specified by any	enabled entries	in the list to access.	
Allow the stations specified by any	/ enabled entries	in the list to access.	
ID MAC Address	Status	Description	Modify
Add New Enable All Dis	sable All	Delete All	
PI	revious	Next	

To filter wireless users by MAC Address, click **Enable**. The default setting is **Disable**.

- > MAC Address The wireless station's MAC address that you want to access.
- **Status -** The status of this entry, either **Enabled** or **Disable**.
- > **Description -** A simple description of the wireless station.

To Add a Wireless MAC Address filtering entry, click the **Add New...** button. The "**Add or Modify Wireless MAC Address Filtering entry**" page will appear:

Add or Modify Wireless M	AC Address Filtering entry
MAC Address: Description: Status:	Enabled V
	Save Back

To add or modify a MAC Address Filtering entry, follow these instructions:

 Enter the appropriate MAC Address into the MAC Address field. The format of the MAC Address is XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX (X is any hexadecimal digit). For example: 00-0A-EB-B0-00-0B.

- Give a simple description for the wireless station in the **Description** field. For example: Wireless station A.
- 3. Select **Enabled** or **Disabled** for this entry on the **Status** pull-down list.
- 4. Click the **Save** button to save this entry.

To modify or delete an existing entry:

- 1. Click the **Modify** in the entry you want to modify. If you want to delete the entry, click the **Delete**.
- 2. Modify the information.
- 3. Click the **Save** button.

Click the **Enable All** button to make all entries enabled

Click the **Disable All** button to make all entries disabled.

Click the **Delete All** button to delete all entries.

Click the **Next** button to go to the next page.

Click the **Previous** button to return to the previous page.

For example: If you desire that the wireless station A with MAC address 00-0A-EB-B0-00-0B and the wireless station B with MAC address 00-0A-EB-00-07-5F are able to access the Router, but all the other wireless stations cannot access the Router, you can configure the **Wireless MAC Address Filtering** list by following these steps:

- 1. Click the **Enabled** button to enable this function.
- 2. Select the radio button "Allow the stations specified by any enabled entries in the list to access" for **Filtering Rules**.
- 3. Delete all or disable all entries if there are any entries already.
- 4. Click the Add New... button.
 - 1) Enter the MAC address 00-0A-EB-B0-00-0B/00-0A-EB-00-07-5F in the MAC Address field.
 - 2) Enter wireless station A/B in the **Description** field.
 - 3) Select **Enabled** in the **Status** pull-down list.
 - 4) Click the **Save** button.
 - 5) Click the **Back** button.

The filtering rules that configured should be similar to the following list:

F	iltering Rules				
	Deny the stations specified by any enabled entries in the list to access.				
	Allow the stations specified by any enabled entries in the list to access.				
ID	MAC Address	Status	Description	Modify	
ID 1	MAC Address 00-0A-EB-B0-00-0B	Status Enabled	Description wireless station A	Modify <u>Modify Delete</u>	

4.7.4 Wireless Advanced

Choose menu "Wireless \rightarrow Wireless Advanced", and then you can configure the advanced settings of your wireless network.

Wireless Advanced			
Transmit Power:	High	×	
Beacon Interval :	100	(40-1000)	
RTS Threshold:	2346	(256-2346)	
Fragmentation Threshold:	2346	(256-2346)	
DTIM Interval:	1	(1-255)	
	Enable WMM		
	Enable Short GI		
	Enable AP Isolation		
	Sav	e	

- Transmit Power Here you can specify the transmit power of Router. You can select High, Middle or Low which you would like. High is the default setting and is recommended.
- Beacon Interval Enter a value between 20-1000 milliseconds for Beacon Interval here. The beacons are the packets sent by the Router to synchronize a wireless network. Beacon Interval value determines the time interval of the beacons. The default value is 100.
- RTS Threshold Here you can specify the RTS (Request to Send) Threshold. If the packet is larger than the specified RTS Threshold size, the Router will send RTS frames to a particular receiving station and negotiate the sending of a data frame. The default value is 2346.
- Fragmentation Threshold This value is the maximum size determining whether packets will be fragmented. Setting the Fragmentation Threshold too low may result in poor network performance because of excessive packets. 2346 is the default setting and is recommended.
- DTIM Interval This value determines the interval of the Delivery Traffic Indication Message (DTIM). A DTIM field is a countdown field informing clients of the next window for listening to broadcast and multicast messages. When the Router has buffered broadcast or multicast messages for associated clients, it sends the next DTIM with a DTIM Interval value. You can

specify the value between 1-255 Beacon Intervals. The default value is 1, which indicates the DTIM Interval is the same as Beacon Interval.

- Enable WMM WMM function can guarantee the packets with high-priority messages being transmitted preferentially. It is strongly recommended enabled.
- Enable Short GI This function is recommended for it will increase the data capacity by reducing the guard interval time.
- Enable AP Isolation This function isolate all connected wireless stations so that wireless stations cannot access each other through WLAN. This function will be disabled if WDS/Bridge is enabled.

P Note:

If you are not familiar with the setting items in this page, it's strongly recommended to keep the provided default values; otherwise it may result in lower wireless network performance.

4.7.5 Wireless Statistics

Choose menu "Wireless \rightarrow Wireless Statistics", and then you can see the MAC Address, Current Status, Received Packets and Sent Packets for each connected wireless station.

Wire	eless Statistics				
	Curre	ent Connected Wireless	Stations numbers: 1	Refresh	
ID	MAC Address	Current Status	Received Packets	Sent Packets	Configure
1	70-73-CB-1F-C8-C9	STA-ASSOC	46	16	Allow
		Previous	Next		

- > MAC Address The connected wireless station's MAC address
- Current Status The connected wireless station's running status, one of STA-AUTH / STA-ASSOC / STA-JOINED / WPA / WPA-PSK / WPA2 / WPA2-PSK / AP-UP / AP-DOWN / Disconnected
- > **Received Packets -** Packets received by the station
- Sent Packets Packets sent by the station.
- > Configure The button is used for loading the item to the Wireless MAC Filtering list.
 - Allow If the Wireless MAC Filtering function enable, allow the station to access.
 - Deny If the Wireless MAC Filtering function enable, deny the station to access.

You cannot change any of the values on this page. To update this page and to show the current connected wireless stations, click on the **Refresh** button.

If the numbers of connected wireless stations go beyond one page, click the **Next** button to go to the next page and click the **Previous** button to return the previous page.

P Note:

This page will be refreshed automatically every 5 seconds.

4.8 DHCP

I	Энср
	DHCP Settings
	DHCP Client List
	Address Reservation

There are three submenus under the DHCP menu, **DHCP Settings**, **DHCP Clients List** and **Address Reservation.** Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function.

4.8.1 DHCP Settings

Choose menu "**DHCP** \rightarrow **DHCP** Settings", and then you can configure the DHCP Server. The Router is set up by default as a DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) server, which provides the TCP/IP configuration for all the PC(s) that are connected to the Router on the LAN.

DHCP Settings		
DHCP Server:	🔿 Disable 💿 Enabl	e
Start IP Address:	192.168.0.100	
End IP Address:	192.168.0.199	_
Address Lease Time:	120 minutes (- 1~2880 minutes, the default value is 120)
Default Gateway:	192.168.0.254	(Optional)
Default Domain:		(Optional)
Primary DNS:	0.0.0.0	(Optional)
Secondary DNS:	0.0.0.0	(Optional)
	Save	

- DHCP Server Enable or Disable the DHCP server. If you disable the Server, you must have another DHCP server within your network or else you must configure the computer manually.
- Start IP Address Specify an IP address for the DHCP Server to start with when assigning IP addresses. 192.168.0.100 is the default start address.
- End IP Address Specify an IP address for the DHCP Server to end with when assigning IP addresses. 192.168.0.199 is the default end address.

- Address Lease Time The Address Lease Time is the amount of time a network user will be allowed connection to the Router with their current dynamic IP Address. Enter the amount of time in minutes and the user will be "leased" this dynamic IP Address. After the time is up, the user will be automatically assigned a new dynamic IP address. The range of the time is 1 ~ 2880 minutes. The default value is 120 minutes.
- Default Gateway (Optional) It is suggested to input the IP address of the LAN port of the Router. The default value is 192.168.0.254.
- > Default Domain (Optional) Input the domain name of your network.
- Primary DNS (Optional) Input the DNS IP address provided by your ISP or consult your ISP. Or consult your ISP.
- Secondary DNS (Optional) Input the IP address of another DNS server if your ISP provides two DNS servers.

P Note:

To use the DHCP server function of the Router, you must configure all computers on the LAN as "Obtain an IP Address automatically".

4.8.2 DHCP Client List

Choose menu "DHCP \rightarrow DHCP Client List", and then you can view the information about the clients attached to the Router.

D	DHCP Client List					
ID	Client Name	MAC Address	Assigned IP	Lease Time		
1	tplink14129	6C-62-6D-F7-31-8D	192.168.0.100	01:15:47		
2	Unknown	70-73-CB-1F-C8-C9	192.168.0.101	01:56:32		
		Refresh				

- > Client Name The name of the DHCP client
- > MAC Address The MAC address of the DHCP client
- > Assigned IP The IP address that the Router has allocated to the DHCP client
- Lease Time The time of the DHCP client leased. After the dynamic IP address has expired, a new dynamic IP address will be automatically assigned to the user.

You cannot change any of the values on this page. To update this page and to show the current attached devices, click the **Refresh** button.

4.8.3 Address Reservation

Choose menu "DHCP \rightarrow Address Reservation", and then you can view and add a reserved address for clients via the next screen. When you specify a reserved IP address for a PC on the

LAN, that PC will always receive the same IP address each time when it accesses the DHCP server. Reserved IP addresses should be assigned to the servers that require permanent IP settings.

Addr	ess Reservation			
ID 1	MAC Address 00-11-22-33-44-AA	Reserved IP Address 192.168.0.169	Status Enabled	Modify <u>Modify Delete</u>
Add N	lew Enable All	Disable All Delete All		
		Previous Next		

- > MAC Address The MAC address of the PC for which you want to reserve an IP address.
- > **Reserved IP Address -** The IP address reserved for the PC by the Router.
- > Status The status of this entry, either Enabled or Disabled.
- > **Modify -** To modify or delete an existing entry.

To Reserve an IP address:

- 1. Click the **Add New...** button. Then will pop-up.
- 2. Enter the MAC address (in XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX format.) and IP address (in dotted-decimal notation) of the computer for which you want to reserve an IP address.
- 3. Click the **Save** button.

Add or Modify an Addres	s Reservation Entry
MAC Address: Reserved IP Address: Status:	Enabled V
	Save Back

To modify or delete an existing entry:

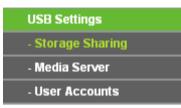
- 1. Click the **Modify** in the entry you want to modify. If you want to delete the entry, click the **Delete**.
- 2. Modify the information.
- 3. Click the **Save** button.

Click the **Enable/Disable All** button to make all entries enabled/disabled.

Click the **Delete All** button to delete all entries.

Click the **Next** button to go to the next page and Click the **Previous** button to return the previous page.

4.9 USB Settings



There are three submenus under the USB Settings menu, **Storage Sharing**, **Media Server** and **User Accounts**. Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding functions.

4.9.1 Storage Sharing

Choose menu "**USB Settings**→**Storage Sharing**", you can configure a USB disk drive attached to the router and view volume and share such properties as share name, capacity, used space, and free space on this page as shown below.

Storage	Sharing					
	Service Status:	Started	Stop hared storage wi	th password		
Volume	Capacity	Used	Free	Use%	Shared	
volume1	1.9 GB	1.3 GB	626 MB	67%	Disable	
Eject Disk Rescan						

- Service Status Indicates the Network Sharing service's current status. You can click the Start button to start the Storage Sharing service and click the Stop button to stop it.
- Volume The volume name of the USB drive the users have access to. Volume 1-8 is mapping to USB port1, and Volume 9-16 is mapping to USB port2.
- > **Capacity -** The storage capacity of the USB driver.
- > **Used -** The used space of the USB driver.
- > **Free -** The available space of the USB driver.
- > **Use% -** The percentage of the used space.
- Shared Indicates the shared or non-shared status of the volume. When the volume is shared, you can click the Disable to stop sharing the volume; when volume is non-shared, you can click the Enable button to share the volume.

Click the Start button to start the Network Sharing service.

Click the Stop button to stop the Network Sharing service.

Click the **Eject Disk** button to safely remove the USB storage device that is connected to USB port. This takes the drive offline. A message will appear on your web browser when it is safe to detach the USB disk.

Message f	from webpage	—
?	This operation will disable Media Server. Are you sure to continue?	
	ОК	ancel

Click the **Rescan** button to start a new scan.

Follow the instructions below to set up your router as a file server:

- 1. Plug an external USB hard disk drive or USB flash drive into this router.
- 2. Click the **Rescan** button to find the USB drive that has been attached to the router.
- 3. Click the **Start** button to start the Storage Sharing service.
- 4. Click the **Enable** button under **Shared** to enable the disk to share.
- 5. Click the **Open the disk** to visit the sharing disk.

P Note:

- 1. The router can automatically locate new USB drive. But to display the information about your USB device, you need to click the **Rescan** button manually.
- 2. The new settings will not take effect until you restart the service.
- 3. To unplug the USB drive, click **Eject Disk** button first. Simply pulling USB drive out of the USB port can cause damage to the device and loss of data.
- 4. Mounted volumes of each USB port are subject to the 8-volume limit. So you cannot access more than 8 volumes on the USB storage device.
- 5. If you change the storage settings during the storage connection is established, then the changes will not take effect until the router or the client is rebooted.

4.9.2 Media Server

Choose menu "USB Settings→Media Server", you can create media server that allows you to share stored content with other computers and devices on your home network and on the Internet.

	Server Name:	TP-LINK_010628		
	Server Status:	Stopped Start)	
			, ,	
Auto-scan ev	/ery 2 hours 🚩	Scan All		
Add share folde	÷1			

- > **Server Name -** The name of this Media Server.
- Server Status Indicates the Media Server's current status, started or stopped. You can click the Start button to start the Media Server and click the Stop button to stop it.
- > Name The display name of this folder.
- > File System The file system type on the partition can be FAT32 or NTFS.
- > Folder The real full path of the specified folder.
- > **Delete** You can delete the share folder by click **Delete**.

To set up your media server, please follow the instructions below:

1. Plug an external USB hard disk drive or USB flash drive into this router, and then the following screen will appear.

	Server Name: Server Status:	TP-LINK_010628 Stopped Start		
Auto-scan		Scan All		
Name	File Systen	1	Folder	Delete

2. Click the Start button to start the media server, and then the following screen will appear.

Media Server Setting					
Server Name: Server Status:	TP-LINK_010628 Started Stop				
Auto-scan every 2 hours Scan All					
Name File System	Folder Delete				

3. Click the **Add share folder** button to specify a folder as the search path of media server. The following screen will then appear.

Add New Folder	
Display Name: Partition: Folder Location:	video Share entire partition /my share
Select	Folder
0	photo
۲	video
	Save Back Current No. 1 🗸 page

- > **Display Name -** You can enter a display name for the share folder.
- Share entire partition Choose this option and then the folders contained in this partition will all be shared.
- > **Folder Location-** Displays the location of this folder.
- > **Select** Check the radio button to select the folder to share.
- > **Folder** Displays folders that are in current path.
- > **Upper** Click this button to get into the upper folder.
- Save Click this button to save your settings and the page will be redirected to the media server configuration page.
- Back Click this button to discard the settings and just go to the media server configuration page.
- 4. Click the **Scan All** button to scan all the share folders immediately. You can also select the **Auto-scan**, at same time, select an auto scan interval time by drop-down list. In this case, the media server will auto scan the share folders.

P Note:

The max share folders number is 6. If you want share a new folder when the number has been reached to be 6, you can delete a share folder and then add a new one.

4.9.3 User Accounts

You can specify the user name and password for Storage Sharing users on this page. **Storage Sharing** users can use Internet Explorer to access files on the USB drive.

There are two default user accounts that can access the Storage Sharing. They are Administrator and Guest. Administrator has read/write access to Storage Sharing and can access FTP Server while Guest has read-only access to Storage Sharing and cannot access FTP Server.

User Account Management					
Add New User					
User Name	Password	Storage Authority	Modify		
admin	admin	Read and Write	yes	Edit	
guest	guest	Read Only	no	Edit	
Save					

Only Administrator can use a Web browser to transfer the files from a PC to the Writable shared volume on the USB drive.

To add a new user account, please follow the steps below:

- 1. Click Add New User button.
- 2. Self-define a User Name.
- 3. Enter the password in the **Password** field.
- 4. Choose the Storage Authority from the drop-down list, **Read and Write** or **Read Only**.

Add or Modify User Acco	unt
User Name: Password:	admin2
Storage Authority:	Read and Write 💌
	Save Back

- User Name Type the user name that you want to give access to the USB drive. The user name must be composed of alphanumeric symbols not exceeding 15 characters in length.
- Password Enter the password in the Password field. The password must be composed of alphanumeric symbols not exceeding 15 characters in length. For security purposes, the password for each user account is not displayed.
- Storage Authority Choose Read and Write or Read Only from the drop-down list to assign access authority of Storage Sharing to the user.
- > Save You can click the Save button to save your settings.
- Back You can click the Back button to discard the settings and just go to the media server configuration page.

P Note:

Please restart the service for the new settings to take effect.

If you cannot use the new user name and password to access the shares, press **Windows logo + R** to open the Run dialog box and type **net use \\192.168.0.254 /delete /yes** and press Enter. (192.168.0.254 is your router's LAN IP address. If the LAN IP of the modem connected with your router is 192.168.1.x, the default LAN IP of the router will automatically switch from 192.168.0.254 to 192.168.1.254 to avoid IP conflict; in this case, please try **net use \\192.168.1.254 /delete / yes**.)

4.10 Forwarding

Fo	rwarding
- V	firtual Servers
- P	ort Triggering
- D	MZ
- L	IPnP

There are four submenus under the Forwarding menu: **Virtual Servers**, **Port Triggering**, **DMZ** and **UPnP**. Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function.

4.10.1 Virtual Servers

Choose menu "Forwarding \rightarrow Virtual Servers", and then you can view and add virtual servers. Virtual servers can be used for setting up public services on your LAN, such as DNS, Email and FTP. A virtual server is defined as a service port, and all requests from the Internet to this service port will be redirected to the computer specified by the server IP. Any PC that was used for a virtual server must have a static or reserved IP Address because its IP Address may be changed when using the DHCP function.

Virtual Servers					
ID Service Port	Internal Port	IP Address	Protocol	Status	Modify
Add New	Enable All Disable All	Delete All			
	Previous	Next			

- Service Port The numbers of External Ports. You can type a service port or a range of service ports (in XXX – YYY format, XXX is the start port number, YYY is the end port number).
- Internal Port The Internal Service Port number of the PC running the service application. You can leave it blank if the Internal Port is the same as the Service Port, or enter a specific port number when Service Port is a single one.

- > **IP Address -** The IP Address of the PC providing the service application.
- Protocol The protocol used for this application, either TCP, UDP, or All (all protocols supported by the Router).
- > Status The status of this entry, either Enabled or Disabled.
- > **Modify -** To modify or delete an existing entry.

To setup a virtual server entry:

- 1. Click the **Add New...** button, the next screen will pop-up.
- Select the service port you want to use from the Common Service Port list. If the Common Service Port list does not have the service that you want to use, type the service port number or service port range in the Service Port box.
- 3. Type the IP Address of the computer in the **IP Address** box.
- 4. Select the protocol used for this application, either TCP, UDP, or All.
- 5. Select the **Enabled** to enable the virtual server.
- 6. Click the **Save** button.

Add or Modify a Virtual S	erver Entry
Service Port:	(XX-XX or XX)
Internal Port:	(XX, Only valid for single Service Port or leave it blank)
IP Address:	
Protocol:	All
Status:	Enabled
Common Service Port:	Select One
	Save Back

P Note:

If your computer or server has more than one type of available service, please select another service, and enter the same IP Address for that computer or server.

To modify or delete an existing entry:

- 1. Click the **Modify** in the entry you want to modify. If you want to delete the entry, click the **Delete**.
- 2. Modify the information.
- 3. Click the **Save** button.

Click the Enable/Disable All button to make all entries enabled/disabled.

Click the **Delete All** button to delete all entries.

Click the **Next** button to go to the next page and click the **Previous** button to return the previous page.

P Note:

If you set the service port of the virtual server as 80, you must set the Web management port on "Security \rightarrow Remote Management" page to be any other value except 80 such as 8080. Otherwise there will be a conflict to disable the virtual server.

4.10.2 Port Triggering

Choose menu "Forwarding \rightarrow Port Triggering", and then you can view and add port triggering. Some applications require multiple connections, like Internet games, video conferencing, Internet calling and so on. These applications cannot work with a pure NAT Router. Port Triggering is used for some of these applications that can work with an NAT Router.

Port Triggeri	ng			
ID Trigger Port	Trigger Protocol	Incoming Ports	Incoming Protocol	Status Modify
Add New	Enable All Disa	ble All Delete All		
	Pre	vious Next		

Once the Router is configured, the operation is as follows:

- 1. A local host makes an outgoing connection using a destination port number defined in the Trigger Port field.
- 2. The Router records this connection, opens the incoming port or ports associated with this entry in the Port Triggering table, and associates them with the local host.
- 3. When necessary, the external host will be able to connect to the local host using one of the ports defined in the **Incoming Ports** field.
- Trigger Port The port for outgoing traffic. An outgoing connection using this port will trigger this rule.
- Trigger Protocol The protocol used for Trigger Ports, either TCP, UDP, or All (all protocols supported by the Router).
- Incoming Ports The port or port range used by the remote system when it responds to the outgoing request. A response using one of these ports will be forwarded to the PC that triggered this rule. You can input at most 5 groups of ports (or port sections). Every group of ports must be set apart with ",". For example, 2000-2038, 2050-2051, 2085, 3010-3030.
- Incoming Protocol The protocol used for Incoming Ports Range, either TCP or UDP, or ALL (all protocols supported by the Router).
- > Status The status of this entry, either Enabled or Disabled.
- > **Modify -** To modify or delete an existing entry.

To add a new rule, follow the steps below:

- 1. Click the **Add New...** button, the next screen will pop up.
- Select a common application from the Common Applications drop-down list, then the Trigger Port field and the Incoming Ports field will be automatically filled. If the Common Applications do not have the application you need, enter the Trigger Port and the Incoming Ports manually.
- 3. Select the protocol used for Trigger Port from the **Trigger Protocol** drop-down list, either **TCP**, **UDP**, or **AII**.
- 4. Select the protocol used for Incoming Ports from the **Incoming Protocol** drop-down list, either **TCP** or **UDP**, or **All**.
- 5. Select **Enabled** in **Status** field.
- 6. Click the **Save** button to save the new rule.

Add or Modify a Port Trig	gering Entry
Trigger Port:	
Trigger Protocol:	All 💌
Incoming Ports:	
Incoming Protocol:	All 🔽
Status:	Enabled 💌
Common Applications:	Select One
	Save Back

To modify or delete an existing entry:

- 1. Click the **Modify** in the entry you want to modify. If you want to delete the entry, click the **Delete**.
- 2. Modify the information.
- 3. Click the **Save** button.

Click the Enable All button to make all entries enabled.

Click the **Disable All** button to make all entries disabled.

Click the **Delete All** button to delete all entries.

P Note:

- 1. When the trigger connection is released, the corresponding opening ports will be closed.
- 2. Each rule is allowed to be used only by one host on LAN synchronously. The trigger connection of other hosts on LAN will be refused.
- 3. Incoming Port Range cannot overlap each other.

4.10.3 DMZ

Choose menu "Forwarding \rightarrow DMZ", and then you can view and configure DMZ host. The DMZ host feature allows one local host to be exposed to the Internet for a special-purpose service such as Internet gaming or videoconferencing. DMZ host forwards all the ports at the same time. Any PC whose port is being forwarded must have its DHCP client function disabled and should have a new static IP Address assigned to it because its IP Address may be changed when using the DHCP function.

DMZ	
Current DMZ Status:	🔿 Enable 💿 Disable
DMZ Host IP Address:	0.0.0.0
	Save

To assign a computer or server to be a DMZ server:

- 1. Check the **Enable** radio button.
- 2. Enter the IP Address of a local host in the DMZ Host IP Address field.
- 3. Click the **Save** button.

Solution Note:

After you set the DMZ host, the firewall related to the host will not work.

4.10.4 UPnP

Choose menu "Forwarding \rightarrow UPnP", and then you can view the information about UPnP (Universal Plug and Play). The UPnP feature allows the devices, such as Internet computers, to access the local host resources or devices as needed. UPnP devices can be automatically discovered by the UPnP service application on the LAN.

UPn	P					
Current (JPnP Status:	Enabled		Disable		
Curr	ent UPnP Setting	ıs List				
ID	App Description	External Port	Protocol	Internal Port	IP Address	Status
		Refresh				

- Current UPnP Status UPnP can be enabled or disabled by clicking the Enable or Disable button.
- > Current UPnP Settings List This table displays the current UPnP information.

- App Description The description provided by the application in the UPnP request.
- External Port The external port the Router opens for the application.
- **Protocol** The type of protocol the Router opens for the application.
- Internal Port The Internal port the Router opens for local host.
- IP Address The IP address of the UPnP device that is currently accessing the Router.
- Status The status of the port is displayed here. "Enabled" means that the port is still active. Otherwise, the port is inactive.

Click **Refresh** to update the Current UPnP Settings List.

4.11 Security

Security
- Basic Security
- Advanced Security
- Local Management
- Remote Management

There are four submenus under the Security menu: **Basic Security**, **Advanced Security**, **Local Management** and **Remote Management**. Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function.

4.11.1 Basic Security

Choose menu "Security → Basic Security", you can configure the basic security.

Basic Security		
Firewall		
SPI Firewall:	💿 Enable 🔿 Disable	
VPN		
PPTP Passthrough:	💿 Enable 🔿 Disable	
L2TP Passthrough:	💿 Enable 🔿 Disable	
IPSec Passthrough:	💿 Enable 🔿 Disable	
ALG		
FTP ALG:	💿 Enable 🔿 Disable	
TFTP ALG:	💿 Enable 🔿 Disable	
H323 ALG:	💿 Enable 🔿 Disable	
RTSP ALG:	💿 Enable 🔿 Disable	
	Save	

- Firewall A firewall protects your network from the outside world. Here you can enable or disable the Router's firewall.
 - SPI Firewall SPI (Stateful Packet Inspection, also known as dynamic packet filtering) helps to prevent cyber attacks by tracking more state per session. It validates that the traffic passing through the session conforms to the protocol. SPI Firewall is enabled by factory default. If you want all the computers on the LAN exposed to the outside world, you can disable it.
- VPN VPN Passthrough must be enabled if you want to allow VPN tunnels using IPSec, PPTP, or L2TP protocols to pass through the Router's firewall.
 - **PPTP Passthrough -** Point-to-Point Tunneling Protocol (PPTP) allows the Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP) to be tunneled through an IP network. To allow PPTP tunnels to pass through the Router, keep the default, **Enable**.
 - L2TP Passthrough Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP) is the method used to enable Point-to-Point sessions via the Internet on the Layer 2 level. To allow L2TP tunnels to pass through the Router, keep the default, **Enable**.
 - **IPSec Passthrough** Internet Protocol Security (IPSec) is a suite of protocols for ensuring private, secure communications over Internet Protocol (IP) networks, through the use of cryptographic security services. To allow IPSec tunnels to pass through the Router, keep the default, **Enable**.
- ALG It is recommended to enable Application Layer Gateway (ALG) because ALG allows customized Network Address Translation (NAT) traversal filters to be plugged into the gateway to support address and port translation for certain application layer "control/data" protocols such as FTP, TFTP, H323 etc.
 - **FTP ALG** To allow FTP clients and servers to transfer data across NAT, keep the default **Enable**.
 - **TFTP ALG** To allow TFTP clients and servers to transfer data across NAT, keep the default **Enable**.
 - H323 ALG To allow Microsoft NetMeeting clients to communicate across NAT, keep the default Enable.

Click the **Save** button to save your settings.

4.11.2 Advanced Security

Choose menu "Security → Advanced Security", you can protect the Router from being attacked by TCP-SYN Flood, UDP Flood and ICMP-Flood.

Advanced Security	
Packets Statistics Interval (5 ~ 60):	10 Seconds
DoS Protection:	Disable C Enable
Enable ICMP-FLOOD Attack Filtering ICMP-FLOOD Packets Threshold (5 ~ 3600):	50 Packets/Secs
Enable UDP-FLOOD Filtering UDP-FLOOD Packets Threshold (5 ~ 3600):	500 Packets/Secs
Enable TCP-SYN-FLOOD Attack Filtering TCP-SYN-FLOOD Packets Threshold (5 ~ 3600):	50 Packets/Secs
 Ignore Ping Packet from WAN Port to Router Forbid Ping Packet from LAN Port to Router 	
Save Blocked DoS Host List	

- Packets Statistics Interval (5~60) The default value is 10. Select a value between 5 and 60 seconds from the drop-down list. The Packets Statistics Interval value indicates the time section of the packets statistics. The result of the statistics is used for analysis by SYN Flood, UDP Flood and ICMP-Flood.
- DoS Protection Denial of Service protection. Check the Enable or Disable button to enable or disable the DoS protection function. Only when it is enabled, will the flood filters be enabled.

P Note:

Dos Protection will take effect only when the Traffic Statistics in "System Tool \rightarrow Traffic Statistics" is enabled.

- Enable ICMP-FLOOD Attack Filtering Enable or Disable the ICMP-FLOOD Attack Filtering.
- ICMP-FLOOD Packets Threshold (5~3600) The default value is 50. Enter a value between 5 ~ 3600. When the current ICMP-FLOOD Packets number is beyond the set value, the Router will startup the blocking function immediately.
- > Enable UDP-FLOOD Filtering Enable or Disable the UDP-FLOOD Filtering.
- UDP-FLOOD Packets Threshold (5~3600) The default value is 500. Enter a value between 5 ~ 3600. When the current UPD-FLOOD Packets number is beyond the set value, the Router will startup the blocking function immediately.

- Enable TCP-SYN-FLOOD Attack Filtering Enable or Disable the TCP-SYN-FLOOD Attack Filtering.
- TCP-SYN-FLOOD Packets Threshold (5~3600) The default value is 50. Enter a value between 5 ~ 3600. When the current TCP-SYN-FLOOD Packets numbers is beyond the set value, the Router will startup the blocking function immediately.
- Ignore Ping Packet From WAN Port Enable or Disable Ignore Ping Packet From WAN Port. The default setting is disabled. If enabled, the ping packet from the Internet cannot access the Router.
- Forbid Ping Packet From LAN Port Enable or Disable Forbid Ping Packet From LAN Port. The default setting is disabled. If enabled, the ping packet from LAN cannot access the Router. This function can be used to defend against some viruses.

Click the **Save** button to save the settings.

Click the **Blocked DoS Host List** button to display the DoS host table by blocking.

4.11.3 Local Management

Choose menu "Security \rightarrow Local Management", you can configure the management rule. The management feature allows you to deny computers in LAN from accessing the Router.

Local Management			
Management Rules			
 All the PCs on the LAN are 	allowed to access the Router's Web-Based Utility		
Only the PCs listed can bro	wse the built-in web pages to perform Administrator tasks		
MAC 1:			
MAC 2:			
MAC 3:			
MAC 4:			
Your PC's MAC Address:	6C-62-6D-F7-31-8D Add		
Save			

By default, the radio button "All the PCs on the LAN are allowed to access the Router's Web-Based Utility" is checked. If you want to allow PCs with specific MAC Addresses to access the Setup page of the Router's Web-Based Utility locally from inside the network, check the radio button "Only the PCs listed can browse the built-in web pages to perform Administrator tasks", and then enter each MAC Address in a separate field. The format for the MAC Address is XX-XX-XX-XX-XX (X is any hexadecimal digit). Only the PCs with MAC address listed can use the password to browse the built-in web pages to perform Administrator tasks while all the others will be blocked.

After click the **Add** button, your PC's MAC Address will be placed in the list above.

Click the **Save** button to save your settings.

P Note:

If your PC is blocked but you want to access the Router again, press and hold the WPS button for more than 5 seconds to reset the Router to factory defaults.

4.11.4 Remote Management

You can configure the Remote Management function on this page. This feature allows you to manage your Router from a remote location, via the Internet.

Remote Management		
Web Management Port: Remote Management IP Address:	80	(Enter 255.255.255.255 for all)
	Save	

- Web Management Port Web browser access normally uses the standard HTTP service port 80. This router's default remote management Web port number is 80. For greater security, you can change the remote management Web interface to a custom port by entering that number in this box provided. Choose a number between 1024 and 65535, but do not use the number of any common service port.
- Remote Management IP Address This is the current address you will use when accessing your router from the Internet. The default IP Address is 0.0.0.0. It means this function is disabled. To enable this function, change the default IP Address to another IP Address as desired.

To access the router, you will type your router's WAN IP Address into your browser's Address (in IE) or Location (in Navigator) box, followed by a colon and the custom port number. For example, if your Router's WAN address is 202.96.12.8 and you use port number 8080, enter in your browser: http://202.96.12.8:8080. You will be asked for the router's password. After successfully entering the password, you will be able to access the router's Web-based utility.

P Note:

Be sure to change the router's default password to a very secure password.

4.12 Parental Control

Choose menu "**Parental Control**", and you can configure the parental control. The Parental Control function can be used to control the internet activities of the child, limit the child to access certain websites and restrict the time of surfing.

Parental Control Settings					
Non-Parental PCs not listed will not b	e able to access	the Internet.			
Parental Control:	💿 Disable	🔿 Enable			
MAC Address of Parental PC:					
MAC Address of Your PC:	6c-62-6d-17-3	31-8d Copy	/ To Above		
	Save				
ID MAC address Webs	ite Description		Schedule	Status	Modify
Add New Enable All	Disable All	Delete All			
	Previous	Next	Current No. 1	🖌 Page	

- Parental Control Check Enable if you want this function to take effect, otherwise check Disable.
- MAC Address of Parental PC In this field, enter the MAC address of the controlling PC, or you can make use of the Copy To Above button below.
- MAC Address of Your PC This field displays the MAC address of the PC that is managing this Router. If the MAC Address of your adapter is registered, you can click the Copy To Above button to fill this address to the MAC Address of Parental PC field above.
- > Website Description Description of the allowed website for the PC controlled.
- Schedule The time period allowed for the PC controlled to access the Internet. For detailed information, please go to "Access Control→ Schedule".
- > Modify Here you can edit or delete an existing entry.

To add a new entry, please follow the steps below.

- 1. Click the **Add New...** button and the next screen will pop up.
- Enter the MAC address of the PC (e.g. 00-11-22-33-44-AA) you'd like to control in the MAC Address of Child PC field. Or you can choose the MAC address from the All Address in Current LAN drop-down list.
- 3. Give a description (e.g. Allow Google) for the website allowed to be accessed in the Website Description field.
- Enter the allowed domain name of the website, either the full name or the keywords (e.g. google) in the Allowed Domain Name field. Any domain name with keywords in it (e.g.<u>www.google.com</u>) will be allowed.
- 5. Select from the Effective Time drop-down list the schedule (e.g. Schedule_1) you want the entry to take effect. If there are not suitable schedules for you, click the **Schedule** in red below to go to the Advance Schedule Settings page and create the schedule you need.
- 6. In the Status field, you can select **Enabled** or **Disabled** to enable or disable your entry.
- 7. Click the **Save** button.

Click the **Enable All** button to enable all the rules in the list.

Click the **Disable All** button to disable all the rules in the list.

Click the **Delete All** button to delete all the entries in the table.

Click the **Next** button to go to the next page, or click the **Previous** button return to the previous page.

Add or Modify Parental Co	antrol Entry
Add of Modily Parental Co	nito Entry
The Schedule is based on the time of t	the Router. The time can be set in "System Tools -> <u>Time settings</u> ".
MAC Address of Children's PC:	
All MAC Address In Current LAN:	Please Select
Website Description:	
Allowed Website Name:	
Effective Time:	Anytime 🗸
Litective fille.	The time schedule can be set in "Access Control -> Schedule"
Status:	Enabled
Status.	
	Save Back

For example: If you desire that the child PC with MAC address 00-11-22-33-44-AA can access www.google.com on Saturday only while the parent PC with MAC address 00-11-22-33-44-BB is without any restriction, you should follow the settings below.

- Click "Parental Control" menu on the left to enter the Parental Control Settings page. Check Enable and enter the MAC address 00-11-22-33-44-BB in the MAC Address of Parental PC field.
- Click "Access Restriction → Schedule" on the left to enter the Schedule Settings page. Click Add New... button to create a new schedule with Schedule Description is Schedule_1, Day is Sat and Time is all day-24 hours.
- 3. Click "**Parental Control**" menu on the left to go back to the Add or Modify Parental Control Entry page:
 - Click Add New... button.
 - Enter 00-11-22-33-44-AA in the MAC Address of Child PC field.
 - Enter "Allow Google" in the Website Description field.

- Enter "www.google.com" in the Allowed Domain Name field.
- Select "Schedule_1" you create just now from the Effective Time drop-down list.
- In **Status** field, select Enable.
- 4. Click **Save** to complete the settings.

Then you will go back to the Parental Control Settings page and see the following list.

ID	MAC address	Website Description	Schedule	Status	Modify
1	00-11-22-33-44-BB	Allow Google	Schedule_1	~	Edit Delete
	Add New Enable	e All Disable All Delete Al			
		Previous Nex	Current No. 1	🖌 Page	

4.13 Access Control

Access Control
- Rule
- Host
- Target
- Schedule

There are four submenus under the Access Restriction menu: **Rule**, **Host**, **Target** and **Schedule**. Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function.

4.13.1 Rule

Choose menu "Access Control→ Rule", you can view and set Access Restriction rules.

A	Access Control Rule Management					
E	Enable Internet	Access Control				
Def	fault Filter Poli	¢y				
0/	Allow the packe	ets specified by any en	abled access control pol	icy to pass through the F	Router	
ا 📀	Deny the packe	ts specified by any en	abled access control poli	icy to pass through the F	louter	
			Save			
ID	Rule Name	Host	Target	Schedule	Status	Modify
Set	up Wizard					
A	dd New	Enable All	isable All 🛛 🗌 Delet	e All		
	Move		ID To	ID		
			Previous	Next Current No	. 1 💙 Page	

- Enable Internet Access Control Select the check box to enable the Internet Access Restriction function, so the Default Filter Policy can take effect.
- > Rule Name Here displays the name of the rule and this name is unique.
- > Host Here displays the host selected in the corresponding rule.
- > **Target -** Here displays the target selected in the corresponding rule.
- Schedule Here displays the schedule selected in the corresponding rule.
- Action Here displays the action the Router takes to deal with the packets. It could be Allow or Deny. Allow means that the Router permits the packets to go through the Router. Deny means that the Router rejects the packets to go through the Router.
- Status This field displays the status of the rule. Enabled means the rule will take effect, Disabled means the rule will not take effect.
- > **Modify -** Here you can edit or delete an existing rule.

To add a new rule, please follow the steps below.

- 1. Click the Add New... button and the next screen will pop up.
- 2. Give a name (e.g. Rule_1) for the rule in the **Rule Name** field.
- 3. Select a host from the Host drop-down list or choose "Click Here To Add New Host List".
- 4. Select a target from the **Target** drop-sown list or choose "**Click Here To Add New Target** List".
- 5. Select a schedule from the **Schedule** drop-down list or choose "**Click Here To Add New Schedule**".
- 6. In the Action field, select Deny or Allow.
- 7. In the **Status** field, select **Enabled** or **Disabled** to enable or disable your entry.
- 8. Click the **Save** button.

Click the **Enable All** button to enable all the rules in the list.

Click the **Disable All** button to disable all the rules in the list.

Click the **Delete All** button to delete all the entries in the table.

You can change the entry's order as desired. Fore entries are before hind entries. Enter the ID number in the first box you want to move and another ID number in second box you want to move to, and then click the **Move** button to change the entry's order.

Click the **Next** button to go to the next page, or click the **Previous** button return to the previous page.

Add Internet Access Control Entry		
Rule Name: Host: Target: Schedule: Status:	Click Here To Add New Host List. Any Target Click Here To Add New Target List. Anytime Click Here To Add New Schedule. Enabled Click Here To Add New Schedule.	
	Save Back	

For example: If you desire to allow the host with MAC address 00-11-22-33-44-AA to access www.google.com only from 18:00 to 20:00 on Saturday and Sunday, and forbid other hosts in the LAN to access the Internet, you should follow the settings below:

- Click "Access Control → Host" in the left to enter the Host Settings page. Add a new entry with the Host Description is Host_1 and MAC Address is 00-11-22-33-44-AA.
- Click "Access Control → Target" in the left to enter the Target Settings page. Add a new entry with the Target Description is Target_1 and Domain Name is www.google.com.
- Click "Access Control → Schedule" in the left to enter the Schedule Settings page. Add a new entry with the Schedule Description is Schedule_1, Day is Sat and Sun, Start Time is 1800 and Stop Time is 2000.
- 4. Click "Access Control → Rule" in the left to return to the Access Restriction Rule Management page. Select "Enable Internet Access Restriction" and choose "Deny the packets not specified by any access Restriction policy to pass through the Router".
- 5. Click Add New... button to add a new rule as follows:
 - In **Rule Name** field, create a name for the rule. Note that this name should be unique, for example Rule_1.
 - In **Host** field, select Host_1.
 - In **Target** field, select Target_1.
 - In **Schedule** field, select Schedule_1.
 - In Action field, select Allow.
 - In Status field, select Enabled.
 - Click **Save** to complete the settings.

Then you will go back to the Access Restriction Rule Management page and see the following list.

ID	Rule Name	Host	Target	Schedule	Status	Modify
1	Rule_1	Host 1	<u>Target 1</u>	Schedule 1		Edit Delete
Se	tup Wizard					
Α	dd New En	able All Disable	e All 🔹 Delete All			

4.13.2 Host

Choose menu "Access Control \rightarrow Host", you can view and set a Host list. The host list is necessary for the Access Restriction Rule.

Ho	st Settings		
ID Ad	Host Description d New Delete All	Information	Modify
		Previous	Next Current No. 1 🖌 Page

- > Host Description Here displays the description of the host and this description is unique.
- > Information Here displays the information about the host. It can be IP or MAC.
- > **Modify -** To modify or delete an existing entry.

To add a new entry, please follow the steps below.

- 1. Click the **Add New...** button.
- 2. In the **Mode** field, select IP Address or MAC Address.
 - If you select IP Address,
 - 1) In **Host Description** field, create a unique description for the host (e.g. Host_1).
 - 2) In LAN IP Address field, enter the IP address.
 - If you select MAC Address,
 - 1) In **Host Description** field, create a unique description for the host (e.g. Host_1).
 - 2) In **MAC Address** field, enter the MAC address.
- 3. Click the **Save** button to complete the settings.

Click the **Delete All** button to delete all the entries in the table.

Click the **Next** button to go to the next page, or click the **Previous** button return to the previous page.

Add or Modify a Host Ent	Ŋ
Mode: Host Description: LAN IP Address:	IP Address
	Save Back

Add or Modify a Host Ent	ry
Mode: Host Description: MAC Address:	MAC Address
	Save Back

For example: If you desire to restrict the internet activities of host with MAC address 00-11-22-33-44-AA, you should first follow the settings below:

- 1. Click **Add New...** button to enter the Add or Modify a Host Entry page.
- 2. In **Mode** field, select MAC Address from the drop-down list.
- 3. In **Host Description** field, create a **unique** description for the host (e.g. Host_1).
- 4. In **MAC Address** field, enter 00-11-22-33-44-AA.
- 5. Click **Save** to complete the settings.

Then you will go back to the Host Settings page and see the following list.

Host Settings		
ID Host Description 1 Host_1 Add New Delete All	Information MAC: 00-11-22-33-44-AA	Modify Edit Delete
	Previous Next	Current No. 1 🖌 Page

4.13.3 Target

Choose menu "Access Control \rightarrow Target", you can view and set a Target list. The target list is necessary for the Access Restriction Rule.

Targ	et Settings		
	Target Description New Delete All	Information	Modify
		Previous	Next Current No. 1 🖌 Page

- Target Description Here displays the description about the target and this description is unique.
- > Information The target can be IP address, port, or domain name.
- > **Modify -** To modify or delete an existing entry.

To add a new entry, please follow the steps below.

- 1. Click the **Add New**...button.
- 2. In Mode field, select IP Address or Domain Name.
 - If you select IP Address,
 - 1) In **Target Description** field, create a unique description for the target (e.g. Target_1).
 - 2) In **IP Address** field, enter the IP address of the target.
 - 3) Select a common service from Common Service Port drop-down list, so that the Target Port will be automatically filled. If the Common Service Port drop-down list doesn't have the service you want, specify the Target Port manually.
 - 4) In **Protocol** field, select TCP, UDP, ICMP or ALL.
 - If you select Domain Name,
 - 1) In **Target Description** field, create a unique description for the target (e.g. Target_1).
 - 2) In Domain Name field, enter the domain name, either the full name or the keywords (for example Google) in the blank. Any domain name with keywords in it (e.g.<u>www.google.com</u>) will be blocked or allowed. You can enter 4 domain names.
- 3. Click the **Save** button.

Click the **Delete All** button to delete all the entries in the table.

Click the **Next** button to go to the next page, or click the **Previous** button return to the previous page.

Add or Modify an Access	Target Entry
Mode: Target Description: IP Address: Target Port: Protocol: Common Service Port:	IP Address
Add or Modify an Access	Save Back Target Entry
Mode: Target Description: Domain Name:	Domain Name
	Save Back

For example: If you desire to restrict the internet activities of host with MAC address 00-11-22-33-44-AA in the LAN to access **www.google.com** only, you should first follow the settings below:

- 1. Click Add New... button to enter the Add or Modify an Access Target Entry page.
- 2. In **Mode** field, select Domain Name from the drop-down list.
- 3. In **Target Description** field, create a unique description for the target (e.g. Target_1).
- 4. In **Domain Name** field, enter www.google.com.
- 5. Click **Save** to complete the settings.

Then you will go back to the Target Settings page and see the following list,

Т	Target Settings			
ID	Target Description	Information	Modify	
1	Target_1	www.google.com	Edit Delete	
F	Add New Delete All			
	[Previous	Next Current No. 1 🔽 Page	

4.13.4 Schedule

Choose menu "Access Control \rightarrow Schedule", you can view and set a Schedule list. The Schedule list is necessary for the Access Restriction Rule.

Sch	edule Settings				
ID Add	Schedule Description New Delete All	Day	Time	Modify	
	[Prevoius	Next Cur	rent No. 👖 💙 Page	

- Schedule Description Here displays the description of the schedule and this description is unique.
- > **Day -** Here displays the day(s) in a week.
- **Time -** Here displays the time period in a day.
- > **Modify -** Here you can edit or delete an existing schedule.

To add a new schedule, follow the steps below.

- 1. Click **Add New...** button and the next screen will pop up.
- 2. In **Schedule Description** field, create a unique description for the schedule (e.g. Schedule_1).
- 3. In **Day** field, select the day or days you need.
- 4. In **Time** field, you can select all day-24 hours or you may enter the Start Time and Stop Time in the corresponding field.
- 5. Click **Save** to complete the settings.

Click the **Delete All** button to delete all the entries in the table.

Click the **Next** button to go to the next page, or click the **Previous** button return to the previous page.

Advance Schedule Settin	gs				
Note: The Schedule is based on the	Note: The Schedule is based on the time of the Router.				
Schedule Description:					
Day:	💿 Everyday 🛛 🔿 Select Days				
	🗸 Mon 🗸 Tue 🗸 Wed 🗸 Thu 🗸 Fri 🗸 Sat 🗸 Sun				
Time:	all day-24 hours: 🔽				
Start Time:	(HHMM)				
Stop Time:	(ННММ)				
	Save Back				

For example: If you desire to restrict the internet activities of host with MAC address 00-11-22-33-44-AA to access www.google.com only from **18:00 to 20:00** on **Saturday** and **Sunday**, you should first follow the settings below:

- 1. Click **Add New...** button to enter the Advanced Schedule Settings page.
- 2. In **Schedule Description** field, create a unique description for the schedule (e.g. Schedule_1).
- 3. In **Day** field, check the Select Days radio button and then select Sat and Sun.
- 4. In **Time** field, enter 1800 in Start Time field and 2000 in Stop Time field.
- 5. Click **Save** to complete the settings.

Then you will go back to the Schedule Settings page and see the following list.

S	chedule Settings			
ID	Schedule Description	Day	Time	Modify
1	Schedule_1	Sat Sun	18:00 - 20:00	Edit Delete
Æ	Add New Delete All			
	[Prevoius	Next Current No. 1 🗸 F	'age

4.14 Advanced Routing

Advanced Routing	
- Static Routing List	
- System Routing Table	

There are two submenus under the Network menu: **Static Routing List** and **System Routing Table**. Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function.

4.14.1 Static Routing List

Choose menu "**Static Routing**", and you can configure the static route. A static route is a pre-determined path that network information must travel to reach a specific host or network.

Stati	c Routing				
ID	Destination Network	Subnet Mask	Default Gateway	Status	Modify
Add I	New Enable All	Disable All Dele	ete All		
	(Previous Ne	ext		

To add static routing entries, follow the steps below.

1. Click **Add New...**, you will see the following screen.

Add or Modify a Static Ro	ute Entry
Destination Network: Subnet Mask: Default Gateway: Status:	Enabled
	Save Back

- 2. Enter the following data.
 - Destination Network The Destination IP Address is the address of the network or host that you want to assign to a static route.
 - Subnet Mask The Subnet Mask determines which portion of an IP Address is the network portion, and which portion is the host portion.
 - Default Gateway This is the IP Address of the gateway device that allows for contact between the Router and the network or host.
- 3. Select **Enabled** or **Disabled** for this entry on the **Status** drop-down list.
- 4. Click the **Save** button to make the entry take effect.

Click the **Delete** button to delete the entry.

Click the Enable All button to enable all the entries.

Click the **Disable All** button to disable all the entries.

Click the **Delete All** button to delete all the entries.

Click the **Previous** button to view the information in the previous screen, click the **Next** button to view the information in the next screen.

4.14.2 System Routing Table

Choose menu "Advanced Routing \rightarrow System Routing Table", and you can views all of the valid route entries in use. The Destination IP address, Subnet Mask, Gateway, and Interface will be displayed for each entry.

S	ystem Routing Table			
ID	Destination Network	Subnet Mask	Gateway	Interface
1	192.168.0.0	255.255.255.0	0.0.0.0	LAN & WLAN
2	239.0.0.0	255.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	LAN & WLAN
		Refresh		

- Destination Network The Destination IP Address is the address of the network or host to which the static route is assigned.
- Subnet Mask The Subnet Mask determines which portion of an IP address is the network portion, and which portion is the host portion.
- Gateway This is the IP address of the gateway device that allows for contact between the Router and the network or host.
- Interface This interface tells you whether the Destination IP Address is on the LAN & WLAN (internal wired and wireless networks), the WAN (Internet).

Click the **Refresh** button to refresh the data displayed.

4.15 Bandwidth Control

Bandwidth Con	trol
- Control Settin	gs
- Rule List	

There are two submenus under the Bandwidth Control menu. Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function. The detailed explanations for each submenu are provided below.

4.15.1 Control Settings

Choose menu "**Bandwidth Control** \rightarrow **Control Settings**", you can configure the Egress Bandwidth and Ingress Bandwidth in the next screen. Their values you configure should be less than 100000Kbps. For optimal control of the bandwidth, please select the right Line Type and ask your ISP for the total bandwidth of the egress and ingress.

Bandwidth Control Settir	igs	
Enable Bandwidth Control:		
Line Type:	💿 ADSL 🔵 Other	
Egress Bandwidth:	512	Kbps
Ingress Bandwidth:	2048	Kbps
	Save	

- Enable Bandwidth Control Check this box so that the Bandwidth Control settings can take effect.
- Line Type Select the right type for you network connection. If you don't know how to choose, please ask your ISP for the information.
- **Egress Bandwidth** The upload speed through the WAN port.
- > Ingress Bandwidth The download speed through the WAN port.

4.15.2 Rule List

Choose menu "**Bandwidth Control** \rightarrow **Rule List**", you can view and configure the Bandwidth Control rules in the screen below.

Ban	dwidth Control Rule I	_ist					
		Egress Bar	ndwidth(Kbps)	Ingress Bar	ndwidth(Kbps)		
ID	Description	Min	Max	Min	Мах	– Enable	Modify
The current list is empty.							
Add	New Delete All]					
Pre	vious Next	Current No. 1	🖌 Page				

- > **Description** This is the information about the rules such as address range.
- Egress Bandwidth This field displays the max and mix upload bandwidth through the WAN port, the default is 0.
- Ingress Bandwidth This field displays the max and mix download bandwidth through the WAN port, the default is 0.
- > Enable This displays the status of the rule.
- > Modify Click Modify to edit the rule. Click Delete to delete the rule.

To add/modify a Bandwidth Control rule, follow the steps below.

Step 1: Click Add New..., you will see a new screen.

Step 2: Enter the information like the screen shown below.

Bandwidth Control Rule	Settings
Enable: IP Range: Port Range: Protocol:	
Egress Bandwidth: Ingress Bandwidth:	Min Bandwidth(Kbps) Max Bandwidth(Kbps) 0 0 0 0
	Save Back

- > Enable Enable or disable the rule.
- IP Range Interior PC address range. If both are blank (or 0.0.0.0), the domain is no effective.

- Port Range The port range which the Interior PC access the outside PC. If all are blank (or 0), the domain is no effective.
- > **Protocol** Transport layer protocol, here there are All, TCP, UDP.
- Egress Bandwidth The max and the min upload speed which through the WAN port, default number is 0.
- Ingress Bandwidth The max and the min download speed through the WAN port, default number is 0.

Step 3: Click the Save button.

4.16 IP & MAC Binding



There are two submenus under the IP & MAC Binding menu: **Binding Setting** and **ARP List**. Click any of them, and you will be able to scan or configure the corresponding function. The detailed explanations for each submenu are provided below.

4.16.1 Binding Setting

This page displays the IP & MAC Binding Setting table; you can operate it in accord with your desire.

Bindi	ng Settings				
	ARP Binding:	 Disable Enable Save 			
ID 1	MAC Address 00-0A-EB-00-07-BE	IP Address 192.168.0.173	Bind ✓	Modify <u>Modify Delete</u>	
Add N	lew Enable All	Disable All Di	Next C	Find	

- > **MAC Address -** The MAC address of the controlled computer in the LAN.
- > **IP Address -** The assigned IP address of the controlled computer in the LAN.
- > **Bind -** Whether or not enable the ARP binding.
- > **Modify -** Edit or delete item.

When you want to add or modify an IP & MAC Binding entry, you can click the **Add New** button or **Modify** button, and then you will go to the next page. This page is used for adding or modifying an IP & MAC Binding entry.

IP & MAC Binding Setting	S
Bind: MAC Address: IP Address:	
	Save Back

To add IP & MAC Binding entries:

- 1. Click the **Add New..** button.
- 2. Enter the MAC Address and IP Address.
- 3. Select the Bind checkbox.
- 4. Click the **Save** button to save it.

To modify or delete an existing entry:

- 1. Find the desired entry in the table.
- 2. Click Modify or Delete as desired on the Modify column.

To find an existing entry:

- 1. Click the **Find** button.
- 2. Enter the MAC Address or IP Address.
- 3. Enter the **Find** button in the next page.

Find IP & MAC Binding B	Entry			
MAC Address: IP Address:				
ID	MAC Address	IP Address	Bind Link	
1	00-0A-EB-00-07-BE	192.168.0.173	🗹 <u>To page</u>	
	Find	Back		

Click the **Enable All** button to make all entries enabled.

Click the **Delete All** button to delete all entries.

4.16.2 ARP List

To manage the computer, you could observe the computers in the LAN by checking the relationship of MAC address and IP address on the ARP list, and you could configure the items on the ARP list also. This page displays the ARP List; it shows all the existing IP & MAC Binding entries.

AR	² List			
ID 1	MAC Address 6C-62-6D-F7-31-8D	IP Address 192.168.0.100	Status Unbound	Configure Load Delete
2	00-0A-EB-00-07-BE	192.168.0.173	Bound	Load Delete
		Bind All	Load A	II Refresh

- > MAC Address The MAC address of the controlled computer in the LAN.
- > **IP Address -** The assigned IP address of the controlled computer in the LAN.
- > Status Enabled or Disabled of the MAC address and IP address binding.
- > Configure Load or delete item.
- **Load -** Load the item to the IP & MAC Binding list.
- > **Delete -** Delete the item.

Click the **Bind All** button to bind all the current items, available after enable.

Click the Load All button to load all items to the IP & MAC Binding list.

Click the **Refresh** button to refresh all items.

P Note:

An item could not be loaded to the IP & MAC Binding list if the IP address of the item has been loaded before. Error warning will prompt as well. Likewise, "Load All" only loads the items without interference to the IP & MAC Binding list.

4.17 Dynamic DNS

The Router offers the **DDNS** (Dynamic Domain Name System) feature, which allows the hosting of a website, FTP server, or e-mail server with a fixed domain name (named by yourself) and a dynamic IP address, and then your friends can connect to your server by entering your domain name no matter what your IP address is. Before using this feature, you need to sign up for DDNS service providers such as <u>www.no-ip.com</u>, <u>www.comexe.cn</u>, or <u>www.dyndns.org</u>. The Dynamic DNS client service provider will give you a password or key.

4.17.1 No-IP DDNS

If the dynamic DNS **Service Provider** you select is <u>www.no-ip.com</u>, the following page will appear.

DDNS	
Service Provider:	No-IP (www.no-ip.com) 🛛 🗸 Go to register
User Name:	username
Password:	
Domain Name:	
	Enable DDNS
Connection Status:	DDNS not launching!
	Login Logout
	Save

To set up for DDNS, follow these instructions:

- 1. Type the **User Name** for your DDNS account.
- 2. Type the **Password** for your DDNS account.
- 3. Type the **Domain Name** you received from dynamic DNS service provider.
- 4. Click the **Login** button to log in the DDNS service.

Connection Status - The status of the DDNS service connection is displayed here.

Click Logout to log out the DDNS service.

P Note:

If you want to login again with another account after a successful login, please click the **Logout** button, then input your new username and password and click the **Login** button.

4.17.2 Comexe.cn DDNS

If the dynamic DNS **Service Provider** you select is <u>www.comexe.cn</u>, the following page will appear.

DDNS	
Service Provider:	Comexe (www.comexe.cn) 🖌 <u>Go to register</u>
Domain Name:	
User Name:	username
Password:	
	Enable DDNS
Connection Status:	DDNS not launching!
	Login Logout
	Save

To set up for DDNS, follow these instructions:

- 1. Type the **Domain Name** received from your dynamic DNS service provider.
- 2. Type the **User Name** for your DDNS account.
- 3. Type the **Password** for your DDNS account.
- 4. Click the **Login** button to log in to the DDNS service.

Connection Status -The status of the DDNS service connection is displayed here.

Click **Logout** to log out of the DDNS service.

4.17.3 Dyndns org DDNS

If the dynamic DNS **Service Provider** you select is <u>www.dyndns.org</u>, the following page will appear.

DDNS	
Service Provider:	Dyndns (www.dyndns.org) 🔽 Go to register
User Name: Password: Domain Name:	username
Connection Status:	Enable DDNS DDNS not launching! Login Logout
	Save

To set up for DDNS, follow these instructions:

- 1. Type the User Name for your DDNS account.
- 2. Type the **Password** for your DDNS account.
- 3. Type the **Domain Name** you received from dynamic DNS service provider here.
- 4. Click the **Login** button to log in to the DDNS service.

Connection Status -The status of the DDNS service connection is displayed here.

Click Logout to logout of the DDNS service.

4.18 System Tools

System Tools
- Time Settings
- Diagnostic
- Firmware Upgrade
- Factory Defaults
- Backup & Restore
- Reboot
- Password
- System Log
- Statistics

There are nine submenus under the System Tools menu: **Time Settings**, **Diagnostic**, **Firmware Upgrade**, **Factory Defaults**, **Backup and Restore**, **Reboot**, **Password**, **System Log** and **Statistics**. Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function. The detailed explanations for each submenu are provided below.

4.18.1 Time Settings

Time Settings					
Time zone:	(GMT) Greenwich Mean Time, Dublin, London				
Date:	1 2013 (MM/DD/YY)				
Time:	0 26 38 (HH/MM/SS)				
NTP Server 1:	0.0.0 (Optional)				
NTP Server 2:	0.0.0 (Optional)				
	Get GMT				
	Enable Daylight Saving				
Start:	2013 Mar 💙 3rd 💙 Sun 💙 2am 💙				
End:	2013 Nov 💙 2nd 💙 Sun 💙 3am 💙				
Daylight Saving Status:					
	Note: Click the "GET GMT" to update the time from the internet with the pre-defined servers				
	or entering the customized server (IP Address or Domain Name) in the above frames.				
	Save				

You can set time manually or get GMT from the Internet for the router on this page:

- > **Time Zone -** Select your local time zone from this pull-down list.
- > Date Enter your local date in MM/DD/YY into the right blanks.
- > **Time -** Enter your local time in HH/MM/SS into the right blanks.

To set time manually, follow the steps below:

- 1. Select your local time zone.
- 2. Enter the Date in Month/Day/Year format.
- 3. Enter the **Time** in Hour/Minute/Second format.
- 4. Click Save.

For automatic time synchronization:

- 1. Enter the address of the NTP Server 1 or NTP Server 2.
- 2. Click the **Get GMT** button to get GMT time from Internet if you have connected to Internet.

Note:

This setting will be used for some time-based functions such as firewall. You must specify your time zone once you login to the router successfully, if not, the time limited on these functions will not take effect.

- > The time will be lost if the router is turned off.
- > The router will obtain GMT automatically from Internet if it has already connected to Internet.

4.18.2 Diagnostic

Choose menu "System Tools \rightarrow Diagnostic", you can transact Ping or Traceroute function to check connectivity of your network in the following screen.

Diagnostic Tools						
Diagnostic Parameters						
Diagnostic Tool:	💿 Ping 🔿 Traceroute					
IP Address/Domain Name:						
Ping Count:	4 (1-50)					
Ping Packet Size:	64 (4-1472 Bytes)					
Ping Timeout:	800 (100-2000 Milliseconds)					
Traceroute Max TTL:	20 (1-30)					
Diagnostic Results						
This device is ready.						
Start						

- > **Diagnostic Tool -** Check the radio button to select one diagnostic too.
 - **Ping** This diagnostic tool troubleshoots connectivity, reachability, and name resolution to a given host or gateway.
 - Traceroute This diagnostic tool tests the performance of a connection.

Note:

You can use ping/traceroute to test both numeric IP address or domain name. If pinging/tracerouting the IP address is successful, but pinging/tracerouting the domain name is not, you might have a name resolution problem. In this case, ensure that the domain name you are specifying can be resolved by using Domain Name System (DNS) queries.

- IP Address/Domain Name Type the destination IP address (such as 202.108.22.5) or Domain name (such as www.baidu.com).
- > **Pings Count -** The number of Ping packets for a Ping connection.
- > Ping Packet Size The size of Ping packet.
- Ping Timeout Set the waiting time for the reply of each Ping packet. If there is no reply in the specified time, the connection is overtime.
- > Traceroute Max TTL The max number of hops for a Traceroute connection.

Click Start to check the connectivity of the Internet.

The **Diagnostic Results** page displays the result of diagnosis.

If the result is similar to the following screen, the connectivity of the Internet is fine.

Diagnostic Results
Pinging 202.108.22.5 with 64 bytes of data:
Reply from 202.108.22.5: bytes=64 time=1 TTL=127 seq=1 Reply from 202.108.22.5: bytes=64 time=1 TTL=127 seq=2 Reply from 202.108.22.5: bytes=64 time=1 TTL=127 seq=3 Reply from 202.108.22.5: bytes=64 time=1 TTL=127 seq=4
Ping statistics for 202.108.22.5 Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss), Approximate round trip times in milliseconds: Minimum = 1, Maximum = 1, Average = 1

P Note:

Only one user can use this tool at one time. "Ping Count", "Ping Packet Size" and "Ping Timeout" are Ping Parameters. "Traceroute Max TTL" is Traceroute Parameter.

4.18.3 Firmware Upgrade

The page allows you to upgrade the latest version firmware to keep your router up-to-date.

Firmware Upgrade	
File:	Browse
Firmware Version:	3.15.11 Build 131125 Rel.50653n
Hardware Version:	WR710N v2 00000000
	Upgrade

New firmware is posted at <u>www.tp-link.com</u> and can be downloaded for free. If the router is not experiencing difficulties, there is no need to upgrade firmware, unless the new firmware supports a new feature you need.

P Note:

- 1. When you upgrade the router's firmware, you will lose current configuration settings, so make sure you backup the router's settings before you upgrade its firmware.
- 2. Make sure that your computer is connected to the Internet through the cable when you upgrade the firmware. To upgrade through wireless connection is not allowed.
- 3. Set your IP address as static IP before upgrading.

To upgrade the router's firmware, follow these instructions:

1. Download the latest firmware upgrade file from our website <u>http://www.tp-link.com</u>.

- 2. Enter or select the path name where you save the downloaded file on the computer into the **File** blank.
- 3. Click the **Upgrade** button.
- Firmware Version Displays the current firmware version.
- Hardware Version Displays the current hardware version. The hardware version of the upgrade file must accord with the current hardware version.

P Note:

The firmware version must correspond to the hardware. The upgrade process takes a few minutes and the Router will restart automatically when the upgrade is completed. It is important to keep power on during the entire process. Loss of power during the upgrade could damage the Router.

4.18.4 Factory Defaults

This page allows you to restore the factory default settings for the router.

Factory Defaults			
Click the following button to reset all configuration settings to their default values.			
Restore			

Click the **Restore** button to reset all configuration settings to their default values.

- > The default User Name: admin
- > The default Password: admin
- > The default access: tplinklogin.net

Note:

Any settings you have saved will be lost when the default settings are restored.

4.18.5 Backup & Restore

This page allows you to save current configuration of router as backup or restore the configuration file you saved before.

Backup & Restor	e			
Configuration Backup: Configuration File:	Backup	Browse	Restore	

Click the Backup button to save all configuration settings as a backup file in your local computer.

- > To restore the router's configuration, follow these instructions:
 - Click the **Browse** button to select the backup file which you want to restore.
 - Click the **Restore** button.

The current configuration will be covered with the uploading configuration file. The restoration process lasts for 20 seconds and the router will restart automatically. Keep the router on during the restoring process to prevent any damage.

4.18.6 Reboot

This page allows you to reboot the router.

Reboot
Click this button to reboot this device.
Reboot

Click the **Reboot** button to reboot the router.

Some settings of the router will take effect only after rebooting, which include:

- > Change LAN IP Address. (System will reboot automatically)
- > MAC Clone (system will reboot automatically)
- > DHCP service function.
- > Static address assignment of DHCP server.
- > Web Service Port of the router.
- > Upgrade the firmware of the router (system will reboot automatically).
- > Restore the router's settings to factory default (system will reboot automatically).

4.18.7 Password

This page allows you to change the factory default user name and password of the router.

Password	
The username and password must not exce	eed 14 characters in length and must not include any spaces!
Old User Name:	
Old Password:	
Olu Passwolu.	
New User Name:	
New Password:	
Confirm New Password:	
Commin New Password.	
	Save Clear All

It is recommended strongly that you change the factory default user name and password of the router. All users who try to access the router's Web-based utility or Quick Setup will be prompted

P Note:

The new user name and password must not exceed 14 characters in length and must not include any spaces. Enter the new Password twice to confirm it.

Click the **Save** button when finished.

Click the **Clear All** button to clear all.

4.18.8 System Log

This page allows you to query the logs of the router.

Sys	stem Log			
Auto I	Mail Feature: Di	cablod		Mail Settings
	ype: ALL	~		Log Level: ALL
Index	Time	Туре	Level	Log Content
171	1st day 02:57:44	DHCP	INFO	DHCPC DHCP Service unavailable, recv no OFFER
170	1st day 02:57:42	DHCP	INFO	DHCPC Send DISCOVER with request ip 0 and unicast flag 1
169	1st day 02:57:40	DHCP	INFO	DHCPC Send DISCOVER with request ip 0 and unicast flag 1
168	1st day 02:57:36	DHCP	INFO	DHCPC Send DISCOVER with request ip 0 and unicast flag 0
167	1st day 02:57:34	DHCP	INFO	DHCPC Send DISCOVER with request ip 0 and unicast flag 0
166	1st day 02:57:32	DHCP	INFO	DHCPC Send DISCOVER with request ip 0 and unicast flag 0
	1010070224222			
Time =	2013-01-01 3:07	.43 112	64s	
				r = 3.15.11 Build 131125 Rel.50653n
	2.168.0.254 : M = 3			DHCPC Sand DISCOVER with request to 0 and unicest tag 0
W1 = E	OHCP : W = 0.0.0.0):M=0	.0.0.0	: G = 0.0.0.0
R	efresh	Save L	og	Mail Log Clear Log
	1.1.0.102.00.00			Previous Next Current No. 1 V Page

- > **Refresh** Refresh the page to show the latest log list.
- Save Log Click to save all the logs in a txt file.
- Mail Log Click to send an email of current logs manually according to the address and validation information set in Mail Settings. The result will be shown in the later log soon.
- > Clear Log All the logs will be deleted from this device permanently, not just from the page.

4.18.9 Statistics

The Statistics page displays the network traffic of each PC in LAN, including total traffic and traffic of the last **Packets Statistic interval** seconds.

Statistics								
Current Statistic	s Status:	Disabled	1		Enat	ole		
Packets Statistics Inter	val(5~60):	10	Seconds •refresh		Refre	esh		
Sort	ted Rules:	Sorted I	oy Current Byt	es 💌	Reset	t All	Delete All	
	Tota	I			Current			
IP Address/ MAC Address	Packets	Bytes	Packets	Bytes	ICMP Tx	UDP Tx	SYN Tx	Modify
			The current	list is empt	у.			
5 💌 entries per p	age. Current N	lo. 1 💌	Page					
		Prev	/ious	Next				

- Current Statistics Status Enable or Disable. The default value is disabled. To enable, click the Enable button. If disabled, the function of DoS protection in Security settings will be ineffective.
- Packets Statistics Interval The default value is 10. Select a value between 5 and 60 seconds in the pull-down list. The Packets Statistic interval indicates the time section of the packets statistic.
- > **Sorted Rules -** Here displays sort as desired.

Statistics Table:

IP	Address	The IP Address displayed with statistics
Total	Packets	The total amount of packets received and transmitted by the router.
	Bytes	The total amount of bytes received and transmitted by the router.
	Packets	The total amount of packets received and transmitted in the last Packets Statistic interval seconds.
Current	Bytes	The total amount of bytes received and transmitted in the last Packets Statistic interval seconds.

ICMP Tx	The total amount of the ICMP packets transmitted to WAN in the last Packets Statistic interval seconds.
UDP Tx	The total amount of the UDP packets transmitted to WAN in the last Packets Statistic interval seconds.
TCP SYN Tx	The total amount of the TCP SYN packets transmitted to WAN in the last Packets Statistic interval seconds.

Click the Save button to save the Packets Statistic interval value.

Click the Auto-refresh checkbox to refresh automatically.

Click the **Refresh** button to refresh immediately.

Chapter 5. Configuration for Access Point Mode

This chapter will show each Web page's key functions and the configuration way for Access Point Mode of the router.

5.1 Login

After your successful login, you can configure and manage the device. There are main menus on the left of the web-based utility. Submenus will be available after you click one of the main menus. On the right, there are the corresponding explanations and instructions.

Status
Quick Setup
WPS
Working Mode
Network
Wireless
DHCP
USB Settings
System Tools

The detailed explanations for each Web page's key function are listed below.

5.2 Status

The Status page provides the current status information about the Router on Access Point Mode. All information is read-only.

Status		
Firmware Version:	3.15.11 Build 131125 Rel.5	50653n
Hardware Version:	WR710N v2 00000000	
Wired		
MAC Address:	00-1D-0F-01-06-30	
IP Address:	192.168.0.254	
Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0	
Wireless		
Working Mode:	Access Point	
Wireless Network Name:	TP-LINK_010630	
Channel:	Auto (Current channel 5)	
Mode:	11bgn mixed	
Channel Width:	Automatic	
MAC Address:	00-1D-0F-01-06-30	
Traffic Statistics		
	Received	Sent
Bytes:	0	27,216
Packets:	0	63
System Up Time:	0 days 00:01:54	Refresh

- > **Firmware Version -** The version information of the Router's firmware.
- > Hardware Version The version information of the Router's hardware.
- Wired This field displays the current settings or information for the LAN, you can configure them in the Network>LAN page.
 - MAC address The physical address of the Router, as seen from the LAN.
 - IP address The LAN IP address of the Router.
 - Subnet Mask The subnet mask associated with LAN IP address.
- Wireless This field displays basic information or status for wireless function, you can configure them in the Wireless > Wireless Settings page.
 - Working Mode The current wireless working mode in use.
 - Wireless Network Name The SSID of the AP.
 - Channel The current wireless channel in use.
 - Mode The current wireless mode which the Router works on.
 - Channel Width The current wireless channel width in use.

- MAC Address The physical address of the Router, as seen from the WLAN.
- > Traffic Statistics The Router's traffic statistics.
 - Received (Bytes) Traffic that counted in bytes has been received out from the WAN port.
 - Received (Packets) Traffic that counted in packets has been received out from the WAN port.
 - Sent (Bytes) Traffic that counted in bytes has been sent out from the WAN port.
 - Sent (Packets) Traffic that counted in packets has been sent out from the WAN port.
- > System Up Time The length of the time since the Router was last powered on or reset.

Click the **Refresh** button to get the latest status and settings of the Router.

5.3 Quick Setup

Please refer to Section 3.2: "Quick Installation Guide."

5.4 WPS

WPS (Wi-Fi Protected Setup) can help you to quickly and securely connect to a network. This section will guide you to add a new wireless device to an existing network quickly by function. The WPS function is only available when the Operation Mode is set to Access Point. Select menu "WPS", you will see the next screen shown below.

WPS (Wi-Fi Protected Se	etup)
WPSStatus:	Enabled Disable WPS
Current PIN:	12345670 Restore PIN Gen New PIN Disable PIN of this Device
Add A New Device:	Add Device

- > WPS Status To enable or disable the WPS function here.
- Current PIN The current value of the device's PIN is displayed here. The default PIN of the device can be found in the label or User Guide.
- > **Restore PIN -** Restore the PIN of the device to its default.
- Gen New PIN Click this button, and then you can get a new random value for the device's PIN. You can ensure the network security by generating a new PIN.
- Disable PIN of this Device WPS external registrar of entering the device's PIN can be disabled or enabled manually. If the device receives multiple failed attempts to authenticate an external Registrar, this function will be disabled automatically.

Add Device - You can add a new device to the existing network manually by clicking this button.

To add a new device:

If the wireless adapter supports Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS), you can establish a wireless connection between wireless adapter and device using either Push Button Configuration (PBC) method or PIN method.

P Note:

To build a successful connection by WPS, you should also do the corresponding configuration of the new device for WPS function meanwhile.

For the configuration of the new device, here takes the Wireless Adapter of our company for example.

II. By PBC

If the wireless adapter supports Wi-Fi Protected Setup and the Push Button Configuration (PBC) method, you can add it to the network by PBC with the following two methods.

Method One:

Step 1: Keep the WPS Status as **Enabled** and click the **Add Device** button, then the following screen will appear.

Add A New Device
 Enter the new device's PIN.
PIN:
Press the button of the new device in two minutes.
Back Connect

- Step 2: Choose "**Press the button of the new device in two minutes**" and click **Connect**.
- Step 3: For the configuration of the wireless adapter, please choose "**Push the button on my** access point or wireless router" in the configuration utility of the WPS as below, and click **Connect**.



The WPS Configuration Screen of Wireless Adapter

Step 4: Wait for a while until the next screen appears. Click **OK** to complete the WPS configuration.

Configuring the wireless network.
(((WPS)))
Successfully connected to the network by WPS!
ОК

The WPS Configuration Screen of Wireless Adapter

Method Two: Enter the PIN into my AP

Step 1: For the configuration of the wireless adapter, please choose "Enter the PIN of this device into my access point or wireless router" in the configuration utility of the WPS as below, and click Connect.

	<				
Status	wps	Network	Profile	Advanced	
(((WPS)))	This applicat	tion will guide you th	rough configuring	g your wireless networl	k.
		join a wireless netw ccess point or wirele			
	and and the second s	ss point or wireless			
Enter the	PIN of this devic	ce into my access p	oint or wireless r	outer.	
	2898	47			

The WPS Configuration Screen of Wireless Adapter

In this example, the default PIN code of this adapter is 16952898 as the above figure shown.

- Step 2: Keep the WPS Status as **Enabled** and click the **Add Device** button.
- Step 3: Choose "Enter the new device's PIN" and enter the PIN code (take 16952898 for example) of the wireless adapter in the field after PIN as shown in the figure below. Then click Connect.

Add A New Device
Enter the new device's PIN.
PIN: 16952898
Press the button of the new device in two minutes.
Back Connect

Method Three: Enter the PIN from my AP

- Step 1: Get the Current PIN code (each AP has its unique PIN code. Here takes the PIN code 12345670 of this AP for example).
- Step 2: For the configuration of the wireless adapter, please choose "Enter the PIN of my access point or wireless router" in the configuration utility of the WPS as below, and enter the PIN code of the AP into the field after "Access Point PIN". Then click Connect.

	к				
Status	wps	Network	Profile	Advanced	
((WPS)		ion will guide you th join a wireless netw		g your wireless networl	k.
Push the Enter the	button on my ac	ss point or wireless	ess rout <mark>e</mark> r.		
Enter the	PIN of this device	ce into my access p	point or wireless r	outer	Connect

The WPS Configuration Screen of Wireless Adapter

The default PIN code of the AP can be found in its label or the WPS configuration screen.

You will see the following screen when the new device has successfully connected to the network.

Add A New Device
Enter the new device's PIN.
PIN:
Press the button of the new device in two minutes.
Connect successfully !
Back Connect

PNote:

- 1) The WPS LED on the AP will light green for five minutes if the device has been successfully added to the network.
- 2) The WPS function cannot be configured if the Wireless function of the AP is disabled. Please make sure the Wireless function is enabled before configuring the WPS.

5.5 Working Mode

The Router supports five operation mode types: Wireless Router, Access Point, Repeater, Client and Wireless Client Router. Please select one you want. Click Save to save your choice.

🔿 Wireless Router	- Enable multiple users to share Internet connection via ADSL/Cable Modem
Access Point	- Transform your existing wired network to a wireless network
Repeater	- Extend your existing wireless coverage by relaying wireless signal
🔿 Client	- Acting as a "Wireless Adapter" to connect your wired devices (e.g. Xbox/PS3) to a wireless netwo
O WISP Client Router	- Enable multiple users to share Internet connection from WISP

- Wireless Router The wireless Router Mode. In this mode, the device enables multi-user to share Internet via DSL/Cable Modem. The only wired port works as WAN.
- > Access Point The wireless access point mode.
- > Repeater The wireless Repeater Mode. It could extend the range of wireless network.
- Client The Client Mode. The computer connected by Ethernet could get access to an AP by Client mode.
- WISP Client Router In this mode, the device enables multiple users to share Internet connection from WISP.

5.6 Network

Network - LAN

There is only one submenu under the Network menu: LAN.

5.6.1 LAN

Choose menu "Network \rightarrow LAN", and then you can configure the IP parameters of the LAN on the screen as below.

LAN		
MAC Address:	00-1D-0F-01-06-28	
Type:	Smart IP(DHCP) 🔽	
IP Address:	192.168.0.254	
Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0 🔽	
IGMP Proxy:	Enable 💌	
Note: IGMP(Internet Group Management Protocol) works for IPTV multicast stream. The device supports both IGMP proxy with enable or disable option and IGMP snooping.		
	Save	

MAC Address - The physical address of the LAN ports, as seen from the LAN. The value can not be changed.

- Type Choosing Smart IP (DHCP) to get IP address from DHCP server, or choosing static IP to config IP address manually.
- IP Address Enter the IP address of your system in dotted-decimal notation (factory default -192.168.0.254).
- Subnet Mask An address code that determines the size of the network. Normally 255.255.255.0 is used as the subnet mask.
- IGMP Proxy The Internet Group Management Protocol(IGMP) feature allows your devices in LAN can watch TV.

- 1. If you change the IP Address of LAN, you must use the new IP Address to login to the Router.
- 2. If the new LAN IP Address you set is not in the same subnet with the previous one, the IP Address pool in the DHCP server will be configured automatically, while the Virtual Server and DMZ Host will not take effect until they are re-configured.
- 3. When you choose the **Smart IP(DHCP)** mode, the DHCP Server function will be disabled.

5.7 Wireless



There are five submenus under the Wireless menu: Wireless Settings, Wireless Security, Wireless MAC Filtering, Wireless Advanced and Wireless Statistics. Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function.

5.7.1 Wireless Settings

Choose menu "Wireless \rightarrow Wireless Settings", and then you can configure the basic settings for the wireless network on this page.

less Settings		
Wireless Network Name:	TP-LINK_010630	(Also called the SSID)
Region:	United Kingdom 🔽	
Warning:	Ensure you select a correct cour Incorrect settings may cause int	
Channel:	Auto	
Mode:	11bgn mixed 🔽	
Channel Width:	Auto 🔽	
	Enable Wireless Radio	
	Enable SSID Broadcast	
	Save	

- Wireless Network Name Enter a string of up to 32 characters. The same name of SSID (Service Set Identification) must be assigned to all wireless devices in your network. The default SSID is set to be TP-LINK_XXXXX (XXXXXX indicates the last unique six numbers of each Router's MAC address). But it is recommended strongly that you change your networks name (SSID) to a different value. This value is case-sensitive. For example, *TEST* is NOT the same as *test*.
- Region Select your region from the pull-down list. This field specifies the region where the wireless function of the Router can be used. It may be illegal to use the wireless function of the Router in a region other than one of those specified in this field. If your country or region is not listed, please contact your local government agency for assistance.
- Channel This field determines which operating frequency will be used. The default channel is set to Auto. It is not necessary to change the wireless channel unless you notice interference problems with another nearby access point.
- > **Mode -** Select the desired mode. The default setting is 11bgn mixed.
- **11bg mixed -** Select if you are using both 802.11b and 802.11g wireless clients.
- 11bgn mixed Select if you are using a mix of 802.11b, 11g, and 11n wireless clients.
 When 11bg mixed mode is selected, only 11bg mixed wireless stations can connect to the Router. It is strongly recommended that you set the Mode to 11bgn mixed, and all of 802.11b/g/n wireless stations can connect to the Router.

If **11bg mixed mode** is selected in the **Mode** field, the **Channel Width** selecting field will turn grey and the value will become 20M, which is unable to be changed.

Channel Width - Select any channel width from the pull-down list. The default setting is automatic, which can automatically adjust the channel width for your clients.

- Enable Wireless Radio The wireless radio of the Router can be enabled or disabled to allow wireless stations access. If enabled, the wireless stations will be able to access the Router. Otherwise, wireless stations will not be able to access the Router.
- Enable SSID Broadcast If you select the Enable SSID Broadcast checkbox, the wireless router will broadcast its name (SSID) on the air.

Be sure to click the **Save** button to save your settings on this page.

P Note:

- 1. The operating distance or range of your wireless connection varies significantly based on the physical placement of the Router. For best results, place your Router.
 - Near the center of the area in which your wireless stations will operate.
 - In an elevated location such as a high shelf.
 - Away from the potential sources of interference, such as PCs, microwaves, and cordless phones.
 - Away from large metal surfaces.
- 2. Failure to follow these guidelines can result in significant performance degradation or inability to wirelessly connect to the Router.

5.7.2 Wireless Security

Choose menu "Wireless \rightarrow Wireless Security", and then you can configure the security settings of your wireless network.

There are three wireless security modes supported by the Router: WPA/WPA2-Personal, WPA/WPA2-Enterprise and WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy).

Wireless Security		
O Disable Security		
WPA/WPA2 - Personal(Recommer	nded)	
Version:	Automatic(Recomm	nended) 🔽
Encryption:	Automatic(Recomm	nended) 🔽
Wireless Password:		
	(You can enter ASCII	characters between 8 and 63 or Hexadecimal characters between 8 and 64.)
Group Key Update Period:	0 Se	conds (Keep it default if you are not sure, minimum is 30, 0 means no update)
O WPA/WPA2 - Enterprise		
Version:	Automatic 🛛 🗸	
Encryption:	Automatic 🔽	
Radius Server IP:		
Radius Port:	1812 (1-6553	5, 0 stands for default port 1812)
Radius Password:		
Group Key Update Period:	0 (in	second, minimum is 30, 0 means no update)
O WEP		
Type:	Automatic 🗸	
WEP Key Format:	Hexadecimal 🗸	
Key Selected	WEP Key	Кеу Туре
Key 1: 💿		Disabled 🛩
Key 2: 🔘		Disabled 💌
Key 3: 🔵		Disabled 💌
Key 4: 🔘		Disabled 🛩
	Save	
	0470	

- Disable Security The wireless security function can be enabled or disabled. If disabled, the wireless stations will be able to connect the Router without encryption. But it's strongly recommended to choose one of the following modes to enable security.
- WPA-PSK/WPA2-Personal It's the WPA/WPA2 authentication type based on pre-shared passphrase.
 - Version you can choose the version of the WPA-PSK security on the drop-down list. The default setting is Automatic, which can select WPA-PSK (Pre-shared key of WPA) or WPA2-PSK (Pre-shared key of WPA) automatically based on the wireless station's capability and request.
 - Encryption When WPA-PSK or WPA is set as the Authentication Type, you can select either Automatic, or TKIP or AES as Encryption.

If you check the **WPA/WPA2-Personal** radio button and choose TKIP encryption, you will find a notice in red.

WPA/WPA2 - Personal(Recommended)				
Version:	Automatic(Recommended)			
Encryption:	ТКІР			
Wireless Password:				
	(You can enter ASCII characters between 8 and 63 or Hexadecimal characters between 8 and 64.)			
Group Key Update Period:	O Seconds (Keep it default if you are not sure, minimum is 30, 0 means no update)			
	We do not recommend using the TKIP encryption if this device operates in 802.11n mode due to the fact that TKIP is not supported by 802.11n specification.			

- > WPA/WPA2-Enterprise It's based on Radius Server.
 - Version you can choose the version of the WPA security from the pull-down list. The default setting is Automatic, which can select WPA (Wi-Fi Protected Access) or WPA2 (WPA version 2) automatically based on the wireless station's capability and request.
 - Encryption- You can select Automatic, TKIP or AES.
 - Radius Server IP Enter the IP address of the Radius server.
 - Radius Port Enter the port that Radius server used.
 - Radius Password Enter the password for the Radius server.
 - Group Key Update Period Specify the group key update interval in seconds. The value should be 30 or above. Enter 0 to disable the update.
- **WEP -** It is based on the IEEE 802.11 standard.
 - **Type** you can choose the type for the WEP security on the pull-down list. The default setting is **Automatic**, which can select **Shared Key** or **Open System** authentication type automatically based on the wireless station's capability and request.
 - WEP Key Format Hexadecimal and ASCII formats are provided here. Hexadecimal format stands for any combination of hexadecimal digits (0-9, a-f, A-F) in the specified length. ASCII format stands for any combination of keyboard characters in the specified length.
 - WEP Key (Password) Select which of the four keys will be used and enter the matching WEP key that you create. Make sure these values are identical on all wireless stations in your network.
 - **Key Type** You can select the WEP key length (64-bit, or 128-bit, or 152-bit.) for encryption. "Disabled" means this WEP key entry is invalid.

64-bit - You can enter 10 hexadecimal digits (any combination of 0-9, a-f, A-F, zero key is not promoted) or 5 ASCII characters.

128-bit - You can enter 26 hexadecimal digits (any combination of 0-9, a-f, A-F, zero key is not promoted) or 13 ASCII characters.

152-bit - You can enter 32 hexadecimal digits (any combination of 0-9, a-f, A-F, zero key is not promoted) or 16 ASCII characters.

If you do not set the key, the wireless security function is still disabled even if you have selected Shared Key as Authentication Type.

5.7.3 Wireless MAC Filtering

Choose menu "Wireless \rightarrow Wireless MAC Filtering", and then you can control the wireless access by configuring the Wireless MAC Filtering function.

Wireless MAC Filtering			
Wireless MAC Filtering:	Enabled	Disable	
Filtering Rules			
Oeny the stations specified by any	enabled entries i	n the list to access.	
 Allow the stations specified by any 	/ enabled entries i	n the list to access.	
ID MAC Address	Status	Description	Modify
Add New Enable All Di	sable All	Delete All	
P	revious	Next	

To filter wireless users by MAC Address, click Enabled. The default setting is Disabled.

- > MAC Address The wireless station's MAC address that you want to access.
- > Status The status of this entry, either Enabled or Disabled.
- > **Description -** A simple description of the wireless station.

To Add a Wireless MAC Address filtering entry, click the **Add New...** button. The "**Add or Modify Wireless MAC Address Filtering entry**" page will appear:

Add or Modify Wireless MAC Address Filtering entry		
MAC Address: Description: Status:	Enabled V	
	Save Back	

To add or modify a MAC Address Filtering entry, follow these instructions:

 Enter the appropriate MAC Address into the MAC Address field. The format of the MAC Address is XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX (X is any hexadecimal digit). For example: 00-0A-EB-B0-00-0B.

- Give a simple description for the wireless station in the **Description** field. For example: Wireless station A.
- 3. Select **Enabled** or **Disabled** for this entry on the **Status** pull-down list.
- 4. Click the **Save** button to save this entry.

To modify or delete an existing entry:

- 1. Click the **Modify** in the entry you want to modify. If you want to delete the entry, click the **Delete**.
- 2. Modify the information.
- 3. Click the **Save** button.

Click the **Enable All** button to make all entries enabled

Click the **Disable All** button to make all entries disabled.

Click the **Delete All** button to delete all entries.

Click the **Next** button to go to the next page.

Click the **Previous** button to return to the previous page.

For example: If you desire that the wireless station A with MAC address 00-0A-EB-B0-00-0B and the wireless station B with MAC address 00-0A-EB-00-07-5F are able to access the Router, but all the other wireless stations cannot access the Router, you can configure the **Wireless MAC Address Filtering** list by following these steps:

- 1. Click the **Enable** button to enable this function.
- 2. Select the radio button "Allow the stations specified by any enabled entries in the list to access" for **Filtering Rules**.
- 3. Delete all or disable all entries if there are any entries already.
- 4. Click the Add New... button.
 - Enter the MAC address 00-0A-EB-B0-00-0B/00-0A-EB-00-07-5F in the MAC Address field.
 - Enter wireless station A/B in the **Description** field.
 - Select Enabled in the Status pull-down list.
 - Click the Save button.
 - Click the **Back** button.

The filtering rules that configured should be similar to the following list:

F	iltering Rules				
	Deny the stations specified by any enabled entries in the list to access.				
	 Allow the stations specific 	ed by any enabled entr	ries in the list to access.		
ID	MAC Address	Status	Description	Modify	
1	00-0A-EB-B0-00-0B	Enabled	wireless station A	Modify Delete	

5.7.4 Wireless Advanced

Choose menu "Wireless \rightarrow Wireless Advanced", and then you can configure the advanced settings of your wireless network.

Wireless Advanced		
Transmit Power:	High 🔽	
Beacon Interval :	100 (40-1000)	
RTS Threshold:	2346 (256-2346)	
Fragmentation Threshold:	2346 (256-2346)	
DTIM Interval:	1 (1-255)	
	Enable WMM	
	Enable Short GI	
	Enable AP Isolation	
	Save	

- Transmit Power Here you can specify the transmit power of Router. You can select High, Middle or Low which you would like. High is the default setting and is recommended.
- Beacon Interval Enter a value between 20-1000 milliseconds for Beacon Interval here. The beacons are the packets sent by the Router to synchronize a wireless network. Beacon Interval value determines the time interval of the beacons. The default value is 100.
- RTS Threshold Here you can specify the RTS (Request to Send) Threshold. If the packet is larger than the specified RTS Threshold size, the Router will send RTS frames to a particular receiving station and negotiate the sending of a data frame. The default value is 2346.
- Fragmentation Threshold This value is the maximum size determining whether packets will be fragmented. Setting the Fragmentation Threshold too low may result in poor network performance because of excessive packets. 2346 is the default setting and is recommended.
- DTIM Interval This value determines the interval of the Delivery Traffic Indication Message (DTIM). A DTIM field is a countdown field informing clients of the next window for listening to broadcast and multicast messages. When the Router has buffered broadcast or multicast messages for associated clients, it sends the next DTIM with a DTIM Interval value. You can

specify the value between 1-255 Beacon Intervals. The default value is 1, which indicates the DTIM Interval is the same as Beacon Interval.

- Enable WMM WMM function can guarantee the packets with high-priority messages being transmitted preferentially. It is strongly recommended enabled.
- Enable Short GI This function is recommended for it will increase the data capacity by reducing the guard interval time.
- Enable AP Isolation This function isolate all connected wireless stations so that wireless stations cannot access each other through WLAN. This function will be disabled if WDS/Bridge is enabled.

P Note:

If you are not familiar with the setting items in this page, it's strongly recommended to keep the provided default values; otherwise it may result in lower wireless network performance.

5.7.5 Wireless Statistics

Choose menu "Wireless \rightarrow Wireless Statistics", and then you can see the MAC Address, Current Status, Received Packets and Sent Packets for each connected wireless station.

Wire	eless Statistics				
	Curre	ent Connected Wireless	Stations numbers: 1	Refresh	
ID	MAC Address	Current Status	Received Packets	Sent Packets	Configure
1	70-73-CB-1F-C8-C9	STA-ASSOC	46	16	Allow
		Previous	Next		

- > MAC Address The connected wireless station's MAC address
- Current Status The connected wireless station's running status, one of STA-AUTH / STA-ASSOC / STA-JOINED / WPA / WPA-PSK / WPA2 / WPA2-PSK / AP-UP / AP-DOWN / Disconnected
- > **Received Packets -** Packets received by the station
- Sent Packets Packets sent by the station
- > Configure The button is used for loading the item to the Wireless MAC Filtering list.

You cannot change any of the values on this page. To update this page and to show the current connected wireless stations, click on the **Refresh** button.

If the numbers of connected wireless stations go beyond one page, click the **Next** button to go to the next page and click the **Previous** button to return the previous page.

This page will be refreshed automatically every 5 seconds.

5.8 DHCP



There are three submenus under the DHCP menu, **DHCP Settings**, **DHCP Client List** and **Address Reservation.** Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function.

5.8.1 DHCP Settings

Choose menu "**DHCP** \rightarrow **DHCP** Settings", and then you can configure the DHCP Server. The Router is set up by default as a DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) server, which provides the TCP/IP configuration for all the PC(s) that are connected to the Router in the LAN.

DHCP Settings		
DHCP Server:	💿 Disable 🔘 Enable	
Start IP Address:	192.168.0.100	
End IP Address:	192.168.0.199	
Address Lease Time:	120 minutes (1~2	2880 minutes, the default value is 120)
Default Gateway:	0.0.0.0 (optional)
Default Domain:	(optional)
Primary DNS:	0.0.0.0 (optional)
Secondary DNS:	0.0.0.0 (optional)
	Save	

- DHCP Server Enable or Disable the DHCP server. If you disable the Server, you must have another DHCP server within your network or else you must configure the computer manually.
- Start IP Address Specify an IP address for the DHCP Server to start with when assigning IP addresses. 192.168.0.100 is the default start address.
- End IP Address Specify an IP address for the DHCP Server to end with when assigning IP addresses. 192.168.0.199 is the default end address.
- Address Lease Time The Address Lease Time is the amount of time a network user will be allowed connection to the Router with their current dynamic IP Address. Enter the

amount of time in minutes and the user will be "leased" this dynamic IP Address. After the time is up, the user will be automatically assigned a new dynamic IP address. The range of the time is 1 ~ 2880 minutes. The default value is 120 minutes.

- Default Gateway (Optional) It is suggested to input the IP address of the LAN port of the Router. The default value is 192.168.0.254.
- > **Default Domain** (Optional) Input the domain name of your network.
- Primary DNS (Optional) Input the DNS IP address provided by your ISP or consult your ISP.
- Secondary DNS (Optional) Input the IP address of another DNS server if your ISP provides two DNS servers.

P Note:

- 1. To use the DHCP server function of the Router, you must configure all computers on the LAN as "Obtain an IP Address automatically".
- 2. When you choose the **Smart IP (DHCP)** mode in **Network** → **LAN**, the DHCP Server function will be disabled. You will see the page as below.

DHCP Server:	🔿 Disable 💿 Enat	le
Start IP Address:	192.168.0.100	
End IP Address:	192.168.0.199	
Address Lease Time:	120 minutes	(1~2880 minutes, the default value is 120)
Default Gateway:	192.168.0.254	(Optional)
Default Domain:		(Optional)
Primary DNS:	192.168.0.254	(Optional)
Secondary DNS:	192.168.0.254	(Optional)
ote: The DHCP Settings function car h this situation the device will help yo		have choosed Smart IP (DHCP) in Network->LAN

5.8.2 DHCP Client List

Choose menu "DHCP \rightarrow DHCP Clients List", and then you can view the information about the clients attached to the Router.

D	HCP Client Lis	t		
ID	Client Name	MAC Address	Assigned IP	Lease Time
1	tplink14129	6C-62-6D-F7-31-8D	192.168.0.100	01:15:47
2	Unknown	70-73-CB-1F-C8-C9	192.168.0.101	01:56:32
		Refresh		

> Client Name - The name of the DHCP client

- > MAC Address The MAC address of the DHCP client
- > Assigned IP The IP address that the Router has allocated to the DHCP client
- Lease Time The time of the DHCP client leased. After the dynamic IP address has expired, a new dynamic IP address will be automatically assigned to the user.

You cannot change any of the values on this page. To update this page and to show the current attached devices, click the **Refresh** button.

5.8.3 Address Reservation

Choose menu "DHCP \rightarrow Address Reservation", and then you can view and add a reserved address for clients via the next screen. When you specify a reserved IP address for a PC on the LAN, that PC will always receive the same IP address each time when it accesses the DHCP server. Reserved IP addresses should be assigned to the servers that require permanent IP settings.

Addre	ess Reservation			
ID 1	MAC Address 00-11-22-33-44-AA	Reserved IP Address 192.168.0.169	Status Enabled	Modify <u>Modify Delete</u>
Add N	ew Enable All	Disable All Delete All		
		Previous Next		

- > MAC Address The MAC address of the PC for which you want to reserve an IP address.
- > **Reserved IP Address -** The IP address reserved for the PC by the Router.
- > Status The status of this entry either Enabled or Disabled.
- > **Modify -** To modify or delete an existing entry.

To Reserve an IP address:

- 1. Click the Add New... button. Then the following page will pop-up.
- 2. Enter the MAC address (in XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX format.) and IP address (in dotted-decimal notation) of the computer for which you want to reserve an IP address.
- 3. Click the **Save** button.

Add or Modify an Addres	s Reservation Entry
MAC Address: Reserved IP Address: Status:	Enabled V
	Save Back

To modify or delete an existing entry:

- 1. Click the **Modify** in the entry you want to modify. If you want to delete the entry, click the **Delete**.
- 2. Modify the information.
- 3. Click the **Save** button.

Click the Enable/Disable All button to make all entries enabled/disabled

Click the **Delete All** button to delete all entries.

Click the **Next** button to go to the next page and Click the **Previous** button to return the previous page.

5.9 USB Settings

l	USB Settings
	Storage Sharing
	Media Server
-	User Accounts

There are three submenus under the USB Settings menu, **Storage Sharing**, **Media Server** and **User Accounts**. Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding functions.

5.9.1 Storage Sharing

Choose menu "**USB Settings**→**Storage Sharing**", you can configure a USB disk drive attached to the router and view volume and share such properties as share name, capacity, used space, and free space on this page as shown below.

Storage	Sharing					
	Service Status:	Started	Stop hared storage wi	th password		
Volume volume1	Capacity 1.9 GB	Used 1.3 GB	Free 626 MB	Use % 67%	Shared Disable	
		Eject Dis	sk Resc	an		

- Service Status Indicates the Network Sharing service's current status. You can click the Start button to start the Storage Sharing service and click the Stop button to stop it.
- Volume The volume name of the USB drive the users have access to. Volume 1-8 is mapping to USB port1, and Volume 9-16 is mapping to USB port2.
- > **Capacity -** The storage capacity of the USB driver.

- > **Used -** The used space of the USB driver.
- > **Free -** The available space of the USB driver.
- > **Use% -** The percentage of the used space.
- Shared Indicates the shared or non-shared status of the volume. When the volume is shared, you can click the **Disable** to stop sharing the volume; when volume is non-shared, you can click the **Enable** button to share the volume.

Click the Start button to start the Network Sharing service.

Click the **Stop** button to stop the Network Sharing service.

Click the **Eject Disk** button to safely remove the USB storage device that is connected to USB port. This takes the drive offline. A message will appear on your web browser when it is safe to detach the USB disk.

Message f	rom webpage	×
?	This operation will disable Media Server. Are you sure to continue?	
	OK Cancel	

Click the **Rescan** button to start a new scan.

Follow the instructions below to set up your router as a file server:

- 1. Plug an external USB hard disk drive or USB flash drive into this router.
- 2. Click the **Rescan** button to find the USB drive that has been attached to the router.
- 3. Click the Start button to start the Storage Sharing service.
- 4. Click the **Enable** button under **Shared** to enable the disk to share.
- 5. Click the **Open the disk** to visit the sharing disk.

P Note:

- 1. The router can automatically locate new USB drive. But to display the information about your USB device, you need to click the **Rescan** button manually.
- 2. The new settings will not take effect until you restart the service.
- 3. To unplug the USB drive, click **Eject Disk** button first. Simply pulling USB drive out of the USB port can cause damage to the device and loss of data.
- 4. Mounted volumes of each USB port are subject to the 8-volume limit. So you cannot access more than 8 volumes on the USB storage device.

5. If you change the storage settings during the storage connection is established, then the changes will not take effect until the router or the client is rebooted.

5.9.2 Media Server

Choose menu "USB Settings→Media Server", you can create media server that allows you to share stored content with other computers and devices on your home network and on the Internet.

Media Serve	r Setting				
	Server Name: Server Status:	TP-LINK_010628 Stopped Start			
Auto-scan even		Scan All			
Name	File System		Folder	Delete	

- > **Server Name -** The name of this Media Server.
- Server Status Indicates the Media Server's current status, started or stopped. You can click the Start button to start the Media Server and click the Stop button to stop it.
- > **Name** The display name of this folder.
- > File System The file system type on the partition can be FAT32 or NTFS.
- > Folder The real full path of the specified folder.
- > **Delete** You can delete the share folder by click **Delete**.

To set up your media server, please follow the instructions below:

1. Plug an external USB hard disk drive or USB flash drive into this router, and then the following screen will appear.

Server Name: TP-LINK_010628 Server Status: Stopped Start	
Auto-scan every 2 hours Scan All	
Add share folder	
Name File System Folder Delete	

2. Click the **Start** button to start the media server, and then the following screen will appear.

Media Ser	ver Setting			
	Server Name: Server Status:	TP-LINK_010628 Started Stop		
Auto-scan		Scan All		
Name	File System		Folder	Delete

3. Click the **Add share folder** button to specify a folder as the search path of media server. The following screen will then appear.

Add New Folder	
Display Name:	video
Partition:	Share entire partition
Folder Location:	/my share
Select	Folder
0	<u>photo</u>
۲	<u>video</u>
	Save Back Current No. 1 🖌 page

- > **Display Name -** You can enter a display name for the share folder.
- Share entire partition Choose this option and then the folders contained in this partition will all be shared.
- > Folder Location Displays the location of this folder.
- > **Select** Check the radio button to select the folder to share.
- > **Folder** Displays folders that are in current path.
- > **Upper** Click this button to get into the upper folder.
- Save Click this button to save your settings and the page will be redirected to the media server configuration page.
- Back Click this button to discard the settings and just go to the media server configuration page.
- 4. Click the **Scan All** button to scan all the share folders immediately. You can also select the **Auto-scan**, at same time, select an auto scan interval time by drop-down list. In this case, the media server will auto scan the share folders.

The max share folders number is 6. If you want share a new folder when the number has been reached to be 6, you can delete a share folder and then add a new one.

5.9.3 User Accounts

You can specify the user name and password for Storage Sharing users on this page. **Storage Sharing** users can use Internet Explorer to access files on the USB drive.

There are two default user accounts that can access the Storage Sharing. They are Administrator and Guest. Administrator has read/write access to Storage Sharing and can access FTP Server while Guest has read-only access to Storage Sharing and cannot access FTP Server.

User Account Mar	nagement			
Add New User				
User Name	Password	Storage Authority	Modify	
admin	admin	Read and Write	yes	Edit
guest	guest	Read Only	no	<u>Edit</u>
Save				

Only Administrator can use a Web browser to transfer the files from a PC to the Writable shared volume on the USB drive.

To add a new user account, please follow the steps below:

- 1. Click Add New User button, and the following screen will appear.
- 2. Self-define a User Name.
- 3. Enter the password in the **Password** field.
- 4. Choose the Storage Authority from the drop-down list, Read and Write or Read Only.

Add or Modify User Account		
User Name: Password:	admin2 admin	
Storage Authority:	Read and Write 💌	
	Save Back	

User Name - Type the user name that you want to give access to the USB drive. The user name must be composed of alphanumeric symbols not exceeding 15 characters in length.

- Password Enter the password in the Password field. The password must be composed of alphanumeric symbols not exceeding 15 characters in length. For security purposes, the password for each user account is not displayed.
- Storage Authority Choose Read and Write or Read Only from the drop-down list to assign access authority of Storage Sharing to the user.
- > Save You can click the Save button to save your settings.
- Back You can click the Back button to discard the settings and just go to the media server configuration page.

Please restart the service for the new settings to take effect.

If you cannot use the new user name and password to access the shares, press **Windows logo + R** to open the Run dialog box and type **net use \\192.168.0.254 /delete /yes** and press Enter. (192.168.0.254 is your router's LAN IP address. If the LAN IP of the modem connected with your router is 192.168.1.x, the default LAN IP of the router will automatically switch from 192.168.0.254 to 192.168.1.254 to avoid IP conflict; in this case, please try **net use \\192.168.1.254/delete/yes**.)

5.10 System Tools

System Tools
- Diagnostic
- Firmware Upgrade
- Factory Defaults
- Backup & Restore
- Reboot
- Password
- System Log

Choose menu "System Tools", and then you can see the submenus under the main menu: Diagnostic, Firmware Upgrade, Factory Defaults, Backup & Restore, Reboot, Password, and System Log. Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function. The detailed explanations for each submenu are provided below.

5.10.1 Diagnostic

Choose menu "System Tools \rightarrow Diagnostic", and then you can transact Ping or Traceroute function to check connectivity of your network in the following screen.

Diagnostic Tools	
Diagnostic Parameters	
Diagnostic Tool:	Ping Traceroute
IP Address/Domain Name:	
Ping Count:	4 (1-50)
Ping Packet Size:	64 (4-1472 Bytes)
Ping Timeout:	800 (100-2000 Milliseconds)
Traceroute Max TTL:	20 (1-30)
Diagnostic Results	
This device is ready.	
	Start

- > **Diagnostic Tool -** Check the radio button to select one diagnostic tool.
 - **Ping** This diagnostic tool troubleshoots connectivity, reachability, and name resolution to a given host or gateway.
 - Traceroute This diagnostic tool tests the performance of a connection.

You can use ping/traceroute to test both numeric IP address or domain name. If pinging/tracerouting the IP address is successful, but pinging/tracerouting the domain name is not, you might have a name resolution problem. In this case, ensure that the domain name you are specifying can be resolved by using Domain Name System (DNS) queries.

- IP Address/Domain Name Type the destination IP address (e.g. 202.108.22.5) or Domain name (e.g. http://www.tp-link.com).
- > **Pings Count -** The number of Ping packets for a Ping connection. The default is 4.
- > **Ping Packet Size -** The size of Ping packet. The default is 64.
- Ping Timeout Set the waiting time for the reply of each Ping packet. If there is no reply in the specified time, the connection is overtime. The default is 800.
- Traceroute Max TTL The max number of hops for a Traceroute connection. The default is 20.

Click **Start** to check the connectivity of the Internet.

The **Diagnostic Results** page displays the result of diagnosis.

If the result is similar to the following screen, the connectivity of the Internet is fine.

Diagnostic Results	
Pinging 202.108.22.5 with 64 bytes of data:	J 1 1
Reply from 202.108.22.5: bytes=64 time=1 TTL=127 seq=1 Reply from 202.108.22.5: bytes=64 time=1 TTL=127 seq=2 Reply from 202.108.22.5: bytes=64 time=1 TTL=127 seq=3 Reply from 202.108.22.5: bytes=64 time=1 TTL=127 seq=4	
Ping statistics for 202.108.22.5 Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),	
Approximate round trip times in milliseconds: Minimum = 1, Maximum = 1, Average = 1	

Note:

Only one user can use this tool at one time. Options "Number of Pings", "Ping Size" and "Ping Timeout" are used for **Ping** function. Option "Tracert Hops" are used for **Tracert** function.

5.10.2 Firmware Upgrade

Choose menu "System Tools \rightarrow Firmware Upgrade", and then you can update the latest version of firmware for the Router on the following screen.

Firmware Upgrade	
File:	Browse
Firmware Version:	3.15.11 Build 131125 Rel.50653n
Hardware Version:	WR710N v2 00000000
	Upgrade

- Firmware Version This displays the current firmware version.
- Hardware Version This displays the current hardware version. The hardware version of the upgrade file must accord with the Router's current hardware version.

To upgrade the Router's firmware, follow these instructions below:

- 1. Download a more recent firmware upgrade file from the TP-LINK website (http://www.tp-link.com).
- 2. Type the path and file name of the update file into the **File** field, or click the **Browse** button to locate the update file.
- 3. Click the **Upgrade** button.

P Note:

 New firmware versions are posted at http://www.tp-link.com and can be downloaded for free. There is no need to upgrade the firmware unless the new firmware has a new feature you want to use. However, when experiencing problems caused by the Router rather than the configuration, you can try to upgrade the firmware.

- 2. When you upgrade the Router's firmware, you may lose its current configurations, so before upgrading the firmware please write down some of your customized settings to avoid losing important settings.
- 3. Do not turn off the Router or press the Reset button while the firmware is being upgraded, otherwise, the Router may be damaged.
- 4. The Router will reboot after the upgrading has been finished.

5.10.3 Factory Defaults

Choose menu "System Tools \rightarrow Factory Defaults", and you can restore the configurations of the Router to factory defaults on the following screen.

Factory Defaults
Click the following button to reset all configuration settings to their default values.
Restore

Click the **Restore** button to reset all configuration settings to their default values.

- > The default **User Name**: admin
- > The default **Password**: admin
- > The default **IP Address**: 192.168.0.254
- > The default **Subnet Mask**: 255.255.255.0

P Note:

All changed settings will be lost when defaults are restored.

5.10.4 Backup & Restore

Choose menu "System Tools \rightarrow Backup & Restore", and then you can save the current configuration of the Router as a backup file and restore the configuration via a backup file.

Backup & Restor	e	
Configuration Backup: Configuration File:	Backup	Browse Restore

- Click the Backup button to save all configuration settings as a backup file in your local computer.
- > To upgrade the Router's configuration, follow these instructions.
 - Click the **Browse...** button to locate the update file for the Router, or enter the exact path to the Setting file in the text box.

• Click the **Restore** button.

P Note:

The current configuration will be covered by the uploading configuration file. The upgrade process lasts for 20 seconds and the Router will restart automatically. Keep the Router on during the upgrading process to prevent any damage.

5.10.5 Reboot

Choose menu "System Tools \rightarrow Reboot", and then you can click the Reboot button to reboot the Router via the next screen.

Reboot
Click this button to reboot this device.
Reboot

Some settings of the Router will take effect only after rebooting, which include:

- > Change the LAN IP Address (system will reboot automatically).
- > Change the DHCP Settings.
- > Change the Wireless configurations.
- > Change the Web Management Port.
- > Upgrade the firmware of the Router (system will reboot automatically).
- > Restore the Router's settings to factory defaults (system will reboot automatically).
- > Update the configuration with the file (system will reboot automatically).

5.10.6 Password

Choose menu "System Tools \rightarrow Password", and then you can change the factory default user name and password of the Router in the next screen.

Password	
The usemame and password must not exce	eed 14 characters in length and must not include any spaces!
Old User Name:	
Old Password:	
New User Name:	
New Password:	
Confirm New Password:	
	Save Clear All

It is strongly recommended that you should change the factory default user name and password of the Router, because all users who try to access the Router's Web-based utility or Quick Setup will be prompted for the Router's default user name and password.

P Note:

The new user name and password must not exceed 14 characters in length and not include any spaces. Enter the new Password twice to confirm.

Click the Save button when finished.

Click the **Clear All** button to clear all.

5.10.7 System Log

Choose menu "System Tools \rightarrow System Log", and then you can view the logs of the Router.

System Log Auto Mail Feature: Disabled Mail Settings				
	vpe: ALL	*		Log Level: ALL
Index	Time	Туре	Level	Log Content
171	1st day 02:57:44	DHCP	INFO	DHCPC DHCP Service unavailable, recv no OFFER
170	1st day 02:57:42	DHCP	INFO	DHCPC Send DISCOVER with request ip 0 and unicast flag 1
169	1st day 02:57:40	DHCP	INFO	DHCPC Send DISCOVER with request ip 0 and unicast flag 1
168	1st day 02:57:36	DHCP	INFO	DHCPC Send DISCOVER with request ip 0 and unicast flag 0
167	1st day 02:57:34	DHCP	INFO	DHCPC Send DISCOVER with request ip 0 and unicast flag 0
166	1st day 02:57:32	DHCP	INFO	DHCPC Send DISCOVER with request ip 0 and unicast flag 0
Time = 2013-01-01 3:07:43 11264s H-Ver = WR710N v2 00000000 : S-Ver = 3.15.11 Build 131125 Rel.50653n L = 192.168.0.254 : M = 255.255.255.0				
W1 = DHCP : W = 0.0.0.0 : M = 0.0.0.0 : G = 0.0.0.0 Refresh Save Log Mail Log Clear Log				
Previous Next Current No. 1 V Page				

- > **Refresh** Refresh the page to show the latest log list.
- Save Log Click to save all the logs in a txt file.
- Mail Log Click to send an email of current logs manually according to the address and validation information set in Mail Settings. The result will be shown in the later log soon.
- > Clear Log All the logs will be deleted from this device permanently, not just from the page.

Chapter 6. Configuration for Repeater Mode

This chapter will show each Web page's key functions and the configuration way for Repeater Mode of the router.

6.1 Login

After your successful login, you can configure and manage the device. There are main menus on the left of the web-based utility. Submenus will be available after you click one of the main menus. On the right, there are the corresponding explanations and instructions.

Status Quick Setup Working Mode Network Wireless DHCP
Working Mode Network Wireless
Network Wireless
Wireless
DHCP
USB Settings
System Tools

The detailed explanations for each Web page's key function are listed below.

6.2 Status

The Status page provides the current status information about the Router on Repeater Mode. All information is read-only.

Status			
Firmware Version:	3.15.11 Build 131125 R	el.50653n	
Hardware Version:	WR710N v2 00000000		
Wired			
MAC Address:	00-1D-0F-01-06-30		
IP Address:	192.168.0.254		
Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0		
Wireless			
Working Mode:	Repeater		
Wireless Name of Root AP:			
Channel:	1		
Mode:	11bgn mixed		
Channel Width:	Automatic		
MAC Address:	00-1D-0F-01-06-30		
Traffic Statistics			
	Received	Sent	
Bytes:	0	15,960	
Packets:	0	56	
System Up Time:	0 days 00:02:37	Refresh	

- > **Firmware Version -** The version information of the Router's firmware.
- > Hardware Version The version information of the Router's hardware.
- Wired This field displays the current settings or information for the LAN, you can configure them in the Network>LAN page.
 - MAC address The physical address of the Router, as seen from the LAN.
 - IP address The LAN IP address of the Router.
 - Subnet Mask The subnet mask associated with LAN IP address.
- Wireless This field displays basic information or status for wireless function, you can configure them in the Wireless > Wireless Settings page.
 - Working Mode The current wireless working mode in use.
 - Wireless Name of Root AP The SSID of Root AP.
 - Channel The current wireless channel in use.
 - Mode The current wireless mode which the Router works on.
 - Channel Width The current wireless channel width in use.

- MAC Address The physical address of the Router, as seen from the WLAN.
- > Traffic Statistics The Router's traffic statistics.
 - Received (Bytes) Traffic that counted in bytes has been received out from the WAN port.
 - Received (Packets) Traffic that counted in packets has been received out from the WAN port.
 - Sent (Bytes) Traffic that counted in bytes has been sent out from the WAN port.
 - Sent (Packets) Traffic that counted in packets has been sent out from the WAN port.
- > System Up Time The length of the time since the Router was last powered on or reset.

Click the **Refresh** button to get the latest status and settings of the Router.

6.3 Quick Setup

Please refer to Section 3.2: "Quick Installation Guide."

6.4 Working Mode

The Router supports five operation mode types: Wireless Router, Access Point, Repeater, Client and Wireless Client Router. Please select one you want. Click Save to save your choice.

Working Mode	
🔿 Wireless Router	- Enable multiple users to share Internet connection via ADSL/Cable Modem
🔿 Access Point	- Transform your existing wired network to a wireless network
Repeater	- Extend your existing wireless coverage by relaying wireless signal
🔘 Client	- Acting as a "Wireless Adapter" to connect your wired devices (e.g. Xbox/PS3) to a wireless network
O WISP Client Router	- Enable multiple users to share Internet connection from WISP
	Save

- Wireless Router The wireless Router Mode. In this mode, the device enables multi-user to share Internet via DSL/Cable Modem. The only wired port works as WAN.
- > Access Point The wireless access point mode.
- > Repeater The wireless Repeater Mode. It could extend the range of wireless network.
- Client The Client Mode. The computer connected by Ethernet could get access to an AP by Client mode.
- WISP Client Router In this mode, the device enables multiple users to share Internet connection from WISP.

6.5 Network

Network LAN

There is only one submenu under the Network menu: LAN.

6.5.1 LAN

Choose menu "**Network** \rightarrow **LAN**", and then you can configure the IP parameters of the LAN on the screen as below.

LAN		
MAC Address:	00-1D-0F-01-06-28	
Type:	Smart IP(DHCP) 💌	
IP Address:	192.168.0.254	
Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0 💌	
IGMP Proxy:	Enable 💌	
Note: IGMP(Internet Group Management Protocol) works for IPTV multicast stream. The device supports both IGMP proxy with enable or disable option and IGMP snooping.		
	Save	

- MAC Address The physical address of the LAN ports, as seen from the LAN. The value can't be changed.
- Type Choosing Smart IP (DHCP) to get IP address from DHCP server, or choosing static IP to config IP address manually.
- IP Address Enter the IP address of your system in dotted-decimal notation (factory default -192.168.0.254).
- Subnet Mask An address code that determines the size of the network. Normally 255.255.255.0 is used as the subnet mask.
- IGMP Proxy The Internet Group Management Protocol(IGMP) feature allows your devices in LAN can watch TV.

P Note:

- 1. If you change the IP Address of LAN, you must use the new IP Address to login to the Router.
- 2. If the new LAN IP Address you set is not in the same subnet with the previous one, the IP Address pool in the DHCP server will be configured automatically, while the Virtual Server and DMZ Host will not take effect until they are re-configured.

6.6 Wireless



There are five submenus under the Wireless menu: Wireless Settings, Wireless Security, MAC Filtering, Wireless Advanced and Wireless Statistics. Click it, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function.

6.6.1 Wireless Settings

Choose menu "Wireless \rightarrow Wireless Settings", and then you can configure the basic settings for the wireless network on this page.

Wireless Settings		
Wireless Name of Root AP:		
MAC Address of Root AP:		
Region:	United Kingdom	
Warning:	Ensure you select a correct country to conform local law. Incorrect settings may cause interference.	
	noneu seungs may equae menerence.	
Mode:	11bgn mixed 🔽	
Channel Width:	Auto	
WDS Mode:	Auto	
	Enable Wireless Radio	
	Survey	
Save		

- > Wireless Name of Root AP The SSID of AP that you want to access.
- > MAC Address of Root AP The MAC address of AP that you want to access.
- Region Select your region from the pull-down list. This field specifies the region where the wireless function of the Router can be used. It may be illegal to use the wireless function of the Router in a region other than one of those specified in this field. If your country or region is not listed, please contact your local government agency for assistance.
- > **Mode -** Select the desired mode. The default setting is 11bgn mixed.
- **11bg mixed -** Select if you are using both 802.11b and 802.11g wireless clients.
- **11bgn mixed -** Select if you are using a mix of 802.11b, 11g, and 11n wireless clients.

When 11bg mixed mode is selected, only 11bg mixed wireless stations can connect to the Router. It is strongly recommended that you set the Mode to 11bgn mixed, and all of 802.11b/g/n wireless stations can connect to the Router.

P Note:

If **11bg mixed mode** is selected in the **Mode** field, the **Channel Width** selecting field will turn grey and the value will become 20M, which is unable to be changed.

- Channel Width Select any channel width from the pull-down list. The default setting is automatic, which can automatically adjust the channel width for your clients.
- WDS Mode -This field determines which WDS Mode will be used. It is not necessary to change the WDS Mode unless you notice network communication problems with root AP. If you select Auto, then Router will choose the appropriate WDS Mode automatically.
- Enable Wireless Radio The wireless radio of the Router can be enabled or disabled to allow wireless stations access. If enabled, the wireless stations will be able to access the Router. Otherwise, wireless stations will not be able to access the Router.
- > **Survey -** Click this button, you can search the AP which runs in the environment.

Click **Survey** button on the **Wireless** page, and then **AP List** page will appear. Find the SSID of the Access Point you want to access, and click **Connect** in the corresponding row. For example, the third item is selected. The target network's SSID will be automatically filled into the corresponding box.

A	NP List					
AP	Count: 16					
ID	BSSID	SSID	Signal	Channel	Security	Choose
1	6C-E8-73-CA-EE-68		68dB	4	None	Connect
2	94-0C-6D-2F-3C-BE	TP-LINK_Network	47dB	4	WPA2-PSK	Connect
3	84-1B-5E-D7-64-F2	TP-LINK_4234CC	31dB	1	WPA2-PSK	Connect
4	4C-60-DE-32-63-8C	TP-LINK_18F710	30dB	11	WPA2-PSK	Connect
5	6C-E8-73-CA-EE-6A	TP-LINK_D0A761	27dB	4	None	Connect
6	14-E6-E4-E3-87-6A	TP-LINK_TEST	16dB	6	WPA2-PSK	Connect
	78-52-02-02-DD-A1		1668		WPA-P8K	Connect
	Back Refresh	8.8.8.0.0.8	10.48	4	None	Connect

Be sure to click the **Save** button to save your settings on this page.

P Note:

- 1. The operating distance or range of your wireless connection varies significantly based on the physical placement of the Router. For best results, place your Router.
 - Near the center of the area in which your wireless stations will operate.
 - In an elevated location such as a high shelf.

- Away from the potential sources of interference, such as PCs, microwaves, and cordless phones.
- Away from large metal surfaces.
- 2. Failure to follow these guidelines can result in significant performance degradation or inability to wirelessly connect to the Router.

6.6.2 Wireless Security

Choose menu "Wireless \rightarrow Wireless Security", and then you can configure the security settings of your wireless network.

There are three wireless security modes supported by the Router: WPA/WPA2-Personal, WPA/WPA2-Enterprise and WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy).

Wireless Security			
O Disable Security			
WPA/WPA2 - Personal(Recomme	nded)		
Version:	Automatic(Recomme	ended) 🔽	
Encryption:	Automatic(Recomme	ended) 🔽	
Wireless Password:			
	(You can enter ASCII ch	aracters between 8 and 63 or Hexadecimal characters between 8 and 64.)	
Group Key Update Period:	0 Sec	onds (Keep it default if you are not sure, minimum is 30, 0 means no update)	
O WPA/WPA2 - Enterprise			
Version:	Automatic 🛛 💌		
Encryption:	Automatic 🛛 💌		
Radius Server IP:			
Radius Port:	1812 (1-65535, 0 stands for default port 1812)		
Radius Password:			
Group Key Update Period:	(in s	econd, minimum is 30, 0 means no update)	
O WEP			
Туре:	Automatic 🔽		
WEP Key Format:	Hexadecimal 🗸		
Key Selected	WEP Key	Кеу Туре	
Key 1: 💿		Disabled 🗸	
Key 2:		Disabled 🗸	
Key 3: 🔿		Disabled 🗸	
Key 4: 🔘		Disabled 🗸	
	Save		
	Save		

- Disable Security The wireless security function can be enabled or disabled. If disabled, the wireless stations will be able to connect the Router without encryption. But it's strongly recommended to choose one of the following modes to enable security.
- WPA-PSK/WPA2-Personal It's the WPA/WPA2 authentication type based on pre-shared passphrase.

- Version you can choose the version of the WPA-PSK security on the drop-down list. The default setting is Automatic, which can select WPA-PSK (Pre-shared key of WPA) or WPA2-PSK (Pre-shared key of WPA) automatically based on the wireless station's capability and request.
- Encryption When WPA-PSK or WPA is set as the Authentication Type, you can select either Automatic, or TKIP or AES as Encryption.

P Note:

If you check the **WPA/WPA2-Personal** radio button and choose TKIP encryption, you will find a notice in red.

WPA/WPA2 - Personal(Recomment)	ded)
Version:	Automatic(Recommended) 💌
Encryption:	ТКІР
Wireless Password:	
	(You can enter ASCII characters between 8 and 63 or Hexadecimal characters between 8 and 64.)
Group Key Update Period:	O Seconds (Keep it default if you are not sure, minimum is 30, 0 means no update)
	We do not recommend using the TKIP encryption if this device operates in 802.11n mode due to the fact that TKIP is not supported by 802.11n specification.

- > WPA/WPA2-Enterprise It's based on Radius Server.
 - Version you can choose the version of the WPA security from the pull-down list. The default setting is Automatic, which can select WPA (Wi-Fi Protected Access) or WPA2 (WPA version 2) automatically based on the wireless station's capability and request.
 - Encryption You can select Automatic, TKIP or AES.
 - Radius Server IP Enter the IP address of the Radius server.
 - Radius Port Enter the port that Radius server used.
 - Radius Password Enter the password for the Radius server.
 - **Group Key Update Period** Specify the group key update interval in seconds. The value should be 30 or above. Enter 0 to disable the update.
- > WEP It is based on the IEEE 802.11 standard.
 - **Type** you can choose the type for the WEP security on the pull-down list. The default setting is **Automatic**, which can select **Shared Key** or **Open System** authentication type automatically based on the wireless station's capability and request.
 - WEP Key Format Hexadecimal and ASCII formats are provided here. Hexadecimal format stands for any combination of hexadecimal digits (0-9, a-f, A-F) in the specified length. ASCII format stands for any combination of keyboard characters in the specified length.

- WEP Key (Password) Select which of the four keys will be used and enter the matching WEP key that you create. Make sure these values are identical on all wireless stations in your network.
- **Key Type** You can select the WEP key length (64-bit, or 128-bit, or 152-bit.) for encryption. "Disabled" means this WEP key entry is invalid.

64-bit - You can enter 10 hexadecimal digits (any combination of 0-9, a-f, A-F, zero key is not promoted) or 5 ASCII characters.

128-bit - You can enter 26 hexadecimal digits (any combination of 0-9, a-f, A-F, zero key is not promoted) or 13 ASCII characters.

152-bit - You can enter 32 hexadecimal digits (any combination of 0-9, a-f, A-F, zero key is not promoted) or 16 ASCII characters.

P Note:

If you do not set the key, the wireless security function is still disabled even if you have selected Shared Key as Authentication Type.

6.6.3 Wireless MAC Filtering

Choose menu "Wireless \rightarrow Wireless MAC Filtering", and then you can control the wireless access by configuring the Wireless MAC Filtering function.

Wireless MAC Filtering		
Wireless MAC Filtering: Enable	d Disable	
Filtering Rules		
Deny the stations specified by any enabled er	ntries in the list to access.	
Allow the stations specified by any enabled e	ntries in the list to access.	
ID MAC Address Status	s Description	Modify
Add New Enable All Disable All	Delete All	
Previous	Next	

To filter wireless users by MAC Address, click **Enable**. The default setting is **Disabled**.

- > MAC Address The wireless station's MAC address that you want to access.
- > Status The status of this entry, either Enabled or Disabled.
- > **Description -** A simple description of the wireless station.

To Add a Wireless MAC Address filtering entry, click the Add New... button. The "Add or Modify Wireless MAC Address Filtering entry" page will appear:

Add or Modify Wireless MAC Address Filtering entry		
MAC Address: Description: Status:	Enabled V	
	Save Back	

To add or modify a MAC Address Filtering entry, follow these instructions:

- Enter the appropriate MAC Address into the MAC Address field. The format of the MAC Address is XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX (X is any hexadecimal digit). For example: 00-0A-EB-B0-00-0B.
- Give a simple description for the wireless station in the **Description** field. For example: Wireless station A.
- 3. Select **Enabled** or **Disabled** for this entry on the **Status** pull-down list.
- 4. Click the **Save** button to save this entry.

To modify or delete an existing entry:

- 1. Click the **Modify** in the entry you want to modify. If you want to delete the entry, click the **Delete**.
- 2. Modify the information.
- 3. Click the **Save** button.

Click the Enable All button to make all entries enabled

Click the **Disable All** button to make all entries disabled.

Click the **Delete All** button to delete all entries.

Click the **Next** button to go to the next page.

Click the **Previous** button to return to the previous page.

For example: If you desire that the wireless station A with MAC address 00-0A-EB-B0-00-0B and the wireless station B with MAC address 00-0A-EB-00-07-5F are able to access the Router, but all the other wireless stations cannot access the Router, you can configure the **Wireless MAC Address Filtering** list by following these steps:

- 1. Click the **Enable** button to enable this function.
- 2. Select the radio button "Allow the stations specified by any enabled entries in the list to access" for **Filtering Rules**.
- 3. Delete all or disable all entries if there are any entries already.
- 4. Click the Add New... button.

- Enter the MAC address 00-0A-EB-B0-00-0B/00-0A-EB-00-07-5F in the MAC Address field.
- Enter wireless station A/B in the **Description** field.
- Select Enabled in the Status pull-down list.
- Click the Save button.
- Click the **Back** button.

The filtering rules that configured should be similar to the following list:

Filtering Rules				
Deny the stations specified by any enabled entries in the list to access.				
 Allow the stations specified by ar 	ny enabled entries	s in the list to access.		
MAC Address	Status	Description	Modify	
00-0A-EB-B0-00-0B	Enabled	wireless station A	Modify Delete	
00-0A-EB-00-07-5F	Enabled	wireless station B	Modify Delete	
	 Deny the stations specified by ar Allow the stations specified by ar MAC Address 00-0A-EB-B0-00-0B 	 Deny the stations specified by any enabled entries Allow the stations specified by any enabled entries MAC Address Status 00-0A-EB-B0-00-0B Enabled 	 Deny the stations specified by any enabled entries in the list to access. Allow the stations specified by any enabled entries in the list to access. MAC Address Status Description 00-0A-EB-B0-00-0B Enabled wireless station A	

6.6.4 Wireless Advanced

Choose menu "Wireless \rightarrow Wireless Advanced", and then you can configure the advanced settings of your wireless network.

Wireless Advanced	
Transmit Power:	High 💌
Beacon Interval :	100 (40-1000)
RTS Threshold:	2346 (256-2346)
Fragmentation Threshold:	2346 (256-2346)
DTIM Interval:	1 (1-255)
	Enable WMM
	Enable Short GI
	Enable AP Isolation
	Save

- Transmit Power Here you can specify the transmit power of Router. You can select High, Middle or Low which you would like. High is the default setting and is recommended.
- Beacon Interval Enter a value between 20-1000 milliseconds for Beacon Interval here. The beacons are the packets sent by the Router to synchronize a wireless network. Beacon Interval value determines the time interval of the beacons. The default value is 100.
- RTS Threshold Here you can specify the RTS (Request to Send) Threshold. If the packet is larger than the specified RTS Threshold size, the Router will send RTS frames to a particular receiving station and negotiate the sending of a data frame. The default value is 2346.
- Fragmentation Threshold This value is the maximum size determining whether packets will be fragmented. Setting the Fragmentation Threshold too low may result in poor network

performance because of excessive packets. 2346 is the default setting and is recommended.

- DTIM Interval This value determines the interval of the Delivery Traffic Indication Message (DTIM). A DTIM field is a countdown field informing clients of the next window for listening to broadcast and multicast messages. When the Router has buffered broadcast or multicast messages for associated clients, it sends the next DTIM with a DTIM Interval value. You can specify the value between 1-255 Beacon Intervals. The default value is 1, which indicates the DTIM Interval is the same as Beacon Interval.
- Enable WMM WMM function can guarantee the packets with high-priority messages being transmitted preferentially. It is strongly recommended enabled.
- Enable Short GI This function is recommended for it will increase the data capacity by reducing the guard interval time.
- Enable AP Isolation This function isolate all connected wireless stations so that wireless stations cannot access each other through WLAN. This function will be disabled if WDS/Bridge is enabled.

P Note:

If you are not familiar with the setting items in this page, it's strongly recommended to keep the provided default values; otherwise it may result in lower wireless network performance.

6.6.5 Wireless Statistics

Choose menu "Wireless \rightarrow Wireless Statistics", and then you can see the MAC Address, Current Status, Received Packets and Sent Packets for each connected wireless station.

Wire	Wireless Statistics Current Connected Wireless Stations numbers: 1 Refresh						
ID 1	MAC Address 70-73-CB-1F-C8-C9	Current Status STA-ASSOC	Received Packets 46	Sent Packets 16	Configure Allow		
		Previous	Next				

- > MAC Address The connected wireless station's MAC address
- Current Status The connected wireless station's running status, one of STA-AUTH / STA-ASSOC / STA-JOINED / WPA / WPA-PSK / WPA2 / WPA2-PSK / AP-UP / AP-DOWN / Disconnected
- > Received Packets Packets received by the station
- > Sent Packets Packets sent by the station

> Configure - The button is used for loading the item to the Wireless MAC Filtering list.

You cannot change any of the values on this page. To update this page and to show the current connected wireless stations, click on the **Refresh** button.

If the numbers of connected wireless stations go beyond one page, click the **Next** button to go to the next page and click the **Previous** button to return the previous page.

P Note:

This page will be refreshed automatically every 5 seconds.

6.7 DHCP

DHCP	
- DHCP	Settings
- DHCP	Client List
- Addre	ss Reservation

There are three submenus under the DHCP menu, **DHCP Settings**, **DHCP Client List** and **Address Reservation.** Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function.

6.7.1 DHCP Settings

Choose menu "**DHCP** \rightarrow **DHCP** Settings", and then you can configure the DHCP Server. The Router is set up by default as a DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) server, which provides the TCP/IP configuration for all the PC(s) that are connected to the Router in the LAN.

DHCP Settings		
DHCP Server:	💿 Disable 🔘 Enat	le
Start IP Address:	192.168.0.100]
End IP Address:	192.168.0.199]
Address Lease Time:	120 minutes (1~2880 minutes, the default value is 120)
Default Gateway:	0.0.0.0	(optional)
Default Domain:		(optional)
Primary DNS:	0.0.0.0	(optional)
Secondary DNS:	0.0.0.0	(optional)
	Save	

DHCP Server - Enable or Disable the DHCP server. If you disable the Server, you must have another DHCP server within your network or else you must configure the computer manually.

- Start IP Address Specify an IP address for the DHCP Server to start with when assigning IP addresses. 192.168.0.100 is the default start address.
- End IP Address Specify an IP address for the DHCP Server to end with when assigning IP addresses. 192.168.0.199 is the default end address.
- Address Lease Time The Address Lease Time is the amount of time a network user will be allowed connection to the Router with their current dynamic IP Address. Enter the amount of time in minutes and the user will be "leased" this dynamic IP Address. After the time is up, the user will be automatically assigned a new dynamic IP address. The range of the time is 1 ~ 2880 minutes. The default value is 120 minutes.
- Default Gateway (Optional) It is suggested to input the IP address of the LAN port of the Router. The default value is 192.168.0.254.
- > Default Domain (Optional) Input the domain name of your network.
- Primary DNS (Optional) Input the DNS IP address provided by your ISP or consult your ISP.
- Secondary DNS (Optional) Input the IP address of another DNS server if your ISP provides two DNS servers.

P Note:

- 1. To use the DHCP server function of the Router, you must configure all computers on the LAN as "Obtain an IP Address automatically".
- 2. When you choose the Smart IP (DHCP) mode in Network → LAN, the DHCP Server function will be disabled. You will see the page as below.

DHCP Settings	
DHCP Server:	O Disable 💿 Enable
Start IP Address:	192.168.0.100
End IP Address:	192.168.0.199
Address Lease Time:	120 minutes (1~2880 minutes, the default value is 120)
Default Gateway:	192.168.0.254 (Optional)
Default Domain:	(Optional)
Primary DNS:	192.168.0.254 (Optional)
Secondary DNS:	192.168.0.254 (Optional)
	not be configured if you have choosed Smart IP (DHCP) in Network->LAN u configure the DHCP automaticaly as you need).
	Save

6.7.2 DHCP Client List

Choose menu "DHCP \rightarrow DHCP Client List", and then you can view the information about the clients attached to the Router.

Client Name	MAC Address	Assigned IP	Lease Time
tplink14129	6C-62-6D-F7-31-8D	192.168.0.100	01:15:47
Unknown	70-73-CB-1F-C8-C9	192.168.0.101	01:56:32

- > Client Name The name of the DHCP client
- > MAC Address The MAC address of the DHCP client
- > Assigned IP The IP address that the Router has allocated to the DHCP client
- Lease Time The time of the DHCP client leased. After the dynamic IP address has expired, a new dynamic IP address will be automatically assigned to the user.

You cannot change any of the values on this page. To update this page and to show the current attached devices, click the **Refresh** button.

6.7.3 Address Reservation

Choose menu "DHCP \rightarrow Address Reservation", and then you can view and add a reserved address for clients via the next screen. When you specify a reserved IP address for a PC on the LAN, that PC will always receive the same IP address each time when it accesses the DHCP server. Reserved IP addresses should be assigned to the servers that require permanent IP settings.

Addr	ess Reservation			
ID 1	MAC Address 00-11-22-33-44-AA	Reserved IP Address 192.168.0.169	Status Enabled	Modify <u>Modify Delete</u>
Add N	lew Enable All	Disable All Delete All		
		Previous Next		

- > MAC Address The MAC address of the PC for which you want to reserve an IP address.
- > Reserved IP Address The IP address reserved for the PC by the Router.
- > Status The status of this entry either Enabled or Disabled.
- > **Modify -** To modify or delete an existing entry.

To Reserve an IP address:

- 1. Click the Add New... button.
- 2. Enter the MAC address (in XX-XX-XX-XX-XX format) and IP address (in dotted-decimal notation) of the computer for which you want to reserve an IP address.
- 3. Click the **Save** button.

Add or Modify an Addres	Add or Modify an Address Reservation Entry							
MAC Address: Reserved IP Address: Status:	Enabled V							
	Save Back							

To modify or delete an existing entry:

- 1. Click the **Modify** in the entry you want to modify. If you want to delete the entry, click the **Delete**.
- 2. Modify the information.
- 3. Click the **Save** button.

Click the Enable/Disable All button to make all entries enabled/disabled.

Click the **Delete All** button to delete all entries.

Click the **Next** button to go to the next page and Click the **Previous** button to return the previous page.

6.8 USB Settings

USB Settings
- Storage Sharing
- Media Server
- User Accounts

There are three submenus under the USB Settings menu, **Storage Sharing**, **Media Server** and **User Accounts**. Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding functions.

6.8.1 Storage Sharing

Choose menu "**USB Settings**→**Storage Sharing**", you can configure a USB disk drive attached to the router and view volume and share such properties as share name, capacity, used space, and free space on this page as shown below.

Storage	Sharing								
	Service Status:	Started	Stop hared storage wi	h password					
Volume	Capacity	Used	Free	Use%	Shared				
volume1	1.9 GB	1.3 GB	626 MB	67%	Disable				
	Eject Disk Rescan								

- Service Status Indicates the Network Sharing service's current status. You can click the Start button to start the Storage Sharing service and click the Stop button to stop it.
- Volume The volume name of the USB drive the users have access to. Volume 1-8 is mapping to USB port1, and Volume 9-16 is mapping to USB port2.
- > Capacity The storage capacity of the USB driver.
- > **Used -** The used space of the USB driver.
- > **Free -** The available space of the USB driver.
- > **Use% -** The percentage of the used space.
- Shared Indicates the shared or non-shared status of the volume. When the volume is shared, you can click the **Disable** to stop sharing the volume; when volume is non-shared, you can click the **Enable** button to share the volume.

Click the Start button to start the Network Sharing service.

Click the Stop button to stop the Network Sharing service.

Click the **Eject Disk** button to safely remove the USB storage device that is connected to USB port. This takes the drive offline. A message will appear on your web browser when it is safe to detach the USB disk.



Click the **Rescan** button to start a new scan.

Follow the instructions below to set up your router as a file server:

- 1. Plug an external USB hard disk drive or USB flash drive into this router.
- 2. Click the **Rescan** button to find the USB drive that has been attached to the router.
- 3. Click the **Start** button to start the Storage Sharing service.
- 4. Click the **Enable** button under **Shared** to enable the disk to share.
- 5. Click the **Open the disk** to visit the sharing disk.

P Note:

- 1. The router can automatically locate new USB drive. But to display the information about your USB device, you need to click the **Rescan** button manually.
- 2. The new settings will not take effect until you restart the service.
- 3. To unplug the USB drive, click **Eject Disk** button first. Simply pulling USB drive out of the USB port can cause damage to the device and loss of data.
- 4. Mounted volumes of each USB port are subject to the 8-volume limit. So you cannot access more than 8 volumes on the USB storage device.
- 5. If you change the storage settings during the storage connection is established, then the changes will not take effect until the router or the client is rebooted.

6.8.2 Media Server

Choose menu "USB Settings→Media Server", you can create media server that allows you to share stored content with other computers and devices on your home network and on the Internet.

er Name: er Status:	TP-LINK_010628 Stopped s	itart		
2 hours 🔽	Scan All]		
File System			Folder	Delete
	2 hours 🔽			

- > **Server Name -** The name of this Media Server.
- Server Status Indicates the Media Server's current status, started or stopped. You can click the Start button to start the Media Server and click the Stop button to stop it.
- > **Name** The display name of this folder.
- > **File System** The file system type on the partition can be FAT32 or NTFS.
- **Folder** The real full path of the specified folder.
- > **Delete** You can delete the share folder by click **Delete**.

To set up your media server, please follow the instructions below:

1. Plug an external USB hard disk drive or USB flash drive into this router, and then the following screen will appear.

Media Server	Setting				
	erver Name: erver Status:	TP-LINK_010628 Stopped Start			
Auto-scan every Add share folder	/ 2 hours 🖌	Scan All			
Name	File System		Folder	Delete	

2. Click the Start button to start the media server, and then the following screen will appear.

Server Name: Server Status:	TP-LINK_010628 Started Stop			
Auto-scan every 2 hours Add share folder	Scan All			
Name File System		Folder	Delete	

3. Click the **Add share folder** button to specify a folder as the search path of media server. The following screen will then appear.

Add New Folder	
Display Name:	video
Partition:	Share entire partition
Folder Location:	/my share
Select	Folder
	upper
0	photo
۲	video
	Save Back Current No. 1 v page

- > **Display Name** You can enter a display name for the share folder.
- Share entire partition Choose this option and then the folders contained in this partition will all be shared.
- > Folder Location Displays the location of this folder.

- > Select Check the radio button to select the folder to share.
- > **Folder** Displays folders that are in current path.
- > **Upper** Click this button to get into the upper folder.
- Save Click this button to save your settings and the page will be redirected to the media server configuration page.
- Back Click this button to discard the settings and just go to the media server configuration page.
- 4. Click the **Scan All** button to scan all the share folders immediately. You can also select the **Auto-scan**, at same time, select an auto scan interval time by drop-down list. In this case, the media server will auto scan the share folders.

P Note:

The max share folders number is 6. If you want share a new folder when the number has been reached to be 6, you can delete a share folder and then add a new one.

6.8.3 User Accounts

You can specify the user name and password for Storage Sharing users on this page. **Storage Sharing** users can use Internet Explorer to access files on the USB drive.

There are two default user accounts that can access the Storage Sharing. They are Administrator and Guest. Administrator has read/write access to Storage Sharing and can access FTP Server while Guest has read-only access to Storage Sharing and cannot access FTP Server.

User Account Ma	nagement			
Add New User				
User Name	Password	Storage Authority	Modify	
admin	admin	Read and Write	yes	Edit
guest	guest	Read Only	no	Edit
Save				

Only Administrator can use a Web browser to transfer the files from a PC to the Writable shared volume on the USB drive.

To add a new user account, please follow the steps below:

- 1. Click Add New User button, and the following screen will appear.
- 2. Self-define a User Name.
- 3. Enter the password in the **Password** field.

4. Choose the Storage Authority from the drop-down list, Read and Write or Read Only.

Add or Modify User Acco	unt
User Name: Password: Storage Authority:	admin2 admin Read and Write 💙
	Save Back

- User Name Type the user name that you want to give access to the USB drive. The user name must be composed of alphanumeric symbols not exceeding 15 characters in length.
- Password Enter the password in the Password field. The password must be composed of alphanumeric symbols not exceeding 15 characters in length. For security purposes, the password for each user account is not displayed.
- Storage Authority Choose Read and Write or Read Only from the drop-down list to assign access authority of Storage Sharing to the user.
- > Save You can click the Save button to save your settings.
- Back You can click the Back button to discard the settings and just go to the media server configuration page.

P Note:

Please restart the service for the new settings to take effect.

If you cannot use the new user name and password to access the shares, press **Windows logo + R** to open the Run dialog box and type **net use \\192.168.0.254 /delete /yes** and press Enter. (192.168.0.254 is your router's LAN IP address. If the LAN IP of the modem connected with your router is 192.168.1.x, the default LAN IP of the router will automatically switch from 192.168.0.254 to 192.168.1.254 to avoid IP conflict; in this case, please try **net use \\192.168.1.254 /delete / yes**.)

6.9 System Tools

System Tools	
- Diagnostic	
- Firmware Upgrade	
- Factory Defaults	
- Backup & Restore	
- Reboot	
- Password	
- System Log	

Choose menu "System Tools", and then you can see the submenus under the main menu: Diagnostic, Firmware Upgrade, Factory Defaults, Backup & Restore, Reboot, Password, and System Log. Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function. The detailed explanations for each submenu are provided below.

6.9.1 Diagnostic

Choose menu "System Tools \rightarrow Diagnostic", and then you can transact Ping or Traceroute function to check connectivity of your network in the following screen.

Diagnostic Tools	
Diagnostic Parameters	
Diagnostic Tool:	● Ping ○ Traceroute
IP Address/Domain Name:	
Ping Count:	4 (1-50)
Ping Packet Size:	64 (4-1472 Bytes)
Ping Timeout:	800 (100-2000 Milliseconds)
Traceroute Max TTL:	20 (1-30)
Diagnostic Results	
This device is ready.	
	Start

- > **Diagnostic Tool -** Check the radio button to select one diagnostic tool.
 - **Ping** This diagnostic tool troubleshoots connectivity, reachability, and name resolution to a given host or gateway.

• **Traceroute** - This diagnostic tool tests the performance of a connection.

P Note:

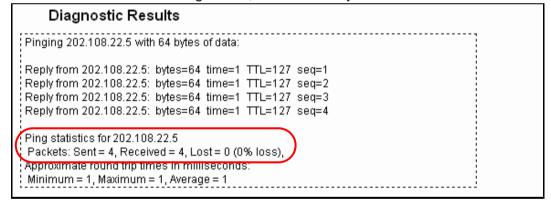
You can use ping/traceroute to test both numeric IP address or domain name. If pinging/tracerouting the IP address is successful, but pinging/tracerouting the domain name is not, you might have a name resolution problem. In this case, ensure that the domain name you are specifying can be resolved by using Domain Name System (DNS) queries.

- IP Address/Domain Name Type the destination IP address (e.g. 202.108.22.5) or Domain name (e.g. http://www.tp-link.com).
- > **Pings Count -** The number of Ping packets for a Ping connection. The default is 4.
- > **Ping Packet Size -** The size of Ping packet. The default is 64.
- Ping Timeout Set the waiting time for the reply of each Ping packet. If there is no reply in the specified time, the connection is overtime. The default is 800.
- Traceroute Max TTL The max number of hops for a Traceroute connection. The default is 20.

Click Start to check the connectivity of the Internet.

The **Diagnostic Results** page displays the result of diagnosis.

If the result is similar to the following screen, the connectivity of the Internet is fine.



P Note:

Only one user can use this tool at one time. Options "Number of Pings", "Ping Size" and "Ping Timeout" are used for **Ping** function. Option "Tracert Hops" are used for **Tracert** function.

6.9.2 Firmware Upgrade

Choose menu "System Tools → Firmware Upgrade", and then you can update the latest version of firmware for the Router on the following screen.

Firmware Upgrade		
File:	Browse	
Firmware Version:	3.15.11 Build 131125 Rel.50653n	
Hardware Version:	WR710N v2 00000000	
	Upgrade	

- Firmware Version This displays the current firmware version.
- Hardware Version This displays the current hardware version. The hardware version of the upgrade file must accord with the Router's current hardware version.

To upgrade the Router's firmware, follow these instructions below:

- 1. Download a more recent firmware upgrade file from the TP-LINK website (http://www.tp-link.com).
- 2. Type the path and file name of the update file into the **File** field, or click the **Browse** button to locate the update file.
- 3. Click the **Upgrade** button.

P Note:

- New firmware versions are posted at http://www.tp-link.com and can be downloaded for free. There is no need to upgrade the firmware unless the new firmware has a new feature you want to use. However, when experiencing problems caused by the Router rather than the configuration, you can try to upgrade the firmware.
- 2. When you upgrade the Router's firmware, you may lose its current configurations, so before upgrading the firmware please write down some of your customized settings to avoid losing important settings.
- 3. Do not turn off the Router or press the Reset button while the firmware is being upgraded, otherwise, the Router may be damaged.
- 4. The Router will reboot after the upgrading has been finished.

6.9.3 Factory Defaults

Choose menu "System Tools → Factory Defaults", and you can restore the configurations of the Router to factory defaults on the following screen.

Factory Defaults
Click the following button to reset all configuration settings to their default values.
Restore

Click the **Restore** button to reset all configuration settings to their default values.

- > The default **User Name**: admin
- > The default **Password**: admin
- > The default IP Address: 192.168.0.254
- > The default Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0

Note:

All changed settings will be lost when defaults are restored.

6.9.4 Backup & Restore

Choose menu "System Tools \rightarrow Backup & Restore", and then you can save the current configuration of the Router as a backup file and restore the configuration via a backup file.

Backup & Restore	•		
Configuration Backup: Configuration File:	Backup	Browse	Restore

- Click the Backup button to save all configuration settings as a backup file in your local computer.
- > To upgrade the Router's configuration, follow these instructions.
 - Click the **Browse...** button to locate the update file for the Router, or enter the exact path to the Setting file in the text box.
 - Click the **Restore** button.

Note:

The current configuration will be covered by the uploading configuration file. The upgrade process lasts for 20 seconds and the Router will restart automatically. Keep the Router on during the upgrading process to prevent any damage.

6.9.5 Reboot

Choose menu "System Tools \rightarrow Reboot", and then you can click the Reboot button to reboot the Router via the next screen.

Reboot	
Click this button to reboot this device.	
	Reboot

Some settings of the Router will take effect only after rebooting, including:

- > Change the LAN IP Address (system will reboot automatically).
- > Change the DHCP Settings.
- > Change the Wireless configurations.
- > Change the Web Management Port.
- > Upgrade the firmware of the Router (system will reboot automatically).
- > Restore the Router's settings to factory defaults (system will reboot automatically).
- > Update the configuration with the file (system will reboot automatically.

6.9.6 Password

Choose menu "System Tools \rightarrow Password", and then you can change the factory default user name and password of the Router.

Password	
The username and password must not exce Old User Name: Old Password:	ed 14 characters in length and must not include any spaces!
New User Name: New Password: Confirm New Password:	
	Save Clear All

It is strongly recommended that you should change the factory default user name and password of the Router, because all users who try to access the Router's Web-based utility or Quick Setup will be prompted for the Router's default user name and password.

PNote:

The new user name and password must not exceed 14 characters in length and not include any spaces. Enter the new Password twice to confirm.

Click the **Save** button when finished.

Click the Clear All button to clear all.

6.9.7 System Log

Choose menu "System Tools \rightarrow System Log", and then you can view the logs of the Router.

Sys	stem Log			
Auto I	Mail Feature: Di	sabled	I	Mail Settings
Log T	ype: ALL	*	I	Log Level: ALL
Index	Time	Туре	Level	Log Content
171	1st day 02:57:44	DHCP	INFO	DHCPC DHCP Service unavailable, recv no OFFER
170	1st day 02:57:42	DHCP	INFO	DHCPC Send DISCOVER with request ip 0 and unicast flag 1
169	1st day 02:57:40	DHCP	INFO	DHCPC Send DISCOVER with request ip 0 and unicast flag 1
168	1st day 02:57:36	DHCP	INFO	DHCPC Send DISCOVER with request ip 0 and unicast flag 0
167	1st day 02:57:34	DHCP	INFO	DHCPC Send DISCOVER with request ip 0 and unicast flag 0
166	1st day 02:57:32	DHCP	INFO	DHCPC Send DISCOVER with request ip 0 and unicast flag 0
H-Ver L = 19: W1 = [2.168.0.254 : M = DHCP : W = 0.0.0.0	000000 255.25	: S-Ve 5.255.0).0.0.0	
	1001 daay 8022411398 1001 daay 8022301592	0102		Previous Next Current No. 1 V Page

- > Refresh Refresh the page to show the latest log list.
- Save Log Click to save all the logs in a txt file.
- Mail Log Click to send an email of current logs manually according to the address and validation information set in Mail Settings. The result will be shown in the later log soon.
- > Clear Log All the logs will be deleted from this device permanently, not just from the page.

Chapter 7. Configuration for Client Mode

This chapter will show each Web page's key functions and the configuration way for Client Mode of the router.

7.1 Login

After your successful login, you can configure and manage the device. There are main menus on the left of the web-based utility. Submenus will be available after you click one of the main menus. On the right, there are the corresponding explanations and instructions.

Status Quick Setup Working Mode Network Wireless DHCP USB Settings Support	
Working Mode Network Wireless DHCP USB Settings	Status
Network Wireless DHCP USB Settings	Quick Setup
Wireless DHCP USB Settings	Working Mode
DHCP USB Settings	Network
USB Settings	Wireless
	DHCP
Suptom Toolo	USB Settings
System roois	System Tools

The detailed explanations for each Web page's key function are listed below.

7.2 Status

The Status page provides the current status information about the Router on Client Mode. All information is read-only.

Status		
Firmware Version:	3.15.11 Build 131125 Rel	l.50653n
Hardware Version:	WR710N v2 00000000	
Wired		
MAC Address:	00-1D-0F-01-06-30	
IP Address:	192.168.0.254	
Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0	
Wireless		
Working Mode:	Client	
Wireless Name of Root AP:		
Channel:	8	
Mode:	11bgn mixed	
Channel Width:	Automatic	
MAC Address:	00-1D-0F-01-06-30	
Traffic Statistics		
	Received	Sent
Bytes:	0	444
Packets:	0	4
System Up Time:	0 days 00:00:54	Refresh

- > **Firmware Version -** The version information of the Router's firmware.
- > Hardware Version The version information of the Router's hardware.
- Wired This field displays the current settings or information for the LAN, you can configure them in the Network>LAN page.
 - MAC address The physical address of the Router, as seen from the LAN.
 - IP address The LAN IP address of the Router.
 - Subnet Mask The subnet mask associated with LAN IP address.
- Wireless This field displays basic information or status for wireless function, you can configure them in the Wireless > Wireless Settings page.
 - Working Mode The current wireless working mode in use.
 - Wireless Name of Root AP The SSID of Root AP.
 - Channel The current wireless channel in use.
 - Mode The current wireless mode which the Router works on.
 - Channel Width The current wireless channel width in use.

- MAC Address The physical address of the Router, as seen from the WLAN.
- > Traffic Statistics The Router's traffic statistics.
 - Received (Bytes) Traffic that counted in bytes has been received out from the WAN port.
 - Received (Packets) Traffic that counted in packets has been received out from the WAN port.
 - Sent (Bytes) Traffic that counted in bytes has been sent out from the WAN port.
 - Sent (Packets) Traffic that counted in packets has been sent out from the WAN port.
- > System Up Time The length of the time since the Router was last powered on or reset.

Click the **Refresh** button to get the latest status and settings of the Router.

7.3 Quick Setup

Please refer to Section 3.2: "Quick Installation Guide."

7.4 Working Mode

The Router supports five operation mode types: Wireless Router, Access Point, Repeater, Client and Wireless Client Router. Please select one you want. Click Save to save your choice.

Working Mode	
🔿 Wireless Router	- Enable multiple users to share Internet connection via ADSL/Cable Modem
🔘 Access Point	- Transform your existing wired network to a wireless network
🔿 Repeater	- Extend your existing wireless coverage by relaying wireless signal
 Client 	- Acting as a "Wireless Adapter" to connect your wired devices (e.g. Xbox/PS3) to a wireless network
🔘 WISP Client Router	- Enable multiple users to share Internet connection from WISP
	Save

- Wireless Router The wireless Router Mode. In this mode, the device enables multi-user to share Internet via DSL/Cable Modem. The only wired port works as WAN.
- > Access Point The wireless access point mode.
- > Repeater The wireless Repeater Mode. It could extend the range of wireless network.
- Client The Client Mode. The computer connected by Ethernet could get access to an AP by Client mode.
- WISP Client Router In this mode, the device enables multiple users to share Internet connection from WISP.

7.5 Network

Network

There is only one submenu under the Network menu: LAN.

7.5.1 LAN

Choose menu "**Network** \rightarrow **LAN**", and then you can configure the IP parameters of the LAN on the screen as below.

LAN	
MAC Address:	00-1D-0F-01-06-28
Туре:	Smart IP(DHCP)
IP Address:	192.168.0.254
Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0 💌
IGMP Proxy:	Enable 💌
Note: IGMP(Internet Group Management P The device supports both IGMP proxy with (rotocol) works for IPTV multicast stream. enable or disable option and IGMP snooping.
	Save

- MAC Address The physical address of the LAN ports, as seen from the LAN. The value can't be changed.
- Type Choosing Smart IP (DHCP) to get IP address from DHCP server, or choosing static IP to config IP address manually.
- IP Address Enter the IP address of your system in dotted-decimal notation (factory default -192.168.0.254).
- Subnet Mask An address code that determines the size of the network. Normally 255.255.255.0 is used as the subnet mask.
- IGMP Proxy The Internet Group Management Protocol(IGMP) feature allows your devices in LAN can watch TV.

P Note:

- 1. If you change the IP Address of LAN, you must use the new IP Address to login to the Router.
- 2. If the new LAN IP Address you set is not in the same subnet with the previous one, the IP Address pool in the DHCP server will be configured automatically, while the Virtual Server and DMZ Host will not take effect until they are re-configured.
- 3. When you choose the **Smart IP (DHCP)** mode, the DHCP Server function will be disabled.

7.6 Wireless



There are two submenus under the Wireless menu: **Wireless Settings** and **Wireless Security**. Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function.

7.6.1 Wireless Settings

Choose menu "Wireless \rightarrow Wireless Settings", and then you can configure the basic settings for the wireless network on this page.

Wireless Settings	
Wireless Name of Root AP:	
MAC Address of Root AP:	
Region:	United Kingdom
Warning:	Ensure you select a correct country to conform local law. Incorrect settings may cause interference.
WDS Mode:	Auto 🗸
	Enable Wireless Radio
	Survey
	Save

- > Wireless Name of Root AP Enter the SSID of AP that you want to access.
- > MAC Address of Root AP Enter the MAC address of AP that you want to access.
- Region Select your region from the pull-down list. This field specifies the region where the wireless function of the Router can be used. It may be illegal to use the wireless function of the Router in a region other than one of those specified in this field. If your country or region is not listed, please contact your local government agency for assistance.
- WDS Mode -This field determines which WDS Mode will be used. It is not necessary to change the WDS Mode unless you notice network communication problems with root AP. If you select Auto, then Router will choose the appropriate WDS Mode automatically.
- Enable Wireless Radio The wireless radio of the AP can be enabled or disabled to allow or deny wireless stations to access. If enabled, the wireless stations will be able to access the AP, otherwise, wireless stations will not be able to access the AP.
- > **Survey** Click this button, you can search the APs.

P Note:

- 1. The operating distance or range of your wireless connection varies significantly based on the physical placement of the Router. For best results, place your Router.
 - Near the center of the area in which your wireless stations will operate.
 - In an elevated location such as a high shelf.
 - Away from the potential sources of interference, such as PCs, microwaves, and cordless phones.
 - Away from large metal surfaces.
- 2. Failure to follow these guidelines can result in significant performance degradation or inability to wirelessly connect to the Router.

7.6.2 Wireless Security

Choose menu "Wireless \rightarrow Wireless Security", and then you can configure the security settings of your wireless network.

There are three wireless security modes supported by the Router: WPA/WPA2-Personal, WPA/WPA2-Enterprise and WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy).

Wireless Security		
O Disable Security		
WPA/WPA2 - Personal(Recomment)	ded)	
Version:	Automatic(Recomm	ended) 🗸
Encryption:	Automatic(Recomm	ended) 🗸
Wireless Password:		
	(You can enter ASCII c	haracters between 8 and 63 or Hexadecimal characters between 8 and 64.)
Group Key Update Period:	0 Sec	conds (Keep it default if you are not sure, minimum is 30, 0 means no update)
O WPA/WPA2 - Enterprise		
Version:	Automatic 🔽	
Encryption:	Automatic 🛛 👻	
Radius Server IP:		
Radius Port:	1812 (1-6553)	5, 0 stands for default port 1812)
Radius Password:		
Group Key Update Period:	0 (in s	second, minimum is 30, 0 means no update)
○ WEP		
Туре:	Automatic 💌	
WEP Key Format:	Hexadecimal 👻	
Key Selected	WEP Key	Кеу Туре
Key 1: 💿		Disabled 💌
Key 2:		Disabled 💌
Key 3: 🔵		Disabled 💌
Key 4: 🔿		Disabled 💌
	Save	

- Disable Security The wireless security function can be enabled or disabled. If disabled, the wireless stations will be able to connect the Router without encryption. But it's strongly recommended to choose one of the following modes to enable security.
- WPA-PSK/WPA2-Personal It's the WPA/WPA2 authentication type based on pre-shared passphrase.
 - Version you can choose the version of the WPA-PSK security on the drop-down list. The default setting is Automatic, which can select WPA-PSK (Pre-shared key of WPA) or WPA2-PSK (Pre-shared key of WPA) automatically based on the wireless station's capability and request.
 - Encryption When WPA-PSK or WPA is set as the Authentication Type, you can select either Automatic, or TKIP or AES as Encryption.

P Note:

If you check the **WPA/WPA2-Personal** radio button and choose TKIP encryption, you will find a notice in red.

WPA/WPA2 - Personal(Recomment)	ided)
Version:	Automatic(Recommended) 💌
Encryption:	ТКІР
Wireless Password:	
	(You can enter ASCII characters between 8 and 63 or Hexadecimal characters between 8 and 64.)
Group Key Update Period:	0 Seconds (Keep it default if you are not sure, minimum is 30, 0 means no update)
	We do not recommend using the TKIP encryption if this device operates in 802.11n mode due to the fact that TKIP is not supported by 802.11n specification.

- > WPA /WPA2-Enterprise It's based on Radius Server.
 - Version you can choose the version of the WPA security from the pull-down list. The default setting is Automatic, which can select WPA (Wi-Fi Protected Access) or WPA2 (WPA version 2) automatically based on the wireless station's capability and request.
 - Encryption You can select Automatic, TKIP or AES.
 - Radius Server IP Enter the IP address of the Radius server.
 - Radius Port Enter the port that Radius server used.
 - Radius Password Enter the password for the Radius server.
 - Group Key Update Period Specify the group key update interval in seconds. The value should be 30 or above. Enter 0 to disable the update.
- > WEP It is based on the IEEE 802.11 standard.
 - **Type** you can choose the type for the WEP security on the pull-down list. The default setting is **Automatic**, which can select **Shared Key** or **Open System** authentication type automatically based on the wireless station's capability and request.

- WEP Key Format Hexadecimal and ASCII formats are provided here. Hexadecimal format stands for any combination of hexadecimal digits (0-9, a-f, A-F) in the specified length. ASCII format stands for any combination of keyboard characters in the specified length.
- WEP Key (Password) Select which of the four keys will be used and enter the matching WEP key that you create. Make sure these values are identical on all wireless stations in your network.
- **Key Type** You can select the WEP key length (64-bit, or 128-bit, or 152-bit.) for encryption. "Disabled" means this WEP key entry is invalid.

64-bit - You can enter 10 hexadecimal digits (any combination of 0-9, a-f, A-F, zero key is not promoted) or 5 ASCII characters.

128-bit - You can enter 26 hexadecimal digits (any combination of 0-9, a-f, A-F, zero key is not promoted) or 13 ASCII characters.

152-bit - You can enter 32 hexadecimal digits (any combination of 0-9, a-f, A-F, zero key is not promoted) or 16 ASCII characters.

P Note:

If you do not set the key, the wireless security function is still disabled even if you have selected Shared Key as Authentication Type.

7.7 DHCP



There are three submenus under the DHCP menu, **DHCP Settings**, **DHCP Client List** and **Address Reservation.** Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function.

7.7.1 DHCP Settings

Choose menu "**DHCP** \rightarrow **DHCP** Settings", and then you can configure the DHCP Server. The Router is set up by default as a DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) server, which provides the TCP/IP configuration for all the PC(s) that are connected to the Router in the LAN.

DHCP Server:	💿 Disable 🔘 Enable
Start IP Address:	192.168.0.100
End IP Address:	192.168.0.199
Address Lease Time:	120 minutes (1~2880 minutes, the default value is 120)
Default Gateway:	0.0.0.0 (optional)
Default Domain:	(optional)
Primary DNS:	0.0.0.0 (optional)
Secondary DNS:	0.0.0.0 (optional)

- DHCP Server Enable or Disable the DHCP server. If you disable the Server, you must have another DHCP server within your network or else you must configure the computer manually.
- Start IP Address Specify an IP address for the DHCP Server to start with when assigning IP addresses. 192.168.0.100 is the default start address.
- End IP Address Specify an IP address for the DHCP Server to end with when assigning IP addresses. 192.168.0.199 is the default end address.
- Address Lease Time The Address Lease Time is the amount of time a network user will be allowed connection to the Router with their current dynamic IP Address. Enter the amount of time in minutes and the user will be "leased" this dynamic IP Address. After the time is up, the user will be automatically assigned a new dynamic IP address. The range of the time is 1 ~ 2880 minutes. The default value is 120 minutes.
- Default Gateway (Optional) It is suggested to input the IP address of the LAN port of the Router. The default value is 192.168.0.254.
- > **Default Domain** (Optional) Input the domain name of your network.
- Primary DNS (Optional) Input the DNS IP address provided by your ISP or consult your ISP.
- Secondary DNS (Optional) Input the IP address of another DNS server if your ISP provides two DNS servers.

P Note:

- 1. To use the DHCP server function of the Router, you must configure all computers on the LAN as "Obtain an IP Address automatically". This function will take effect until this device reboots.
- When you choose the Smart IP (DHCP) mode in Network → LAN, the DHCP Server function will be disabled. You will see the page as below.

DHCP Server:	🔵 Disable 🍥) Enable
Start IP Address:	192.168.0.100	0
End IP Address:	192.168.0.199	9
Address Lease Time:	120 mii	inutes (1~2880 minutes, the default value is 120)
Default Gateway:	192.168.0.254	4 (Optional)
Default Domain:		(Optional)
Primary DNS:	192.168.0.254	4 (Optional)
Secondary DNS:	192,168.0.254	4 (Optional)

7.7.2 DHCP Client List

Choose menu "DHCP \rightarrow DHCP Client List", and then you can view the information about the clients attached to the Router.

C	HCP Client Lis	t		
ID	Client Name	MAC Address	Assigned IP	Lease Time
1	tplink14129	6C-62-6D-F7-31-8D	192.168.0.100	01:15:47
2	Unknown	70-73-CB-1F-C8-C9	192.168.0.101	01:56:32
		Refresh		

- > Client Name The name of the DHCP client
- > MAC Address The MAC address of the DHCP client
- > Assigned IP The IP address that the Router has allocated to the DHCP client
- Lease Time The time of the DHCP client leased. After the dynamic IP address has expired, a new dynamic IP address will be automatically assigned to the user.

You cannot change any of the values on this page. To update this page and to show the current attached devices, click the **Refresh** button.

7.7.3 Address Reservation

Choose menu "DHCP \rightarrow Address Reservation", and then you can view and add a reserved address for clients via the next screen. When you specify a reserved IP address for a PC on the LAN, that PC will always receive the same IP address each time when it accesses the DHCP server. Reserved IP addresses should be assigned to the servers that require permanent IP settings.

ID MAC A	ddress	Reserved IP Address	Status	Modify
1 00-11-2	2-33-44-AA	192.168.0.169	Enabled	<u>Modify</u> Delete
	Enable All			
dd New	Enable All	Disable All Delete All		

- > MAC Address The MAC address of the PC for which you want to reserve an IP address.
- > **Reserved IP Address -** The IP address reserved for the PC by the Router.
- > Status The status of this entry either Enabled or Disabled.
- > **Modify -** To modify or delete an existing entry.

To Reserve an IP address:

- 1. Click the Add New... button.
- 2. Enter the MAC address (in XX-XX-XX-XX-XX format.) and IP address (in dotted-decimal notation) of the computer for which you want to reserve an IP address.
- 3. Click the **Save** button.

Add or Modify an Addres	s Reservation Entry
MAC Address: Reserved IP Address: Status:	Enabled V
	Save Back

To modify or delete an existing entry:

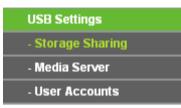
- 1. Click the **Modify** in the entry you want to modify. If you want to delete the entry, click the **Delete**.
- 2. Modify the information.
- 3. Click the **Save** button.

Click the Enable/Disable All button to make all entries enabled/disabled

Click the **Delete All** button to delete all entries.

Click the **Next** button to go to the next page and Click the **Previous** button to return the previous page.

7.8 USB Settings



There are three submenus under the USB Settings menu, **Storage Sharing**, **Media Server** and **User Accounts**. Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding functions.

7.8.1 Storage Sharing

Choose menu "**USB Settings**→**Storage Sharing**", you can configure a USB disk drive attached to the router and view volume and share such properties as share name, capacity, used space, and free space on this page as shown below.

Storage	Sharing					
	Service Status:	Started [Stop shared storage wi	th password		
Volume	Capacity	Used	Free	Use%	Shared	
volume1	1.9 GB	1.3 GB	626 MB	67%	Disable	
		Eject Di	sk Resc	an		

- Service Status Indicates the Network Sharing service's current status. You can click the
 Start button to start the Storage Sharing service and click the Stop button to stop it.
- Volume The volume name of the USB drive the users have access to. Volume 1-8 is mapping to USB port1, and Volume 9-16 is mapping to USB port2.
- > **Capacity -** The storage capacity of the USB driver.
- > **Used -** The used space of the USB driver.
- > **Free -** The available space of the USB driver.
- > **Use% -** The percentage of the used space.
- Shared Indicates the shared or non-shared status of the volume. When the volume is shared, you can click the Disable to stop sharing the volume; when volume is non-shared, you can click the Enable button to share the volume.

Click the Start button to start the Network Sharing service.

Click the Stop button to stop the Network Sharing service.

Click the **Eject Disk** button to safely remove the USB storage device that is connected to USB port. This takes the drive offline. A message will appear on your web browser when it is safe to detach the USB disk.

Message f	rom webpage		-X
?	This operation will disable Media Server. A	Are you sure to continue?	
		OK Car	ncel

Click the **Rescan** button to start a new scan.

Follow the instructions below to set up your router as a file server:

- 1. Plug an external USB hard disk drive or USB flash drive into this router.
- 2. Click the **Rescan** button to find the USB drive that has been attached to the router.
- 3. Click the **Start** button to start the Storage Sharing service.
- 4. Click the **Enable** button under **Shared** to enable the disk to share.
- 5. Click the **Open the disk** to visit the sharing disk.

P Note:

- 1. The router can automatically locate new USB drive. But to display the information about your USB device, you need to click the **Rescan** button manually.
- 2. The new settings will not take effect until you restart the service.
- 3. To unplug the USB drive, click **Eject Disk** button first. Simply pulling USB drive out of the USB port can cause damage to the device and loss of data.
- 4. Mounted volumes of each USB port are subject to the 8-volume limit. So you cannot access more than 8 volumes on the USB storage device.
- 5. If you change the storage settings during the storage connection is established, then the changes will not take effect until the router or the client is rebooted.

7.8.2 Media Server

Choose menu "**USB Settings→Media Server**", you can create media server that allows you to share stored content with other computers and devices on your home network and on the Internet.

Media Serv	er Setting				
	Server Name: Server Status:	TP-LINK_010628 Stopped Start)		
Auto-scan e		Scan All			
Name	File System		Folder	Delete	

- > **Server Name -** The name of this Media Server.
- Server Status Indicates the Media Server's current status, started or stopped. You can click the Start button to start the Media Server and click the Stop button to stop it.
- > Name The display name of this folder.
- > File System The file system type on the partition can be FAT32 or NTFS.
- > **Folder** The real full path of the specified folder.
- > **Delete** You can delete the share folder by click **Delete**.

To set up your media server, please follow the instructions below:

1. Plug an external USB hard disk drive or USB flash drive into this router, and then the following screen will appear.

Media Server Setting			
Server Name: Server Status:	TP-LINK_010628 Stopped Start		
Auto-scan every 2 hours V Add share folder	Scan All		
Name File System		Folder	Delete

2. Click the **Start** button to start the media server, and then the following screen will appear.

Media Server Setting				
Server Name: Server Status:	TP-LINK_010628 Started Stop			
Auto-scan every 2 hours	Scan All			
Name File Syster	1	Folder	Delete	

3. Click the **Add share folder** button to specify a folder as the search path of media server. The following screen will then appear.

Add New Folder	
Display Name: Partition: Folder Location:	video Share entire partition Imy share
Select	Fokler
	upper
0	photo
۲	video
	Save Back Current No. 1 v page

- > **Display Name -** You can enter a display name for the share folder.
- Share entire partition Choose this option and then the folders contained in this partition will all be shared.
- > Folder Location Displays the location of this folder.
- > **Select** Check the radio button to select the folder to share.
- > **Folder** Displays folders that are in current path.
- > **Upper** Click this button to get into the upper folder.
- Save Click this button to save your settings and the page will be redirected to the media server configuration page.
- Back Click this button to discard the settings and just go to the media server configuration page.

4. Click the **Scan All** button to scan all the share folders immediately. You can also select the **Auto-scan**, at same time, select an auto scan interval time by drop-down list. In this case, the media server will auto scan the share folders.

P Note:

The max share folders number is 6. If you want share a new folder when the number has been reached to be 6, you can delete a share folder and then add a new one.

7.8.3 User Accounts

You can specify the user name and password for Storage Sharing users on this page. **Storage Sharing** users can use Internet Explorer to access files on the USB drive.

There are two default user accounts that can access the Storage Sharing. They are Administrator and Guest. Administrator has read/write access to Storage Sharing and can access FTP Server while Guest has read-only access to Storage Sharing and cannot access FTP Server.

User Account N	Management			
Add New User				
User Name	Password	Storage Authority	Modify	
admin	admin	Read and Write	yes	Edit
guest	guest	Read Only	no	Edit
Save				

Only Administrator can use a Web browser to transfer the files from a PC to the Writable shared volume on the USB drive.

To add a new user account, please follow the steps below:

- 1. Click Add New User button, and the above screen will appear.
- 2. Self-define a **User Name**.
- 3. Enter the password in the **Password** field.
- 4. Choose the Storage Authority from the drop-down list, Read and Write or Read Only.

Add or Modify User Acco	unt
User Name: Password: Sterone Arthority	admin2 admin
Storage Authority:	Read and Write 💌
	Save Back

- User Name Type the user name that you want to give access to the USB drive. The user name must be composed of alphanumeric symbols not exceeding 15 characters in length.
- Password Enter the password in the Password field. The password must be composed of alphanumeric symbols not exceeding 15 characters in length. For security purposes, the password for each user account is not displayed.
- Storage Authority Choose Read and Write or Read Only from the drop-down list to assign access authority of Storage Sharing to the user.
- > Save You can click the Save button to save your settings.
- Back You can click the Back button to discard the settings and just go to the media server configuration page.

P Note:

Please restart the service for the new settings to take effect.

If you cannot use the new user name and password to access the shares, press **Windows logo + R** to open the Run dialog box and type **net use \\192.168.0.254 /delete /yes** and press Enter. (192.168.0.254 is your router's LAN IP address. If the LAN IP of the modem connected with your router is 192.168.1.x, the default LAN IP of the router will automatically switch from 192.168.0.254 to 192.168.1.254 to avoid IP conflict; in this case, please try **net use \\192.168.1.254 /delete / yes**.)

7.9 System Tools

System Tools
- Diagnostic
- Firmware Upgrade
- Factory Defaults
- Backup & Restore
- Reboot
- Password
- System Log

Choose menu "System Tools", and then you can see the submenus under the main menu: Diagnostic, Firmware Upgrade, Factory Defaults, Backup & Restore, Reboot, Password, and System Log. Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function. The detailed explanations for each submenu are provided below.

7.9.1 Diagnostic

Choose menu "System Tools \rightarrow Diagnostic", and then you can transact Ping or Traceroute function to check connectivity of your network in the following screen.

Diagnostic Tools			
Diagnostic Parameters			
Diagnostic Tool:	💿 Ping 🔘 Traceroute		
IP Address/Domain Name:			
Ping Count:	4 (1-50)		
Ping Packet Size:	64 (4-1472 Bytes)		
Ping Timeout:	800 (100-2000 Milliseconds)		
Traceroute Max TTL:	20 (1-30)		
Diagnostic Results			
The Router is ready.			
	Start		

- > **Diagnostic Tool -** Check the radio button to select one diagnostic tool.
 - **Ping** This diagnostic tool troubleshoots connectivity, reachability, and name resolution to a given host or gateway.
 - Traceroute This diagnostic tool tests the performance of a connection.

P Note:

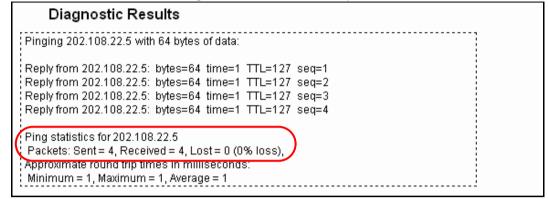
You can use ping/traceroute to test both numeric IP address or domain name. If pinging/tracerouting the IP address is successful, but pinging/tracerouting the domain name is not, you might have a name resolution problem. In this case, ensure that the domain name you are specifying can be resolved by using Domain Name System (DNS) queries.

- IP Address/Domain Name Type the destination IP address (e.g. 202.108.22.5) or Domain name (e.g.http://www.tp-link.com).
- > **Pings Count -** The number of Ping packets for a Ping connection. The default is 4.
- > Ping Packet Size The size of Ping packet. The default is 64.
- Ping Timeout Set the waiting time for the reply of each Ping packet. If there is no reply in the specified time, the connection is overtime. The default is 800.
- Traceroute Max TTL The max number of hops for a Traceroute connection. The default is 20.

Click **Start** to check the connectivity of the Internet.

The Diagnostic Results page displays the result of diagnosis.

If the result is similar to the following screen, the connectivity of the Internet is fine.



P Note:

Only one user can use this tool at one time. Options "Number of Pings", "Ping Size" and "Ping Timeout" are used for **Ping** function. Option "Tracert Hops" are used for **Tracert** function.

7.9.2 Firmware Upgrade

Choose menu "System Tools \rightarrow Firmware Upgrade", and then you can update the latest version of firmware for the Router on the following screen.

Firmware Upgrade	
File:	Browse
Firmware Version:	3.15.11 Build 131125 Rel.50653n
Hardware Version:	WR710N v2 00000000
	Upgrade

- Firmware Version This displays the current firmware version.
- Hardware Version This displays the current hardware version. The hardware version of the upgrade file must accord with the Router's current hardware version.

To upgrade the Router's firmware, follow these instructions below:

- 1. Download a more recent firmware upgrade file from the TP-LINK website (http://www.tp-link.com).
- 2. Type the path and file name of the update file into the **File** field, or click the **Browse** button to locate the update file.
- 3. Click the **Upgrade** button.

P Note:

- New firmware versions are posted at http://www.tp-link.com and can be downloaded for free. There is no need to upgrade the firmware unless the new firmware has a new feature you want to use. However, when experiencing problems caused by the Router rather than the configuration, you can try to upgrade the firmware.
- 2. When you upgrade the Router's firmware, you may lose its current configurations, so before upgrading the firmware please write down some of your customized settings to avoid losing important settings.
- 3. Do not turn off the Router or press the Reset button while the firmware is being upgraded, otherwise, the Router may be damaged.
- 4. The Router will reboot after the upgrading has been finished.

7.9.3 Factory Defaults

Choose menu "System Tools \rightarrow Factory Defaults", and you can restore the configurations of the Router to factory defaults on the following screen.

Factory Defaults
Click the following button to reset all configuration settings to their default values.
Restore

Click the **Restore** button to reset all configuration settings to their default values.

- > The default **User Name**: admin
- > The default **Password**: admin
- > The default IP Address: 192.168.0.254
- > The default Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0

P Note:

All changed settings will be lost when defaults are restored.

7.9.4 Backup & Restore

Choose menu "System Tools \rightarrow Backup & Restore", and then you can save the current configuration of the Router as a backup file and restore the configuration via a backup file.

Backup & Restor	e		
Configuration Backup: Configuration File:	Backup	Browse Restore	

- Click the Backup button to save all configuration settings as a backup file in your local computer.
- > To upgrade the Router's configuration, follow these instructions.
 - Click the **Browse...** button to locate the update file for the Router, or enter the exact path to the Setting file in the text box.
 - Click the **Restore** button.

P Note:

The current configuration will be covered by the uploading configuration file. The upgrade process lasts for 20 seconds and the Router will restart automatically. Keep the Router on during the upgrading process to prevent any damage.

7.9.5 Reboot

Choose menu "System Tools \rightarrow Reboot", and then you can click the Reboot button to reboot the Router via the next screen.

Click this button to reboot this device.
Reboot

Some settings of the Router will take effect only after rebooting, which include:

- > Change the LAN IP Address (system will reboot automatically).
- > Change the DHCP Settings.
- > Change the Wireless configurations.
- > Change the Web Management Port.
- > Upgrade the firmware of the Router (system will reboot automatically).
- > Restore the Router's settings to factory defaults (system will reboot automatically).
- > Update the configuration with the file (system will reboot automatically.

7.9.6 Password

Choose menu "System Tools \rightarrow Password", and then you can change the factory default user name and password of the Router.

Password	
	eed 14 characters in length and must not include any spaces!
Old User Name: Old Password:	
olu Passwola.	
New User Name:	
New Password:	
Confirm New Password:	
	Save Clear All

It is strongly recommended that you should change the factory default user name and password of the Router, because all users who try to access the Router's Web-based utility or Quick Setup will be prompted for the Router's default user name and password.

P Note:

The new user name and password must not exceed 14 characters in length and not include any spaces. Enter the new Password twice to confirm.

Click the **Save** button when finished.

Click the **Clear All** button to clear all.

7.9.7 System Log

Choose menu "System Tools \rightarrow System Log", and then you can view the logs of the Router.

	item Log	sabled		Mail Settings
Log Type: ALL V Log Level: ALL V				
Index	Time	Туре	Level	Log Content
171	1st day 02:57:44	DHCP	INFO	DHCPC DHCP Service unavailable, recv no OFFER
170	1st day 02:57:42	DHCP	INFO	DHCPC Send DISCOVER with request ip 0 and unicast flag 1
169	1st day 02:57:40	DHCP	INFO	DHCPC Send DISCOVER with request ip 0 and unicast flag 1
168	1st day 02:57:36	DHCP	INFO	DHCPC Send DISCOVER with request ip 0 and unicast flag 0
167	1st day 02:57:34	DHCP	INFO	DHCPC Send DISCOVER with request ip 0 and unicast flag 0
166	1st day 02:57:32	DHCP	INFO	DHCPC Send DISCOVER with request ip 0 and unicast flag 0
Time = 2013-01-01 3:07:43 11264s H-Ver = WR710N v2 00000000 : S-Ver = 3.15.11 Build 131125 Rel.50653n L = 192.168.0.254 : M = 255.255.255.0				
W1 = DHCP : W = 0.0.0.0 : M = 0.0.0.0 : G = 0.0.0.0 Refresh Save Log Mail Log Clear Log				
Previous Next Current No. 1 V Page				

- > **Refresh** Refresh the page to show the latest log list.
- Save Log Click to save all the logs in a txt file.
- Mail Log Click to send an email of current logs manually according to the address and validation information set in Mail Settings. The result will be shown in the later log soon.
- > Clear Log All the logs will be deleted from this device permanently, not just from the page.

Chapter 8. Configuration for WISP Client Router Mode

This chapter will show each Web page's key functions and the configuration way for WISP Client Router Mode of the router.

8.1 Login

After your successful login, you can configure and manage the device. There are main menus on the left of the web-based utility. Submenus will be available after you click one of the main menus. On the right, there are the corresponding explanations and instructions.

Status
Quick Setup
WPS
Working Mode
Network
Wireless
DHCP
USB Settings
Forwarding
Security
Parental Control
Access Control
Advanced Routing
Bandwidth Control
IP & MAC Binding
Dynamic DNS
System Tools

The detailed explanations for each Web page's key function are listed below.

8.2 Status

The Status page provides the current status information about the Router on WISP Client Router Mode. All information is read-only.

Status		
Firmware Version:	3.15.11 Build 131125 Rel.50653n	
Hardware Version:	WR710N v2 00000000	
LAN		
MAC Address:	00-1D-0F-01-06-30	
IP Address:	192.168.0.254	
Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0	
Wireless		
Working Mode:	WISP Client Router	
Wireless Radio:	Enable	
Name (SSID):	TP-LINK_010630	
Channel:	2	
Mode:	11bgn mixed	
Channel Width:	Automatic	
MAC Address:	00-1D-0F-01-06-30	
Client Status:	Init	
WAN		
MAC Address:	00-1D-0F-01-06-31	
IP Address:	0.0.0.0	Dynamic IP
Subnet Mask:	0.0.0.0	
Default Gateway:	0.0.0.0	WAN port is unplugged!
DNS Server:	0.0.0.0 , 0.0.0.0	
Traffic Statistics		
	Received	Sent
Bytes:	0	0
Packets:	0	0
System Up Time:	0 days 00:01:15	Refresh
eystem op finder		Kelloon

- **Firmware Version -** The version information of the Router's firmware.
- > Hardware Version The version information of the Router's hardware.
- LAN This field displays the current settings or information for the LAN, you can configure them in the Network>LAN page.
 - MAC Address The physical address of the Router, as seen from the LAN.
 - IP Address The LAN IP address of the Router.
 - Subnet Mask The subnet mask associated with LAN IP address.

- Wireless This field displays basic information or status for wireless function, you can configure them in the Wireless > Wireless Settings page.
 - Working Mode The current wireless working mode in use.
 - Wireless Radio Indicates whether the wireless radio feature of the AP is enabled or disabled.
 - Name (SSID) The SSID of the AP.
 - Channel The current wireless channel in use.
 - Mode The current wireless mode which the Router works on.
 - Channel Width The current wireless channel width in use.
 - MAC Address The physical address of the Router, as seen from the WLAN.
 - Client Status The status of Client.
- WAN This field displays the current settings or information for the WAN, you can configure them in the Network > WAN page.
 - MAC Address The physical address of the WAN port, as seen from the Internet.
 - **IP Address** The current WAN (Internet) IP Address. This field will be blank or 0.0.0.0 if the IP Address is assigned dynamically and there is no connection to the Internet.
 - Subnet Mask The subnet mask associated with the WAN IP Address.
 - Default Gateway The Gateway currently used by the Router is shown here. When you use Dynamic IP as the connection Internet type, the Renew button will be displayed here. Click the Renew Button to obtain new IP parameters dynamically from the ISP. And if you have got an IP address, Release button will be displayed here. Click the Release button to release the IP address the Router has obtained from the ISP.
 - **DNS Server** The DNS (Domain Name System) server IP addresses currently used by the Router.
 - Online Time The time that you online. When you use **PPPoE** as WAN connection type, the online time is displayed here. Click the **Connect** or **Disconnect** button to connect to or disconnect from Internet.
- Secondary Connection Besides PPPoE, if you use an extra connection type to connect to a local area network provided by ISP, then parameters of this secondary connection will be shown in this area.
 - **IP Address** The current WAN (Internet) IP Address. This field will be blank or 0.0.0.0 if the IP Address is assigned dynamically and there is no connection to the Internet.
 - Subnet Mask The subnet mask associated with the WAN IP Address.

Click the **Release** to delete the network parameters, and click the **Renew** button to obtaining network parameters.

- > Traffic Statistics The Router's traffic statistics.
 - Received (Bytes) Traffic that counted in bytes has been received out from the WAN port.
 - Received (Packets) Traffic that counted in packets has been received out from the WAN port.
 - Sent (Bytes) Traffic that counted in bytes has been sent out from the WAN port.
 - Sent (Packets) Traffic that counted in packets has been sent out from the WAN port.
- > System Up Time The length of the time since the Router was last powered on or reset.

Click the **Refresh** button to get the latest status and settings of the Router.

8.3 Quick Setup

Please refer to Section 3.2: "Quick Installation Guide."

8.4 Working Mode

The Router supports five operation mode types: Wireless Router, Access Point, Repeater, Client and Wireless Client Router. Please select one you want. Click Save to save your choice.

Working Mode	
O Wireless Router	- Enable multiple users to share Internet connection via ADSL/Cable Modem
Access Point	- Transform your existing wired network to a wireless network
Repeater	- Extend your existing wireless coverage by relaying wireless signal
Client	- Acting as a "Wireless Adapter" to connect your wired devices (e.g. Xbox/PS3) to a wireless network
WISP Client Router	- Enable multiple users to share Internet connection from WISP
	Save

- Wireless Router The wireless Router Mode. In this mode, the device enables multi-user to share Internet via DSL/Cable Modem. The only wired port works as WAN.
- > Access Point The wireless access point mode.
- > **Repeater -** The wireless Repeater Mode. It could extend the range of wireless network.
- Client The Client Mode. The computer connected by Ethernet could get access to an AP by Client mode.
- WISP Client Router In this mode, the device enables multiple users to share Internet connection from WISP.

8.5 Network

_	
	Network
	- WAN
	- MAC Clone
	- LAN

There are three submenus under the Network menu: **WAN**, **MAC Clone** and **LAN**. Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function.

8.5.1 WAN

Choose menu "**Network** \rightarrow **WAN**", and then you can configure the IP parameters of the WAN on the screen below.

1. If your ISP provides the DHCP service, please choose **Dynamic IP** type, and the Router will automatically get IP parameters from your ISP.

WAN	
WAN Connection Type:	Dynamic IP Detect
IP Address:	0.0.0.0
Subnet Mask:	0.0.0.0
Default Gateway:	0.0.0.0
	Renew Release WAN port is unplugged!
MTU Size (in bytes):	1500 (The default is 1500, do not change unless necessary.)
	Use These DNS Servers
Primary DNS:	0.0.0.0
Secondary DNS:	0.0.0.0 (Optional)
Host Name:	TL-WR710N
	Get IP with Unicast DHCP (It is usually not required.)
	Save

This page displays the WAN IP parameters assigned dynamically by your ISP, including IP address, Subnet Mask, Default Gateway, etc. Click the Renew button to renew the IP parameters from your ISP. Click the Release button to release the IP parameters.

MTU Size - The normal MTU (Maximum Transmission Unit) value for most Ethernet networks is 1500 Bytes. It is not recommended that you change the default MTU Size unless required by your ISP. Use These DNS Servers - If your ISP gives you one or two DNS addresses, select Use These DNS Servers and enter the primary and secondary addresses into the correct fields. Otherwise, the DNS servers will be assigned dynamically from your ISP.

P Note:

If you find error when you go to a website after entering the DNS addresses, it is likely that your DNS servers are set up improperly. You should contact your ISP to get DNS server addresses.

- > Host Name This option specifies the Host Name of the Router.
- Get IP with Unicast DHCP A few ISPs' DHCP servers do not support the broadcast applications. If you cannot get the IP Address normally, you can choose this option. (It is rarely required.)

Click the **Save** button to save your settings.

2. If your ISP provides a static or fixed **IP Address**, **Subnet Mask**, **Default Gateway** and **DNS** setting, select **Static IP**. The Static IP settings page will appear.

WAN	
WAN Connection Type:	Static IP Detect
IP Address:	0.0.0
Subnet Mask:	0.0.0
Default Gateway:	0.0.0
MTU Size (in bytes):	1500 (The default is 1500, do not change unless necessary.)
Primary DNS:	0.0.0
Secondary DNS:	0.0.0.0 (Optional)
	Save

- > IP Address Enter the IP address in dotted-decimal notation provided by your ISP.
- Subnet Mask Enter the subnet Mask in dotted-decimal notation provided by your ISP, usually is 255.255.255.0.
- Default Gateway Enter the gateway IP address in dotted-decimal notation provided by your ISP.
- MTU Size The normal MTU (Maximum Transmission Unit) value for most Ethernet networks is 1500 Bytes. It is not recommended that you change the default MTU Size unless required by your ISP.
- Primary/Secondary DNS (Optional) Enter one or two DNS addresses in dotted-decimal notation provided by your ISP.

Click the **Save** button to save your settings.

3. If your ISP provides a PPPoE connection, select **PPPoE/Russia PPPoE** option. Then you should enter the following parameters:

WAN	
WAN Connection Type:	PPPoE/Russia PPPoE 💌 🛛 Detect
PPPoE Connection:	
User Name:	usemame
Password:	•••••
Confirm Password:	
Secondary Connection:	💿 Disabled i Dynamic IP 💍 Static IP (For Dual Access/Russia PPPoE)
Wan Connection Mode:	Connect on Demand
	Max Idle Time: 15 minutes (0 means remain active at all times.)
	Onnect Automatically
	 Time-based Connecting
	Period of Time: from 0 : 0 (HH:MM) to 23 : 59 (HH:MM)
	Connect Manually
	Max Idle Time: 15 minutes (0 means remain active at all times.)
	Connect Disconnected!
	Save Advanced

- > User Name/Password Enter the User Name and Password provided by your ISP. These fields are case-sensitive.
- Confirm Password Enter again the Password provided by your ISP to ensure the password you entered is correct.
- Secondary Connection It's available only for PPPoE Connection. If your ISP provides an extra Connection type such as Dynamic/Static IP to connect to a local area network, then you can check the radio button of Dynamic/Static IP to activate this secondary connection.
 - **Disabled** The Secondary Connection is disabled by default, so there is PPPoE connection only. This is recommended.
 - **Dynamic IP** You can check this radio button to use Dynamic IP as the secondary connection to connect to the local area network provided by ISP.
 - Static IP You can check this radio button to use Static IP as the secondary connection to connect to the local area network provided by ISP.
- Connect on Demand In this mode, the Internet connection can be terminated automatically after a specified inactivity period (Max Idle Time) and be re-established

when you attempt to access the Internet again. If you want your Internet connection keeps active all the time, please enter "0" in the **Max Idle Time** field. Otherwise, enter the number of minutes you want to have elapsed before your Internet access disconnects.

- Connect Automatically The connection can be re-established automatically when it was down.
- Time-based Connecting The connection will only be established in the period from the start time to the end time (both are in HH:MM format).

P Note:

Only when you have configured the system time on "System Tools \rightarrow Time" page, will the Time-based Connecting function can take effect.

Connect Manually - You can click the Connect/Disconnect button to connect/disconnect immediately. This mode also supports the Max Idle Time function as Connect on Demand mode. The Internet connection can be disconnected automatically after a specified inactivity period and re-established when you attempt to access the Internet again.

Click the **Connect** button to connect immediately. Click the **Disconnect** button to disconnect immediately.

Caution: Sometimes the connection cannot be terminated although you specify a time to Max Idle Time because some applications are visiting the Internet continually in the background.

If you want to do some advanced configurations, please click the **Advanced** button, and the page shown below will then appear:

PPPoE Advanced Setting	js
MTU Size (in bytes):	1480 (The default is 1480, do not change unless necessary.)
····· · ···· · ·······················	
Service Name:	
AC Name:	
	Use IP Address Specified by ISP
ISP Specified IP Address:	0.0.0.0
Detect Online Interval:	O Seconds (0 ~ 120 seconds, the default is 0, 0 means not detecting.)
	Use The Following DNS Servers
Primary DNS:	0.0.0.0
Secondary DNS:	0.0.0.0 (Optional)
	Save Back

- MTU Size The default MTU size is "1480" bytes, which is usually fine. It is not recommended that you change the default MTU Size unless required by your ISP.
- Service Name/AC Name The service name and AC (Access Concentrator) name should not be configured unless you are sure it is necessary for your ISP. In most cases, leaving these fields blank will work.
- ISP Specified IP Address If your ISP does not automatically assign IP addresses to the Router during login, please click "Use IP address specified by ISP" check box and enter the IP address provided by your ISP in dotted-decimal notation.
- Detect Online Interval The Router will detect Access Concentrator online at every interval. The default value is "0". You can input the value between "0" and "120". The value "0" means no detect.
- Primary DNS/Secondary DNS If your ISP does not automatically assign DNS addresses to the Router during login, please click "Use the following DNS servers" check box and enter the IP address in dotted-decimal notation of your ISP's primary DNS server. If a secondary DNS server address is available, enter it as well.

Click the **Save** button to save your settings.

4. If your ISP provides BigPond Cable connection, please select **BigPond Cable** option. Then you should enter the following parameters:

WAN		
WAN Connection Type:	BigPond Cable	
User Name:	username	
Password:		
Auth Server:	sm-server	
Auth Domain:		
MTU Size (in bytes):	1500 (The default is 1500, do not change unless necessary.)	
Connection Mode:	Connect on Demand	
	Max Idle Time: 15 minutes (0 means remain active at all times.)	
	Connect Automatically	
	🔿 Connect Manually	
	Max Idle Time: 15 minutes (0 means remain active at all times.)	
	Connect Disconnected!	
	Save	

- > User Name/Password Enter the User Name and Password provided by your ISP. These fields are case-sensitive.
- > Auth Server Enter the authenticating server IP address or host name.
- > Auth Domain Type in the domain suffix server name based on your location,
- MTU Size The default MTU size is "1480" bytes, which is usually fine. It is not recommended that you change the default MTU Size unless required by your ISP.
- Connect on Demand In this mode, the Internet connection can be terminated automatically after a specified inactivity period (Max Idle Time) and be re-established when you attempt to access the Internet again. If you want your Internet connection keeps active all the time, please enter "0" in the Max Idle Time field. Otherwise, enter the number of minutes you want to have elapsed before your Internet access disconnects.
- Connect Automatically The connection can be re-established automatically when it was down.
- Connect Manually You can click the Connect/Disconnect button to connect/disconnect immediately. This mode also supports the Max Idle Time function as Connect on Demand mode. The Internet connection can be disconnected automatically after a specified inactivity period and re-established when you attempt to access the Internet again.

Click the **Connect** button to connect immediately. Click the **Disconnect** button to disconnect immediately.

Caution: Sometimes the connection cannot be terminated although you specify a time to Max Idle Time because some applications are visiting the Internet continually in the background.

Click the **Save** button to save your settings.

5. If your ISP provides L2TP connection, please select L2TP/Russia L2TP option. Then you should enter the following parameters:

WAN	
WAN Connection Type:	L2TP/Russia L2TP
User Name:	username
Password:	
	Connect Disconnect Disconnected!
	⊙ Dynamic IP 🔿 Static IP
Server IP Address/Name:	💿 Dynamic IP 🔿 Static IP
IP Address:	0.0.0
Subnet Mask:	0.0.0
Gateway:	0.0.0.0
DNS:	0.0.0.0, 0.0.0.0
Internet IP Address:	0.0.0.0
Internet DNS:	0.0.0.0 , 0.0.0.0
MTU Size (in bytes):	1460 (The default is 1460, do not change unless necessary.)
Max Idle Time:	15 minutes (0 means remain active at all times.)
Connection Mode:	Connect on Demand
	Connect Automatically
	Connect Manually
	Save

- > User Name/Password Enter the User Name and Password provided by your ISP. These fields are case-sensitive.
- Dynamic IP/ Static IP Choose either as you are given by your ISP. Click the Connect button to connect immediately. Click the Disconnect button to disconnect immediately.
- Connect on Demand You can configure the Router to disconnect from your Internet connection after a specified period of inactivity (Max Idle Time). If your Internet connection has been terminated due to inactivity, Connect on Demand enables the Router to automatically re-establish your connection as soon as you attempt to access

the Internet again. If you wish to activate **Connect on Demand**, check the radio button. If you want your Internet connection to remain active at all times, enter 0 in the **Max Idle Time** field. Otherwise, enter the number of minutes you want to have elapsed before your Internet connection terminates.

- Connect Automatically Connect automatically after the Router is disconnected. To use this option, check the radio button.
- Connect Manually You can configure the Router to make it connect or disconnect manually. After a specified period of inactivity (Max Idle Time), the Router will disconnect from your Internet connection, and you will not be able to re-establish your connection automatically as soon as you attempt to access the Internet again. To use this option, check the radio button. If you want your Internet connection to remain active at all times, enter "0" in the Max Idle Time field. Otherwise, enter the number of minutes that you wish to have the Internet connecting last unless a new link is requested.

Caution: Sometimes the connection cannot be disconnected although you specify a time to **Max Idle Time**, because some applications are visiting the Internet continually in the background.

Click the **Save** button to save your settings.

6. If your ISP provides PPTP connection, please select **PPTP/Russia PPTP** option. And you should enter the following parameters:

WAN			
WAN Connection Type:	PPTP/Russia PPTP		
User Name:	username		
Password:			
	Connect Disconnect Disconnected!		
	💿 Dynamic IP 🕥 Static IP		
Server IP Address/Name:			
IP Address:	0.0.0.0		
Subnet Mask:	0.0.0.0		
Gateway:	0.0.0.0		
DNS:	0.0.0.0 , 0.0.0.0		
Internet IP Address:	0.0.0.0		
Internet DNS:	0.0.0.0 , 0.0.0.0		
MTU Cine (in both a)	(100 The default is 1420 do not shared unloss personant)		
MTU Size (in bytes):	1420 (The default is 1420, do not change unless necessary.)		
Max Idle Time:	15 minutes (0 means remain active at all times.)		
Connection Mode:	Onnect on Demand		
	Connect Automatically		
	🔿 Connect Manually		
	Save		

- > User Name/Password Enter the User Name and Password provided by your ISP. These fields are case-sensitive.
- Dynamic IP/ Static IP Choose either as you are given by your ISP and enter the ISP's IP address or the domain name.

If you choose static IP and enter the domain name, you should also enter the DNS assigned by your ISP. And click the **Save** button.

Click the **Connect** button to connect immediately. Click the **Disconnect** button to disconnect immediately.

Connect on Demand - You can configure the Router to disconnect from your Internet connection after a specified period of inactivity (Max Idle Time). If your Internet connection has been terminated due to inactivity, Connect on Demand enables the Router to automatically re-establish your connection as soon as you attempt to access the Internet again. If you wish to activate Connect on Demand, check the radio button. If you want your Internet connection to remain active at all times, enter "0" in the **Max Idle Time** field. Otherwise, enter the number of minutes you want to have elapsed before your Internet connection terminates.

- Connect Automatically Connect automatically after the Router is disconnected. To use this option, check the radio button.
- Connect Manually You can configure the Router to make it connect or disconnect manually. After a specified period of inactivity (Max Idle Time), the Router will disconnect from your Internet connection, and you will not be able to re-establish your connection automatically as soon as you attempt to access the Internet again. To use this option, click the radio button. If you want your Internet connection to remain active at all times, enter "0" in the Max Idle Time field. Otherwise, enter the number in minutes that you wish to have the Internet connecting last unless a new link is requested.

Caution: Sometimes the connection cannot be disconnected although you specify a time to **Max Idle Time** because some applications are visiting the Internet continually in the background.

Click the **Save** button to save your settings.

8.5.2 MAC Clone

Choose menu "Network \rightarrow MAC Clone", and then you can configure the WAN MAC address on the screen below:

MAC Clone			
WAN MAC Address:	00-1D-0F-01-06-29	Restore Factory MAC	
Your PC's MAC Address:	6C-62-6D-F7-31-8D	Clone MAC Address	
	Save		

Some ISPs require that you register the MAC Address of your adapter. Changes are rarely needed here.

- WAN MAC Address This field displays the current MAC address of the WAN port. If your ISP requires you to register the MAC address, please enter the correct MAC address into this field in XX-XX-XX-XX-XX format (X is any hexadecimal digit).
- Your PC's MAC Address This field displays the MAC address of the PC that is managing the Router. If the MAC address is required, you can click the Clone MAC Address To button and this MAC address will fill in the WAN MAC Address field.

Click **Restore Factory MAC** to restore the MAC address of WAN port to the factory default value.

Click the **Save** button to save your settings.

P Note:

- 1. Only the PC on your LAN can use the **MAC Address Clone** function.
- 2. If you change WAN MAC Address when the WAN connection is PPPoE, it will not take effect until the connection is re-established.

8.5.3 LAN

Choose menu "**Network** \rightarrow **LAN**", and then you can configure the IP parameters of the LAN on the screen as below.

LAN		
MAC Address:	00-1D-0F-01-06-28	
IP Address:	192.168.0.254	
Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0 💌	
IGMP Proxy:	Enable 💌	
Note: IGMP(Internet Group Management Protocol) works for IPTV multicast stream. The device supports both IGMP proxy with enabled or disable option and IGMP snooping.		
	Save	

- MAC Address The physical address of the LAN ports, as seen from the LAN. The value can't be changed.
- IP Address Enter the IP address of your Router in dotted-decimal notation (factory default: 192.168.0.254).
- Subnet Mask An address code that determines the size of the network. Normally use 255.255.255.0 as the subnet mask.
- IGMP Proxy The Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) feature allows your devices in LAN can watch TV.

P Note:

- 1. If you change the IP Address of LAN, you must use the new IP Address to login to the Router.
- 2. If the new LAN IP Address you set is not in the same subnet with the previous one, the IP Address pool in the DHCP server will be configured automatically, while the Virtual Server and DMZ Host will not take effect until they are re-configured.

8.6 Wireless

Wireless
- Wireless Settings
- Wireless Security
- Wireless MAC Filtering
- Wireless Advanced
- Wireless Statistics

There are five submenus under the Wireless menu: Wireless Settings, Wireless Security, Wireless MAC Filtering, Wireless Advanced and Wireless Statistics. Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function.

8.6.1 Wireless Settings

Choose menu "Wireless \rightarrow Wireless Settings", and then you can configure the basic settings for the wireless network on this page.

Wireless Settings	
Client Setting	
SSID:	TP-LINK_Network
BSSID:	94-0C-6D-2F-3C-BE Example:00-1D-0F-11-22-33
	Survey
Key type:	WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK
WEP Index:	1
Auth type:	open 🖌
Password:	1234567890
AP Setting	
Local SSID:	TP-LINK_2046F2
	Enable Wireless Router Radio
	Enable SSID Broadcast
	Disable Local Wireless Access
	Save

- **SSID** The SSID of the AP your Router is going to connect to as a client.
- **BSSID** The BSSID of the AP your Router is going to connect to as a client.
- Survey Click this button to search the APs.
- Key type Choose according to the AP's security configuration. It is recommended that the security type is the same as your AP's security type

- WEP Index Choose if the key type is WEP (ASCII) or WEP (HEX). It indicates the index of the WEP key.
- Auth Type Choose if the key type is WEP (ASCII) or WEP (HEX). It indicates the authorization type of the Root AP.
- Password Fill the password in this blank if the AP your Router is going to connect needs password.
- Local SSID Enter a value of up to 32 characters. The same Name (SSID) must be assigned to all wireless devices in your network.
- Enable Wireless Router Radio The wireless radio of the Router can be enabled or disabled to allow wireless stations access. If enabled, the wireless stations will be able to access the Router. Otherwise, wireless stations will not be able to access the Router.
- Enable SSID Broadcast If you select the Enable SSID Broadcast checkbox, the wireless router will broadcast its name (SSID) on the air.
- Disable Local Wireless Access If you select the Disable Local Wireless Access checkbox, the wireless router will disable local wireless access, other stations will not be able to access the Router by wireless.

8.6.2 Wireless Security

Wireless Security		
Disable Security		
WPA/WPA2 - Personal(Recommendation)	nded)	
Version:	Automatic(Recon	nmended) 💌
Encryption:	Automatic(Recon	nmended) 💌
Wireless Password:		
	(You can enter ASC	II characters between 8 and 63 or Hexadecimal characters between 8 and 64.)
Group Key Update Period:	0 8	Seconds (Keep it default if you are not sure, minimum is 30, 0 means no update)
WPA/WPA2 - Enterprise		
Version:	Automatic	×
Encryption:	Automatic	v
Radius Server IP:		
Radius Port:	1812 (1-65	535, 0 stands for default port 1812)
Radius Password:		
Group Key Update Period:	0 (i	in second, minimum is 30, 0 means no update)
○ WEP		
Туре:	Automatic	v
WEP Key Format:	Hexadecimal	×
Key Selected	WEP Key	Кеу Туре
Key 1: 💿		Disabled 💌
Key 2: 🔿		Disabled 🛩
Key 3: 🔵		Disabled 💌
Key 4: 🔵		Disabled 💌
	- Couro	
	Save	

- Disable Security The wireless security function can be enabled or disabled. If disabled, the wireless stations will be able to connect the Router without encryption. But it's strongly recommended to choose one of the following modes to enable security.
- WPA-PSK/WPA2-Personal It's the WPA/WPA2 authentication type based on pre-shared passphrase.
 - Version you can choose the version of the WPA-PSK security on the drop-down list. The default setting is Automatic, which can select WPA-PSK (Pre-shared key of WPA) or WPA2-PSK (Pre-shared key of WPA) automatically based on the wireless station's capability and request.
 - Encryption When WPA-PSK or WPA is set as the Authentication Type, you can select either Automatic, or TKIP or AES as Encryption.

P Note:

If you check the **WPA/WPA2-Personal** radio button and choose TKIP encryption, you will find a notice in red.

WPA/WPA2 - Personal(Recommended)			
Version:	Automatic(Recommended) 💌		
Encryption:	TKIP		
Wireless Password:			
	(You can enter ASCII characters between 8 and 63 or Hexadecimal characters between 8 and 64.)		
Group Key Update Period:	O Seconds (Keep it default if you are not sure, minimum is 30, 0 means no update)		
	We do not recommend using the TKIP encryption if this device operates in 802.11n mode due to the fact that TKIP is not supported by 802.11n specification.		

- > WPA /WPA2-Enterprise It's based on Radius Server.
 - Version you can choose the version of the WPA security from the pull-down list. The default setting is Automatic, which can select WPA (Wi-Fi Protected Access) or WPA2 (WPA version 2) automatically based on the wireless station's capability and request.
 - Encryption You can select Automatic, TKIP or AES.
 - Radius Server IP Enter the IP address of the Radius server.
 - Radius Port Enter the port that Radius server used.
 - Radius Password Enter the password for the Radius server.
 - Group Key Update Period Specify the group key update interval in seconds. The value should be 30 or above. Enter 0 to disable the update.
- > WEP It is based on the IEEE 802.11 standard.
 - **Type** you can choose the type for the WEP security on the pull-down list. The default setting is **Automatic**, which can select **Shared Key** or **Open System** authentication type automatically based on the wireless station's capability and request.
 - WEP Key Format Hexadecimal and ASCII formats are provided here. Hexadecimal format stands for any combination of hexadecimal digits (0-9, a-f, A-F) in the specified length. ASCII format stands for any combination of keyboard characters in the specified length.
 - WEP Key (Password) Select which of the four keys will be used and enter the matching WEP key that you create. Make sure these values are identical on all wireless stations in your network.
 - **Key Type** You can select the WEP key length (64-bit, or 128-bit, or 152-bit.) for encryption. "Disabled" means this WEP key entry is invalid.

64-bit - You can enter 10 hexadecimal digits (any combination of 0-9, a-f, A-F, zero key is not promoted) or 5 ASCII characters.

128-bit - You can enter 26 hexadecimal digits (any combination of 0-9, a-f, A-F, zero key is not promoted) or 13 ASCII characters.

152-bit - You can enter 32 hexadecimal digits (any combination of 0-9, a-f, A-F, zero key is not promoted) or 16 ASCII characters.

P Note:

If you do not set the key, the wireless security function is still disabled even if you have selected Shared Key as Authentication Type.

Be sure to click the **Save** button to save your settings on this page.

8.6.3 Wireless MAC Filtering

Choose menu "Wireless \rightarrow Wireless MAC Filtering", and then you can control the wireless access by configuring the Wireless MAC Filtering function.

Wireless MAC Filtering			
Wireless MAC Filtering:	Enabled	Disable	
Filtering Rules			
Deny the stations specified by a second s	any enabled entries	in the list to access.	
Allow the stations specified by	any enabled entries	in the list to access.	
ID MAC Address	Status	Description	Modify
Add New Enable All	Disable All	Delete All	
	Previous	Next	

To filter wireless users by MAC Address, click **Enable**. The default setting is **Disabled**.

- > MAC Address The wireless station's MAC address that you want to access.
- Status The status of this entry, either **Enabled** or **Disabled**.
- > **Description -** A simple description of the wireless station.

To Add a Wireless MAC Address filtering entry, click the Add New... button. The "Add or Modify Wireless MAC Address Filtering entry" page will appear:

Add or Modify Wireless MAC Address Filtering entry		
MAC Address: Description: Status:	Enabled V	
	Save Back	

To add or modify a MAC Address Filtering entry, follow these instructions:

- Enter the appropriate MAC Address into the MAC Address field. The format of the MAC Address is XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX (X is any hexadecimal digit). For example: 00-0A-EB-B0-00-0B.
- Give a simple description for the wireless station in the **Description** field. For example: Wireless station A.
- 3. Select **Enabled** or **Disabled** for this entry on the **Status** pull-down list.
- 4. Click the **Save** button to save this entry.

To modify or delete an existing entry:

- 1. Click the **Modify** in the entry you want to modify. If you want to delete the entry, click the **Delete**.
- 2. Modify the information.
- 3. Click the **Save** button.

Click the **Enable All** button to make all entries enabled

Click the **Disable All** button to make all entries disabled.

Click the **Delete All** button to delete all entries.

Click the **Next** button to go to the next page.

Click the **Previous** button to return to the previous page.

For example: If you desire that the wireless station A with MAC address 00-0A-EB-B0-00-0B and the wireless station B with MAC address 00-0A-EB-00-07-5F are able to access the Router, but all the other wireless stations cannot access the Router, you can configure the **Wireless MAC Address Filtering** list by following these steps:

- 1. Click the **Enable** button to enable this function.
- 2. Select the radio button "Allow the stations specified by any enabled entries in the list to access" for **Filtering Rules**.
- 3. Delete all or disable all entries if there are any entries already.
- 4. Click the Add New... button.
 - 1) Enter the MAC address 00-0A-EB-B0-00-0B/00-0A-EB-00-07-5F in the MAC Address field.
 - 2) Enter wireless station A/B in the **Description** field.
 - 3) Select **Enabled** in the **Status** pull-down list.
 - 4) Click the **Save** button.
 - 5) Click the **Back** button.

The filtering rules that configured should be similar to the following list:

F	iltering Rules			
	🔿 Deny the stations specifi	ied by any enabled entr	ies in the list to access.	
	 Allow the stations specified 	ied by any enabled entr	ies in the list to access.	
	•			
ID	MAC Address	Status	Description	Modify
ID 1	MAC Address 00-0A-EB-B0-00-0B	Status Enabled	Description wireless station A	Modify <u>Modify Delete</u>

8.6.4 Wireless Advanced

Choose menu "Wireless \rightarrow Wireless Advanced", and then you can configure the advanced settings of your wireless network.

Wireless Advanced			
Transmit Power:	High	¥	
Beacon Interval :	100	(40-1000)	
RTS Threshold:	2346	(256-2346)	
Fragmentation Threshold:	2346	(256-2346)	
DTIM Interval:	1	(1-255)	
	Enable WMM		
	Enable Short GI		
	Enable AP Isolation		
	Save		

- Transmit Power Here you can specify the transmit power of Router. You can select High, Middle or Low which you would like. High is the default setting and is recommended.
- Beacon Interval Enter a value between 20-1000 milliseconds for Beacon Interval here. The beacons are the packets sent by the Router to synchronize a wireless network. Beacon Interval value determines the time interval of the beacons. The default value is 100.
- RTS Threshold Here you can specify the RTS (Request to Send) Threshold. If the packet is larger than the specified RTS Threshold size, the Router will send RTS frames to a particular receiving station and negotiate the sending of a data frame. The default value is 2346.
- Fragmentation Threshold This value is the maximum size determining whether packets will be fragmented. Setting the Fragmentation Threshold too low may result in poor network performance because of excessive packets. 2346 is the default setting and is recommended.
- DTIM Interval This value determines the interval of the Delivery Traffic Indication Message (DTIM). A DTIM field is a countdown field informing clients of the next window for listening to broadcast and multicast messages. When the Router has buffered broadcast or multicast messages for associated clients, it sends the next DTIM with a DTIM Interval value. You can

specify the value between 1-255 Beacon Intervals. The default value is 1, which indicates the DTIM Interval is the same as Beacon Interval.

- Enable WMM WMM function can guarantee the packets with high-priority messages being transmitted preferentially. It is strongly recommended enabled.
- Enable Short GI This function is recommended for it will increase the data capacity by reducing the guard interval time.
- Enable AP Isolation This function isolate all connected wireless stations so that wireless stations cannot access each other through WLAN. This function will be disabled if WDS/Bridge is enabled.

P Note:

If you are not familiar with the setting items in this page, it's strongly recommended to keep the provided default values; otherwise it may result in lower wireless network performance.

8.6.5 Wireless Statistics

Choose menu "Wireless \rightarrow Wireless Statistics", and then you can see the MAC Address, Current Status, Received Packets and Sent Packets for each connected wireless station.

Wire	eless Statistics				
	Curre	ent Connected Wireless	Stations numbers: 1	Refresh	
ID	MAC Address	Current Status	Received Packets	Sent Packets	Configure
1	70-73-CB-1F-C8-C9	STA-ASSOC	46	16	Allow
		Previous	Next		

- > MAC Address The connected wireless station's MAC address
- Current Status The connected wireless station's running status, one of STA-AUTH / STA-ASSOC / STA-JOINED / WPA / WPA-PSK / WPA2 / WPA2-PSK / AP-UP / AP-DOWN / Disconnected
- > **Received Packets -** Packets received by the station
- Sent Packets Packets sent by the station.
- > Configure The button is used for loading the item to the Wireless MAC Filtering list.
 - Allow If the Wireless MAC Filtering function enable, allow the station to access.
 - Deny If the Wireless MAC Filtering function enable, deny the station to access.

You cannot change any of the values on this page. To update this page and to show the current connected wireless stations, click on the **Refresh** button.

If the numbers of connected wireless stations go beyond one page, click the **Next** button to go to the next page and click the **Previous** button to return the previous page.

P Note:

This page will be refreshed automatically every 5 seconds.

8.7 DHCP

DH	СР
- D	HCP Settings
- D	HCP Client List
- A	ddress Reservation

There are three submenus under the DHCP menu: **DHCP Settings**, **DHCP Client List** and **Address Reservation**. Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function.

8.7.1 DHCP Settings

Choose menu "**DHCP** \rightarrow **DHCP** Settings", and then you can configure the DHCP Server. The Router is set up by default as a DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) server, which provides the TCP/IP configuration for all the PC(s) that are connected to the Router in the LAN.

DHCP Settings		
DHCP Server:	🔿 Disable 💿 Enabl	e
Start IP Address:	192.168.0.100]
End IP Address:	192.168.0.199]
Address Lease Time:	120 minutes (1~2880 minutes, the default value is 120)
Default Gateway:	192.168.0.254	(Optional)
Default Domain:		(Optional)
Primary DNS:	0.0.0.0	(Optional)
Secondary DNS:	0.0.0.0	(Optional)
	Save	

- DHCP Server Enable or Disable the DHCP server. If you disable the Server, you must have another DHCP server within your network or else you must configure the computer manually.
- Start IP Address Specify an IP address for the DHCP Server to start with when assigning IP addresses. 192.168.0.100 is the default start address.
- End IP Address Specify an IP address for the DHCP Server to end with when assigning IP addresses. 192.168.0.199 is the default end address.

- Address Lease Time The Address Lease Time is the amount of time a network user will be allowed connection to the Router with their current dynamic IP Address. Enter the amount of time in minutes and the user will be "leased" this dynamic IP Address. After the time is up, the user will be automatically assigned a new dynamic IP address. The range of the time is 1 ~ 2880 minutes. The default value is 120 minutes.
- Default Gateway (Optional) It is suggested to input the IP address of the LAN port of the Router. The default value is 192.168.0.254.
- > Default Domain (Optional) Input the domain name of your network.
- Primary DNS (Optional) Input the DNS IP address provided by your ISP or consult your ISP. Or consult your ISP.
- Secondary DNS (Optional) Input the IP address of another DNS server if your ISP provides two DNS servers.

P Note:

To use the DHCP server function of the Router, you must configure all computers on the LAN as "Obtain an IP Address automatically".

8.7.2 DHCP Client List

Choose menu "DHCP \rightarrow DHCP Client List", and then you can view the information about the clients attached to the Router.

DHCP Client List							
ID	Client Name	MAC Address	Assigned IP	Lease Time			
1	tplink14129	6C-62-6D-F7-31-8D	192.168.0.100	01:15:47			
2	Unknown	70-73-CB-1F-C8-C9	192.168.0.101	01:56:32			
		Refresh					

- > Client Name The name of the DHCP client
- > MAC Address The MAC address of the DHCP client
- > Assigned IP The IP address that the Router has allocated to the DHCP client
- Lease Time The time of the DHCP client leased. After the dynamic IP address has expired, a new dynamic IP address will be automatically assigned to the user.

You cannot change any of the values on this page. To update this page and to show the current attached devices, click the **Refresh** button.

8.7.3 Address Reservation

Choose menu "DHCP \rightarrow Address Reservation", and then you can view and add a reserved address for clients via the next screen. When you specify a reserved IP address for a PC on the

LAN, that PC will always receive the same IP address each time when it accesses the DHCP server. Reserved IP addresses should be assigned to the servers that require permanent IP settings.

Addr	ess Reservation			
ID 1	MAC Address 00-11-22-33-44-AA	Reserved IP Address 192.168.0.169	Status Enabled	Modify <u>Modify Delete</u>
Add N	lew Enable All	Disable All Delete All		
		Previous Next		

- > MAC Address The MAC address of the PC for which you want to reserve an IP address.
- > **Reserved IP Address -** The IP address reserved for the PC by the Router.
- > Status The status of this entry, either Enabled or Disabled.
- > **Modify -** To modify or delete an existing entry.

To Reserve an IP address:

- 1. Click the **Add New...** button. Then will pop-up.
- 2. Enter the MAC address (in XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX format.) and IP address (in dotted-decimal notation) of the computer for which you want to reserve an IP address.
- 3. Click the **Save** button.

Add or Modify an Addres	s Reservation Entry
MAC Address: Reserved IP Address: Status:	Enabled V
	Save Back

To modify or delete an existing entry:

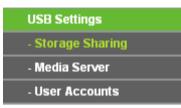
- 1. Click the **Modify** in the entry you want to modify. If you want to delete the entry, click the **Delete**.
- 2. Modify the information.
- 3. Click the **Save** button.

Click the **Enable/Disable All** button to make all entries enabled/disabled.

Click the **Delete All** button to delete all entries.

Click the **Next** button to go to the next page and Click the **Previous** button to return the previous page.

8.8 USB Settings



There are three submenus under the USB Settings menu, **Storage Sharing**, **Media Server** and **User Accounts**. Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding functions.

8.8.1 Storage Sharing

Choose menu "**USB Settings**→**Storage Sharing**", you can configure a USB disk drive attached to the router and view volume and share such properties as share name, capacity, used space, and free space on this page as shown below.

Storage	Sharing					
	Service Status:	Started [Stop shared storage wi	th password		
Volume	Capacity	Used	Free	Use%	Shared	
volume1	1.9 GB	1.3 GB	626 MB	67%	Disable	
		Eject Di	sk Resc	an		

- Service Status Indicates the Network Sharing service's current status. You can click the
 Start button to start the Storage Sharing service and click the Stop button to stop it.
- Volume The volume name of the USB drive the users have access to. Volume 1-8 is mapping to USB port1, and Volume 9-16 is mapping to USB port2.
- > **Capacity -** The storage capacity of the USB driver.
- > **Used -** The used space of the USB driver.
- > **Free -** The available space of the USB driver.
- > **Use% -** The percentage of the used space.
- Shared Indicates the shared or non-shared status of the volume. When the volume is shared, you can click the Disable to stop sharing the volume; when volume is non-shared, you can click the Enable button to share the volume.

Click the Start button to start the Network Sharing service.

Click the Stop button to stop the Network Sharing service.

Click the **Eject Disk** button to safely remove the USB storage device that is connected to USB port. This takes the drive offline. A message will appear on your web browser when it is safe to detach the USB disk.

Message f	from webpage	—
?	This operation will disable Media Server. Are you sure to continue?	
	ОК	ancel

Click the **Rescan** button to start a new scan.

Follow the instructions below to set up your router as a file server:

- 1. Plug an external USB hard disk drive or USB flash drive into this router.
- 2. Click the **Rescan** button to find the USB drive that has been attached to the router.
- 3. Click the **Start** button to start the Storage Sharing service.
- 4. Click the **Enable** button under **Shared** to enable the disk to share.
- 5. Click the **Open the disk** to visit the sharing disk.

P Note:

- 1. The router can automatically locate new USB drive. But to display the information about your USB device, you need to click the **Rescan** button manually.
- 2. The new settings will not take effect until you restart the service.
- 3. To unplug the USB drive, click **Eject Disk** button first. Simply pulling USB drive out of the USB port can cause damage to the device and loss of data.
- 4. Mounted volumes of each USB port are subject to the 8-volume limit. So you cannot access more than 8 volumes on the USB storage device.
- 5. If you change the storage settings during the storage connection is established, then the changes will not take effect until the router or the client is rebooted.

8.8.2 Media Server

Choose menu "USB Settings→Media Server", you can create media server that allows you to share stored content with other computers and devices on your home network and on the Internet.

	Server Name: Server Status:	TP-LINK_010628 Stopped Start		
Auto-scan e		Scan All		
Add share fold	File System		Folder	Delete

- > **Server Name -** The name of this Media Server.
- Server Status Indicates the Media Server's current status, started or stopped. You can click the Start button to start the Media Server and click the Stop button to stop it.
- > **Name** The display name of this folder.
- > File System The file system type on the partition can be FAT32 or NTFS.
- > Folder The real full path of the specified folder.
- > **Delete** You can delete the share folder by click **Delete**.

To set up your media server, please follow the instructions below:

1. Plug an external USB hard disk drive or USB flash drive into this router, and then the following screen will appear.

Server Name Server Statu:]	
Auto-scan every 2 hours	Scan All		
ame File Sy	stem	Folder	Delete

2. Click the Start button to start the media server, and then the following screen will appear.

Media Serve	er Setting				
	Server Name: Server Status:	TP-LINK_010628 Started Stop			
Auto-scan ev Add share folde		Scan All			
Name	File System		Folder	Delete	

3. Click the **Add share folder** button to specify a folder as the search path of media server. The following screen will then appear.

Add New Folder	
Display Name: Partition: Folder Location:	video Share entire partition /my share
Select	Folder
0	photo
۲	<u>video</u>
	Save Back Current No. 1 v page

- > **Display Name -** You can enter a display name for the share folder.
- Share entire partition Choose this option and then the folders contained in this partition will all be shared.
- > **Folder Location-** Displays the location of this folder.
- > **Select** Check the radio button to select the folder to share.
- > **Folder** Displays folders that are in current path.
- > **Upper** Click this button to get into the upper folder.
- Save Click this button to save your settings and the page will be redirected to the media server configuration page.
- Back Click this button to discard the settings and just go to the media server configuration page.
- 4. Click the **Scan All** button to scan all the share folders immediately. You can also select the **Auto-scan**, at same time, select an auto scan interval time by drop-down list. In this case, the media server will auto scan the share folders.

P Note:

The max share folders number is 6. If you want share a new folder when the number has been reached to be 6, you can delete a share folder and then add a new one.

8.8.3 User Accounts

You can specify the user name and password for Storage Sharing users on this page. **Storage Sharing** users can use Internet Explorer to access files on the USB drive.

There are two default user accounts that can access the Storage Sharing. They are Administrator and Guest. Administrator has read/write access to Storage Sharing and can access FTP Server while Guest has read-only access to Storage Sharing and cannot access FTP Server.

User Account Management				
Add New User				
User Name	Password	Storage Authority	Modify	
admin	admin	Read and Write	yes	<u>Edit</u>
guest	guest	Read Only	no	Edit
Save				

Only Administrator can use a Web browser to transfer the files from a PC to the Writable shared volume on the USB drive.

To add a new user account, please follow the steps below:

- 1. Click Add New User button, and the above screen will appear.
- 2. Self-define a User Name.
- 3. Enter the password in the **Password** field.
- 4. Choose the Storage Authority from the drop-down list, **Read and Write** or **Read Only**.

Add or Modify User Acco	unt
User Name:	admin2
Password:	admin
Storage Authority:	Read and Write 💌
	Save Back

- User Name Type the user name that you want to give access to the USB drive. The user name must be composed of alphanumeric symbols not exceeding 15 characters in length.
- Password Enter the password in the Password field. The password must be composed of alphanumeric symbols not exceeding 15 characters in length. For security purposes, the password for each user account is not displayed.
- Storage Authority Choose Read and Write or Read Only from the drop-down list to assign access authority of Storage Sharing to the user.
- Save You can click the Save button to save your settings.
- Back You can click the Back button to discard the settings and just go to the media server configuration page.

P Note:

Please restart the service for the new settings to take effect.

If you cannot use the new user name and password to access the shares, press **Windows logo + R** to open the Run dialog box and type **net use \\192.168.0.254 /delete /yes** and press Enter. (192.168.0.254 is your router's LAN IP address. If the LAN IP of the modem connected with your router is 192.168.1.x, the default LAN IP of the router will automatically switch from 192.168.0.254 to 192.168.1.254 to avoid IP conflict; in this case, please try **net use \\192.168.1.254 /delete / yes**.)

8.9 Forwarding

Forwarding
- Virtual Servers
- Port Triggering
- DMZ
- UPnP

There are four submenus under the Forwarding menu: Virtual Servers, Port Triggering, DMZ and UPnP. Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function.

8.9.1 Virtual Servers

Choose menu "Forwarding \rightarrow Virtual Servers", and then you can view and add virtual servers. Virtual servers can be used for setting up public services on your LAN, such as DNS, Email and FTP. A virtual server is defined as a service port, and all requests from the Internet to this service port will be redirected to the computer specified by the server IP. Any PC that was used for a virtual server must have a static or reserved IP Address because its IP Address may be changed when using the DHCP function.

Virtual Servers					
ID Service Port	Internal Port	IP Address	Protocol	Status	Modify
Add New	Enable All Disable All	Delete All			
	Previous	Next			

- Service Port The numbers of External Ports. You can type a service port or a range of service ports (in XXX – YYY format, XXX is the start port number, YYY is the end port number).
- Internal Port The Internal Service Port number of the PC running the service application. You can leave it blank if the Internal Port is the same as the Service Port, or enter a specific port number when Service Port is a single one.

- > **IP Address -** The IP Address of the PC providing the service application.
- Protocol The protocol used for this application, either TCP, UDP, or All (all protocols supported by the Router).
- > Status The status of this entry, either Enabled or Disabled.
- > **Modify -** To modify or delete an existing entry.

To setup a virtual server entry:

- 1. Click the **Add New...** button, the next screen will pop up.
- Select the service port you want to use from the Common Service Port list. If the Common Service Port list does not have the service that you want to use, type the service port number or service port range in the Service Port box.
- 3. Type the IP Address of the computer in the **IP Address** box.
- 4. Select the protocol used for this application, either TCP, UDP, or All.
- 5. Select the **Enable** to enable the virtual server.
- 6. Click the **Save** button.

Add or Modify a Virtual S	Add or Modify a Virtual Server Entry		
Service Port:	(XX-XX or XX)		
Internal Port:	(XX, Only valid for single Service Port or leave it blank)		
IP Address:			
Protocol:	All		
Status:	Enabled 💌		
Common Service Port:	Select One		
	Save Back		

P Note:

If your computer or server has more than one type of available service, please select another service, and enter the same IP Address for that computer or server.

To modify or delete an existing entry:

- 1. Click the **Modify** in the entry you want to modify. If you want to delete the entry, click the **Delete**.
- 2. Modify the information.
- 3. Click the **Save** button.

Click the Enable/Disable All button to make all entries enabled/disabled.

Click the **Delete All** button to delete all entries.

Click the **Next** button to go to the next page and click the **Previous** button to return the previous page.

P Note:

If you set the service port of the virtual server as 80, you must set the Web management port on "Security \rightarrow Remote Management" page to be any other value except 80 such as 8080. Otherwise there will be a conflict to disable the virtual server.

8.9.2 Port Triggering

Choose menu "Forwarding \rightarrow Port Triggering", and then you can view and add port triggering. Some applications require multiple connections, like Internet games, video conferencing, Internet calling and so on. These applications cannot work with a pure NAT Router. Port Triggering is used for some of these applications that can work with an NAT Router.

Port Triggering				
ID Trigger Port	Trigger Protocol	Incoming Ports	Incoming Protocol	Status Modify
Add New	Enable All Disa	ble All Delete All		
	Pre	vious Next		

Once the Router is configured, the operation is as follows:

- 1. A local host makes an outgoing connection using a destination port number defined in the Trigger Port field.
- 2. The Router records this connection, opens the incoming port or ports associated with this entry in the Port Triggering table, and associates them with the local host.
- 3. When necessary, the external host will be able to connect to the local host using one of the ports defined in the **Incoming Ports** field.
- Trigger Port The port for outgoing traffic. An outgoing connection using this port will trigger this rule.
- Trigger Protocol The protocol used for Trigger Ports, either TCP, UDP, or All (all protocols supported by the Router).
- Incoming Ports The port or port range used by the remote system when it responds to the outgoing request. A response using one of these ports will be forwarded to the PC that triggered this rule. You can input at most 5 groups of ports (or port sections). Every group of ports must be set apart with ",". For example, 2000-2038, 2050-2051, 2085, 3010-3030.
- Incoming Protocol The protocol used for Incoming Ports Range, either TCP or UDP, or ALL (all protocols supported by the Router).
- > Status The status of this entry, either Enabled or Disabled.
- > **Modify -** To modify or delete an existing entry.

To add a new rule, follow the steps below:

- 1. Click the **Add New...** button, the next screen will pop up.
- Select a common application from the Common Applications drop-down list, then the Trigger Port field and the Incoming Ports field will be automatically filled. If the Common Applications do not have the application you need, enter the Trigger Port and the Incoming Ports manually.
- 3. Select the protocol used for Trigger Port from the **Trigger Protocol** drop-down list, either **TCP**, **UDP**, or **AII**.
- 4. Select the protocol used for Incoming Ports from the **Incoming Protocol** drop-down list, either **TCP** or **UDP**, or **AII**.
- 5. Select **Enable** in **Status** field.
- 6. Click the **Save** button to save the new rule.

Add or Modify a Port Trig	gering Entry
Trigger Port:	
Trigger Protocol:	All 💌
Incoming Ports:	
Incoming Protocol:	All 🔽
Status:	Enabled 💌
Common Applications:	Select One
	Save Back

To modify or delete an existing entry:

- 1. Click the **Modify** in the entry you want to modify. If you want to delete the entry, click the **Delete**.
- 2. Modify the information.
- 3. Click the **Save** button.

Click the Enable All button to make all entries enabled.

Click the **Disable All** button to make all entries disabled.

Click the **Delete All** button to delete all entries.

P Note:

- 1. When the trigger connection is released, the corresponding opening ports will be closed.
- 2. Each rule is allowed to be used only by one host on LAN synchronously. The trigger connection of other hosts on LAN will be refused.
- 3. Incoming Port Range cannot overlap each other.

8.9.3 DMZ

Choose menu "Forwarding \rightarrow DMZ", and then you can view and configure DMZ host. The DMZ host feature allows one local host to be exposed to the Internet for a special-purpose service such as Internet gaming or videoconferencing. DMZ host forwards all the ports at the same time. Any PC whose port is being forwarded must have its DHCP client function disabled and should have a new static IP Address assigned to it because its IP Address may be changed when using the DHCP function.

DMZ	
Current DMZ Status:	🔿 Enable 💿 Disable
DMZ Host IP Address:	0.0.0.0
	Save

To assign a computer or server to be a DMZ server:

- 1. Check the **Enable** radio button.
- 2. Enter the IP Address of a local host in the DMZ Host IP Address field.
- 3. Click the **Save** button.

P Note:

After you set the DMZ host, the firewall related to the host will not work.

8.9.4 UPnP

Choose menu "Forwarding \rightarrow UPnP", and then you can view the information about UPnP (Universal Plug and Play). The UPnP feature allows the devices, such as Internet computers, to access the local host resources or devices as needed. UPnP devices can be automatically discovered by the UPnP service application on the LAN.

UPn	P					
Current U	JPnP Status:	Enabled		Disable		
Curr	Current UPnP Settings List					
ID	App Description	External Port	Protocol	Internal Port	IP Address	Status
		Refresh				

- Current UPnP Status UPnP can be enabled or disabled by clicking the Enable or Disable button.
- > **Current UPnP Settings List -** This table displays the current UPnP information.

- App Description The description provided by the application in the UPnP request.
- External Port The external port the Router opens for the application.
- **Protocol** The type of protocol the Router opens for the application.
- Internal Port The Internal port the Router opens for local host.
- IP Address The IP address of the UPnP device that is currently accessing the Router.
- Status The status of the port is displayed here. "Enabled" means that the port is still active. Otherwise, the port is inactive.

Click **Refresh** to update the Current UPnP Settings List.

8.10 Security

Security
- Basic Security
- Advanced Security
- Local Management
- Remote Management

There are four submenus under the Security menu: **Basic Security**, **Advanced Security**, **Local Management and Remote Management**. Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function.

8.10.1 Basic Security

Choose menu "Security → Basic Security", you can configure the basic security.

Basic Security		
Firewall		
SPI Firewall:	💿 Enable 🔿 Disable	
VPN		
PPTP Passthrough:	💿 Enable 🔿 Disable	
L2TP Passthrough:	💿 Enable 🔿 Disable	
IPSec Passthrough:	💿 Enable 🔿 Disable	
ALG		
FTP ALG:	💿 Enable 🔿 Disable	
TFTP ALG:	💿 Enable 🔿 Disable	
H323 ALG:	💿 Enable 🔿 Disable	
RTSP ALG:	💿 Enable 🔿 Disable	
	Save	

- Firewall A firewall protects your network from the outside world. Here you can enable or disable the Router's firewall.
 - SPI Firewall SPI (Stateful Packet Inspection, also known as dynamic packet filtering) helps to prevent cyber attacks by tracking more state per session. It validates that the traffic passing through the session conforms to the protocol. SPI Firewall is enabled by factory default. If you want all the computers on the LAN exposed to the outside world, you can disable it.
- VPN VPN Passthrough must be enabled if you want to allow VPN tunnels using IPSec, PPTP, or L2TP protocols to pass through the Router's firewall.
 - **PPTP Passthrough -** Point-to-Point Tunneling Protocol (PPTP) allows the Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP) to be tunneled through an IP network. To allow PPTP tunnels to pass through the Router, keep the default, **Enabled**.
 - L2TP Passthrough Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP) is the method used to enable Point-to-Point sessions via the Internet on the Layer 2 level. To allow L2TP tunnels to pass through the Router, keep the default, **Enabled**.
 - **IPSec Passthrough** Internet Protocol Security (IPSec) is a suite of protocols for ensuring private, secure communications over Internet Protocol (IP) networks, through the use of cryptographic security services. To allow IPSec tunnels to pass through the Router, keep the default, **Enabled**.
- ALG It is recommended to enable Application Layer Gateway (ALG) because ALG allows customized Network Address Translation (NAT) traversal filters to be plugged into the gateway to support address and port translation for certain application layer "control/data" protocols such as FTP, TFTP, H323 etc.
 - **FTP ALG** To allow FTP clients and servers to transfer data across NAT, keep the default **Enable**.
 - **TFTP ALG** To allow TFTP clients and servers to transfer data across NAT, keep the default **Enable**.
 - H323 ALG To allow Microsoft NetMeeting clients to communicate across NAT, keep the default Enable.

Click the **Save** button to save your settings.

8.10.2 Advanced Security

Choose menu "Security → Advanced Security", you can protect the Router from being attacked by TCP-SYN Flood, UDP Flood and ICMP-Flood.

Advanced Security	
Packets Statistics Interval (5 ~ 60):	10 Seconds
DoS Protection:	Disable C Enable
Enable ICMP-FLOOD Attack Filtering ICMP-FLOOD Packets Threshold (5 ~ 3600):	50 Packets/Secs
Enable UDP-FLOOD Filtering UDP-FLOOD Packets Threshold (5 ~ 3600):	500 Packets/Secs
Enable TCP-SYN-FLOOD Attack Filtering TCP-SYN-FLOOD Packets Threshold (5 ~ 3600):	50 Packets/Secs
 Ignore Ping Packet from WAN Port to Router Forbid Ping Packet from LAN Port to Router 	
Save Blocked DoS Host List	

- Packets Statistics Interval (5~60) The default value is 10. Select a value between 5 and 60 seconds from the drop-down list. The Packets Statistics Interval value indicates the time section of the packets statistics. The result of the statistics is used for analysis by SYN Flood, UDP Flood and ICMP-Flood.
- DoS Protection Denial of Service protection. Check the Enable or Disable button to enable or disable the DoS protection function. Only when it is enabled, will the flood filters be enabled.

P Note:

Dos Protection will take effect only when the Traffic Statistics in "System Tool \rightarrow Traffic Statistics" is enabled.

- Enable ICMP-FLOOD Attack Filtering Enable or Disable the ICMP-FLOOD Attack Filtering.
- ICMP-FLOOD Packets Threshold (5~3600) The default value is 50. Enter a value between 5 ~ 3600. When the current ICMP-FLOOD Packets number is beyond the set value, the Router will startup the blocking function immediately.
- > Enable UDP-FLOOD Filtering Enable or Disable the UDP-FLOOD Filtering.
- UDP-FLOOD Packets Threshold (5~3600) The default value is 500. Enter a value between 5 ~ 3600. When the current UPD-FLOOD Packets number is beyond the set value, the Router will startup the blocking function immediately.

- Enable TCP-SYN-FLOOD Attack Filtering Enable or Disable the TCP-SYN-FLOOD Attack Filtering.
- TCP-SYN-FLOOD Packets Threshold (5~3600) The default value is 50. Enter a value between 5 ~ 3600. When the current TCP-SYN-FLOOD Packets numbers is beyond the set value, the Router will startup the blocking function immediately.
- Ignore Ping Packet From WAN Port Enable or Disable Ignore Ping Packet From WAN Port. The default setting is disabled. If enabled, the ping packet from the Internet cannot access the Router.
- Forbid Ping Packet From LAN Port Enable or Disable Forbid Ping Packet From LAN Port. The default setting is disabled. If enabled, the ping packet from LAN cannot access the Router. This function can be used to defend against some viruses.

Click the **Save** button to save the settings.

Click the **Blocked DoS Host List** button to display the DoS host table by blocking.

8.10.3 Local Management

Choose menu "Security \rightarrow Local Management", you can configure the management rule. The management feature allows you to deny computers in LAN from accessing the Router.

Local Management	
Management Rules	
 All the PCs on the LAN are 	allowed to access the Router's Web-Based Utility
Only the PCs listed can bro	wse the built-in web pages to perform Administrator tasks
MAC 1:	
MAC 2:	
MAC 3:	
MAC 4:	
Your PC's MAC Address:	6C-62-6D-F7-31-8D Add
	Save

By default, the radio button "All the PCs on the LAN are allowed to access the Router's Web-Based Utility" is checked. If you want to allow PCs with specific MAC Addresses to access the Setup page of the Router's Web-Based Utility locally from inside the network, check the radio button "Only the PCs listed can browse the built-in web pages to perform Administrator tasks", and then enter each MAC Address in a separate field. The format for the MAC Address is XX-XX-XX-XX-XX (X is any hexadecimal digit). Only the PCs with MAC address listed can use the password to browse the built-in web pages to perform Administrator tasks while all the others will be blocked.

After click the **Add** button, your PC's MAC Address will be placed in the list above.

Click the **Save** button to save your settings.

P Note:

If your PC is blocked but you want to access the Router again, press and hold the WPS button for more than 5 seconds to reset the Router to factory defaults.

8.10.4 Remote Management

You can configure the Remote Management function on this page. This feature allows you to manage your Router from a remote location, via the Internet.

Remote Management		
Web Management Port: Remote Management IP Address:	80	(Enter 255.255.255.255 for all)
	Save	

- Web Management Port Web browser access normally uses the standard HTTP service port 80. This router's default remote management Web port number is 80. For greater security, you can change the remote management Web interface to a custom port by entering that number in this box provided. Choose a number between 1024 and 65535, but do not use the number of any common service port.
- Remote Management IP Address This is the current address you will use when accessing your router from the Internet. The default IP Address is 0.0.0.0. It means this function is disabled. To enable this function, change the default IP Address to another IP Address as desired.

To access the router, you will type your router's WAN IP Address into your browser's Address (in IE) or Location (in Navigator) box, followed by a colon and the custom port number. For example, if your Router's WAN address is 202.96.12.8 and you use port number 8080, enter in your browser: http://202.96.12.8:8080. You will be asked for the router's password. After successfully entering the password, you will be able to access the router's Web-based utility.

Note:

Be sure to change the router's default password to a very secure password.

8.11 Parental Control

Choose menu "**Parental Control**", and you can configure the parental control. The Parental Control function can be used to control the internet activities of the child, limit the child to access certain websites and restrict the time of surfing.

Parental Control Settings					
Non-Parental PCs not listed will not b	e able to access	the Internet.			
Parental Control:	💿 Disable	🔿 Enable			
MAC Address of Parental PC:					
MAC Address of Your PC:	6c-62-6d-17-3	31-8d Copy	/ To Above		
	Save				
ID MAC address Webs	ite Description		Schedule	Status	Modify
Add New Enable All	Disable All	Delete All			
	Previous	Next	Current No. 1	🖌 Page	

- Parental Control Check Enable if you want this function to take effect, otherwise check Disable.
- MAC Address of Parental PC In this field, enter the MAC address of the controlling PC, or you can make use of the Copy To Above button below.
- MAC Address of Your PC This field displays the MAC address of the PC that is managing this Router. If the MAC Address of your adapter is registered, you can click the Copy To Above button to fill this address to the MAC Address of Parental PC field above.
- > Website Description Description of the allowed website for the PC controlled.
- Schedule The time period allowed for the PC controlled to access the Internet. For detailed information, please go to "Access Restriction→ Schedule".
- > **Modify -** Here you can edit or delete an existing entry.

To add a new entry, please follow the steps below.

- 1. Click the Add New... button and the next screen will pop up.
- Enter the MAC address of the PC (e.g. 00-11-22-33-44-AA) you'd like to control in the MAC Address of Child PC field. Or you can choose the MAC address from the All Address in Current LAN drop-down list.
- 3. Give a description (e.g. Allow Google) for the website allowed to be accessed in the Website Description field.
- Enter the allowed domain name of the website, either the full name or the keywords (e.g. google) in the Allowed Domain Name field. Any domain name with keywords in it (e.g.<u>www.google.com</u>) will be allowed.
- 5. Select from the Effective Time drop-down list the schedule (e.g. Schedule_1) you want the entry to take effect. If there are not suitable schedules for you, click the **Schedule** in red below to go to the Advance Schedule Settings page and create the schedule you need.
- 6. In the Status field, you can select **Enabled** or **Disabled** to enable or disable your entry.
- 7. Click the **Save** button.

Click the **Enable All** button to enable all the rules in the list.

Click the **Disable All** button to disable all the rules in the list.

Click the **Delete All** button to delete all the entries in the table.

Click the **Next** button to go to the next page, or click the **Previous** button return to the previous page.

Add or Modify Parental Co	antrol Entry
Add of Modily Parental Co	nito Entry
The Schedule is based on the time of t	the Router. The time can be set in "System Tools -> <u>Time settings</u> ".
MAC Address of Children's PC:	
All MAC Address In Current LAN:	Please Select
Website Description:	
Allowed Website Name:	
Effective Time:	Anytime 🗸
Litective fille.	The time schedule can be set in "Access Control -> Schedule"
Status:	Enabled
Status.	
	Save Back

For example: If you desire that the child PC with MAC address 00-11-22-33-44-AA can access www.google.com on Saturday only while the parent PC with MAC address 00-11-22-33-44-BB is without any restriction, you should follow the settings below.

- Click "Parental Control" menu on the left to enter the Parental Control Settings page. Check Enable and enter the MAC address 00-11-22-33-44-BB in the MAC Address of Parental PC field.
- Click "Access Restriction → Schedule" on the left to enter the Schedule Settings page. Click Add New... button to create a new schedule with Schedule Description is Schedule_1, Day is Sat and Time is all day-24 hours.
- 3. Click "**Parental Control**" menu on the left to go back to the Add or Modify Parental Control Entry page:
 - Click Add New... button.
 - Enter 00-11-22-33-44-AA in the MAC Address of Child PC field.
 - Enter "Allow Google" in the Website Description field.

- Enter "www.google.com" in the Allowed Domain Name field.
- Select "Schedule_1" you create just now from the Effective Time drop-down list.
- In **Status** field, select Enable.
- 4. Click Save to complete the settings.

Then you will go back to the Parental Control Settings page and see the following list.

ID	MAC address	Website Description	Schedule	Status	Modify
1	00-11-22-33-44-BB	Allow Google	Schedule_1		Edit Delete
Add New Enable All Disable All Delete All		1			
		Previous	Current No. 1	🖌 Page	

8.12 Access Control

Access Cor	ntrol
- Rule	
- Host	
- Target	
- Schedule	

There are four submenus under the Access Restriction menu: **Rule**, **Host**, **Target** and **Schedule**. Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function.

8.12.1 Rule

Choose menu "Access Control→ Rule", you can view and set Access Restriction rules.

Access Cont	Access Control Rule Management				
Enable Internet	Access Control				
Default Filter Polic	У				
Allow the packet	ts specified by any ena	abled access control po	licy to pass through the F	Router	
Deny the packet	is specified by any ena	bled access control pol	licy to pass through the R	louter	
		Save			
ID Rule Name	Host	Target	Schedule	Status	Modify
Setup Wizard					
Add New	Enable All D	isable All 📄 🗌 Delet	e All		
Move		ID To			
		Previous	Next Current No	. 1 🔽 Page	

- Enable Internet Access Restriction Select the check box to enable the Internet Access Restriction function, so the Default Filter Policy can take effect.
- > Rule Name Here displays the name of the rule and this name is unique.
- > Host Here displays the host selected in the corresponding rule.
- > **Target -** Here displays the target selected in the corresponding rule.
- Schedule Here displays the schedule selected in the corresponding rule.
- Action Here displays the action the Router takes to deal with the packets. It could be Allow or Deny. Allow means that the Router permits the packets to go through the Router. Deny means that the Router rejects the packets to go through the Router.
- Status This field displays the status of the rule. Enabled means the rule will take effect, Disabled means the rule will not take effect.
- > **Modify -** Here you can edit or delete an existing rule.

To add a new rule, please follow the steps below.

- 1. Click the **Add New...** button and the next screen will pop up.
- 2. Give a name (e.g. Rule_1) for the rule in the **Rule Name** field.
- 3. Select a host from the Host drop-down list or choose "Click Here To Add New Host List".
- 4. Select a target from the **Target** drop-sown list or choose "**Click Here To Add New Target List**".
- 5. Select a schedule from the **Schedule** drop-down list or choose "**Click Here To Add New Schedule**".
- 6. In the Action field, select Deny or Allow.
- 7. In the **Status** field, select **Enabled** or **Disabled** to enable or disable your entry.
- 8. Click the **Save** button.

Click the **Enable All** button to enable all the rules in the list.

Click the **Disable All** button to disable all the rules in the list.

Click the **Delete All** button to delete all the entries in the table.

You can change the entry's order as desired. Fore entries are before hind entries. Enter the ID number in the first box you want to move and another ID number in second box you want to move to, and then click the **Move** button to change the entry's order.

Click the **Next** button to go to the next page, or click the **Previous** button return to the previous page.

Add Internet Access Cont	rol Entry
Rule Name: Host: Target: Schedule: Status:	Click Here To Add New Host List. Any Target Click Here To Add New Target List. Anytime Click Here To Add New Schedule. Enabled Click Here To Add New Schedule.
	Save Back

For example: If you desire to allow the host with MAC address 00-11-22-33-44-AA to access www.google.com only from 18:00 to 20:00 on Saturday and Sunday, and forbid other hosts in the LAN to access the Internet, you should follow the settings below:

- Click "Access Restriction → Host" in the left to enter the Host Settings page. Add a new entry with the Host Description is Host_1 and MAC Address is 00-11-22-33-44-AA.
- Click "Access Restriction → Target" in the left to enter the Target Settings page. Add a new entry with the Target Description is Target_1 and Domain Name is www.google.com.
- Click "Access Restriction → Schedule" in the left to enter the Schedule Settings page.
 Add a new entry with the Schedule Description is Schedule_1, Day is Sat and Sun, Start Time is 1800 and Stop Time is 2000.
- 4. Click "Access Restriction → Rule" in the left to return to the Access Restriction Rule Management page. Select "Enable Internet Access Restriction" and choose "Deny the packets not specified by any access Restriction policy to pass through the Router".
- 5. Click Add New... button to add a new rule as follows:
 - In Rule Name field, create a name for the rule. Note that this name should be unique, for example Rule_1.
 - In **Host** field, select Host_1.
 - In **Target** field, select Target_1.
 - In **Schedule** field, select Schedule_1.
 - In **Action** field, select Allow.
 - In Status field, select Enabled.
 - Click **Save** to complete the settings.

Then you will go back to the Access Restriction Rule Management page and see the following list.

ID	Rule Name	Host	Target	Schedule	Status	Modify
1	Rule_1	Host 1	<u>Target 1</u>	Schedule 1		Edit Delete
Se	tup Wizard					
Α	dd New En	able All Disable	e All 🔹 Delete All			

8.12.2 Host

Choose menu "Access Control \rightarrow Host", you can view and set a Host list. The host list is necessary for the Access Restriction Rule.

Host Settings		
ID Host Description Add New Delete All	Information	Modify
	Previous	Next Current No. 1 💙 Page

- > Host Description Here displays the description of the host and this description is unique.
- > Information Here displays the information about the host. It can be IP or MAC.
- > **Modify -** To modify or delete an existing entry.

To add a new entry, please follow the steps below.

- 1. Click the **Add New...** button.
- 2. In the **Mode** field, select IP Address or MAC Address.
 - If you select IP Address,
 - 1) In **Host Description** field, create a unique description for the host (e.g. Host_1).
 - 2) In LAN IP Address field, enter the IP address.
 - If you select MAC Address,
 - 1) In **Host Description** field, create a unique description for the host (e.g. Host_1).
 - 2) In **MAC Address** field, enter the MAC address.
- 3. Click the **Save** button to complete the settings.

Click the **Delete All** button to delete all the entries in the table.

Click the **Next** button to go to the next page, or click the **Previous** button return to the previous page.

Add or Modify a Host Ent	Ŋ
Mode: Host Description: LAN IP Address:	IP Address
	Save Back

Add or Modify a Host Ent	ry
Mode: Host Description: MAC Address:	MAC Address
	Save Back

For example: If you desire to restrict the internet activities of host with MAC address 00-11-22-33-44-AA, you should first follow the settings below:

- 1. Click **Add New...** button to enter the Add or Modify a Host Entry page.
- 2. In **Mode** field, select MAC Address from the drop-down list.
- 3. In **Host Description** field, create a **unique** description for the host (e.g. Host_1).
- 4. In **MAC Address** field, enter 00-11-22-33-44-AA.
- 5. Click **Save** to complete the settings.

Then you will go back to the Host Settings page and see the following list.

Host Settings		
ID Host Description 1 Host_1 Add New Delete All	Information MAC: 00-11-22-33-44-AA	Modify <u>Edit Delete</u>
	Previous Next	Current No. 1 🝸 Page

8.12.3 Target

Choose menu "Access Control \rightarrow Target", you can view and set a Target list. The target list is necessary for the Access Restriction Rule.

Targ	et Settings		
	Target Description New Delete All	Information	Modify
		Previous	Next Current No. 1 🖌 Page

- Target Description Here displays the description about the target and this description is unique.
- > Information The target can be IP address, port, or domain name.
- > **Modify -** To modify or delete an existing entry.

To add a new entry, please follow the steps below.

- 1. Click the Add New...button.
- 2. In Mode field, select IP Address or Domain Name.
 - If you select IP Address,
 - 1) In **Target Description** field, create a unique description for the target (e.g. Target_1).
 - 2) In **IP Address** field, enter the IP address of the target.
 - 3) Select a common service from Common Service Port drop-down list, so that the Target Port will be automatically filled. If the Common Service Port drop-down list doesn't have the service you want, specify the Target Port manually.
 - 4) In **Protocol** field, select TCP, UDP, ICMP or ALL.
 - If you select Domain Name,
 - 1) In **Target Description** field, create a unique description for the target (e.g. Target_1).
 - 2) In Domain Name field, enter the domain name, either the full name or the keywords (for example Google) in the blank. Any domain name with keywords in it (e.g.<u>www.google.com</u>) will be blocked or allowed. You can enter 4 domain names.
- 3. Click the **Save** button.

Click the **Delete All** button to delete all the entries in the table.

Click the **Next** button to go to the next page, or click the **Previous** button return to the previous page.

Add or Modify an Access	Target Entry
Mode: Target Description: IP Address: Target Port: Protocol: Common Service Port:	IP Address
Add or Modify an Access	Save Back Target Entry
Mode: Target Description: Domain Name:	Domain Name
	Save Back

For example: If you desire to restrict the internet activities of host with MAC address 00-11-22-33-44-AA in the LAN to access **www.google.com** only, you should first follow the settings below:

- 1. Click **Add New...** button to enter the Add or Modify an Access Target Entry page.
- 2. In **Mode** field, select Domain Name from the drop-down list.
- 3. In **Target Description** field, create a unique description for the target (e.g. Target_1).
- 4. In **Domain Name** field, enter www.google.com.
- 5. Click **Save** to complete the settings.

Then you will go back to the Target Settings page and see the following list,

Т	arget Settings		
ID 1	Target Description Target_1 dd New Delete All	Information www.google.com	Modify Edit Delete
		Previous Next	Current No. 1 🔽 Page

8.12.4 Schedule

Choose menu "Access Control \rightarrow Schedule", you can view and set a Schedule list. The Schedule list is necessary for the Access Restriction Rule.

Sch	edule Settings				
ID Add	Schedule Description New Delete All	Day	Time	Modify	
	[Prevoius	Next Cur	rent No. 👖 💙 Page	

- Schedule Description Here displays the description of the schedule and this description is unique.
- > **Day -** Here displays the day(s) in a week.
- **Time -** Here displays the time period in a day.
- > **Modify -** Here you can edit or delete an existing schedule.

To add a new schedule, follow the steps below.

- 1. Click **Add New...** button and the next screen will pop up.
- 2. In **Schedule Description** field, create a unique description for the schedule (e.g. Schedule_1).
- 3. In **Day** field, select the day or days you need.
- 4. In **Time** field, you can select all day-24 hours or you may enter the Start Time and Stop Time in the corresponding field.
- 5. Click **Save** to complete the settings.

Click the **Delete All** button to delete all the entries in the table.

Click the **Next** button to go to the next page, or click the **Previous** button return to the previous page.

Advance Schedule Settin	gs
Note: The Schedule is based on the f	ime of the Router.
Schedule Description:	
Day:	💿 Everyday 🛛 🔿 Select Days
	🗸 Mon 🗸 Tue 🗸 Wed 🖌 Thu 🗸 Fri 🖌 Sat 🖌 Sun
Time:	all day-24 hours: 💌
Start Time:	(ННММ)
Stop Time:	(ННММ)
	Save Back

For example: If you desire to restrict the internet activities of host with MAC address 00-11-22-33-44-AA to access www.google.com only from **18:00 to 20:00** on **Saturday** and **Sunday**, you should first follow the settings below:

- 1. Click Add New... button to enter the Advanced Schedule Settings page.
- 2. In **Schedule Description** field, create a unique description for the schedule (e.g. Schedule_1).
- 3. In **Day** field, check the Select Days radio button and then select Sat and Sun.
- 4. In **Time** field, enter 1800 in Start Time field and 2000 in Stop Time field.
- 5. Click **Save** to complete the settings.

Then you will go back to the Schedule Settings page and see the following list.

S	chedule Settings			
ID	Schedule Description	Day	Time	Modify
1	Schedule_1	Sat Sun	18:00 - 20:00	Edit Delete
_ A	Add New Delete All			
	(Prevoius 1	Vext Current No. 🛛 🔽 P	age

8.13 Advanced Routing

Advanced Routing
- Static Routing List
- System Routing Table

There are two submenus under the Network menu: **Static Routing List** and **System Routing Table**. Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function.

8.13.1 Static Routing List

Choose menu "**Static Routing**", and you can configure the static route in the next screen. A static route is a pre-determined path that network information must travel to reach a specific host or network.

Stati	ic Routing				
ID	Destination Network	Subnet Mask	Default Gateway	Status	Modify
Add	New Enable All	Disable All Dele	ete All		
		Previous Ne	ext		

To add static routing entries, follow the steps below.

1. Click **Add New...**, you will see the following screen.

Add or Modify a Static Ro	ute Entry
Destination Network: Subnet Mask: Default Gateway: Status:	Enabled
	Save Back

- 2. Enter the following data.
 - Destination Network The Destination IP Address is the address of the network or host that you want to assign to a static route.
 - Subnet Mask The Subnet Mask determines which portion of an IP Address is the network portion, and which portion is the host portion.
 - Default Gateway This is the IP Address of the gateway device that allows for contact between the Router and the network or host.
- 3. Select **Enabled** or **Disabled** for this entry on the **Status** drop-down list.
- 4. Click the **Save** button to make the entry take effect.

Click the **Delete** button to delete the entry.

Click the **Enable All** button to enable all the entries.

Click the **Disable All** button to disable all the entries.

Click the **Delete All** button to delete all the entries.

Click the **Previous** button to view the information in the previous screen, click the **Next** button to view the information in the next screen.

8.13.2 System Routing Table

Choose menu "Advanced Routing \rightarrow System Routing Table", and you can views all of the valid route entries in use. The Destination IP address, Subnet Mask, Gateway, and Interface will be displayed for each entry.

S	system Routing Table			
ID	Destination Network	Subnet Mask	Gateway	Interface
1	192.168.0.0	255.255.255.0	0.0.0.0	LAN & WLAN
2	239.0.0.0	255.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	LAN & WLAN
		Refresh		

- Destination Network The Destination IP Address is the address of the network or host to which the static route is assigned.
- Subnet Mask The Subnet Mask determines which portion of an IP address is the network portion, and which portion is the host portion.
- Gateway This is the IP address of the gateway device that allows for contact between the Router and the network or host.
- Interface This interface tells you whether the Destination IP Address is on the LAN & WLAN (internal wired and wireless networks), the WAN (Internet).

Click the **Refresh** button to refresh the data displayed.

8.14 Bandwidth Control

Bandwidth Control	
- Control Settings	
- Rule List	

There are two submenus under the Bandwidth Control menu. Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function. The detailed explanations for each submenu are provided below.

8.14.1 Control Settings

Choose menu "**Bandwidth Control** \rightarrow **Control Settings**", you can configure the Egress Bandwidth and Ingress Bandwidth in the next screen. Their values you configure should be less than 100000Kbps. For optimal control of the bandwidth, please select the right Line Type and ask your ISP for the total bandwidth of the egress and ingress.

Bandwidth Control Settings					
Enable Bandwidth Control:					
Line Type:	💿 ADSL 🔿 Other				
Egress Bandwidth:	512	Kbps			
Ingress Bandwidth:	2048	Kbps			
	Save				

- Enable Bandwidth Control Check this box so that the Bandwidth Control settings can take effect.
- Line Type Select the right type for you network connection. If you don't know how to choose, please ask your ISP for the information.
- **Egress Bandwidth** The upload speed through the WAN port.
- > Ingress Bandwidth The download speed through the WAN port.

8.14.2 Rule List

Choose menu "**Bandwidth Control** \rightarrow **Rule List**", you can view and configure the Bandwidth Control rules in the screen below.

Bandwidth Control Rule List							
Egress Bandwidth(Kbps) Ingress Bandwidth(Kbps)							
ID	Description	Min	Max	Min	Max	- Enable	Modify
The current list is empty.							
Add New Delete All							
Previous Next Current No. 1 V Page							

- > **Description** This is the information about the rules such as address range.
- Egress Bandwidth This field displays the max and mix upload bandwidth through the WAN port, the default is 0.
- Ingress Bandwidth This field displays the max and mix download bandwidth through the WAN port, the default is 0.
- > Enable This displays the status of the rule.
- > Modify Click Modify to edit the rule. Click Delete to delete the rule.

To add/modify a Bandwidth Control rule, follow the steps below.

Step 1: Click Add New..., you will see the following screen.

Step 2: Enter the information like the screen shown below.

Bandwidth Control Rule	Settings
Enable: IP Range: Port Range: Protocol:	
Egress Bandwidth: Ingress Bandwidth:	Min Bandwidth(Kbps) Max Bandwidth(Kbps) 0 0 0 0
	Save Back

- > Enable Enable or disable the rule.
- IP Range Interior PC address range. If both are blank (or 0.0.0.0), the domain is no effective.

- Port Range The port range which the Interior PC access the outside PC. If all are blank (or 0), the domain is no effective.
- > **Protocol** Transport layer protocol, here there are All, TCP, UDP.
- Egress Bandwidth The max and the min upload speed which through the WAN port, default number is 0.
- Ingress Bandwidth The max and the min download speed through the WAN port, default number is 0.

Step 3: Click the Save button.

8.15 IP & MAC Binding



There are two submenus under the IP & MAC Binding menu: **Binding Setting** and **ARP List**. Click any of them, and you will be able to scan or configure the corresponding function. The detailed explanations for each submenu are provided below.

8.15.1 Binding Setting

This page displays the IP & MAC Binding Setting table; you can operate it in accord with your desire.

Bindi	ing Settings				
	ARP Binding:	 Disable O Enable Save 			
ID 1 Add N	MAC Address 00-0A-EB-00-07-BE lew Enable All	IP Address 192.168.0.173 Disable All	Bind Delete All	Modify <u>Modify Delete</u> Find	
		Previous	Next	Current No. 📘 💌	Page

- > **MAC Address -** The MAC address of the controlled computer in the LAN.
- > **IP Address -** The assigned IP address of the controlled computer in the LAN.
- **Bind -** Whether or not enable the ARP binding.
- > **Modify -** Edit or delete item.

When you want to add or modify an IP & MAC Binding entry, you can click the **Add New** button or **Modify** button, and then you will go to the next page. This page is used for adding or modifying an IP & MAC Binding entry.

IP & MAC Binding Setting	js
Bind: MAC Address: IP Address:	
	Save Back

To add IP & MAC Binding entries:

- 1. Click the **Add New..** button.
- 2. Enter the MAC Address and IP Address.
- 3. Select the Bind checkbox.
- 4. Click the **Save** button to save it.

To modify or delete an existing entry:

- 1. Find the desired entry in the table.
- 2. Click Modify or Delete as desired on the Modify column.

To find an existing entry:

- 1. Click the **Find** button.
- 2. Enter the MAC Address or IP Address.
- 3. Enter the **Find** button in the next page.

Find IP & MAC Binding Entry				
MAC Address: IP Address:				
ID	MAC Address	IP Address	Bind Link	
1	00-0A-EB-00-07-BE	192.168.0.173	🗹 <u>To page</u>	
	Find	Back		

Click the **Enable All** button to make all entries enabled.

Click the **Delete All** button to delete all entries.

8.15.2 ARP List

To manage the computer, you could observe the computers in the LAN by checking the relationship of MAC address and IP address on the ARP list, and you could configure the items on the ARP list also. This page displays the ARP List; it shows all the existing IP & MAC Binding entries.

AR	² List			
ID 1 2	MAC Address 6C-62-6D-F7-31-8D 00-0A-EB-00-07-BE	IP Address 192.168.0.100 192.168.0.173	Status Unbound Bound	Configure <u>Load Delete</u> Load Delete
		Bind All	Load A	I Refresh

- > MAC Address The MAC address of the controlled computer in the LAN.
- > **IP Address -** The assigned IP address of the controlled computer in the LAN.
- > Status Enabled or Disabled of the MAC address and IP address binding.
- > **Configure -** Load or delete item.
- **Load -** Load the item to the IP & MAC Binding list.
- > **Delete -** Delete the item.
- 1. Click the **Bind All** button to bind all the current items, available after enable.
- 2. Click the Load All button to load all items to the IP & MAC Binding list.
- 3. Click the **Refresh** button to refresh all items.

P Note:

An item could not be loaded to the IP & MAC Binding list if the IP address of the item has been loaded before. Error warning will prompt as well. Likewise, "Load All" only loads the items without interference to the IP & MAC Binding list.

8.16 Dynamic DNS

The Router offers the **DDNS** (Dynamic Domain Name System) feature, which allows the hosting of a website, FTP server, or e-mail server with a fixed domain name (named by yourself) and a dynamic IP address, and then your friends can connect to your server by entering your domain name no matter what your IP address is. Before using this feature, you need to sign up for DDNS service providers such as <u>www.no-ip.com</u>, <u>www.comexe.cn</u>, or <u>www.dyndns.org</u>. The Dynamic DNS client service provider will give you a password or key.

8.16.1 No-IP DDNS

If the dynamic DNS **Service Provider** you select is <u>www.no-ip.com</u>, the following page will appear.

DDNS	
Service Provider:	No-IP (www.no-ip.com) 🛛 🗸 Go to register
User Name:	username
Password:	
Domain Name:	
	Enable DDNS
Connection Status:	DDNS not launching!
	Login Logout
	Save

To set up for DDNS, follow these instructions:

- 1. Type the **User Name** for your DDNS account.
- 2. Type the **Password** for your DDNS account.
- 3. Type the **Domain Name** you received from dynamic DNS service provider.
- 4. Click the **Login** button to log in the DDNS service.

Connection Status - The status of the DDNS service connection is displayed here.

Click Logout to log out the DDNS service.

P Note:

If you want to login again with another account after a successful login, please click the **Logout** button, then input your new username and password and click the **Login** button.

8.16.2 Comexe.cn DDNS

If the dynamic DNS **Service Provider** you select is <u>www.comexe.cn</u>, the following page will appear.

DDNS	
Service Provider:	Comexe (www.comexe.cn) 🖌 Go to register
Domain Name:	
User Name:	username
Password:	
	Enable DDNS
Connection Status:	DDNS not launching!
	Login Logout
	Save

To set up for DDNS, follow these instructions:

- 1. Type the **Domain Name** received from your dynamic DNS service provider.
- 2. Type the User Name for your DDNS account.
- 3. Type the **Password** for your DDNS account.
- 4. Click the **Login** button to log in to the DDNS service.

Connection Status - The status of the DDNS service connection is displayed here.

Click **Logout** to log out of the DDNS service.

8.16.3 Dyndns org DDNS

If the dynamic DNS **Service Provider** you select is <u>www.dyndns.org</u>, the following page will appear.

DDNS	
Service Provider:	Dyndns (www.dyndns.org) 🔽 Go to register
User Name:	username
Password:	
Domain Name:	
	Enable DDNS
Connection Status:	DDNS not launching!
	Login Logout
	Save

To set up for DDNS, follow these instructions:

- 1. Type the **User Name** for your DDNS account.
- 2. Type the **Password** for your DDNS account.
- 3. Type the **Domain Name** you received from dynamic DNS service provider here.
- 4. Click the **Login** button to log in to the DDNS service.

Connection Status - The status of the DDNS service connection is displayed here.

Click **Logout** to logout of the DDNS service.

8.17 System Tools

System Tools
- Time Settings
- Diagnostic
- Firmware Upgrade
- Factory Defaults
- Backup & Restore
- Reboot
- Password
- System Log
- Statistics

There are nine submenus under the System Tools menu: **Time Settings**, **Diagnostic**, **Firmware Upgrade**, **Factory Defaults**, **Backup and Restore**, **Reboot**, **Password**, **System Log** and **Statistics**. Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function. The detailed explanations for each submenu are provided below.

8.17.1 Time Settings

You can set time manually or get GMT from the Internet for the router on this page:

Time Settings		
Time zone:	(GMT) Greenwich Mean Time, Dublin, London	
Date:	11 1 2013 (MM/DD/YY)	
Time:	1 40 22 (HH/MM/SS)	
NTP Server 1:	0.0.0.0 (Optional)	
NTP Server 2:	0.0.0.0 (Optional)	
	Get GMT	
	Enable Daylight Saving	
Start:	2013 Mar 💙 3rd 💙 Sun 💙 2am 💙	
End:	2013 Nov 💙 2nd 💙 Sun 💙 3am 💙	
Daylight Saving Status:		
	Note: Click the "GET GMT" to update the time from the internet with the pre-defined servers	
	or entering the customized server (IP Address or Domain Name) in the above frames.	
	Save	

- > **Time Zone -** Select your local time zone from this pull-down list.
- > **Date -** Enter your local date in MM/DD/YY into the right blanks.
- **Time -** Enter your local time in HH/MM/SS into the right blanks.

To set time manually, follow the steps below:

- 1. Select your local time zone.
- 2. Enter the **Date** in Month/Day/Year format.
- 3. Enter the **Time** in Hour/Minute/Second format.
- 4. Click Save.

For automatic time synchronization:

- 1. Enter the address of the **NTP Server 1 or NTP Server 2**.
- 2. Click the **Get GMT** button to get GMT time from Internet if you have connected to Internet.

P Note:

This setting will be used for some time-based functions such as firewall. You must specify your time zone once you login to the router successfully, if not, the time limited on these functions will not take effect.

- > The time will be lost if the router is turned off.
- > The router will obtain GMT automatically from Internet if it has already connected to Internet.

8.17.2 Diagnostic

Choose menu "System Tools \rightarrow Diagnostic", you can transact Ping or Traceroute function to check connectivity of your network in the following screen.

Diagnostic Tools	
Diagnostic Parameters	
Diagnostic Tool:	📀 Ping 🔿 Traceroute
IP Address/Domain Name:	
Ping Count:	4 (1-50)
Ping Packet Size:	64 (4-1472 Bytes)
Ping Timeout:	800 (100-2000 Milliseconds)
Traceroute Max TTL:	20 (1-30)
Diagnostic Results	
This device is ready.	
	Start

- > **Diagnostic Tool -** Check the radio button to select one diagnostic too.
 - **Ping** This diagnostic tool troubleshoots connectivity, reachability, and name resolution to a given host or gateway.

• Traceroute - This diagnostic tool tests the performance of a connection.

Note:

You can use ping/traceroute to test both numeric IP address or domain name. If pinging/tracerouting the IP address is successful, but pinging/tracerouting the domain name is not, you might have a name resolution problem. In this case, ensure that the domain name you are specifying can be resolved by using Domain Name System (DNS) queries.

- IP Address/Domain Name Type the destination IP address (such as 202.108.22.5) or Domain name (such as www.baidu.com).
- > **Pings Count -** The number of Ping packets for a Ping connection.
- > Ping Packet Size The size of Ping packet.
- Ping Timeout Set the waiting time for the reply of each Ping packet. If there is no reply in the specified time, the connection is overtime.
- **Traceroute Max TTL -** The max number of hops for a Traceroute connection.

Click **Start** to check the connectivity of the Internet.

The **Diagnostic Results** page displays the result of diagnosis.

If the result is similar to the following screen, the connectivity of the Internet is fine.

Diagnostic Results
Pinging 202.108.22.5 with 64 bytes of data:
Reply from 202.108.22.5: bytes=64 time=1 TTL=127 seq=1 Reply from 202.108.22.5: bytes=64 time=1 TTL=127 seq=2 Reply from 202.108.22.5: bytes=64 time=1 TTL=127 seq=3 Reply from 202.108.22.5: bytes=64 time=1 TTL=127 seq=4
Ping statistics for 202.108.22.5 Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss), Approximate round trip times in milliseconds: Minimum = 1, Maximum = 1, Average = 1

P Note:

Only one user can use this tool at one time. "Ping Count", "Ping Packet Size" and "Ping Timeout" are Ping Parameters. "Traceroute Max TTL" is Traceroute Parameter.

8.17.3 Firmware Upgrade

The page allows you to upgrade the latest version firmware to keep your router up-to-date.

Firmware Upgrade	
File: Firmware Version: Hardware Version:	Browse 3.15.11 Build 131125 Rel.50653n WR710N v2 00000000
	Upgrade

New firmware is posted at <u>www.tp-link.com</u> and can be downloaded for free. If the router is not experiencing difficulties, there is no need to upgrade firmware, unless the new firmware supports a new feature you need.

P Note:

- 1. When you upgrade the router's firmware, you will lose current configuration settings, so make sure you backup the router's settings before you upgrade its firmware.
- 2. Make sure that your computer is connected to the Internet through the cable when you upgrade the firmware. To upgrade through wireless connection is not allowed.
- 3. Set your IP address as static IP before upgrading.

To upgrade the router's firmware, follow these instructions:

- 1. Download the latest firmware upgrade file from our website http://www.tp-link.com.
- 2. Enter or select the path name where you save the downloaded file on the computer into the **File** blank.
- 3. Click the **Upgrade** button.
- > Firmware Version Displays the current firmware version.
- Hardware Version Displays the current hardware version. The hardware version of the upgrade file must accord with the current hardware version.

Note:

The firmware version must correspond to the hardware. The upgrade process takes a few minutes and the Router will restart automatically when the upgrade is completed. It is important to keep power on during the entire process. Loss of power during the upgrade could damage the Router.

8.17.4 Factory Defaults

This page allows you to restore the factory default settings for the router.

Factory Defaults
Click the following button to reset all configuration settings to their default values.
Restore

Click the **Restore** button to reset all configuration settings to their default values.

- > The default User Name: admin
- > The default Password: admin
- > The default access: tplinklogin.net

P Note:

Any settings you have saved will be lost when the default settings are restored.

8.17.5 Backup & Restore

This page allows you to save current configuration of router as backup or restore the configuration file you saved before.

Backup & Restor	e	
Configuration Backup: Configuration File:	Backup	Browse Restore

- Click the Backup button to save all configuration settings as a backup file in your local computer.
- > To restore the router's configuration, follow these instructions:
 - Click the **Browse** button to select the backup file which you want to restore.
 - Click the **Restore** button.

Note:

The current configuration will be covered with the uploading configuration file. The restoration process lasts for 20 seconds and the router will restart automatically. Keep the router on during the restoring process to prevent any damage.

8.17.6 Reboot

This page allows you to reboot the router.

Reboot
Click this button to reboot this device.
Reboot

Click the **Reboot** button to reboot the router.

Some settings of the router will take effect only after rebooting, which include:

> Change LAN IP Address. (System will reboot automatically)

- > MAC Clone (system will reboot automatically)
- > DHCP service function.
- > Static address assignment of DHCP server.
- > Web Service Port of the router.
- > Upgrade the firmware of the router (system will reboot automatically).
- > Restore the router's settings to factory default (system will reboot automatically).

8.17.7 Password

This page allows you to change the factory default user name and password of the router.

Password	
The username and password must not excee	ed 14 characters in length and must not include any spaces!
Old User Name:	
Old Password:	
New User Name:	
New Password:	
Confirm New Password:	
	Save Clear All

It is recommended strongly that you change the factory default user name and password of the router. All users who try to access the router's Web-based utility or Quick Setup will be prompted

Note:

The new user name and password must not exceed 14 characters in length and must not include any spaces. Enter the new Password twice to confirm it.

Click the Save button when finished.

Click the **Clear All** button to clear all.

8.17.8 System Log

This page allows you to query the logs of the router.

	Mail Feature: Di	sabled		Mail Settings	
Index Time Type Level Log Content					
171	1st day 02:57:44	DHCP	INFO	DHCPC DHCP Service unavailable, recv no OFFER	
170	1st day 02:57:42	DHCP	INFO	DHCPC Send DISCOVER with request ip 0 and unicast flag 1	
169	1st day 02:57:40	DHCP	INFO	DHCPC Send DISCOVER with request ip 0 and unicast flag 1	
168	1st day 02:57:36	DHCP	INFO	DHCPC Send DISCOVER with request ip 0 and unicast flag 0	
167	1st day 02:57:34	DHCP	INFO	DHCPC Send DISCOVER with request ip 0 and unicast flag 0	
166	1st day 02:57:32	DHCP	INFO	DHCPC Send DISCOVER with request ip 0 and unicast flag 0	
l-Ver :	= 2013-01-01 3:07 = WR710N v2 000 2.168.0.254 : M =	000000	: S-Vei	r = 3.15.11 Build 131125 Rel.50653n	
V1 = C	OHCP : W = 0.0.0.0	0 : M = 0	.0.0.0	: G = 0.0.0.0	

- > **Refresh** Refresh the page to show the latest log list.
- Save Log Click to save all the logs in a txt file.
- Mail Log Click to send an email of current logs manually according to the address and validation information set in Mail Settings. The result will be shown in the later log soon.
- > Clear Log All the logs will be deleted from this device permanently, not just from the page.

8.17.9 Statistics

The Statistics page displays the network traffic of each PC in LAN, including total traffic and traffic of the last **Packets Statistic interval** seconds.

Statistics								
Current Statistic	s Status:	Disabled	I		Enat	le		
Packets Statistics Interval(5~60):		10 Seconds Auto-refresh		Refresh				
Sort	ted Rules:	Sorted I	oy Current Byt	es 💌	Reset	All [Delete All	
	Total		I		Current	Current		
IP Address/ MAC Address	Packets	Bytes	Packets	Bytes	ICMP Tx	UDP Tx	SYN Tx	Modify
			The current	list is emp	ty.			
5 🗸 entries per page. Current No. 1 🔽 Page								
		Prev	/ious	Next				

- Current Statistics Status Enable or Disable. The default value is disabled. To enable, click the Enable button. If disabled, the function of DoS protection in Security settings will be ineffective.
- Packets Statistics Interval The default value is 10. Select a value between 5 and 60 seconds in the pull-down list. The Packets Statistic interval indicates the time section of the packets statistic.
- > **Sorted Rules -** Here displays sort as desired.

IP	Address	The IP Address displayed with statistics
Total	Packets	The total amount of packets received and transmitted by the router.
	Bytes	The total amount of bytes received and transmitted by the router.
	Packets	The total amount of packets received and transmitted in the last Packets Statistic interval seconds.
	Bytes	The total amount of bytes received and transmitted in the last Packets Statistic interval seconds.
Current	ICMP Tx	The total amount of the ICMP packets transmitted to WAN in the last Packets Statistic interval seconds.
	UDP Tx	The total amount of the UDP packets transmitted to WAN in the last Packets Statistic interval seconds.
	TCP SYN Tx	The total amount of the TCP SYN packets transmitted to WAN in the last Packets Statistic interval seconds.

Statistics Table:

Click the **Save** button to save the **Packets Statistic interval** value.

Click the Auto-refresh checkbox to refresh automatically.

Click the **Refresh** button to refresh immediately.

Appendix A: FAQ

1. How do I configure the Router to access the Internet by ADSL users?

- 1) First, configure the ADSL Modem configured in RFC1483 bridge model.
- 2) Connect the Ethernet cable from your ADSL Modem to the WAN port on the Router. The telephone cord plugs into the Line port of the ADSL Modem.
- 3) Log in to the Router, click the "Network" menu on the left of your browser, and click "WAN" submenu. On the WAN page, select "PPPoE/Russia PPPoE" for WAN Connection Type. Type user name in the "User Name" field and password in the "Password" field and the "Confirm Password" field, and finish it by clicking Connect.

WAN	
WAN Connection Type:	PPPoE/Russia PPPoE 💌 Detect
PPPoE Connection:	
User Name:	
Password:	
Confirm Password:	

4) If your ADSL lease is in "pay-according-time" mode, select "Connect on Demand" or "Connect Manually" for Internet connection mode. Type an appropriate number for "Max Idle Time" to avoid wasting paid time. Otherwise, you can select "Auto-connecting" for Internet connection mode.

Wan Connection Mode:	Connect on Demand				
	Max Idle Time: 15 minutes (0 means remain active at all times.)				
	 Connect Automatically 				
	 Time-based Connecting 				
	Period of Time: from 0 : 0 (HH:MM) to 23 : 59 (HH:MM)				
	🔿 Connect Manually				
	Max Idle Time: 15 minutes (0 means remain active at all times.)				
	Connect Disconnected!				

P Note:

- 1. Sometimes the connection cannot be disconnected although you specify a time to Max Idle Time, since some applications is visiting the Internet continually in the background.
- 2. If you are a Cable user, please configure the Router following the above steps.

2. How do I configure the Router to access the Internet by Ethernet users?

 Log in to the Router, click the "Network" menu on the left of your browser, and click "WAN" submenu. On the WAN page, select "Dynamic IP" for "WAN Connection Type", finish by clicking Save. 2) Some ISPs require that you register the MAC Address of your adapter, which is connected to your cable/DSL Modem during installation. If your ISP requires MAC register, log in to the Router and click the "Network" menu link on the left of your browser, and then click "MAC Clone" submenu link. On the "MAC Clone" page, if your PC's MAC address is proper MAC address, click the Clone MAC Address button and your PC's MAC address will fill in the "WAN MAC Address" field. Or else, type the MAC Address is to the "WAN MAC Address" field. The format for the MAC Address is XX-XX-XX-XX-XX. Then click the Save button. It will take effect after rebooting.

MAC Clone		
WAN MAC Address:	00-1D-0F-01-06-29	Restore Factory MAC
Your PC's MAC Address:	6C-62-6D-F7-31-8D	Clone MAC Address
	Save	

3. I want to use NetMeeting, what do I need to do?

- 1) If you start NetMeeting as a sponsor, you don't need to do anything with the Router.
- 2) If you start as a response, you need to configure Virtual Server or DMZ Host and make sure the H323 ALG is enabled.
- 3) How to configure Virtual Server: Log in to the Router, click the "Forwarding" menu on the left of your browser, and click "Virtual Servers" submenu. On the "Virtual Servers" page, click Add New.... Then on the "Add or Modify a Virtual Server Entry" page, enter "1720" for the "Service Port" blank, and your IP address for the "IP Address" blank, taking 192.168.0.169 for an example, remember to Enable and Save.

1	/irtual Serve	ers				
ID	Service Port	Internal Port	IP Address	Protocol	Status	Modify
1	1720	1720	192.168.0.169	All	Enabled	Modify Delete
	Add New	Enable All Dis	sable All Delete	e All		
		Pr	revious Nex	t		

Add or Modify a Virtual S	erver Entry
Service Port:	(XX-XX or XX)
Internal Port:	(XX, Only valid for single Service Port or leave it blank)
IP Address:	
Protocol:	All
Status:	Enabled 🗸
Common Service Port:	Select One
	Save Back

P Note:

Your opposite side should call your WAN IP, which is displayed on the "Status" page.

4) How to enable DMZ Host: Log in to the Router, click the "Forwarding" menu on the left of your browser, and click "DMZ" submenu. On the "DMZ" page, click Enable radio button and type your IP address into the "DMZ Host IP Address" field, using 192.168.0.169 as an example, remember to click the Save button.

DMZ	
Current DMZ Status: DMZ Host IP Address:	 Enable Disable 192.168.0.169
	Save

- 4. I want to build a WEB Server on the LAN, what should I do?
 - 1) Because the WEB Server port 80 will interfere with the WEB management port 80 on the Router, you must change the WEB management port number to avoid interference.
 - 2) To change the WEB management port number: Log in to the Router, click the "Security" menu on the left of your browser, and click "Remote Management" submenu. On the "Remote Management" page, type a port number except 80, such as 88, into the "Web Management Port" field. Click Save and reboot the Router.

Remote Management		
Web Management Port:	88	
Remote Management IP Address:	0.0.0.0	(Enter 255.255.255.255 for all)
	Save	

P Note:

If the above configuration takes effect, configure to the Router by typing 192.168.0.188 (the Router's LAN IP address: Web Management Port) in the address field of the Web browser.

3) Log in to the Router, click the "Forwarding" menu on the left of your browser, and click the "Virtual Servers" submenu. On the "Virtual Servers" page, click Add New..., then on the "Add or Modify a Virtual Server" page, enter "88" into the blank next to the "Service Port", and your IP address next to the "IP Address", assuming 192.168.0.188 for an example, remember to Enable and Save.

Virtual Servers	6				
ID Service Port	Internal Port	IP Address	Protocol	Status	Modify
1 88	88	192.168.0.188	All	Enabled	Modify Delete
Add New	Enable All Dis	able All Delete	All		
	Pr	evious Next			
Add or Modify	a Virtual Server E	ntry			
Se	ervice Port:	(XX-XX) or X	0		
Int	ernal Port:	(XX, Only valid for	single Service Po	rt or leave it bla	nk)
I	P Address:				
	Protocol: All	~			
	Status: Enabl	ed 🔽			
Common Se	ervice Port:Sele	ct One	~		
		Save Back			

5. The wireless stations cannot connect to the Router.

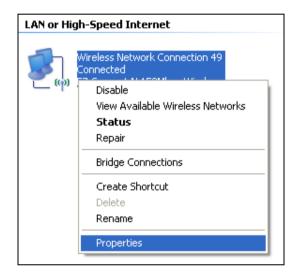
- 1) Make sure the "Enable Wireless Router Radio" is checked.
- 2) Make sure that the wireless stations' SSID accord with the Router's SSID.
- Make sure the wireless stations have right KEY for encryption when the Router is encrypted.
- 4) If the wireless connection is ready, but you can't access the Router, check the IP Address of your wireless stations.

Appendix B: Configuring the PC

In this section, we'll introduce how to install and configure the TCP/IP correctly in Windows XP. First make sure your Ethernet Adapter is working, refer to the adapter's manual if necessary.

1. Configure TCP/IP component

- 1) On the Windows taskbar, click the **Start** button, and then click **Control Panel**.
- 2) Click the **Network and Internet Connections** icon, and then click on the **Network Connections** tab in the appearing window.
- 3) Right click the icon that showed below, select Properties on the prompt page.



4) In the prompt page that showed below, double click on the Internet Protocol (TCP/IP).

🕹 Wireless Network Connection 49 Properties 👘 🛛 🔀
General Advanced
Connect using:
EZ Connect N 150Mbps Wireless N L
This connection uses the following items:
Image: Construction of the state of th
Install Uninstall Properties
Description
Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol. The default wide area network protocol that provides communication across diverse interconnected networks.
 Show icon in notification area when connected Notify me when this connection has limited or no connectivity
OK Cancel

5) The following **TCP/IP Properties** window will display and the **IP Address** tab is open on this window by default.

6) Select Obtain an IP address automatically, Choose Obtain DNS server automatically, as shown in the figure below:

Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties			
General	Alternate Configuration		
You can get IP settings assigned automatically if your network supports this capability. Otherwise, you need to ask your network administrator for the appropriate IP settings.			
Obtain an IP address automatically			
O Use the following IP address:			
<u>I</u> P ad	iddress:		
Subr	net mask:		
Defa	ault gateway:		
⊙ D <u>b</u> tain DNS server address automatically			
O Use the following DNS server addresses:			
Prefe	ferred DNS server:		
Alter	mate DNS server:		
Ad <u>v</u> anced			
OK Cancel			

P Note:

For Windows 98 OS or before, the PC and Router may need to be restarted.

7) Click **OK** to keep your settings.

Appendix C: Specifications

General			
Standards	IEEE 802.11n, 802.11b, 802.11g		
Protocols	TCP/IP, PPPoE, DHCP, ICMP, NAT, SNTP		
Port	One 10/100Mbps LAN/WAN port One 10/100Mbps LAN port		
Cobling Type	10BASE-T: UTP category 3, 4, 5 cable (maximum 100m) EIA/TIA-568 100Ω STP (maximum 100m)		
Cabling Type	100BASE-TX: UTP category 5, 5e cable (maximum 100m) EIA/TIA-568 100Ω STP (maximum 100m)		
LED	SYS		
Dimensions (L×W×H)	85mm x 75mm x 28mm		
Safety & Emissions	FCC, CE		
Wireless			
Frequency Band	2.4~2.4835GHz		
Radio Data Rate	 11n: up to 150Mbps (Automatic) 11g: 54/48/36/24/18/12/9/6M (Automatic) 11b: 11/5.5/2/1M (Automatic) 		
Frequency Expansion	DSSS(Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum)		
Modulation	DBPSK, DQPSK, CCK, 16-QAM, 64-QAM, BPSK, QPSK		
Security	64/128/152-bit WEP, WPA/WPA2, WPA2-PSK/WPA-PSK		
Sensitivity @PER	135M: -70dBm@10% PER 65M: -73dBm@10% PER 54M: -76dBm@10% PER 6M: -92dBm@10% PER		
Mode	Wireless Router Mode, Access Point Mode, Repeater Mode, Client Mode, WISP Client Router Mode		
Environmental and Physical			
Temperature	Operating: 0°C~40°C (32°F~104°F)		
remperature	Storage: -40°C~70°C(-40°F~158°F)		
Humidity	Operating: 10% - 90% RH, Non-condensing		
	Storage: 5% - 90% RH, Non-condensing		

Appendix D: Glossary

- 802.11n 802.11n builds upon previous 802.11 standards by adding MIMO (multiple-input multiple-output). MIMO uses multiple transmitter and receiver antennas to allow for increased data throughput via spatial multiplexing and increased range by exploiting the spatial diversity, perhaps through coding schemes like Alamouti coding. The Enhanced Wireless Consortium (EWC) [3] was formed to help accelerate the IEEE 802.11n development process and promote a technology specification for interoperability of next-generation wireless local area networking (WLAN) products.
- 802.11b The 802.11b standard specifies a wireless networking at 11 Mbps using direct-sequence spread-spectrum (DSSS) technology and operating in the unlicensed radio spectrum at 2.4GHz, and WEP encryption for security. 802.11b networks are also referred to as Wi-Fi networks.
- 802.11g specification for wireless networking at 54 Mbps using direct-sequence spread-spectrum (DSSS) technology, using OFDM modulation and operating in the unlicensed radio spectrum at 2.4GHz, and backward compatibility with IEEE 802.11b devices, and WEP encryption for security.
- DDNS (Dynamic Domain Name System) The capability of assigning a fixed host and domain name to a dynamic Internet IP Address.
- DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) A protocol that automatically configure the TCP/IP parameters for the all the PC(s) that are connected to a DHCP server.
- DMZ (Demilitarized Zone) A Demilitarized Zone allows one local host to be exposed to the Internet for a special-purpose service such as Internet gaming or videoconferencing.
- DNS (Domain Name System) An Internet Service that translates the names of websites into IP addresses.
- > **Domain Name -** A descriptive name for an address or group of addresses on the Internet.
- DSL (Digital Subscriber Line) A technology that allows data to be sent or received over existing traditional phone lines.
- > **ISP** (Internet **S**ervice **P**rovider) A company that provides access to the Internet.
- MTU (Maximum Transmission Unit) The size in bytes of the largest packet that can be transmitted.
- NAT (Network Address Translation) NAT technology translates IP addresses of a local area network to a different IP address for the Internet.

- PPPoE (Point to Point Protocol over Ethernet) PPPoE is a protocol for connecting remote hosts to the Internet over an always-on connection by simulating a dial-up connection.
- SSID A Service Set Identification is a thirty-two character (maximum) alphanumeric key identifying a wireless local area network. For the wireless devices in a network to communicate with each other, all devices must be configured with the same SSID. This is typically the configuration parameter for a wireless PC card. It corresponds to the ESSID in the wireless Access Point and to the wireless network name.
- WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy) A data privacy mechanism based on a 64-bit or 128-bit or 152-bit shared key algorithm, as described in the IEEE 802.11 standard.
- Wi-Fi A trade name for the 802.11b wireless networking standard, given by the Wireless Ethernet Compatibility Alliance (WECA, see http://www.wi-fi.net), an industry standards group promoting interoperability among 802.11b devices.
- WLAN (Wireless Local Area Network) A group of computers and associated devices communicate with each other wirelessly, which network serving users are limited in a local area.